Package ‘AzureContainers’

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Title Interface to 'Container Instances', 'Docker Registry' and 'Kubernetes' in 'Azure'

Version 1.1.0

Description An interface to container functionality in Microsoft's 'Azure' cloud: <https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/overview/containers/>. Manage 'Azure Container Instance' (ACI), 'Azure Container Registry' (ACR) and 'Azure Kubernetes Service' (AKS) resources, push and pull images, and deploy services. On the client side, lightweight shells to the 'docker', 'kubectl' and 'helm' command-line tools are provided. Part of the 'AzureR' family of packages.

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https://github.com/Azure/AzureR

BugReports https://github.com/Azure/AzureContainers/issues

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### Description

Class representing an Azure Container Instance (ACI) resource.

### Usage

```r
ci
```

### Format

An object of class `R6ClassGenerator` of length 24.
Methods

The following methods are available, in addition to those provided by the AzureRMR::az_resource class:

- `new(...)`: Initialize a new ACI object.
- `restart(), start()`: Start a stopped container. These methods are synonyms for each other.
- `stop()`: Stop a container.

Details

Initializing a new object of this class can either retrieve an existing ACI resource, or create a new resource on the host. Generally, the best way to initialize an object is via the `get_aci`, `create_aci` or `list_acis` methods of the `az_resource_group` class, which handle the details automatically.

See Also

acr, aks

ACI documentation and API reference
Docker commandline reference

Examples

```r
## Not run:

rg <- AzureRMR::get_azure_login()$get_subscription("subscription_id")$get_resource_group("rgname")

myaci <- rg$get_aci("mycontainer")
myaci$stop()
myaci$restart()

## End(Not run)
```

aci_ports

Utilities for specifying ACI configuration information

Description

Utilities for specifying ACI configuration information
Usage

aci_ports(port = c(80L, 443L), protocol = "TCP")

aci_creds(server, username = NULL, password = NULL)

get_aci_credentials_list(lst)

Arguments

port, protocol    For aci_ports, vectors of the port numbers and protocols to open for the instance.
server, username, password
    For aci_creds, the authentication details for a Docker registry. See docker_registry.

lst            for get_aci_credentials_list, a list of objects.

Details

These are helper functions to be used in specifying the configuration for a container instance. Only aci_ports and aci_creds are meant to be called by the user; get_aci_credentials_list is exported to workaround namespaces issues on startup.

See Also

create_aci, aci, docker_registry

acr  

Azure Container Registry class

Description

Class representing an Azure Container Registry (ACR) resource. For working with the registry endpoint itself, including uploading and downloading images etc, see docker_registry.

Usage

acr

Format

An object of class R6ClassGenerator of length 24.
Methods

The following methods are available, in addition to those provided by the {classname} class:

- `new(...)`: Initialize a new ACR object. See 'Details'.
- `add_role_assignment(principal, role, scope=NULL, ...)`: Adds a role for the specified principal. This is an override mainly to handle AKS objects, so that the Kubernetes cluster can be granted access to the registry. You can use the ... arguments to supply authentication details for AzureGraph, which is used to retrieve the cluster service principal.
- `list_credentials`: Return the username and passwords for this registry. Only valid if the Admin user for the registry has been enabled.
- `list_policies`: Return the policies for this registry.
- `list_usages`: Return the usage for this registry.
- `get_docker_registry(username, password)`: Return an object representing the Docker registry endpoint.

Details

Initializing a new object of this class can either retrieve an existing registry resource, or create a new registry on the host. Generally, the best way to initialize an object is via the `get_acr`, `create_acr` or `list_acrs` methods of the {classname} class, which handle the details automatically.

Note that this class is separate from the Docker registry itself. This class exposes methods for working with the Azure resource: listing credentials, updating resource tags, updating and deleting the resource, and so on.

For working with the registry, including uploading and downloading images, updating tags, deleting layers and images etc, use the endpoint object generated with `get_docker_registry`. This method takes two optional arguments:

- `username`: The username that Docker will use to authenticate with the registry.
- `password`: The password that Docker will use to authenticate with the registry.

By default, these arguments will be retrieved from the ACR resource. They will only exist if the resource was created with `admin_user_enabled=TRUE`. Currently AzureContainers does not support authentication methods other than a username/password combination.

See Also

create_acr, get_acr, delete_acr, list_acrs

[link:docker_registry] for interacting with the Docker registry endpoint

[link:Azure Container Registry and API reference]

Examples

```r
# Not run:

rg <- AzureRMR::get_azure_login()
get_subscription("subscription_id")
```
```r
get_resource_group("rgname")

myacr <- rg$get_acr("myregistry")

myacr$list_credentials()
myacr$list_policies()

# see who has push and pull access
myacr$list_role_assignments()

# grant a Kubernetes cluster pull access
myaks <- rg$get_aks("myaks")
myacr$add_role_assignment(myaks, "Acrpull")

# get the registry endpoint (for interactive use)
myacr$get_docker_registry()

# get the registry endpoint (admin user account)
myacr$get_docker_registry(as_admin=TRUE)

## End(Not run)
```

---

**aks**

*Azure Kubernetes Service class*

**Description**

Class representing an Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS) resource. For working with the cluster endpoint itself, including deploying images, creating services etc, see **kubernetes_cluster**.

