

Package ‘doRedis’

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Type Package

Title Foreach parallel adapter for the rredis package

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Description A Redis parallel backend for the %dopar% function

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R topics documented:

doRedis-package	2
redisWorker	3
registerDoRedis	4
removeQueue	5
setChunkSize	7
startLocalWorkers	8

Index	10
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`doRedis-package`*A Redis-based back end for parallel computing with foreach.*

Description

The doRedis package supplies a lightweight, cross-platform parallel back end for the `foreach %dopar%` function.

Details

The `foreach` package for R defines a modular interface for back end parallel processing implementations. The doRedis package implements a simple but very flexible parallel back end that uses Redis for inter-process communication.

The doRedis package requires a connection to an available Redis server (not included with the package).

Two `foreach` parameters are specific to the doRedis back end: `chunkSize` (default value 1), and `ftinterval` (default value 30). The `chunkSize` option sets the default number of jobs that are doled out to each worker process. Jobs are doled out one at a time by default. Setting the chunk size larger for shorter-running jobs can substantially improve performance. Setting this value too high can negatively impact load-balancing across workers, however.

The `ftinterval` option sets the number of seconds between checks for back end worker failures. Failed jobs will be re-submitted after this interval.

Author(s)

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References

<http://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/foreach/index.html>

See Also

[foreach](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
# The example assumes that a Redis server is running on the local host
# and standard port.

# 1. Open one or more 'worker' R sessions and run:
require('doRedis')
redisWorker('jobs')

# We use the name 'jobs' to identify a work queue.
# 2. Open another R session acting as a 'master' and run this simple
```

```
# sampling approximation of pi:
require('doRedis')
registerDoRedis('jobs')
foreach(j=1:10,.combine=sum,.multicombine=TRUE) %dopar%
  4*sum((runif(1000000)^2 + runif(1000000)^2)<1)/1000000

## End(Not run)
```

 redisWorker

redisWorker

Description

Initialize a doRedis worker R process.

Usage

```
redisWorker(queue, host = "localhost", port = 6379, iter = Inf, timeout = 30, log = stdout())
```

Arguments

queue	A (character) work queue name, or a list or character vector of queue names.
host	The Redis server host name or (character) I. P. address.
port	The Redis server port number.
iter	The maximum number of jobs to execute before exiting the worker loop (defaults to infinity).
timeout	The worker loop terminates if the work queue is deleted after the specified timeout interval.
log	Log messages to the specified destination (defaults to stdout()).

Details

The `redisWorker` function enrolls the current R session in one or more doRedis worker pools specified by the work queue names. The worker loop takes over the R session until either the work queue(s) are deleted.

Value

Nothing is returned but status messages are printed to the log during operation of the worker loop.

Note

All doRedis functions require network access to a Redis server (not included with the doRedis package).

Author(s)

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See Also

[registerDoRedis](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
require('doRedis')
redisWorker('jobs')

## End(Not run)
```

registerDoRedis	<i>Register the doRedis parallel back end with foreach.</i>
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Description

The doRedis package supplies a simple and lightweight parallel back end for the foreach %dopar% function.

Usage

```
registerDoRedis(queue, host = "localhost", port = 6379)
```

Arguments

queue	A (character) work queue name.
host	The Redis server host or (character) I. P. address.
port	The Redis server port number.

Details

The doRedis package implements a simple but flexible parallel back end for foreach that uses Redis for inter-process communication. The work queue name specifies the base name of a small set of Redis keys that the master and worker processes use to exchange data.

Back-end worker R processes advertise their availability for work with the [redisWorker](#) function.

The doRedis parallel back end tolerates faults among the worker processes and automatically re-submits failed tasks. It is also portable and supports heterogeneous sets of workers, even across operative systems. The back end supports dynamic pools of worker processes. New workers may be added to work queues at any time and can be immediately used by in-flight foreach computations.

Value

Nothing is returned.

Note

All doRedis functions require network access to a Redis server (not included with the doRedis package).

Author(s)

B. W. Lewis <blewis@illposed.net>

References

<http://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/foreach/index.html>

See Also

[redisWorker removeQueue](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
## The example assumes that a Redis server is running on the local host
## and standard port.

