

Package ‘rollupTree’

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Title Perform Recursive Computations

Version 0.3.1

Description Mass rollup for a Bill of Materials is an example of a class of computations in which elements are arranged in a tree structure and some property of each element is a computed function of the corresponding values of its child elements. Leaf elements, i.e., those with no children, have values assigned. In many cases, the combining function is simple arithmetic sum; in other cases (e.g., mass properties), the combiner may involve other information such as the geometric relationship between parent and child, or statistical relations such as root-sum-of-squares (RSS). This package implements a general function for such problems. It is adapted to specific recursive computations by functional programming techniques; the caller passes a function as the update parameter to `rollup()` (or, at a lower level, passes functions as the `get`, `set`, `combine`, and `override` parameters to `update_prop()`) at runtime to specify the desired operations. The implementation relies on graph-theoretic algorithms from the ‘igraph’ package of Csárdi, et al. (2006 <[doi:10.5281/zenodo.7682609](https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.7682609)>).

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create_rollup_tree *Create a tree for use with rollup()*

Description

create_rollup_tree() creates a tree suitable for use with rollup() by applying helper functions to construct vertices and edges.

Usage

```
create_rollup_tree(get_keys, get_parent_key_by_child_key)
```

Arguments

`get_keys` A function() that returns a collection of names for vertices.
`get_parent_key_by_child_key` A function(key) that returns for each child key the key of its parent.

Value

An igraph directed graph with vertices and edges as supplied

Examples

```
get_keys <- function() wbs_table$id  
get_parent_key_by_child_key <- function(key) wbs_table[which(wbs_table$id == key), "pid"]  
create_rollup_tree(get_keys, get_parent_key_by_child_key)
```

`default_validate_dag` *Validate a directed acyclic graph for use with rollup*

Description

Validate a directed acyclic graph for use with rollup

Usage

```
default_validate_dag(dag)
```

Arguments

`dag` An igraph directed acyclic graph

Value

TRUE if valid, stops otherwise

Examples

```
default_validate_dag(test_dag)
```

default_validate_tree *Validate a tree for use with rollup()*

Description

default_validate_tree() ensures that a tree is acyclic, loop-free, single-edged, connected, directed, and single-rooted with edge direction from child to parent.

Usage

```
default_validate_tree(tree)
```

Arguments

tree igraph directed graph that is a valid single-rooted in-tree and whose vertex names are keys from the data set

Value

single root vertex identifier if tree is valid; stops otherwise

Examples

```
default_validate_tree(wbs_tree)
```

df_get_by_id *Get property by key "id" from data frame*

Description

df_get_by_id returns the value of specified property (column) in a specified row of a data frame. The row is specified by a value for the id column.

Usage

```
df_get_by_id(df, idval, prop)
```

Arguments

df a data frame
idval id of the row to get
prop name of the column to get

Value

The requested value

Examples

```
df_get_by_id(wbs_table, "1.1", "work")
```

df_get_by_key	<i>Get property by key from data frame</i>
---------------	--

Description

df_get_by_key returns the value of specified property (column) in a specified row of a data frame. The row is specified by a key column and a value from that column.

Usage

```
df_get_by_key(df, key, keyval, prop)
```

Arguments

df	a data frame
key	name of the column used as key
keyval	value of the key for the specified row
prop	column name of the property value to get

Value

The requested value

Examples

```
df_get_by_key(wbs_table, "id", "1.1", "work")
```

df_get_ids	<i>Get ids from a data frame</i>
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Description

The default name for a key column in rollup is id. df_get_ids gets all values from the id column in a data frame.

Usage

```
df_get_ids(df)
```

Arguments

df	a data frame
----	--------------

Value

all values of the id column

Examples

```
df_get_ids(wbs_table)
```

df_get_keys	<i>Get keys from a data frame</i>
-------------	-----------------------------------

Description

df_get_keys gets all values from a designated column in a data frame.

Usage

```
df_get_keys(df, key)
```

Arguments

df	a data frame
key	name of the column used as key

Value

All values of the key column

Examples

```
df_get_keys(wbs_table, "id")
```

df_set_by_id	<i>Set property by key "id" in data frame</i>
--------------	---

Description

Set property by key "id" in data frame

Usage

```
df_set_by_id(df, idval, prop, val)
```

Arguments

df a data frame
idval id value for the specified row
prop column name of the property value to get
val value to set

Value

updated data frame

Examples

```
df_set_by_id(wbs_table, "1", "work", 45.6)
```

df_set_by_key *Set property by key in data frame*

Description

Set property by key in data frame

Usage

```
df_set_by_key(df, key, keyval, prop, val)
```

Arguments

df a data frame
key name of the column used as key
keyval value of the key for the specified row
prop column name of the property value to get
val value to set

