

Package ‘fgac’

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Title Generalized Archimedean Copula

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Description Bi-variate data fitting is done by two stochastic components: the marginal distributions and the dependency structure. The dependency structure is modeled through a copula. An algorithm was implemented considering seven families of copulas (Generalized Archimedean Copulas), the best fitting can be obtained looking all copula’s options (totally positive of order 2 and stochastically increasing models).

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| | |
|----------------|-----------------------|
| cumulativemarg | <i>cumulativemarg</i> |
|----------------|-----------------------|

Description

Auxiliary function that is used in copula fitting. This function works with different cumulative forms, like `pnorm`, `pbeta`, ... and transforms it as `cumulative1` and / or `cumulative2` in `fitCBB` function and `OptimCBB` function.

Usage

```
cumulativemarg(cumulative, x, a)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------------------------|---|
| <code>cumulative</code> | can be <code>pnorm</code> , <code>punif</code> , <code>pbeta</code> , <code>pempirical</code> , ... |
| <code>x</code> | real vector |
| <code>a</code> | parameters associated with <code>cumulative</code> |

Value

Cumulative distribution, evaluated in the vector x

Author(s)

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez

See Also

[match.arg](#), [pempirical](#)

Examples

```
#x<-rnorm(50,2,1)
#a<-cumulativemarg(pnorm,x,c(2,1))
#a1<-cumulativemarg(pempirical,x)
```

dirac1

dirac1

Description

Indicator function of the set A, where $A = [u, \infty)$

Usage

```
dirac1(u, x)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---|------------|
| u | real value |
| x | real value |

Value

$\text{dirac1}(u,x)=1$ if $x \geq u$ and $\text{dirac1}(u,x)=0$ in other case.

Author(s)

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez

See Also

[dirac2](#), [diracS1](#), [diracS2](#)

dirac2 *dirac2*

Description

Indicator function of the set A, where $A = [u, \infty) \times [v, \infty)$

Usage

`dirac2(u, v, x, y)`

Arguments

| | |
|---|------------|
| u | real value |
| v | real value |
| x | real value |
| y | real value |

Value

`dirac2(u,v,x,y)=1` if $x \geq u$ and $y \geq v$, in other case `dirac2(u,v,x,y)=0`.

Author(s)

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez

See Also

[dirac1](#), [diracS1](#), [diracS2](#)

diracS1 *diracS1*

Description

Indicator function of the set A, where $A = (-\infty, u)$

Usage

`diracS1(u, x)`

Arguments

| | |
|---|------------|
| u | real value |
| x | real value |

Value

$\text{diracS1}(u,x)=1$ if $x < u$ and $\text{diracS1}(u,x)=0$ in other case.

Author(s)

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez

See Also

[dirac1](#), [dirac2](#), [diracS2](#)

diracS2

diracS2

Description

Indicator function of the set A , where $A = (-\infty, u) \times (-\infty, v)$.

Usage

$\text{diracS2}(u, v, x, y)$

Arguments

| | |
|-----|------------|
| u | real value |
| v | real value |
| x | real value |
| y | real value |

Value

$\text{diracS2}(u,v,x,y)=1$ if $x < u$ and $y < v$; $\text{diracS2}(u,v,x,y)=0$ in other case.

Author(s)

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez

See Also

[dirac1](#), [dirac2](#), [diracS1](#)

| | |
|--------------|---------------------|
| fcopulamodel | <i>fcopulamodel</i> |
|--------------|---------------------|

Description

Auxiliary function that is used in copula fitting. This function works with different cumulative copulas, fcopulamodel transforms it as cumulatives in fitCBB function and OptimCBB function.

Usage

```
fcopulamodel(theta, delta, x, y, model = c("pCBB1", "pCBB2", "pCBB3", "pCBB4", "pCBB5", "pCBB6", "pCBB7", "pCMax", "pCMin"))
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------|---|
| theta | real parameter |
| delta | real parameter |
| x | real vector |
| y | real vector |
| model | bidimensional cumulative, can be any of the following : pCBB1, pCBB2, pCBB3, pCBB4, pCBB5, pCBB6, pCBB7, pCMax, pCMin |

Details

If model is missing fcopulamodel works with pCBB1.

Value

Bidimensional cumulative. Specific form that can be used in copula fitting.

Author(s)

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez

See Also

[match.arg](#), [pCBB1](#), [pCBB2](#), [pCBB3](#), [pCBB4](#), [pCBB5](#), [pCBB6](#), [pCBB7](#), [pCMax](#), [pCMin](#)

Examples

```
#x<-runif(50)
#y<-runif(50)
#a<-fcopulamodel(2,3,x,y, model = "pCBB6")
```

`FE1vector`*FE1vector*

Description

Empirical cumulative distribution

Usage

```
FE1vector(u, x)
```

Arguments

| | |
|----------------|---|
| <code>u</code> | real vector |
| <code>x</code> | real vector (can be like <code>u</code>) |

Value

empirical cumulative distribution from `u` sample, evaluated in the vector `x`.

Author(s)

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez

See Also

[SOB2](#), [FE2](#)

Examples

```
# x<-rnorm(50)
# FE1vector(x,x)
# y<-rnorm(10)
# FE1vector(x,y)
```

`FE2`*FE2*

Description

Bidimensional empirical cumulative distribution

Usage

```
FE2(u, v, x, y)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| u | real vector |
| v | real vector |
| x | real value (can be some component of u) |
| y | real value (can be some component of v) |

