Package 'rnrfa'

November 20, 2018

Title UK National River Flow Archive Data from R

Version 1.5.0

Maintainer Claudia Vitolo <cvitolodev@gmail.com>

URL http://cvitolo.github.io/rnrfa/

BugReports https://github.com/cvitolo/rnrfa/issues

Description Utility functions to retrieve data from the UK Na-

tional River Flow Archive (http://nrfa.ceh.ac.uk/). The package contains R wrappers to the UK NRFA data temporary-API. There are functions to retrieve stations falling in a bounding box, to generate a map and extracting time series and general information.

Depends R (>= 3.0.2)

Imports rgdal, plyr, graphics, stats, httr, xml2, stringr, xts, rjson, ggmap, ggplot2, sp, parallel

Suggests testthat, knitr, covr, lintr

LazyData true

Encoding UTF-8

License GPL-3

Repository CRAN

RoxygenNote 6.0.1

NeedsCompilation no

Author Claudia Vitolo [aut, cre],

Matthew Fry [ctb] (Matthew supervised the unofficial API integration.), Wouter Buytaert [ctb] (This package is part of Claudia Vitolo's PhD work and Wouter is the supervisor.),

Michael Spencer [ctb] (Michael updated the function osg_parse to work with grid references of different lengths.),

Tobias Gauster [ctb] (Tobias improved the function osg_parse introducing vectorisation)

Date/Publication 2018-11-20 20:30:02 UTC

2 catalogue

R topics documented:

nrfa-package	2
atalogue	2
mr	4
onvert_flow	5
df	4
et_ts	6
sg_parse	7
lot_rain_flow	8
lot_trend	9
easonal_averages	1(
rationSummary	1(
1	12

rnrfa-package

UK National River Flow Archive data from R

Description

rnrfa: UK National River Flow Archive Data from R.

Details

Index

Utility functions to retrieve data from the UK National River Flow Archive (http://nrfa.ceh.ac.uk/). The package contains R wrappers to the UK NRFA data temporary-API. There are functions to retrieve stations falling in a bounding box, to generate a map and extracting time series and general information.

catalogue

List of stations from UK NRFA

Description

This function pulls the list of stations (and related metadata), falling within a given bounding box, from the CEH National River Flow Archive website.

Usage

```
catalogue(bbox = NULL, columnName = NULL, columnValue = NULL,
    minRec = NULL, all = TRUE)
```

catalogue 3

Arguments

bbox this is a geographical bounding box (e.g. list(lonMin=-3.82, lonMax=-3.63, lat-

Min=52.43, latMax=52.52))

columnName name of column to filter

columnValue string to search in columnName

minRec minimum number of recording years

all if TRUE it returns all the available metadata. If FALSE, it returns only the

following columns: id, name, river, hydrometricArea, operator, haName, catch-

mentArea, altitude, lat, lon.

Details

coordinates of bounding box are required in WGS84 (EPSG: 4326). If BB coordinates are missing, the function returns the list corresponding to the maximum extent of the network.

Offline you can browse the cached version running the command data(stationSummary)

Value

data.frame with list of stations and related metadata

Author(s)

Claudia Vitolo

Examples

```
## Not run:
    # Retrieve all the stations in the network
    x <- catalogue()

# Define a bounding box:
    bbox <- list(lonMin=-3.82, lonMax=-3.63, latMin=52.43, latMax=52.52)

# Get stations within the bounding box
    x <- catalogue(bbox)

# Get stations based on minimum number of recording years
    x <- catalogue(minRec=30)

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

4 cmr

cmr

This function retrieves Catchment Mean Rainfall (cmr).

Description

Given the station ID number(s), this function retrieves data (time series in zoo format with accompanying metadata) from the WaterML2 service on the NRFA database. Catchment Mean Rainfall is measured in mm/month.

Usage

```
cmr(id, metadata = FALSE, cl = NULL, verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

id	station ID number(s), each number should be in the range [3002,236051].
metadata	Logical, FALSE by default. If metadata = TRUE means that the result for a single station is a list with two elements: data (the time series) and meta (metadata).
cl	(optional) This is a cluster object, created by the parallel package. This is set to NULL by default, which sends sequential calls to the server.
verbose	(FALSE by default). If set to TRUE prints GET request on the console.