## 1. Open one or more 'worker' R sessions and run:
require('doRedis')
redisWorker('jobs')

## 2. Open another R session acting as a 'master' and run this simple
## sampling approximation of pi:
require('doRedis')
registerDoRedis('jobs')
foreach(j=1:10,.combine=sum,.multicombine=TRUE) %dopar%
  4*sum((runif(1000000)^2 + runif(1000000)^2)<1)/1000000
removeQueue('jobs')

## End(Not run)
```

removeQueue

Remove doRedis work queues.

Description

Use the removeQueue function to delete one or more doRedis work queues.

Usage

```
removeQueue(queue)
```

Arguments

queue A character work queue name or vector or list of queue names.

Details

This action will terminate the worker loops running on any corresponding back-end workers. Upon termination the workers will clean up any ancillary Redis keys.

Value

TRUE is returned if the queues were successfully deleted, FALSE and probably an error condition otherwise.

Note

All doRedis functions require network access to a Redis server (not included with the doRedis package).

Author(s)

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See Also

[registerDoRedis](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
# The example assumes that a Redis server is running on the local host
# and standard port.

# 1. Open one or more 'worker' R sessions and run:
require('doRedis')
redisWorker('jobs')

# We use the name 'jobs' to identify a work queue.
# 2. Open another R session acting as a 'master' and run this simple
# sampling approximation of pi:
require('doRedis')
registerDoRedis('jobs')
foreach(j=1:10,.combine=sum,.multicombine=TRUE) %dopar%
  4*sum((runif(1000000)^2 + runif(1000000)^2)<1)/1000000
removeQueue('jobs')

## End(Not run)
```

setChunkSize	<i>setChunkSize</i>
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Description

Set the default granularity of distributed tasks.

Usage

```
setChunkSize(value = 1)
```

Arguments

value The new default chunk size.

Details

The setChunkSize function lets users set the default number of jobs that are doled out to each worker process. The doRedis package doles out jobs one at a time by default. Setting the default chunk size larger for shorter-running jobs can substantially improve performance. Setting this value too high can negatively impact load-balancing across workers, however.

This value is overridden by setting the 'chunkSize' option in the foreach loop (see the examples).

Value

Nothing is returned.

Note

All doRedis functions require network access to a Redis server (not included with the doRedis package).

Author(s)

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Examples

```
## Not run:
require('doRedis')
setChunkSize(10)

## Override the default value in a loop as shown in the following example:
foreach(j=1:1000, .options.redis=list(chunkSize=100))

## End(Not run)
```

startLocalWorkers *startLocalWorkers*

Description

Start background R worker processes on the local system.

Usage

```
startLocalWorkers(n, queue, host = "localhost", port = 6379, iter = Inf, timeout = 60, log = stdout(), Rbin = R)
```

Arguments

n	The number of workers to start.
queue	A (character) work queue name, or a list or character vector of queue names.
host	The Redis server host name or (character) I. P. address.
port	The Redis server port number.
iter	The maximum number of jobs to execute before exiting the worker loop (defaults to infinity).
timeout	The worker loop terminates if the work queue is deleted after the specified timeout interval.
log	Log messages to the specified destination (defaults to stderr()).
Rbin	The full path to the command-line R program.

Details

Use `startLocalWorkers` to start one or more `doRedis` R worker processes in the background. The worker processes are started on the local system using the `redisWorker` function.

Running workers self-terminate when their work queues are deleted with the `removeQueue` function.

Value

Nothing is returned. Set the `log` parameter to `stdout()` to see log messages printed on standard output of the invoking R session.

Note

All `doRedis` functions require network access to a Redis server (not included with the `doRedis` package).

Author(s)

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See Also

[registerDoRedis redisWorker](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
require('doRedis')
registerDoRedis('jobs')
startLocalWorkers(n=2, queue='jobs')
print(getDoParWorkers())
foreach(j=1:10,.combine=sum,.multicombine=TRUE) %dopar%
  4*sum((runif(1000000)^2 + runif(1000000)^2)<1)/1000000
removeQueue('jobs')

## End(Not run)
```

Index

doRedis (doRedis-package), [2](#)
doRedis-package, [2](#)

foreach, [2](#)

redisWorker, [3](#), [4](#), [5](#), [9](#)
registerDoRedis, [4](#), [4](#), [6](#), [9](#)
removeQueue, [5](#), [5](#)

setChunkSize, [7](#)
startLocalWorkers, [8](#)