Details

$$FE2(u, v, x, y) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n I_{(u_i \leq x)} I_{(v_i \leq y)}, \quad u = (u_1, \dots, u_n), \quad v = (v_1, \dots, v_n)$$

Value

Bidimensional empirical cumulative distribution from (u,v) sample, evaluated in the point (x,y)

Author(s)

Veronica Andrea Gonzalez-Lopez

See Also

[SOB2](#), [FE1vector](#)

Examples

```
#u<-matrix(c(1,3,5,1,6),nrow=5,ncol=1)
#FE2(u,u,6.5,3)
#u<-matrix(c(1:15),nrow=15,ncol=1)
#v<-matrix(c(16:30),nrow=15,ncol=1)
#FE2(u,v,5,35)
```

fitCBB

fitCBB

Description

Fitting an specific generalized archimedean copula

Usage

```
fitCBB(x, y, theta0, delta0, copulamodel = c("pCBB1", "pCBB2", "pCBB3", "pCBB4",
      "pCBB5", "pCBB6", "pCBB7", "pCMax", "pCMin"), m, step, deltamin, thetamin,
      test = c("wilcox.test", "t.test"), empcumulative = TRUE, cumulative1,
      cumulative2, parameters1, parameters2)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---------------|--|
| x | real vector |
| y | real vector |
| theta0 | parameter in the model pCBBi (in variable copulamodel). For default, theta0 is obtained from fitlambdas |
| delta0 | parameter in the model pCBBi (in variable copulamodel). For default, delta0 is obtained from fitlambdas |
| copulamodel | specific model that we need to fit, it need to be one option from: pCBB1 (default), pCBB2, pCBB3, pCBB4, pCBB5, pCBB6, pCBB7, pCMax, pCMin |
| m | integer positive number (default=15) |
| step | real positive number (default=0.01) |
| deltamin | minimum value admitted for delta's domain (default=epsilon-see details) |
| thetamin | minimum value admitted for theta's domain (default=epsilon-see details) |
| test | test used for fitting selection, it need to be wilcox.test(default) or t.test |
| empcumulative | logical value, can be TRUE (default) or FALSE (see details) |
| cumulative1 | marginal cumulative associated with x. Can be used pnorm, pbeta, pempirical,...(only used when empcumulative=FALSE) |
| cumulative2 | marginal cumulative associated with y. Can be used pnorm, pbeta, pempirical,...(only used when empcumulative=FALSE) |
| parameters1 | specifics parameters for cumulative1's definition |
| parameters2 | specifics parameters for cumulative2's definition |

Details

The function constructs a neighbourhood around (theta0,delta0) for family specified in 'copulamodel', and using the test specified in 'test' the function search the best (theta*,delta*) in the neighbourhood such that copulamodel(theta*,delta*,u,v) is close to the bivariate empirical copula from (x,y). Where (u,v)=(cumulative1(x),cumulative2(y)). m and step control the neighbourhood definition. deltamini and thetamin depend on the model worked. For default, we have, pCBB1: deltamini=1, thetamin=0.05; pCBB2: deltamini=0.05, thetamin = 0.05; pCBB3: deltamini=1, thetamin=0.05; pCBB4: deltamini=0.05, thetamin=0.05; pCBB5: deltamini=0.05, thetamin=1; pCBB6: deltamini=1, thetamin=1; pCBB7: deltamini = 0.05, thetamin = 1. If empcumulative=TRUE like default, the algorithm uses for uniformization, empirical cumulative from x for x and empirical cumulative from y for y. If empcumulative=FALSE, we need to put an specific cumulative1 and an specific cumulative2. If necessary, parameters1 contains the special parameter(s) for cumulative1 and parameters2 contains the special parameter(s) for cumulative2.

Value

| | |
|-----------|---|
| Empirical | empirical copula from (x,y) |
| Copula | best copulamodel evaluated in (u,v)=(cumulative1(x),cumulative2(y)) |
| fit | performance from the best copulamodel in the neighbourhood. Result: p.value in fit[1], delta in fit[2], theta in fit[3] |

`thetaj` theta's vector constructed in the neighbourhood
`deltaj` delta's vector constructed in the neighbourhood
`pthetaideltaj` p value matrix from each combination. The position (i,j) represents the p value from 'test' in `thetaj(i),deltaj(j)` for `copulamodel`.

Author(s)

Veronica Andrea Gonzalez-Lopez

References

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez and Nelson I. Tanaka. 'Bi-variate Data Modeling Through Generalized Archimedean Copula' RT-MAE 2003-03. Harry Joe. 'Multivariate Models and Dependence Concepts' Monogra. Stat. & Appl. Probab. 73. Chapman and Hall (1997)

See Also

[fitlambdas](#), [OptimCBB](#) ~~~

Examples