**Usage**

```r
aks
```

**Format**

An object of class \texttt{R6ClassGenerator} of length 24.

**Methods**

The following methods are available, in addition to those provided by the **AzureRMR::az_resource** class:

- **new(...)**: Initialize a new AKS object.
- **get_cluster(config, role)**: Return an object representing the Docker registry endpoint.
- **update_aad_password(new_password=NULL, key="key1", duration=1, ...)**: Update the password for Azure Active Directory integration, returning the new password invisibly. See 'Updating credentials' below.
• update_service_password(new_password=NULL, key="key1", duration=1, ...): Update the password for the service principal used to manage the cluster resources, returning the new password invisibly. See 'Updating credentials' below.

Details

Initializing a new object of this class can either retrieve an existing AKS resource, or create a new resource on the host. Generally, the best way to initialize an object is via the get_aks, create_aks or list_aks methods of the az_resource_group class, which handle the details automatically.

Note that this class is separate from the Kubernetes cluster itself. This class exposes methods for working with the Azure resource: updating resource tags, updating and deleting the resource (including updating the Kubernetes version), and so on.

For working with the cluster, including deploying images, services, etc use the object generated with the get_cluster method. This method takes two optional arguments:

• config: The file in which to store the cluster configuration details. By default, this will be located in the AzureR configuration directory if it exists (see AzureAuth::AzureR_dir); otherwise, in the R temporary directory. To use the Kubernetes default ~/.kube/config file, set this argument to NULL. Any existing file in the given location will be overwritten.

• role: This can be "User" (the default) or "Admin".

Updating credentials

An AKS cluster requires at least one, and possibly three, service principals. The first service principal is used to manage the resources used by the cluster: the VMs, networking resources, virtual disks, etc. The other two are used for AAD integration. These service principals have secret passwords, which have to be refreshed as they expire.

The update_aad_password() and update_service_password() methods let you refresh the passwords for the cluster's service principals. Their arguments are:

• new_password: The new password. The default is to use a randomly chosen strong password.

• key: The name of the password.

• duration: The duration for which the new password is valid. Defaults to 1 year.

• ...: Other arguments passed to AzureGraph::create_graph_login. Note that these are used to authenticate with Microsoft Graph, which does the actual work of updating the service principals, not to the cluster itself.

See Also

create_aks, get_aks, delete_aks, list_aks, AzureAuth::AzureR_dir, AzureGraph::create_graph_login

kubernetes_cluster for interacting with the cluster endpoint

AKS documentation and API reference
### aks_pools

Utility function for specifying Kubernetes agent pools

#### Description

Utility function for specifying Kubernetes agent pools

#### Usage

```r
aks_pools(name, count, size = "Standard_DS2_v2", os = "Linux")
```

#### Arguments

- **name**
  - The name(s) of the pool(s).
- **count**
  - The number of nodes per pool.
- **size**
  - The VM type (size) to use for the pool. To see a list of available VM sizes, use the `list_vm_sizes` method for the resource group or subscription classes.
- **os**
  - The operating system to use for the pool. Can be "Linux" or "Windows".

#### Details

This is a convenience function to simplify the task of specifying the agent pool for a Kubernetes cluster. You can specify multiple pools by providing vectors as input arguments; any scalar inputs will be replicated to match.

### Examples

```r
## Not run:

rg <- AzureRM::get_azure_login()
  get_subscription("subscription_id")
  get_resource_group("rgname")

myaks <- rg$get_aks("mycluster")

# sync with Azure: AKS resource creation can take a long time, use this to track status
myaks$sync_fields()

# get the cluster endpoint
kubclus <- myaks$get_cluster()

# refresh the service principal password
myaks$update_password()

# refresh the service principal password, using custom credentials to authenticate with MS Graph
# arguments here are for Graph, not AKS!
myaks$update_password(app="app_id", password="app_password")

## End(Not run)
```
**Value**

A list of lists, suitable for passing to the create_aks constructor method.

**See Also**

list_vm_sizes

**Examples**

```r
# 1 pool of 5 Linux VMs
aks_pools("pool1", 5)

# 1 pool of 3 Windows Server VMs
aks_pools("pool1", 3, os="Windows")

# 2 pools with different VM sizes per pool
aks_pools(c("pool1", "pool2"), count=c(3, 3), size=c("Standard_DS2_v2", "Standard_DS3_v2"))
```

---

**Description**

Call the docker commandline tool

**Usage**

```r
call_docker(cmd = ",", ...)
```

**Arguments**

- `cmd` The docker command line to execute.
- `...` Other arguments to pass to `system2`.