Value

The updated data frame

Examples

```
df_set_by_key(wbs_table, "id", "1", "work", 45.6)
```

`fault_table`*Example Fault Tree Data*

Description

Example Fault Tree Data

Usage`fault_table`**Format**

A data frame with columns:

id unique key for each row**type** event type ("basic", "and", or "or")**prob** event probability**Source**<https://control.com/technical-articles/deep-dive-into-fault-tree-analysis/>

`fault_tree`*Example Fault Tree*

Description

Example Fault Tree

Usage`fault_tree`**Format**

An igraph tree with edges from child id to parent id.

Source<https://control.com/technical-articles/deep-dive-into-fault-tree-analysis/>

rollup	<i>Perform recursive computation</i>
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Description

rollup() traverses a tree depth-first (post order) and calls a user-specified update function at each vertex, passing the method a data set, the unique key of that target vertex in the data set, and a list of source keys. The update method typically gets some properties of the source elements of the data set, combines them, sets some properties of the target element of the data set to the combined value, and returns the updated data set as input to the update of the next vertex. The final operation updates the root vertex.

An update_prop() helper function is available to simplify building compliant update methods.

Before beginning the traversal, rollup() calls a user-specified method to validate that the tree is well-formed (see default_validate_tree()). It also calls a user-specified method to ensure that the id sets of the tree and data set are identical, and that data set elements corresponding to leaf vertices in the tree satisfy some user-specified predicate, e.g., is.numeric().

Usage

```
rollup(tree, ds, update, validate_ds, validate_tree = default_validate_tree)
```

Arguments

tree	igraph directed graph that is a valid single-rooted in-tree and whose vertex names are keys from the data set
ds	data set to be updated; can be any object
update	function called at each vertex as update(ds, parent_key, child_keys)
validate_ds	data set validator function called as validate_ds(tree, ds)
validate_tree	tree validator function called as validate_tree(tree)

Details

The data set passed to rollup() can be any object for which an update function can be written. A common and simple example is a data frame, but lists work as well.

Value

updated input data set

Examples

```
rollup(wbs_tree, wbs_table,
  update = function(d, p, c) {
    if (length(c) > 0)
      d[d$id == p, c("work", "budget")] <-
        apply(d[is.element(d$id, c), c("work", "budget")], 2, sum)
```

```

      d
    },
    validate_ds = function(tree, ds) TRUE
  )

```

test_dag

Example Directed Acyclic Graph

Description

Example Directed Acyclic Graph

Usage

```
test_dag
```

Format

An igraph DAG with edges from child id to parent id.

update_df_prop_by_id *Update a property in a data frame with key "id"*

Description

update_df_prop_by_id() is a convenience wrapper around update_prop() for the common case in which the data set is a data frame whose key column is named "id"

Usage

```
update_df_prop_by_id(df, target, sources, prop, ...)
```

Arguments

df	a data frame
target	key of data set element to be updated
sources	keys of data set elements to be combined
prop	column name of the property
...	other arguments passed to update_prop()

Value

The updated dataframe

Examples

```
update_df_prop_by_id(wbs_table, "1", list("1.1", "1.2"), "work")
```

update_df_prop_by_key *Update a property in a data frame*

Description

update_df_prop_by_key() is a convenience wrapper around update_prop() for the common case in which the data set is a data frame.

Usage

```
update_df_prop_by_key(df, key, target, sources, prop, ...)
```

Arguments

df	a data frame
key	name of the column serving as key
target	key of data set element to be updated
sources	keys of data set elements to be combined
prop	column name of the property
...	other arguments passed to update_prop()

Value

The updated data frame

Examples

```
update_df_prop_by_key(wbs_table, "id", "1", list("1.1", "1.2"), "work")
```

update_prop *Update a data set with recursively-defined properties*

Description

update_prop calls user-specified methods to get properties of a source set of elements in a data set, combine those properties, and set the properties of a target element to the combined value. If the source set is empty, the data set is returned unmodified. The default combine operation is addition.

The override argument can be used to selectively override the computed value based on the target element. By default, it simply returns the value computed by the combiner.