```

#x<-rnorm(100)
#y<-x/10+rnorm(100)
#M<-fitCBB(x,y) # default fitting
#default: thetas0 and delta0 from fitlambdas function, m=15, step=0.01,
#copulamodel="pCBB1", test="wilcox.test", empcumulative=TRUE.
#
#M<-fitCBB(x,y,theta0=1.1,delta0=0.8,copulamodel="pCBB5",m=20,step=0.5,deltamin=0.1,thetamin=0.1,
#test="w",empcumulative=FALSE,cumulativel=pnorm,cumulative2=pnorm)
#
#x<-rnorm(100)
#y<-x/100+rnorm(100,5,2)
#M<-fitCBB(x,y,theta0=1.1,delta0=0.8,copulamodel="pCBB7",m=20,step=0.5,deltamin=0.1,thetamin=0.1,
#test="t",empcumulative=FALSE,cumulativel=pnorm,cumulative2=pnorm,parameters2=c(5,2))
  
```

fitlambdas

fitlambdas

Description

The function tests the compatibility for each model `pCBBi`, $i=1,2,3,4,5,6,7$, `pCMax` and `pCMin` in relation to a proposal caudal measures: `lambdaLE`, `lambdaUE`. Also, this function gives `theta` and `delta` in function of `lambdaLE` and `lambdaUE`.

Usage

```
fitlambdas(lambdaLE, lambdaUE)
```

Arguments

lambdaLE real number in [0,1]
 lambdaUE real number in [0,1]

Details

NaN values can be used in lambdaLE and lambdaUE

Value

For $i=1,2,3,4,5,7$

BBi.model is =TRUE BBi if the BBi model can be used and is = FALSE BBi in other case
 BBi.theta real value if BBi.model is =TRUE BBi and = NaN if BBi.model is = FALSE BBi
 BBi.delta real value if BBi.model is =TRUE BBi and = NaN if BBi.model is = FALSE BBi
 BB6.model is =TRUE BB6 if the BB6 model can be used and is =FALSE BB6 in other case
 BB6.deltaxtheta real value if BB6.model is =TRUE BB6 and =NaN if BB6.model is =FALSE BB6
 CMin.model is =TRUE CMin if the CMin model can be used and is =FALSE CMin in other case
 CMax.model is =TRUE CMax if the CMax model can be used and is =FALSE CMax in other case

Author(s)

Veronica Andrea Gonzalez-Lopez

References

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez and Nelson I. Tanaka. 'Bi-variate Data Modeling Through Generalized Archimedean Copula' RT-MAE 2003-03. Harry Joe. 'Multivariate Models and Dependence Concepts' Monogra. Stat. & Appl. Probab. 73. Chapman and Hall (1997)

See Also

[pCBB1](#), [pCBB2](#), [pCBB3](#), [pCBB4](#), [pCBB5](#), [pCBB6](#), [pCBB7](#)

Examples

```
#fitlambdas(0.3,0.7)
#fitlambdas(0.9,NaN)
#fitlambdas(0.18,0)
#fitlambdas(0.18,0)
#fitlambdas(0,0)
#fitlambdas(0,NaN)
```

```
#fitlambdas(1,1)
```

ftest

ftest

Description

Auxiliary function that is used in copula fitting. This function works with different two sample test, ftest transforms it as test in fitCBB function and OptimCBB function.

Usage

```
ftest(x, y, test = c("wilcox.test", "t.test"))
```

Arguments

| | |
|------|------------------------------|
| x | real vector |
| y | real vector |
| test | can be wilcox.test or t.test |

Details

form that work with two test, if test is missing test is defined for wilcox.test.

Value

test between x and y.

Author(s)

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez

See Also

[match.arg](#), [wilcox.test](#), [t.test](#)

Examples

```
#x<-rnorm(100)
#y<-rnorm(100)
#ftest(x,y)
#ftest(x,y,test="t")
```

`ivphiBB1`*ivphiBB1*

Description

Inverse Laplace's transform (phiBB1's inverse)

Usage

```
ivphiBB1(theta, delta, t)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| <code>theta</code> | positive, real parameter |
| <code>delta</code> | real parameter (≥ 1) |
| <code>t</code> | real vector |

Value

return the value for the inverse in the vector t

Author(s)

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez

References

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez and Nelson I. Tanaka. 'Bi-variate Data Modeling Through Generalized Archimedean Copula' RT-MAE 2003-03. Harry Joe. 'Multivariate Models and Dependence Concepts' Monogra. Stat. & Appl. Probab. 73. Chapman and Hall (1997)

See Also

[phiBB1](#)

Examples

```
#a<-phiBB1(0.5,1.5,c(1,6))  
#b<-ivphiBB1(0.5,1.5,c(a[5],a[6]))
```

`ivphiBB2`*ivphiBB2*

Description

Inverse Laplace's transform (phiBB2's inverse)

Usage

```
ivphiBB2(theta, delta, t)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------------------|--------------------------|
| <code>theta</code> | positive, real parameter |
| <code>delta</code> | positive, real parameter |
| <code>t</code> | real vector |

Value

return the value for the inverse in the vector t

Author(s)

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez

References

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez and Nelson I. Tanaka. 'Bi-variate Data Modeling Through Generalized Archimedean Copula' RT-MAE 2003-03; Harry Joe. 'Multivariate Models and Dependence Concepts' Monogra. Stat. & Appl. Probab. 73. Chapman and Hall (1997)

See Also

[phiBB2](#)

Examples

```
#a<-phiBB2(0.3,2.6,c(2,3,4))  
#b<-ivphiBB2(0.3,2.6,c(a[6],a[7],a[8]))
```

`ivphiBB3`*ivphiBB3*

Description

Inverse Laplace's transform (phiBB3's inverse)

Usage

```
ivphiBB3(theta, delta, t)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| <code>theta</code> | positive, real parameter |
| <code>delta</code> | real parameter (≥ 1) |
| <code>t</code> | real vector |

Value

return the value for the inverse in the vector `t`

Author(s)

