

Package ‘rgrass’

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Title Interface Between 'GRASS' Geographical Information System and 'R'

Description An interface between the 'GRASS' geographical information system ('GIS') and 'R', based on starting 'R' from within the 'GRASS' 'GIS' environment, or running a free-standing 'R' session in a temporary 'GRASS' location; the package provides facilities for using all 'GRASS' commands from the 'R' command line. The original interface package for 'GRASS 5' (2000-2010) is described in Bivand (2000) <[doi:10.1016/S0098-3004\(00\)00057-1](https://doi.org/10.1016/S0098-3004(00)00057-1)> and Bivand (2001) <<https://www.r-project.org/conferences/DSC-2001/Proceedings/Bivand.pdf>>. This was succeeded by 'sgrass6' for 'GRASS 6' (2006-2016) and 'rgrass7' for 'GRASS 7' (2015-present). The 'rgrass' package modernizes the interface for 'GRASS 8' while still permitting the use of 'GRASS 7'.

Depends R (>= 3.3.0), XML

Imports stats, utils, methods

Suggests terra, sp (>= 0.9), knitr, rmarkdown, sf, stars, raster

VignetteBuilder knitr

SystemRequirements GRASS (>= 7)

License GPL (>= 2)

URL <https://rsbivand.github.io/rgrass/>, <https://grass.osgeo.org/>,
<https://github.com/rsbivand/rgrass>,
<https://lists.osgeo.org/mailman/listinfo/grass-stats>

BugReports <https://github.com/rsbivand/rgrass/issues/>

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rgrass-package	<i>Interface between GRASS geographical information system and R</i>
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Description

Interpreted interface between GRASS geographical information system, versions 7 and 8, and R, based on starting R from within the GRASS environment, or on running R stand-alone and creating a throw-away GRASS environment from within R. The interface uses classes defined in the sp package to hold spatial data.

Details

Index:

read_RAST	read GRASS raster files
write_RAST	write GRASS raster files
read_VECT	read GRASS vector object files
write_VECT	write GRASS vector object files
gmeta	read GRASS metadata from the current LOCATION
getLocationProj	return a WKT2 string of projection information
gmeta2grd	create a GridTopology object from the GRASS region
vInfo	return vector geometry information
vColumns	return vector database columns information
vDataCount	return count of vector database rows
vect2neigh	return area neighbours with shared boundary length

Note that the examples now use the smaller subset North Carolina location: https://grass.osgeo.org/sampleddata/north_carolina/nc_basic_spm_grass7.tar.gz

Author(s)

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Examples

```

run <- FALSE
if (nchar(Sys.getenv("GISRC")) > 0 &&
    read.dcf(Sys.getenv("GISRC"))[1,"LOCATION_NAME"] == "nc_basic_spm_grass7") run <- TRUE
run <- run && require("terra", quietly=TRUE) && require("sp", quietly=TRUE)
if (run) {
  grd <- gmeta2grd(ignore.stderr=TRUE)
  grd
}
if (run) {
  elevation <- read_RAST("elevation", ignore.stderr=TRUE)
}
if (run) {
  set.seed(1)
  smple <- spatSample(ext(elevation), lonlat=is.lonlat(elevation), size=200,
    method="random", as.points=TRUE)
  values(smple) <- extract(elevation, smple)[,2]
  smple
}
if (run) {
  write_VECT(smple, "sp_dem", flags=c("overwrite", "o"), ignore.stderr=TRUE)
}
if (run) {
  schoolsDF <- read_VECT("schools", ignore.stderr=TRUE)
  summary(schoolsDF)
}
if (run) {
  vInfo("streams", ignore.stderr=TRUE)
}
if (run) {
  vColumns("streams", ignore.stderr=TRUE)
}
if (run) {
  vDataCount("streams", ignore.stderr=TRUE)
}
if (run) {
  streams <- read_VECT("streams", type="line", ignore.stderr=TRUE)
  summary(streams)
}

```

Description

The functions provide an interface to GRASS commands run through system, based on the values returned by the `--interface` description flag using XML parsing. If required parameters are omitted, and have declared defaults, the defaults will be used.