Value

list composed of as many objects as in the list of station ID numbers. Each object can be accessed using their names or index (e.g. x[[1]], x[[2]], and so forth). Each object contains a zoo time series.

Author(s)

Claudia Vitolo

Examples

```
## Not run:
    cmr(18019)
    cmr(c(54022,54090,54091))
## End(Not run)
```

convert_flow 5

convert_flow

Convert flow from cumecs to mm/d

Description

This function converts flow time series from cumecs (m3/s) to mm/d by dividing the flow by the catchment area and converting it to mm/day.

Usage

```
convert_flow(flowCumecs, catchmentArea)
```

Arguments

flowCumecs This is

This is the flow time series in cumecs (m3/s)

catchmentArea

This is the catchment are in Km2.

Value

Flow time series in mm/d

Examples

```
## Not run:
   convert_flow(30, 2)
## End(Not run)
```

gdf

This function retrieves Gauged Daily Flow (gdf).

Description

Given the station ID number(s), this function retrieves data (time series in zoo format with accompanying metadata) from the WaterML2 service on the NRFA database. Gauged Daily Flow is measured in mm/day.

Usage

```
gdf(id, metadata = FALSE, cl = NULL, verbose = FALSE)
```

get_ts

Arguments

id station ID number(s), each number should be in the range [3002,236051].

metadata Logical, FALSE by default. If metadata = TRUE means that the result for a

single station is a list with two elements: data (the time series) and meta (meta-

data).

cl (optional) This is a cluster object, created by the parallel package. This is set to

NULL by default, which sends sequential calls to the server.

verbose (FALSE by default). If set to TRUE prints GET request on the console.

Value

list composed of as many objects as in the list of station ID numbers. Each object can be accessed using their names or index (e.g. x[[1]], x[[2]], and so forth). Each object contains a zoo time series.

Author(s)

Claudia Vitolo

Examples

```
## Not run:
    gdf(18019)
    gdf(c(54022,54090,54091))
## End(Not run)
```

get_ts

This function retrieves time series data.

Description

Given the station identification number(s), this function retrieves data (time series in zoo format with accompanying metadata) from the WaterML2 service on the NRFA database. The time series can be of two types: cmr (catchment mean rainfall, monthly) or gdf (gauged daily flows, daily).

Usage

```
get_ts(id, type, metadata = FALSE, c1 = NULL, verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

id station identification number(s), each number should be in the range [3002,236051].

type This is character string that can have one of the two following values: "cmr" (to

obtain catchment mean rainfall) or "gdf" (to obtain gauged daily flow).

osg_parse 7

metadata Logical, FALSE by default. If metadata = TRUE means that the result for a

single station is a list with two elements: data (the time series) and meta (meta-

data).

cl (optional) This is a cluster object, created by the parallel package. This is set to

NULL by default, which sends sequential calls to the server.

verbose (FALSE by default). If set to TRUE prints GET request on the console.

Value

list composed of as many objects as in the list of station identification numbers. Each object can be accessed using their names or index (e.g. x[[1]], x[[2]], and so forth). Each object contains a zoo time series.

Author(s)

Claudia Vitolo

Examples

```
## Not run:
    get_ts(18019, type = "cmr")

get_ts(c(54022,54090,54091), type = "cmr")

get_ts(18019, type = "gdf")

get_ts(c(54022,54090,54091), type = "gdf")

## End(Not run)
```

osg_parse

Converts OS Grid Reference to BNG/WGS coordinates.

Description

This function converts an Ordnance Survey (OS) grid reference to easting/northing or latitude/longitude coordinates.

Usage