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez

References

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez and Nelson I. Tanaka. 'Bi-variate Data Modeling Through Generalized Archimedean Copula' RT-MAE 2003-03. Harry Joe. 'Multivariate Models and Dependence Concepts' Monogra. Stat. & Appl. Probab. 73. Chapman and Hall (1997)

See Also

[phiBB3](#)

Examples

```
#a<-phiBB3(0.2,4,c(0.2,0.3,0.4))  
#b<-ivphiBB3(0.2,4,c(a[6],a[7],a[8]))
```

`ivphiBB6`*ivphiBB6*

Description

Inverse Laplace's transform (phiBB6's inverse)

Usage

```
ivphiBB6(theta, delta, t)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------|-----------------------------|
| theta | real parameter (≥ 1) |
| delta | real parameter (≥ 1) |
| t | real vector |

Value

return the value for the inverse in the vector t

Author(s)

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez

References

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez and Nelson I. Tanaka. 'Bi-variate Data Modeling Through Generalized Archimedean Copula' RT-MAE 2003-03. Harry Joe. 'Multivariate Models and Dependence Concepts' Monogra. Stat. & Appl. Probab. 73. Chapman and Hall (1997)

See Also

[phiBB6](#)

Examples

```
#a<-phiBB6(1.1,2.1,c(0.55,0.66,0.77,0.88))  
# b<-ivphiBB6(1.1,2.1,c(a[7],a[8],a[9],a[10]))
```

`ivphiBB7`*ivphiBB7*

Description

Inverse Laplace's transform (phiBB7's inverse)

Usage

```
ivphiBB7(theta, delta, t)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| <code>theta</code> | real parameter (≥ 1) |
| <code>delta</code> | positive, real parameter |
| <code>t</code> | real vector |

Value

return the value for the inverse in the vector `t`

Author(s)

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez

References

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez and Nelson I. Tanaka. 'Bi-variate Data Modeling Through Generalized Archimedean Copula' RT-MAE 2003-03. Harry Joe. 'Multivariate Models and Dependence Concepts' Monogra. Stat. & Appl. Probab. 73. Chapman and Hall (1997)

See Also

[phiBB7](#)

Examples

```
#a<-phiBB7(1.1,0.8,c(0.55,0.66,0.77,0.88))  
#b<-ivphiBB7(1.1,0.8,c(a[7],a[8],a[9],a[10]))
```

| | |
|-------------|--------------------|
| ivpsiGumbel | <i>ivpsiGumbel</i> |
|-------------|--------------------|

Description

Inverse Laplace's transform (psiGumbel's inverse)

Usage

```
ivpsiGumbel(delta, t)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------|------------------------------|
| delta | real (≥ 1), parameter |
| t | real positive vector |

Value

return the value for the inverse transform in the vector t

Author(s)

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez

References

Harry Joe. 'Multivariate Models and Dependence Concepts' Monogra. Stat. & Appl. Probab. 73. Chapman and Hall (1997)

See Also

[psiGumbel](#)

Examples

```
#delta=2, vector=c(1,2,3,4)  
#ivpsiGumbel(2,c(1,2,3,4))
```

`ivpsiKS`*ivpsiKS*

Description

Inverse Laplace's transform (psiKS's inverse)

Usage

```
ivpsiKS(delta, t)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| <code>delta</code> | real and positive parameter |
| <code>t</code> | real positive vector |

Value

return the value for the inverse transform in the vector t

Author(s)

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez

References

Harry Joe. 'Multivariate Models and Dependence Concepts' Monogra. Stat. & Appl. Probab. 73. Chapman and Hall (1997)

See Also

[psiKS](#)

Examples

```
#a<-psiKS(0.4,c(1,1.5,2,2.5,3,3.5))
#b<-ivpsiKS(0.4,c(a[8],a[9],a[10],a[11],a[12],a[13]))
#
```

KGalambos

KGalambos

Description

Galambos's cumulative. Stochastically increasing copula.

Usage

```
KGalambos(u, v, delta)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------|-----------------------------|
| u | real in [0,1] |
| v | real in [0,1] |
| delta | real and positive parameter |

Value

Cumulative value for (u,v) obtained using Galambos's cumulative

Author(s)

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez

References

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez and Nelson I. Tanaka. 'Bi-variate Data Modeling Through Generalized Archimedean Copula' RT-MAE 2003-03. Harry Joe. 'Multivariate Models and Dependence Concepts' Monogra. Stat. & Appl. Probab. 73. Chapman and Hall (1997)

See Also

[pCBB4](#), [pCBB5](#), [psiKS](#), [psiGumbel](#)

Examples

```
#u=0.6, v=0.7, delta=7  
#KGalambos(0.6, 0.5, 7)
```

 OptimCBB

OptimCBB

Description

The best fitting into the generalized archimedean copula class is selected

Usage

```
OptimCBB(x, y, m, step, test = c("wilcox.test", "t.test"), empcumulative = TRUE,
cumulative1, cumulative2, parameters1, parameters2)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---------------|---|
| x | real vector |
| y | real vector |
| m | integer positive number (default=15) |
| step | real positive number (default=0.01) |
| test | test used for fitting selection, it have to be wilcox.test (default) or t.test |
| empcumulative | logical value, can be TRUE (default) or FALSE (see details) |
| cumulative1 | marginal cumulative associated with x. Can be used pnorm, pbeta, pempirical,...(only used when empcumulative=FALSE) |
| cumulative2 | marginal cumulative associated with y. Can be used pnorm, pbeta, pempirical,...(only used when empcumulative=FALSE) |
| parameters1 | specifics parameters for cumulative1's definition |
| parameters2 | specifics parameters for cumulative2's definition |

Details

The function cheks the compatibility of each family using 'fitlambdas' then, the function 'fitCBB' is applied for each possible family . Partial and global good fit are showed.