Usage

```
execGRASS(cmd, flags = NULL, ..., parameters = NULL, intern = NULL,
  ignore.stderr = NULL, Sys_ignore.stdout=FALSE, Sys_wait=TRUE,
  Sys_input=NULL, Sys_show.output.on.console=TRUE, Sys_minimized=FALSE,
  Sys_invisible=TRUE, echoCmd=NULL, redirect=FALSE, legacyExec=NULL)
stringexecGRASS(string, intern = NULL,
  ignore.stderr = NULL, Sys_ignore.stdout=FALSE, Sys_wait=TRUE,
  Sys_input=NULL, Sys_show.output.on.console=TRUE, Sys_minimized=FALSE,
  Sys_invisible=TRUE, echoCmd=NULL, redirect=FALSE, legacyExec=NULL)
doGRASS(cmd, flags = NULL, ..., parameters = NULL, echoCmd=NULL,
  legacyExec=NULL)
parseGRASS(cmd, legacyExec=NULL)
## S3 method for class 'GRASS_interface_desc'
print(x, ...)
getXMLencoding()
setXMLencoding(enc)
```

Arguments

<code>cmd</code>	GRASS command name
<code>flags</code>	character vector of GRASS command flags
<code>...</code>	for <code>execGRASS</code> and <code>doGRASS</code> , GRASS module parameters given as R named arguments directly. For the <code>print</code> method, other arguments to <code>print</code> method. The storage modes of values passed must match those required in GRASS, so a single GRASS string must be a character vector of length 1, a single GRASS integer must be an integer vector of length 1 (may be an integer constant such as 10L), and a single GRASS float must be a numeric vector of length 1. For multiple values, use vectors of suitable length
<code>parameters</code>	list of GRASS command parameters, used if GRASS parameters are not given as R arguments directly; the two methods for passing GRASS parameters may not be mixed. The storage modes of values passed must match those required in GRASS, so a single GRASS string must be a character vector of length 1, a single GRASS integer must be an integer vector of length 1 (may be an integer constant such as 10L), and a single GRASS float must be a numeric vector of length 1. For multiple values, use vectors of suitable length
<code>string</code>	a string representing <i>one</i> full GRASS statement, using shell syntax: command name, optionally followed by flags and parameters, all separated by whitespaces. Parameters follow the key=value format; if 'value' contains spaces, then 'value' must be quoted
<code>intern</code>	default NULL, in which case set internally from <code>get.useInternOption</code> ; a logical (not 'NA') which indicates whether to make the output of the command an R object. Not available unless 'popen' is supported on the platform

<code>ignore.stderr</code>	default NULL, taking the value set by <code>set.ignore.stderrOption</code> , a logical indicating whether error messages written to 'stderr' should be ignored
<code>Sys_ignore.stdout</code> , <code>Sys_wait</code> , <code>Sys_input</code>	pass extra arguments to system
<code>Sys_show.output.on.console</code> , <code>Sys_minimized</code> , <code>Sys_invisible</code>	pass extra arguments to system on Windows systems only
<code>echoCmd</code>	default NULL, taking the logical value set by <code>set.echoCmdOption</code> , print GRASS command to be executed to console
<code>redirect</code>	default FALSE, if TRUE, add “2>&1” to the command string and set <code>intern</code> to TRUE; only used in legacy mode
<code>legacyExec</code>	default NULL, taking the logical value set by <code>set.legacyExecOption</code> which is initialised to FALSE on “unix” platforms and TRUE otherwise. If TRUE, use <code>system</code> , if FALSE use <code>system2</code> and divert <code>stderr</code> to temporary file to record error messages and warnings from GRASS modules
<code>x</code>	object to be printed
<code>enc</code>	character string to replace UTF-8 in header of XML data generated by GRASS module <code>-interface-description</code> output when the internationalised messages are not in UTF-8 (known to French, which is in latin1)

Details

`parseGRASS` checks to see whether the GRASS command has been parsed already and cached in this session; if not, it reads the interface description, parses it and caches it for future use. `doGRASS` assembles a proposed GRASS command with flags and parameters as a string, wrapping `parseGRASS`, and `execGRASS` is a wrapper for `doGRASS`, running the command through `system` (from 0.7-4, the `...` argument is not used for passing extra arguments for `system`). The command string is termed `proposed`, because not all of the particular needs of commands are provided by the interface description, and no check is made for the existence of input objects. Support for multiple parameter values added with help from Patrick Caldon. Support for defaults and for direct use of GRASS parameters instead of a parameter list suggested by Rainer Krug.