**Details**

This function calls the docker binary, which must be located in your search path. AzureContainers will search for the binary at package startup, and print a warning if it is not found.

**Value**

By default, the return code from the docker binary. The return value will have an added attribute `cmdline` that contains the command line. This makes it easier to construct scripts that can be run outside R.
call_helm

Call the Helm commandline tool

Description

Call the Helm commandline tool

Usage

call_helm(cmd = "", ...)  

Arguments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Argument</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>cmd</td>
<td>The Helm command line to execute.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>...</td>
<td>Other arguments to pass to system2.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Details

This function calls the helm binary, which must be located in your search path. AzureContainers will search for the binary at package startup, and print a warning if it is not found.

See Also

system2, call_kubectl for the equivalent interface to the kubectl Kubernetes tool

docker_registry

Docker command line reference

Examples

## Not run:

# without any args, prints the docker help screen
call_docker()

# build an image
call_docker("build -t myimage .")

# list running containers
call_docker("container ls")

# prune unused containers and images

call_docker("container prune -f")
call_docker("image prune -f")

## End(Not run)
Value

By default, the return code from the kubectl binary. The return value will have an added attribute cmdline that contains the command line. This makes it easier to construct scripts that can be run outside R.

See Also

system2, call_docker, call_kubectl
kubernetes_cluster

Kubectl command line reference

---

**call_kubectl**

*Call the Kubernetes commandline tool, kubectl*

**Description**

Call the Kubernetes commandline tool, kubectl

**Usage**

`call_kubectl(cmd = "", ...)`

**Arguments**

- `cmd` The kubectl command line to execute.
- `...` Other arguments to pass to `system2`.

**Details**

This function calls the kubectl binary, which must be located in your search path. AzureContainers will search for the binary at package startup, and print a warning if it is not found.

**Value**

By default, the return code from the kubectl binary. The return value will have an added attribute cmdline that contains the command line. This makes it easier to construct scripts that can be run outside R.

See Also

system2, call_docker, call_helm

kubernetes_cluster

Kubectl command line reference
create_aci

Create Azure Container Instance (ACI)

Description
Method for the AzureRMR::az_resource_group class.

Usage
create_aci(name, location = self$location,  
    container = name, image,  
    registry_creds = list(),  
    cores = 1, memory = 8,  
    os = c("Linux", "Windows"),  
    command = list(), env_vars = list(),  
    ports = aci_ports(), dns_name = name, public_ip = TRUE,  
    restart = c("Always", "OnFailure", "Never"), managed = TRUE,  
    ...)

Arguments
- name: The name of the ACI service.
- location: The location/region in which to create the ACI service. Defaults to this resource group's location.
- container: The name of the running container.
- image: The name of the image to run.
- registry_creds: Docker registry authentication credentials, if the image is stored in a private registry. See 'Details'.

Examples

```r
## Not run:

# without any args, prints the kubectl help screen
call_kubectl()

# append "--help" to get help for a command
call_kubectl("create --help")

# deploy a service from a yaml file
call_kubectl("create -f deployment.yaml")

# get deployment and service status
call_kubectl("get deployment")
call_kubectl("get service")

## End(Not run)
```
• cores: The number of CPU cores for the instance.
• memory: The memory size in GB for the instance.
• os: The operating system to run in the instance.
• command: A list of commands to run in the instance.
• env_vars: A list of name-value pairs to set as environment variables in the instance.
• ports: The network ports to open. By default, opens ports 80 and 443. See ’Details’.
• dns_name: The domain name prefix for the instance. Only takes effect if public_ip=TRUE.
• public_ip: Whether the instance should be publicly accessible.
• restart: Whether to restart the instance should an event occur.
• managed: Whether to assign the container instance a managed identity.
• . . . : Other named arguments to pass to the az_resource initialization function.

Details

An ACI resource is a running container hosted in Azure. See the documentation for the resource for more information. Currently ACI only supports a single image in an instance.

To supply the registry authentication credentials, the registry_creds argument should contain either an ACR object, a docker_registry object, or the result of a call to the aci_creds function.

The ports to open should be obtained by calling the aci_ports function. This takes a vector of port numbers as well as the protocol (TCP or UDP) for each port.

Value

An object of class az_container_instance representing the instance.