Value

| | |
|------------|--|
| Empirical | empirical copula for (x,y) |
| Copula | best copulamodel evaluated in (u,v)=cumulative1(x),cumulative2(y) |
| OptimumFit | performance from the best copulamodel in the neighbourhood and between all copula's families pCBB1,..., pCBB7, pCMax, pCMin. Family in OptimumFit[1]; p.value in OptimumFit[2], delta in OptimumFit[3], theta in OptimumFit[4], MSE in OptimumFit[5] |

`Initial.BBi` For i in 1,...,7. Initial values for BBi family provided by the `fitlambdas` function. If `Initial.BBi[1]=FALSE` BBi, the BBi family is excluded (because empirical evidence from the data shows that this family is not appropriated). If `Initial.BBi[1]=TRUE` BBi, theta e delta suggested from `fitlambdas` function is showed in `Initial.BBi[2]` and `Initial.BBi[3]` respectively.

`Final.BBi` For i in 1,...,7, we have the characteristics from the best fit in BBi family. If `Final.BBi[1]=FALSE` BBi, the BBi family is excluded (only when the family was excluded in `Initial. BBi`). In other case ,`Final.BBi[1]=p.value` (from test); the best theta e delta are showed in `Final.BBi[2]` and `Final.BBi[3]` respectively.

`Initial.CMax` (`Initial.CMin`)
like `Initial.BBi` (in this kind of component theta and delta do not have sense)

`Final.CMax` (`Final.CMin`)
like `Final.BBi`

Author(s)

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez

References

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez and Nelson I. Tanaka. 'Bi-variate Data Modeling Through Generalized Archimedean Copula' RT-MAE 2003-03

See Also

[fitCBB](#), [fitlambdas](#)

Examples

```
#x<-rnorm(100)
#y<-x/100+rnorm(100,5,2)
#M<-OptimCBB(x=x,y=y)
#
#x<-rbeta(50,2,3)
#y<-0.5*x+rgamma(50,1,2)
#M<-OptimCBB(x,y,m=30,step=0.5,test="t",empcumulative=TRUE)
#M<-OptimCBB(x,y,m=30,step=0.5,test="w",empcumulative=FALSE,cumulative1=pbeta,
#cumulative2=pempirical,parameters1=c(2,3))
```

`pCBB1`

pCBB1

Description

Cumulative generalized archimedean Copula BB1

Usage

```
pCBB1(theta, delta, s, t)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------|-----------------------------|
| theta | real and positive parameter |
| delta | real parameter (≥ 1) |
| s | real vector |
| t | real vector |

Value

returns the values from bidimensional cumulative for (s,t) sample using (theta,delta) parameters.

Author(s)

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez

References

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez and Nelson I. Tanaka. 'Bi-variate Data Modeling Through Generalized Archimedean Copula' RT-MAE 2003-03. Harry Joe. 'Multivariate Models and Dependence Concepts' Monogra. Stat. & Appl. Probab. 73. Chapman and Hall (1997)

See Also

[pcopula1](#), [phiBB1](#), [psiGumbel](#)

Examples

```
#a<-pCBB1(2,3,matrix(c(0.9,0.2,0.4,0.1,0.3),nrow=5),matrix(c(0.9,0.2,0.4,0.1,0.3),nrow=5))
```

pCBB2

pCBB2

Description

Cumulative generalized archimedean Copula BB2

Usage

```
pCBB2(theta, delta, s, t)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------|-----------------------------|
| theta | real and positive parameter |
| delta | real and positive parameter |
| s | real vector |
| t | real vector |

Value

returns the values from bidimensional cumulative for (s,t) sample using (theta,delta) parameters.

Author(s)

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez

References

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez and Nelson I. Tanaka. 'Bi-variate Data Modeling Through Generalized Archimedean Copula' RT-MAE 2003-03. Harry Joe. 'Multivariate Models and Dependence Concepts' Monogra. Stat. & Appl. Probab. 73. Chapman and Hall (1997)

See Also

[pcopulal](#), [phiBB2](#), [psiKS](#)

Examples

```
#a<-pCBB2(0.9,0.3,matrix(c(0.9,0.2,0.4,0.1,0.3),nrow=5),matrix(c(0.9,0.2,0.4,0.1,0.3),nrow=5
```

pCBB3

pCBB3

Description

Cumulative generalized archimedean Copula BB3

Usage

```
pCBB3(theta, delta, s, t)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------|-----------------------------|
| theta | real and positive parameter |
| delta | real parameter (≥ 1) |
| s | real vector |
| t | real vector |

Value

returns the values from bidimensional cumulative for (s,t) sample using (theta,delta) parameters.

Author(s)

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez

References

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez and Nelson I. Tanaka. 'Bi-variate Data Modeling Through Generalized Archimedean Copula' RT-MAE 2003-03. Harry Joe. 'Multivariate Models and Dependence Concepts' Monogra. Stat. & Appl. Probab. 73. Chapman and Hall (1997)

See Also

[pcopula1](#), [phiBB3](#), [psiKS](#)

Examples

```
#a<-pCBB3(0.2,1.7,matrix(c(0.11,0.22,0.34,0.21,0.35),nrow=5),
#matrix(c(0.55,0.77,0.65,0.79,0.76),nrow=5))
```

pCBB4

pCBB4

Description

Cumulative generalized archimedean Copula BB4

Usage

```
pCBB4(theta, delta, s, t)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------|-----------------------------|
| theta | real and positive parameter |
| delta | real and positive parameter |
| s | real vector |
| t | real vector |

Value

returns the values from bidimensional cumulative for (s,t) sample using (theta,delta) parameters.