`stringexecGRASS` is a wrapper around `execGRASS`, and accepts a single shell statement as a string (following GRASS's command syntax).

Value

`parseGRASS` returns a `GRASS_interface_desc` object, `doGRASS` returns a character string with a proposed GRASS command - the expanded command name is returned as an attribute, and `execGRASS` and `stringexecGRASS` return what `system` or `system2` return, particularly depending on the `intern` argument when the character strings output by GRASS modules are returned. If `intern` is FALSE, `system` returns the module exit code, while `system2` returns the module exit code with “`resOut`” and “`resErr`” attributes.

Note

If any package command fails with a UTF-8 error from the XML package, try using `setXMLencoding` to work around the problem that GRASS modules declare `-interface-description` output as UTF-8 without ensuring that it is (French is of 6.4.0 RC5 latin1).

Author(s)

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See Also

[system](#)

Examples

```
run <- FALSE
if (nchar(Sys.getenv("GISRC")) > 0 &&
    read.dcf(Sys.getenv("GISRC"))[1,"LOCATION_NAME"] == "nc_basic_spm_grass7") run <- TRUE
oechoCmd <- get.echoCmdOption()
set.echoCmdOption(TRUE)
if (run) {
  print(parseGRASS("r.slope.aspect"))
}
if (run) {
  doGRASS("r.slope.aspect", flags=c("overwrite"),
    elevation="elevation.dem", slope="slope", aspect="aspect")
}
if (run) {
  pars <- list(elevation="elevation", slope="slope", aspect="aspect")
  doGRASS("r.slope.aspect", flags=c("overwrite"), parameters=pars)
}
if (run) {
  print(parseGRASS("r.buffer"))
}
if (run) {
  doGRASS("r.buffer", flags=c("overwrite"), input="schools", output="bmap",
    distances=seq(1000,15000,1000))
}
if (run) {
  pars <- list(input="schools", output="bmap", distances=seq(1000,15000,1000))
  doGRASS("r.buffer", flags=c("overwrite"), parameters=pars)
}
if (run) {
  set.echoCmdOption(oechoCmd)
  try(res <- execGRASS("r.stats", input = "fire_blocksgg", # no such file
    flags = c("C", "n")), silent=FALSE)
}
if (run) {
  res <- execGRASS("r.stats", input = "fire_blocksgg", flags = c("C", "n"),
    legacyExec=TRUE)
  print(res)
}
if (run) {
  if (res != 0) {
    resERR <- execGRASS("r.stats", input = "fire_blocksgg",
      flags = c("C", "n"), redirect=TRUE, legacyExec=TRUE)
    print(resERR)
  }
}
```

```

}
if (run) {
  res <- stringexecGRASS("r.stats -p -l input=geology", intern=TRUE)
  print(res)
}
if (run) {
  stringexecGRASS(paste("r.random.cells --overwrite --quiet output=samples",
    "distance=1000 ncells=100 seed=1"))
}
if (run) {
  execGRASS("r.random.cells", flags=c("overwrite", "quiet"), output="samples", distance=1000,
    ncells=100L, seed=1L)
}

```

gmeta

Reads GRASS metadata from the current LOCATION

Description

GRASS LOCATION metadata are read into a list in R; helper function `getLocationProj` returns a WKT2 string of projection information. The helper function `gmeta2grd` creates a `GridTopology` object from the current GRASS mapset region definitions.