Usage

```
update_prop(
  ds,
  target,
  sources,
  set,
  get,
  combine = function(l) Reduce("+", l),
  override = function(ds, target, v) v
)
```

Arguments

ds	data set to be updated
target	key of data set element to be updated
sources	keys of data set elements to be combined
set	function to set properties for a target element called as set(ds, key, value)
get	function to get properties for source elements called as get(ds, key)
combine	function to combine properties called as combine(vl)
override	function to selectively override combined results called as override(ds, key,)

Value

updated data set

Examples

```
update_prop(wbs_table, "1", list("1.1", "1.2"),
  function(d, k, v) {d[d$id == k, "work"] <- v; d},
  function(d, k) d[d$id == k, "work"]
)
update_prop(wbs_table, "1", list("1.1", "1.2"),
  function(d, k, v) {d[d$id == k, c("work", "budget")] <- v; d},
  function(d, k) d[d$id == k, c("work", "budget")],
  function(l) Reduce("+", l)
)
```

update_rollup

Update a rollup from a single leaf vertex

Description

update_rollup() performs a minimal update of a data set assuming a single leaf element property has changed. It performs updates along the path from that vertex to the root. There should be no difference in the output from calling rollup() again. update_rollup() is perhaps more efficient and useful in an interactive context.

Usage

```
update_rollup(tree, ds, vertex, update)
```

Arguments

tree	igraph directed graph that is a valid single-rooted in-tree and whose vertex names are keys from the data set
ds	data set to be updated; can be any object
vertex	The start vertex
update	function called at each vertex as update(ds, parent_key, child_keys)

Value

updated input data set

Examples

```
update_rollup(wbs_tree, wbs_table, igraph::V(wbs_tree)["3.2"],
  update = function(d, p, c) {
    if (length(c) > 0)
      d[d$id == p, c("work", "budget")] <-
        apply(d[is.element(d$id, c), c("work", "budget")], 2, sum)
    d
  }
)
```

validate_df_by_id	<i>Validate a data frame with key "id" for rollup()</i>
-------------------	---

Description

validate_df_by_id() is a convenience wrapper for validate_ds() for the common case in which the data set is a data frame with key column named "id".

Usage

```
validate_df_by_id(tree, df, prop, ...)
```

Arguments

tree	tree to validate against
df	data frame
prop	property whose value is checked (leaf elements only)
...	other parameters passed to validate_ds()

Value

TRUE if validation succeeds, halts otherwise

Examples

```
validate_df_by_id(wbs_tree, wbs_table, "work")
```

validate_df_by_key *Validate a data frame For rollup()*

Description

validate_df_by_key() is a convenience wrapper for validate_ds() for the common case in which the data set is a dataframe.

Usage

```
validate_df_by_key(tree, df, key, prop, ...)
```

Arguments

tree	tree to validate against
df	data frame
key	name of the column serving as key
prop	property whose value is checked (leaf elements only)
...	other parameters passed to validate_ds()

Value

TRUE if validation succeeds, halts otherwise

Examples

```
validate_df_by_key(wbs_tree, wbs_table, "id", "work")
```

validate_ds	<i>Validates a data set for use with rollup()</i>
-------------	---

Description

validate_ds() ensures that a data set contains the same identifiers as a specified tree and that elements of the data set corresponding to leaf vertices in the tree satisfy a user-specified predicate.

Usage

```
validate_ds(
  tree,
  ds,
  get_keys,
  get_prop,
  op = function(x) is.numeric(x) & !is.na(x)
)
```

Arguments

tree	igraph directed graph that is a valid single-rooted in-tree and whose vertex names are keys from the data set
ds	data set to be updated; can be any object
get_keys	function to get keys of the data set called as get_keys(ds)
get_prop	function to get the property value to validate for leaf element with id 1, called as get_prop(ds, 1)
op	logical function to test return value of get_prop() (default is.numeric()); returns TRUE if OK

Value

TRUE if validation succeeds, halts otherwise

Examples

```
validate_ds(wbs_tree, wbs_table, function(d) d$id, function(d, l) d[d$id == l, "work"])
```

wbs_table

Example Work Breakdown Structure Data

Description

Example Work Breakdown Structure Data

Usage

wbs_table

Format

A data frame with columns:

id unique key for each row

pid parent key for each row

name character name of the element

work percent of total work for this element

budget budget for this element

Source

<https://www.workbreakdownstructure.com>

wbs_table_rollup

Example Work Breakdown Structure Data After Rollup

Description

Example Work Breakdown Structure Data After Rollup

Usage

wbs_table_rollup

Format

A data frame with columns:

id unique key for each row

pid parent key for each row

name character name of the element

work percent of total work for this element

budget budget for this element

Source

<https://www.workbreakdownstructure.com>

wbs_tree

Example Work Breakdown Structure Data

Description

Example Work Breakdown Structure Data

Usage

wbs_tree

Format

An igraph tree with edges from child id to parent id.

Source

<https://www.workbreakdownstructure.com>

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