Author(s)

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez

References

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez and Nelson I. Tanaka. ‘Bi-variate Data Modeling Through Generalized Archimedean Copula’ RT-MAE 2003-03. Harry Joe. ‘Multivariate Models and Dependence Concepts’ Monogra. Stat. & Appl. Probab. 73. Chapman and Hall (1997)

See Also

[pcopula2](#), [psiKS](#), [KGalambos](#)

Examples

```
#s<-matrix(c(0.1,0.2,0.3,0.4,0.5),nrow=5)
#t<-matrix(c(0.15,0.28,0.31,0.49,0.51),nrow=5)
#a<-pCBB4(0.5,0.9,s,t)
```

pCBB5

pCBB5

Description

Cumulative generalized archimedean Copula BB5

Usage

```
pCBB5(theta, delta, s, t)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------|-----------------------------|
| theta | real parameter(≥ 1) |
| delta | real and positive parameter |
| s | real vector |
| t | real vector |

Value

returns the values from bidimensional cumulative for (s,t) sample using (theta,delta) parameters.

Author(s)

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez

References

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez and Nelson I. Tanaka. ‘Bi-variate Data Modeling Through Generalized Archimedean Copula’ RT-MAE 2003-03. Harry Joe. ‘Multivariate Models and Dependence Concepts’ Monogra. Stat. & Appl. Probab. 73. Chapman and Hall (1997)

See Also

[pcopula2](#), [psiGumbel](#), [KGalambos](#)

Examples

```
#s<-matrix(c(0.1,0.2,0.3,0.4,0.5),nrow=5)
#t<-matrix(c(0.15,0.28,0.31,0.49,0.51),nrow=5)
#a<-pCBB5(1.5,0.9,s,t)
```

pCBB6

pCBB6

Description

Cumulative generalized archimedean Copula BB6

Usage

```
pCBB6(theta, delta, s, t)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------|-----------------------------|
| theta | real parameter (≥ 1) |
| delta | real parameter (≥ 1) |
| s | real vector |
| t | real vector |

Value

returns the values from bidimensional cumulative for (s,t) sample using (theta,delta) parameters.

Author(s)

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez

References

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez and Nelson I. Tanaka. 'Bi-variate Data Modeling Through Generalized Archimedean Copula' RT-MAE 2003-03. Harry Joe. 'Multivariate Models and Dependence Concepts' Monogra. Stat. & Appl. Probab. 73. Chapman and Hall (1997)

See Also

[pcopula1](#), [phiBB6](#), [psiGumbel](#)

Examples

```
#a<-pCBB6(3,1.7,matrix(c(0.11,0.22,0.34,0.21,0.35),nrow=5),
#matrix(c(0.55,0.77,0.65,0.79,0.76),nrow=5))
```

pCBB7

pCBB7

Description

Cumulative generalized archimedean Copula BB7

Usage

```
pCBB7(theta, delta, s, t)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------|-----------------------------|
| theta | real parameter (≥ 1) |
| delta | real and positive parameter |
| s | real vector |
| t | real vector |

Value

returns the values from bidimensional cumulative for (s,t) sample using (theta,delta) parameters.

Author(s)

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez

References

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez and Nelson I. Tanaka. ‘Bi-variate Data Modeling Through Generalized Archimedean Copula’ RT-MAE 2003-03. Harry Joe. ‘Multivariate Models and Dependence Concepts’ Monogra. Stat. & Appl. Probab. 73. Chapman and Hall (1997)

See Also

[pcopula1](#), [phiBB7](#), [psiKS](#)

Examples

```
#s<-matrix(c(0.1,0.2,0.3,0.4,0.5),nrow=5)
#t<-matrix(c(0.15,0.28,0.31,0.49,0.51),nrow=5)
#a<-pCBB7(2,0.9,s,t)
```

pCMax

pCMax

Description

Cumulative copula Frechet's bound, pCMax

Usage

```
pCMax(theta, delta, s, t)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------|-------------|
| theta | is missing |
| delta | is missing |
| s | real vector |
| t | real vector |

Value

returns the values from bidimensional cumulative for (s,t) sample.

