

Package ‘tbrf’

February 2, 2019

Type Package

Title Time-Based Rolling Functions

Version 0.1.2

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Description Provides rolling statistical functions based
on date and time windows instead of n-lagged observations.

URL <https://mps9506.github.io/tbrf/>

BugReports <https://github.com/mps9506/tbrf/issues>

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Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

RoxygenNote 6.1.0

Depends R (>= 2.10)

Imports boot, dplyr, lubridate, purrr, rlang, tibble, tidyr

Suggests covr, ggalt, ggplot2, testthat, knitr, rmarkdown

VignetteBuilder knitr

NeedsCompilation no

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Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2019-02-02 05:50:03 UTC

R topics documented:

Dissolved_Oxygen	2
tbr_binom	3
tbr_gmean	4
tbr_mean	5
tbr_median	6

tbr_misc	7
tbr_sd	7
tbr_sum	8

Index	10
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Dissolved_Oxygen	<i>Dissolved oxygen measurements from the Tres Palacios rivers</i>
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Description

Data from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Surface Water Quality Monitoring Information System. The AverageDO field is the mean of dissolved oxygen concentrations (mg/L) measured at a field site at that day. The MinDO is the minimum dissolved oxygen concentration measured at that site on that day.

Usage

```
data(Dissolved_Oxygen)
```

Format

A data frame with 236 rows and 6 variables:

Station_ID unique water quality monitoring station identifier

Date sampling date in yyyy-mm-dd format

Param_Code unique parameter code

Param_Desc parameter description with units

Average_DO mean of dissolved oxygen measurement, in mg/L

Min_DO minimum of dissolved oxygen measurement, in mg/L

Source

<https://www80.tceq.texas.gov/SwqmisPublic/public/default.htm>

tbr_binom	<i>Time-Based Rolling Binomial Probability</i>
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Description

Produces a a rolling time-window based vector of binomial probability and confidence intervals.

Usage

```
tbr_binom(.tbl, x, tcolumn, unit = "years", n, alpha = 0.05)
```

Arguments

.tbl	dataframe with two variables.
x	indicates the variable column containing "success" and "failure" observations coded as 1 or 0.
tcolumn	indicates the variable column containing Date or Date-Time values.
unit	character, one of "years", "months", "weeks", "days", "hours", "minutes", "seconds"
n	numeric, describing the length of the time window in the selected units.
alpha	numeric, probability of a type 1 error, so confidence coefficient = 1-alpha

Value

tibble with binomial point estimate and confidence intervals.

See Also

[binom_ci](#)

Examples

```
## Generate Sample Data
df <- tibble::data_frame(
  date = sample(seq(as.Date('2000-01-01'), as.Date('2015/12/30')), by = "day"), 100),
  value = rbinom(100, 1, 0.25)
)

## Run Function
tbr_binom(df, x = value,
  tcolumn = date, unit = "years", n = 5,
  alpha = 0.1)
```

`tbr_gmean`*Time-Based Rolling Geometric Mean*

Description

Produces a a rolling time-window based vector of geometric means and confidence intervals.

Usage

```
tbr_gmean(.tbl, x, tcolumn, unit = "years", n, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>.tbl</code>	a data frame with at least two variables; time column formatted as date, date/time and value column.
<code>x</code>	column containing the values to calculate the geometric mean.
<code>tcolumn</code>	formatted time column.
<code>unit</code>	character, one of "years", "months", "weeks", "days", "hours", "minutes", "seconds"
<code>n</code>	numeric, describing the length of the time window.
<code>...</code>	additional arguments passed to gm_mean_ci

Value

tibble with columns for the rolling geometric mean and upper and lower confidence levels.

See Also

[gm_mean_ci](#)

Examples

```
## Return a tibble with new rolling geometric mean column
tbr_gmean(Dissolved_Oxygen, x = Average_DO, tcolumn = Date, unit = "years", n = 5)

## Not run:
## Return a tibble with rolling geometric mean and 95% CI
tbr_gmean(Dissolved_Oxygen, x = Average_DO, tcolumn = Date, unit = "years", n = 5, conf = .95)
## End(Not run)
```

tbr_mean	<i>Time-Based Rolling Mean</i>
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Description

Produces a a rolling time-window based vector of means and confidence intervals.

Usage

```
tbr_mean(.tbl, x, tcolumn, unit = "years", n, ...)
```

Arguments

.tbl	a data frame with at least two variables; time column formatted as date, date/time and value column.
x	column containing the numeric values to calculate the mean.
tcolumn	formatted time column.
unit	character, one of "years", "months", "weeks", "days", "hours", "minutes", "seconds"
n	numeric, describing the length of the time window.
...	additional arguments passed to mean_ci .

Value

tibble with columns for the rolling mean and upper and lower confidence intervals.

See Also

[mean_ci](#)

Examples