```
osg_parse(gridRefs, CoordSystem = c("BNG", "WGS84"))
```

Arguments

gridRefs This is a string (or a character vector) that contains the OS grid Reference.

CoordSystem By default, this is "BNG" which stands for British National Grids. The other

option is to set CoordSystem = "WGS84", which returns latitude/longitude co-

ordinates (more info can be found here https://www.epsg-registry.org/).

8 plot_rain_flow

Value

vector made of two elements: the easting and northing (by default) or latitude and longitude coordinates.

Author(s)

Claudia Vitolo

Examples

```
## Not run:
    # single entry
    osg_parse(gridRefs="TQ722213")

# multiple entries
    osg_parse(gridRefs=c("SN831869","SN829838"))

## End(Not run)
```

plot_rain_flow

Plot rainfall and flow for a given station

Description

This function retrieves rainfall and flow time series for a given catchment, divides the flow by the catchment area and converts it to mm/day to that it can be comparable with the rainfall (mm/month). Finally it generates a plots combining rainfall and flow information.

Usage

```
plot_rain_flow(id = NULL, rain = NULL, flow = NULL, area = NULL,
    title = "")
```

Arguments

id	Station identification number
rain	Rainfall time series, measured in mm/month
flow	Flow time series, measured in m3/s
area	Catchment area in Km2
title	(optional) Plot title

Value

Plot rainfall and flow for a given station

plot_trend 9

Examples

```
## Not run:
   plot_rain_flow(id = 54090)
## End(Not run)
```

plot_trend

Plot trend

Description

This function plots a previously calculated trend.

Usage

```
plot_trend(df, columnName)
```

Arguments

df Data frame containing at least 4 column: lat (latitude), lon (longitude), Slope

and an additional user-defined column columnName.

columnName name of the column to use for grouping the results.

Value

Two plots, side-by-side, the first showing the distribution of the Trend over a map, based on the slope of the linear model that describes the trend. The second plot shows a boxplot of the Slope grouped based on the column Region. Region and Slope can be user-defined.

Examples

```
## Not run:
   plot_trend(df, Region)
## End(Not run)
```

10 stationSummary

-	
seasonal	averages

Calculate seasonal averages

Description

This calculates the seasonal averages from a time series.

Usage

```
seasonal_averages(timeseries, season = "Spring", startSeason = NULL,
endSeason = NULL, parallel = FALSE)
```

Arguments

timeseries Time series (xts class).

season Name of the season (Autumn, Winter, Spring, Summer)

startSeason String encoding the start of the season (e.g. for spring in the northen hemisphere

this is "03-21")

endSeason String encoding the end of the season (e.g. for spring in the northen emisphere

this is "06-20")

parallel Logical, FALSE by default. If parallel = TRUE means that the function can be

used in parallel computations.

Value

A vector containing the seasonal average and significance level (p-value) for each time series.

Examples

```
## Not run:
    seasonal_averages(CMR(18019), season = "Spring")
    seasonal_averages(list(CMR(18019), CMR(18019)), season = "Spring")
## End(Not run)
```

stationSummary

stationSummary

Description

table containing details for 1537 stations.

Usage

```
data(stationSummary)
```

stationSummary 11

Format

A data frame with 1539 observations on the following 20 variables.

id a list vector name a list vector location a list vector river a list vector stationDescription a list vector catchmentDescription a list vector hydrometricArea a list vector operator a list vector haName a list vector gridReference a list vector stationType a list vector catchmentArea a list vector gdfStart a list vector gdfEnd a list vector farText a list vector categories a list vector altitude a list vector sensitivity a list vector lat a numeric vector lon a numeric vector Region a character vector RecordedYears a numeric vector

Details

This is the full set of river station that can be retrieved using UK NRFA APIs.

Source

http://www.ceh.ac.uk/data/nrfa/

Examples

data(stationSummary)

Index

```
*Topic datasets
stationSummary, 10

catalogue, 2
cmr, 4
convert_flow, 5

gdf, 5
get_ts, 6

osg_parse, 7

plot_rain_flow, 8
plot_trend, 9

rnrfa-package, 2

seasonal_averages, 10
stationSummary, 10
```