Author(s)

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez

References

Harry Joe. 'Multivariate Models and Dependence Concepts' Monogra. Stat. & Appl. Probab. 73. Chapman and Hall (1997)

See Also

[pCMin](#)

Examples

```
#a<-pCMax(s=matrix(c(0.9,0.2,0.4,0.5),nrow=4),t=matrix(c(0.2,0.33,0.5,0.2),nrow=4))
```

pCMin

pCMin

Description

Cumulative copula Frechet's bound, pCMin

Usage

```
pCMin(theta, delta, s, t)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------|-------------|
| theta | is missing |
| delta | is missing |
| s | real vector |
| t | real vector |

Value

returns the values from bidimensional cumulative for (s,t) sample.

Author(s)

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez

References

Harry Joe. 'Multivariate Models and Dependence Concepts' Monogra. Stat. & Appl. Probab. 73. Chapman and Hall (1997)

See Also

[pCMax](#)

Examples

```
#x<-rnorm(50,0,1)
#y<-1-x+rnorm(50,0.05,0.1)
#plot(x,y)
#a<-pCMin(s=x,t=y)
```

pcopula1 *pcopula1*

Description

Generator of generalized archimedean copula. Different kind of cumulative copulas can be obtained using pcopula1, for example pCBBi, i=1,2,3,6,7.

Usage

```
pcopula1(theta, delta, psi, phi, ivpsi, ivphi, s, t)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------|------------------------------------|
| theta | parameter, real and positive value |
| delta | parameter, real and positive value |
| psi | Laplace transformation |
| phi | Laplace transformation |
| ivpsi | psi's inverse |
| ivphi | phi's inverse |
| s | real vector |
| t | real vector |

Value

returns the values from bidimensional cumulative for (s,t) sample using (theta,delta) parameters and Laplace transformation.

Author(s)

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez

References

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez and Nelson I. Tanaka. 'Bi-variate Data Modeling Through Generalized Archimedean Copula' RT-MAE 2003-03

See Also

[pCBB1](#), [pCBB2](#), [pCBB3](#), [pCBB6](#), [pCBB7](#)

Examples

```
#pcopula1(2,3,psiGumbel,phiBB6,ivpsiGumbel,ivphiBB6,matrix(c(0.9,0.2,0.4,0.1,0.3),nrow=5),
#matrix(c(0.9,0.2,0.4,0.1,0.3),nrow=5))
```

 pcopula2

pcopula2

Description

Generator of generalized archimedean copula. Different cumulative copulas can be obtained using pcopula2, for example pCBBi, i=4,5.

Usage

```
pcopula2(theta, delta, psi, v1, ivpsi, v2, s, t)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------|------------------------------------|
| theta | parameter, real and positive value |
| delta | parameter, real and positive value |
| psi | Laplace transformation |
| v1 | real number |
| ivpsi | psi's inverse |
| v2 | real number |
| s | real vector |
| t | real vector |

Value

return the values from bidimensional cumulative for (s,t) sample using (theta,delta) parameters and Laplace transformation.

Author(s)

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez

References

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez and Nelson I. Tanaka. 'Bi-variate Data Modeling Through Generalized Archimedean Copula' RT-MAE 2003-03

See Also

[pCBB4](#), [pCBB5](#)

Examples

```
#pcopula2(2.5, 3, psiGumbel, 1, ivpsiGumbel, 1,
#matrix(c(0.9, 0.7, 0.2, 0.5, 0.4), nrow=5), matrix(c(0.9, 0.7, 0.2, 0.5, 0.4), nrow=5))
```

| | |
|-------------------------|-------------------|
| <code>pempirical</code> | <i>pempirical</i> |
|-------------------------|-------------------|

Description

Empirical cumulative distribution

Usage

```
pempirical(x, arg)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------------|---|
| <code>x</code> | real vector |
| <code>arg</code> | real vector (can be like <code>x</code>) |

Details

`pempirical` can be used like `pnorm`, `punif`, `pbeta`,...

Value

empirical cumulative distribution for `x` sample, evaluated in the vector `arg`. If `arg` is missing, `arg<-x`.

Author(s)

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez

See Also

[cumulativemarg](#), [pnorm](#)

Examples

```
#x<-rnorm(50,2,1)
#pempirical(x)
```

| | |
|--------|---------------|
| phiBB1 | <i>phiBB1</i> |
|--------|---------------|

Description

Laplace's transform. This function is associated with BB1 Copula

Usage

```
phiBB1(theta, delta, s)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------|-----------------------------|
| theta | positive, real parameter |
| delta | real parameter (≥ 1) |
| s | real vector |

Value

return the value for the transform in the vector s

Author(s)

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez

References

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez and Nelson I. Tanaka. 'Bi-variate Data Modeling Through Generalized Archimedean Copula' RT-MAE 2003-03. Harry Joe. 'Multivariate Models and Dependence Concepts' Monogra. Stat. & Appl. Probab. 73. Chapman and Hall (1997)

See Also

[pCBB1](#), [psiKS](#)

Examples

```
#phiBB1(0.5, 1.5, c(1, 6))
```

`phiBB2`*phiBB2*

Description

Laplace's transform. This function is associated with BB2 Copula

Usage

```
phiBB2(theta, delta, s)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------------------|--------------------------|
| <code>theta</code> | positive, real parameter |
| <code>delta</code> | positive, real parameter |
| <code>s</code> | real vector |

Value

return the value for the transform in the vector `s`

Author(s)

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez

References

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez and Nelson I. Tanaka. 'Bi-variate Data Modeling Through Generalized Archimedean Copula' RT-MAE 2003-03. Harry Joe. 'Multivariate Models and Dependence Concepts' Monogra. Stat. & Appl. Probab. 73. Chapman and Hall (1997)

See Also

[pCBB2](#), [psiKS](#)