```
## Return a tibble with new rolling mean column
tbr_mean(Dissolved_Oxygen, x = Average_DO, tcolumn = Date, unit = "years", n = 5)

## Not run:
## Return a tibble with rolling mean and 95% CI
tbr_mean(Dissolved_Oxygen, x = Average_DO, tcolumn = Date, unit = "years", n = 5, conf = .95)
## End(Not run)
```

`tbr_median`*Time-Based Rolling Median*

Description

Produces a a rolling time-window based vector of medians and confidence intervals.

Usage

```
tbr_median(.tbl, x, tcolumn, unit = "years", n, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>.tbl</code>	a data frame with at least two variables; time column formatted as date, date/time and value column.
<code>x</code>	column containing the numeric values to calculate the mean.
<code>tcolumn</code>	formatted time column.
<code>unit</code>	character, one of "years", "months", "weeks", "days", "hours", "minutes", "seconds"
<code>n</code>	numeric, describing the length of the time window.
<code>...</code>	additional arguments passed to median_ci

Value

tibble with columns for the rolling median and upper and lower confidence intervals.

See Also

[median_ci](#)

Examples

```
## Return a tibble with new rolling median column
tbr_median(Dissolved_Oxygen, x = Average_DO, tcolumn = Date, unit = "years",
n = 5)

## Not run:
## Return a tibble with rolling median and 95% CI
tbr_median(Dissolved_Oxygen, x = Average_DO, tcolumn = Date, unit = "years", n = 5, conf = .95)
## End(Not run)
```

`tbr_misc`*Use Generic Functions with Time Windows*

Description

Use Generic Functions with Time Windows

Usage`tbr_misc(.tbl, x, tcolumn, unit = "years", n, func, ...)`**Arguments**

<code>.tbl</code>	a data frame with at least two variables; time column formatted as date, date/time and value column.
<code>x</code>	column containing the values the function is applied to.
<code>tcolumn</code>	formatted time column.
<code>unit</code>	character, one of "years", "months", "weeks", "days", "hours", "minutes", "seconds"
<code>n</code>	numeric, describing the length of the time window.
<code>func</code>	specified function
<code>...</code>	optional additional arguments passed to function <code>func</code>

Value

tibble

Examples`tbr_misc(Dissolved_Oxygen, x = Average_D0, tcolumn = Date, unit = "years", n = 5, func = mean)`

`tbr_sd`*Time-Based Rolling Standard Deviation*

Description

Time-Based Rolling Standard Deviation

Usage`tbr_sd(.tbl, x, tcolumn, unit = "years", n, na.rm = FALSE)`

Arguments

.tbl	a data frame with at least two variables; time column formatted as date, date/time and value column.
x	column containing the values to calculate the standard deviation.
tcolumn	formatted time column.
unit	character, one of "years", "months", "weeks", "days", "hours", "minutes", "seconds"
n	numeric, describing the length of the time window.
na.rm	logical. Should missing values be removed?

Value

tibble with column for the rolling sd.

See Also

[sd](#)

Examples

```
tbr_sd(Dissolved_Oxygen, x = Average_DO, tcolumn = Date, unit = "years", n = 5)
```

tbr_sum	<i>Time-Based Rolling Sum</i>
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Description

Time-Based Rolling Sum

Usage

```
tbr_sum(.tbl, x, tcolumn, unit = "years", n, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

.tbl	a data frame with at least two variables; time column formatted as date, date/time and value column.
x	column containing the values to calculate the sum.
tcolumn	formatted time column.
unit	character, one of "years", "months", "weeks", "days", "hours", "minutes", "seconds"
n	numeric, describing the length of the time window.
na.rm	logical. Should missing values be removed?

Value

dataframe with column for the rolling sum.

See Also

[sum](#)

Examples

```
tbr_sum(Dissolved_Oxygen, x = Average_DO, tcolumn = Date, unit = "years", n = 5)
```

Index

*Topic **datasets**

Dissolved_Oxygen, [2](#)

binom_ci, [3](#)

Dissolved_Oxygen, [2](#)

gm_mean_ci, [4](#)

mean_ci, [5](#)

median_ci, [6](#)

sd, [8](#)

sum, [9](#)

tbr_binom, [3](#)

tbr_gmean, [4](#)

tbr_mean, [5](#)

tbr_median, [6](#)

tbr_misc, [7](#)

tbr_sd, [7](#)

tbr_sum, [8](#)