Usage

```

gmeta(ignore.stderr = FALSE, g.proj_WKT=NULL)
getLocationProj(ignore.stderr = FALSE, g.proj_WKT=NULL)
gmeta2grd(ignore.stderr = FALSE)
## S3 method for class 'gmeta'
print(x, ...)
get.ignore.stderrOption()
get.stop_on_no_flags_parasOption()
get.echoCmdOption()
get.useInternOption()
get.legacyExecOption()
get.defaultFlagsOption()
get.suppressEchoCmdInFuncOption()
set.ignore.stderrOption(value)
set.stop_on_no_flags_parasOption(value)
set.echoCmdOption(value)
set.useInternOption(value)
set.legacyExecOption(value)
set.defaultFlagsOption(value)
set.suppressEchoCmdInFuncOption(value)

```

Arguments

`ignore.stderr` default FALSE, can be set to TRUE to silence `system()` output to standard error; does not apply on Windows platforms

g.proj_WKT	default NULL: return WKT2 representation in GRASS \geq 7.6 and Proj4 in GRASS $<$ 7.6; may be set to FALSE to return Proj4 for GRASS \geq 7.6
x	S3 object returned by gmeta
...	arguments passed through print method
value	logical value for setting options on ignore.stderr set by default on package load to FALSE, stop_on_no_flags_paras set by default on package load to TRUE, echoCmd set by default on package load to FALSE. useIntern sets the intern argument globally; legacyExec sets the legacyExec option globally, but is initialized to FALSE on unix systems (all but Windows) and TRUE on Windows; defaultFlags is initialized to NULL, but may be a character vector with values from c("quiet", "verbose") suppressEchoCmdInFunc default TRUE suppresses the effect of echoCmd within package functions, may be set FALSE for debugging.

Value

Returns list of g.gisenv, g.region -g3, and g.proj values

Author(s)

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Examples

```
run <- FALSE
if (nchar(Sys.getenv("GISRC")) > 0 &&
    read.dcf(Sys.getenv("GISRC"))[1,"LOCATION_NAME"] == "nc_basic_spm_grass7") run <- TRUE
if (run) {
  G <- gmeta()
  print(G)
}
if (run) {
  cat(getLocationProj(), "\n")
}
if (run) {
  cat(getLocationProj(g.proj_WKT=FALSE), "\n")
}
if (run) {
  grd <- gmeta2grd()
  print(grd)
}
if (run) {
  ncells <- prod(slot(grd, "cells.dim"))
  df <- data.frame(k=rep(1, ncells))
  mask_SG <- sp::SpatialGridDataFrame(grd, data=df)
  print(summary(mask_SG))
}
```


initGRASS

*Initiate GRASS session***Description**

Run GRASS interface in an R session not started within GRASS. In general, most users will use `initGRASS` in throwaway locations, to use GRASS modules on R objects without the need to define and populate a location. The function initializes environment variables used by GRASS, the `.gisrc` used by GRASS for further environment variables, and a temporary location.

On Windows, if OSGeo4W GRASS is being used, the R session must be started in the OSGeo4W shell. If not, the non-standard placing of files and of environment variables confuses the function. If `toupper(gisBase)` contains “OSGEO4W64/APPS/GRASS” or “OSGEO4W/APPS/GRASS” (and after converting “\” to “/”), but the environment variable `OSGEO4W_ROOT` is not defined, `initGRASS()` will exit with an error before confusion leads to further errors. For further details, see <https://github.com/rsbivand/rgrass/issues/16> and <https://lists.osgeo.org/pipermail/grass-stats/2018-November/001800.html>.

The locking functions are used internally, but are exposed for experienced R/GRASS scripters needing to use the GRASS module “g.mapset” through `initGRASS` in an existing GRASS location. In particular, “g.mapset” may leave a `.gislock` file in the current MAPSET, so it may be important to call `unlink_.gislock` to clean up before quitting the R session. `remove_GISRC` may be used to try to remove the file given in the “GISRC” environment variable if created by `initGRASS` with argument `remove_GISRC=TRUE`.