Examples

```
#theta=0.3,delta=2.6, s=c(2,3,4)
#phiBB2(0.3,2.6,c(2,3,4))
```

`phiBB3`*phiBB3*

Description

Laplace's transform. This function is associated with BB3 Copula

Usage

```
phiBB3(theta, delta, s)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| <code>theta</code> | positive, real parameter |
| <code>delta</code> | real parameter (≥ 1) |
| <code>s</code> | real vector |

Value

return the value for the transform in the vector `s`

Author(s)

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez

References

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez and Nelson I. Tanaka. 'Bi-variate Data Modeling Through Generalized Archimedean Copula' RT-MAE 2003-03. Harry Joe. 'Multivariate Models and Dependence Concepts' Monogra. Stat. & Appl. Probab. 73. Chapman and Hall (1997)

See Also

[pCBB3](#), [psiKS](#)

Examples

```
#theta=0.2,delta=4, s=c(0.2,0.3,0.4)
#phiBB3(0.2,4,c(0.2,0.3,0.4))
```

`phiBB6`*phiBB6*

Description

Laplace's transform. This function is associated with BB6 Copula

Usage

```
phiBB6(theta, delta, s)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------|-----------------------------|
| theta | real parameter (≥ 1) |
| delta | real parameter (≥ 1) |
| s | real vector |

Value

return the value for the transform in the vector s

Author(s)

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez

References

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez and Nelson I. Tanaka. 'Bi-variate Data Modeling Through Generalized Archimedean Copula' RT-MAE 2003-03. Harry Joe. 'Multivariate Models and Dependence Concepts' Monogra. Stat. & Appl. Probab. 73. Chapman and Hall (1997)

See Also

[pCBB6](#), [psiGumbel](#)

Examples

```
#theta=1.1,delta=2.1,s=c(0.55,0.66,0.77,0.88)
#phiBB6(1.1,2.1,c(0.55,0.66,0.77,0.88))
```

`phiBB7`*phiBB7*

Description

Laplace's transform. This function is associated with BB7 Copula

Usage

```
phiBB7(theta, delta, s)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------|-----------------------------|
| theta | real parameter (≥ 1) |
| delta | positive, real parameter |
| s | real vector |

Value

return the value for the transform in the vector s

Author(s)

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez

References

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez and Nelson I. Tanaka. 'Bi-variate Data Modeling Through Generalized Archimedean Copula' RT-MAE 2003-03; Harry Joe. 'Multivariate Models and Dependence Concepts' Monogra. Stat. & Appl. Probab. 73. Chapman and Hall (1997)

See Also

[pCBB7](#), [psiKS](#)

Examples

```
#theta=1.1,delta=0.8,s=c(0.55,0.66,0.77,0.88)
#phiBB7(1.1,0.8,c(0.55,0.66,0.77,0.88))
```

| | |
|-----------|------------------|
| psiGumbel | <i>psiGumbel</i> |
|-----------|------------------|

Description

Laplace's transform. This function is associated with Gumbel Archimedean Copula

Usage

```
psiGumbel(delta, s)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------|------------------------------|
| delta | parameter, real (≥ 1) |
| s | real positive vector |

Value

return the value for the transform in the vector s

Author(s)

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez

References

Harry Joe. 'Multivariate Models and Dependence Concepts' Monogra. Stat. & Appl. Probab. 73. Chapman and Hall (1997)

See Also

[pCBB1](#), [pCBB5](#), [pCBB6](#)

Examples

```
#Gumbel'TL with delta=1.7 and s=c(1:6)
#psiGumbel(1.7, c(1:6))
```

`psiKS`*psiKS*

Description

Laplace's transform. This function is associated with Kimeldorf-Sampson Archimedean Copula

Usage

```
psiKS(delta, s)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| <code>delta</code> | real and positive parameter |
| <code>s</code> | real positive vector |

Value

return the value for the transform in the vector `s`

Author(s)

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez

References

Harry Joe. 'Multivariate Models and Dependence Concepts' Monogra. Stat. & Appl. Probab. 73. Chapman and Hall (1997)

See Also

[pCBB2](#), [pCBB3](#), [pCBB4](#), [pCBB7](#)

Examples

```
#delta=0.4, s=c(1,1.5,2,2.5,3,3.5)
#psiKS(0.4,c(1,1.5,2,2.5,3,3.5))
```

 SOB2

 SOB2

Description

Bidimensional empirical survival function

Usage

SOB2 (u, v, x, y)

Arguments

| | |
|---|-------------|
| u | real vector |
| v | real vector |
| x | real vector |
| y | real vector |

Details

$$SOB2(u, v, x, y) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n I_{(u_i > x)} I_{(v_i > y)}, \quad u = (u_1, \dots, u_n), \quad v = (v_1, \dots, v_n)$$

Value

Bidimensional empirical survival function for vector (u,v), evaluated in (x,y)

Author(s)

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez

References

Veronica A. Gonzalez-Lopez and Nelson I. Tanaka. ‘Bi-variate Data Modeling Through Generalized Archimedean Copula’ RT-MAE 2003-03. Harry Joe. ‘Multivariate Models and Dependence Concepts’ Monogra. Stat. & Appl. Probab. 73. Chapman and Hall (1997)

See Also

[FE1vector](#), [FE2](#)

Examples

```
#u<-matrix(c(1,3,5,1,6),nrow=5)
#SOB2(u,u,6.5,3)
#u<-matrix(c(1:15),nrow=15)
#v<-matrix(c(16:30),nrow=15)
#SOB2(u,v,10,24)
```

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