Usage

```
initGRASS(gisBase=NULL, home, SG, gisDbase, addon_base, location, mapset,
  override = FALSE, use_g.dirseps.exe = TRUE, pid, remove_GISRC=FALSE,
  ignore.stderr=get.ignore.stderrOption())
get.GIS_LOCK()
set.GIS_LOCK(pid)
unset.GIS_LOCK()
unlink_.gislock()
remove_GISRC()
```

Arguments

<code>gisBase</code>	The directory path to GRASS binaries and libraries, containing bin and lib sub-directories among others; if NULL, set from environment variable <code>GRASS_INSTALLATION</code> if found, if not found, <code>system("grass --config path")</code> is tried
<code>home</code>	The directory in which to create the <code>.gisrc</code> file; defaults to <code>\$HOME</code> on Unix systems and to <code>USERPROFILE</code> on Windows systems; can usually be set to <code>tempdir()</code>
<code>SG</code>	An optional <code>SpatRaster</code> or <code>SpatialGrid</code> object to define the <code>DEFAULT_WIND</code> of the temporary location.
<code>gisDbase</code>	if missing, <code>tempdir()</code> will be used; GRASS <code>GISDBASE</code> directory for the working session

addon_base	if missing, assumed to be “\$HOME/.grass7/addons” on Unix-like platforms, on MS Windows “%APPDATA%\GRASS7\addons”, and checked for existence
location	if missing, <code>basename(tempfile())</code> will be used; GRASS location directory for the working session
mapset	if missing, <code>basename(tempfile())</code> will be used; GRASS mapset directory for the working session
override	default FALSE, set to TRUE if accidental trashing of GRASS <code>.gisrc</code> files and locations is not a problem
use_g.dirseps.exe	default TRUE; when TRUE appears to work for WinGRASS Native binaries, when FALSE for QGIS GRASS binaries; ignored on other platforms.
pid	default as <code>integer(round(runif(1, 1, 1000)))</code> , integer used to identify <code>GIS_LOCK</code> ; the value here is arbitrary, but probably should be set correctly
remove_GISRC	default FALSE; if TRUE, attempt to unlink the temporary file named in the “GISRC” environment variable when the R session terminates or when this package is unloaded
ignore.stderr	default taking the value set by <code>set.ignore.stderrOption</code> ; can be set to TRUE to silence <code>system()</code> output to standard error; does not apply on Windows platforms

Details

The function establishes an out-of-GRASS working environment providing GRASS commands with the environment variable support required, and may also provide a temporary location for use until the end of the running R session if the `home` argument is set to `tempdir()`, and the `gisDbase` argument is not given. Running `gmeta` shows where the location is, should it be desired to archive it before leaving R.

Value

The function runs `gmeta6` before returning the current values of the running GRASS session that it provides.

Note

If any package command fails with a UTF-8 error from the XML package, try using `setXMLencoding` to work around the problem that GRASS modules declare `-interface-description` output as UTF-8 without ensuring that it is.

Author(s)

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See Also

[gmeta](#)

Examples

```

GRASS_INSTALLATION <- Sys.getenv("GRASS_INSTALLATION")
run <- FALSE
if (nzchar(GRASS_INSTALLATION)) run <- file.info(GRASS_INSTALLATION)$isdir
run <- run && require(terra, quietly=TRUE)
if (run) {
  f <- system.file("ex/elev.tif", package="terra")
  r <- rast(f)
  plot(r, col=grDevices::terrain.colors(50))
}
if (run) {
  (loc <- initGRASS(GRASS_INSTALLATION, home=tempdir(), SG=r, override=TRUE))
}
if (run) {
  write_RAST(r, "elev", flags="overwrite")
  execGRASS("r.info", map="elev")
}
if (run) {
  s <- rast(r)
  values(s) <- values(r)
  write_RAST(s, "elev1", flags="overwrite")
  execGRASS("r.info", map="elev1")
}
if (run) {
  execGRASS("r.slope.aspect", flags="overwrite", elevation="elev", slope="slope", aspect="aspect")
}
if (run) {
  u1 <- read_RAST(c("elev", "slope", "aspect"), return_format="terra")
  plot(u1[["elev"]], col=grDevices::terrain.colors(50))
}

```

readRAST

Read and write GRASS raster files

Description

Read GRASS raster files from GRASS into R **terra** "SpatRaster" or **sp** "SpatialGridDataFrame" objects, and write single columns of **terra** "SpatRaster" or **sp** "SpatialGridDataFrame" objects to GRASS. When `return_format="terra"`, temporary binary files `r.out.bin` and `r.in.bin` are used for speed reasons. `read_RAST()` and `write_RAST()` by default use "RRASTER" files written and read by GDAL.

Usage

```

read_RAST(vname, cat=NULL, NODATA=NULL, ignore.stderr=get.ignore.stderrOption(),
  return_format="terra", close_OK=return_format=="SGDF", flags=NULL)
write_RAST(x, vname, zcol = 1, NODATA=NULL, flags=NULL,
  ignore.stderr = get.ignore.stderrOption(), overwrite=FALSE, verbose=TRUE)

```

Arguments

vname	A vector of GRASS raster file names
cat	default NULL; if not NULL, must be a logical vector matching vname, stating which (CELL) rasters to return as factor
return_format	default "terra", optionally "SGDF"
ignore.stderr	default taking the value set by <code>set.ignore.stderrOption</code> ; can be set to TRUE to silence <code>system()</code> output to standard error; does not apply on Windows platforms
close_OK	default TRUE - clean up possible open connections used for reading metadata; may be set to FALSE to avoid the side-effect of other user-opened connections being broken
x	A terra "SpatRaster" or sp "SpatialGridDataFrame" object
zcol	Attribute column number or name
NODATA	by default NULL, in which case it is set to one less than <code>floor()</code> of the data values for FCELL rasters or the range maximum for CELL Byte, UInt16 and UInt32 rasters (with no negative values), and an attempt is made to set NODATA to the upper Int16 and Int32 range if the lower range is occupied; otherwise an integer NODATA value (required to be integer by GRASS <code>r.out.bin</code>)
overwrite	default FALSE, if TRUE inserts "overwrite" into the value of the <code>flags</code> argument if not already there to allow existing GRASS rasters to be overwritten
flags	default NULL, character vector, for example "overwrite"
verbose	default TRUE, report how writing to GRASS is specified

Value

`read_RAST` by default returns a `SpatRaster` object, but may return a legacy `SpatialGridDataFrame` object if `return_format="SGDF"`. `write_RAST` silently returns the object being written to GRASS.

Author(s)

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Examples

```
run <- FALSE
if (nchar(Sys.getenv("GISRC")) > 0 &&
    read.dcf(Sys.getenv("GISRC"))[1,"LOCATION_NAME"] == "nc_basic_spm_grass7") run <- TRUE
GV <- Sys.getenv("GRASS_VERBOSE")
Sys.setenv("GRASS_VERBOSE"=0)
ois <- get.ignore.stderrOption()
set.ignore.stderrOption(TRUE)
run <- run && require("terra", quietly=TRUE)
if (run) {
  v1 <- read_RAST("landuse", cat=TRUE, return_format="terra")
  v1
  inMemory(v1)
}
```

```

if (run) {
  write_RAST(v1, "landuse1", flags=c("o", "overwrite"))
  execGRASS("r.stats", flags="c", input="landuse1")
  execGRASS("g.remove", flags="f", name="landuse1", type="raster")
}
run <- run && require("sp", quietly=TRUE)
if (run) {
  nc_basic <- read_RAST(c("geology", "elevation"), cat=c(TRUE, FALSE),
    return_format="SGDF")
  print(table(nc_basic$geology))
}
if (run) {
  execGRASS("r.stats", flags=c("c", "l", "quiet"), input="geology")
}
if (run) {
  boxplot(nc_basic$elevation ~ nc_basic$geology)
}
if (run) {
  nc_basic$sqdem <- sqrt(nc_basic$elevation)
}
if (run) {
  write_RAST(nc_basic, "sqdemSP", zcol="sqdem", flags=c("quiet", "overwrite"))
  execGRASS("r.info", map="sqdemSP")
}
if (run) {
  print(system.time(sqdemSP <- read_RAST(c("sqdemSP", "elevation"),
    return_format="SGDF")))
}
if (run) {
  print(system.time(sqdem <- read_RAST(c("sqdemSP", "elevation"),
    return_format="terra")))
}
if (run) {
  execGRASS("g.remove", flags="f", name="sqdemSP", type="raster")
  execGRASS("r.mapcalc", expression="basins0 = basins - 1", flags="overwrite")
  execGRASS("r.stats", flags="c", input="basins0")
}
if (run) {
  basins0 <- read_RAST("basins0", return_format="SGDF")
  print(table(basins0$basins0))
}
if (run) {
  execGRASS("g.remove", flags="f", name="basins0", type="raster")
}
Sys.setenv("GRASS_VERBOSE"=GV)
set.ignore.stderrOption(ois)

```

Description

read_VECT moves one GRASS vector object file with attribute data through a temporary GeoPackage file to a **terra** "SpatVector" object; write_VECT moves a **terra** "SpatVector" object through a temporary GeoPackage file to a GRASS vector object file. vect2neigh returns neighbour pairs with shared boundary length as described by Markus Neteler, in <https://stat.ethz.ch/pipermail/r-sig-geo/2005-October/000616.html>. cygwin_clean_temp can be called to try to clean the GRASS mapset-specific temporary directory under cygwin.

Usage

```
read_VECT(vname, layer, type=NULL, flags="overwrite",
          ignore.stderr = NULL)
write_VECT(x, vname, flags="overwrite", ignore.stderr = NULL)
vInfo(vname, layer, ignore.stderr = NULL)
vColumns(vname, layer, ignore.stderr = NULL)
vDataCount(vname, layer, ignore.stderr = NULL)
vect2neigh(vname, ID=NULL, ignore.stderr = NULL, remove=TRUE, vname2=NULL,
           units="k")
```

Arguments

vname	A GRASS vector file name
layer	a layer name (string); if missing set to default of "1"
type	override type detection when multiple types are non-zero, passed to v.out.ogr
ignore.stderr	default the value set by set.ignore.stderrOption; NULL, taking the value set by set.ignore.stderrOption, can be set to TRUE to silence system() output to standard error; does not apply on Windows platforms
x	A "SpatVector" object moved to GRASS
flags	Character vector containing additional optional flags and/or options for v.in.ogr, particularly "o" and "overwrite"
ID	A valid DB column name for unique identifiers (optional)
remove	default TRUE, remove copied vectors created in vect2neigh
vname2	If on a previous run, remove was FALSE, the name of the temporary vector may be given to circumvent its generation
units	default "k"; see GRASS 'v.to.db' manual page for alternatives

Value

read_VECT imports a GRASS vector object into a "SpatVector" object.

vect2neigh returns a data frame object with left and right neighbours and boundary lengths, also given class GRASSneigh and spatial.neighbour (as used in spdep). The incantation to retrieve the neighbours list is sn2listw(vect2neigh())\$neighbours, and to retrieve the boundary lengths: sn2listw(vect2neigh())\$weights. The GRASSneigh object has two other useful attributes: external is a vector giving the length of shared boundary between each polygon and the external area, and total giving each polygon's total boundary length.

Author(s)

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Examples

```

run <- FALSE
if (nchar(Sys.getenv("GISRC")) > 0 &&
    read.dcf(Sys.getenv("GISRC"))[1,"LOCATION_NAME"] == "nc_basic_spm_grass7") run <- TRUE
GV <- Sys.getenv("GRASS_VERBOSE")
Sys.setenv("GRASS_VERBOSE"=0)
ois <- get.ignore.stderrOption()
set.ignore.stderrOption(TRUE)
if (run) {
  execGRASS("v.info", map="schools", layer="1")
}
if (run) {
  print(vInfo("schools"))
  schs <- read_VECT("schools")
  print(summary(schs))
}
if (run) {
  write_VECT(schs, "newsch", flags=c("o", "overwrite"))
  execGRASS("v.info", map="newsch", layer="1")
}
if (run) {
  nschs <- read_VECT("newsch")
  print(summary(nschs))
}
if (run) {
  print(all.equal(names(nschs), as.character(vColumns("newsch")[,2])))
}
if (run) {
  print(vInfo("roadsmajor"))
}
if (run) {
  roads <- read_VECT("roadsmajor")
  print(summary(roads))
}
if (run) {
  cen_neig <- vect2neigh("census")
  str(cen_neig)
}
if (run) {
  execGRASS("g.remove", flags="f", name=c("newsch", "newsch1"), type="vector")
}
Sys.setenv("GRASS_VERBOSE"=GV)
set.ignore.stderrOption(ois)

```

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