See Also

get_aci, delete_aci, list_acis

az_container_instance

ACI documentation and API reference

Docker commandline reference

Examples

## Not run:

rg <- AzureRMR::get_azure_login()
  get_subscription("subscription_id")
  get_resource_group("rgname")

# get the ACR resource that contains the image
myacr <- rg$get_acr("myregistry", as_admin=TRUE)

rg$create_aci("mycontainer",
  image="myregistry.azurecr.io/myimage:latest",
  registry_creds=myacr)
create_acr

Create Azure Container Registry (ACR)

Description

Method for the AzureRMR::az_resource_group class.

Usage

create_acr(name, location = self$location,
            admin_user_enabled = TRUE, sku = "Standard", ...)

Arguments

- name: The name of the container registry.
- location: The location/region in which to create the container registry. Defaults to this resource group’s location.
- admin_user_enabled: Whether to enable the Admin user. Currently this must be TRUE to allow Docker to access the registry.
- sku: Either "Basic", "Standard" (the default) or "Premium".
- wait: Whether to wait until the ACR resource provisioning is complete.
- ...: Other named arguments to pass to the az_resource initialization function.

Details

An ACR resource is a Docker registry hosted in Azure. See the documentation for the resource for more information. To work with the registry (transfer images, retag images, etc) see the documentation for the registry endpoint.

Value

An object of class az_container_registry representing the registry resource.

See Also

get_acr, delete_acr, list_acrs
az_container_registry
docker_registry for the registry endpoint
ACR documentation and API reference
Docker registry API
create_aks

Examples

## Not run:

```r
go <- AzureRM::get_azure_login()
  get_subscription("subscription_id")
  get_resource_group("rgname")

rg$create_acr("myregistry")
```

## End(Not run)

---

**create_aks**  
*Create Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS)*

**Description**

Method for the `AzureRM::az_resource_group` class.

**Usage**

```r
create_aks(nameL location = self$location,
    dns_prefix = nameL kubernetes_version = NULLL
    enable_rbac = FALSEL agent_pools = list(),
    login_user = ", login_passkey = ",
    cluster_service_principal = NULL,
    properties = list(), ...L wait = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

- **name**: The name of the Kubernetes service.
- **location**: The location/region in which to create the service. Defaults to this resource group’s location.
- **dns_prefix**: The domain name prefix to use for the cluster endpoint. The actual domain name will start with this argument, followed by a string of pseudorandom characters.
- **kubernetes_version**: The Kubernetes version to use. If not specified, uses the most recent version of Kubernetes available.
- **enable_rbac**: Whether to enable role-based access controls.
- **agent_pools**: A list of pool specifications. See ‘Details’.
- **login_user, login_passkey**: Optionally, a login username and public key (on Linux). Specify these if you want to be able to ssh into the cluster nodes.
- **cluster_service_principal**: The service principal (client) that AKS will use to manage the cluster resources. This should be a list, with the first component being the client ID and the second the client secret. If not supplied, a new service principal will be created (requires an interactive session).
• **properties**: A named list of further Kubernetes-specific properties to pass to the initialization function.

• **wait**: Whether to wait until the AKS resource provisioning is complete. Note that provisioning a Kubernetes cluster can take several minutes.

• **...**: Other named arguments to pass to the initialization function.

### Details

An AKS resource is a Kubernetes cluster hosted in Azure. See the documentation for the resource for more information. To work with the cluster (deploy images, define and start services, etc) see the documentation for the cluster endpoint.

To specify the agent pools for the cluster, it is easiest to use the `aks_pools` function. This takes as arguments the name(s) of the pools, the number of nodes, the VM size(s) to use, and the operating system (Windows or Linux) to run on the VMs.

By default, the password for a newly-created service principal will expire after one year. You can run the `update_service_password` method of the AKS object to reset/update the password before it expires.

### Value

An object of class `az_kubernetes_service` representing the service.

### See Also

- `get_aks`, `delete_aks`, `list_aks`, `aks_pools`
- `az_kubernetes_service`
- `kubernetes_cluster` for the cluster endpoint
- AKS documentation and API reference
- Kubernetes reference

### Examples

```r
## Not run:
rg <- AzureRM::get_azure_login()
  get_subscription("subscription_id")
  get_resource_group("rgname")
rg$create_aks("mycluster", agent_pools=aks_pools("pool1", 5))

# GPU-enabled cluster
rg$create_aks("mygpucluster", agent_pools=aks_pools("pool1", 5, size="Standard_NC6s_v3"))

## End(Not run)
```
Delete an Azure Container Instance (ACI)

Description
Method for the `AzureRMR::az_resource_group` class.

Usage
`delete_aci(name, confirm=TRUE, wait=FALSE)`

Arguments
- `name`: The name of the container instance.
- `confirm`: Whether to ask for confirmation before deleting.
- `wait`: Whether to wait until the deletion is complete.

Value
NULL on successful deletion.

See Also
- `create_aci`, `get_aci`
- `az_container_instance`
- ACI documentation and API reference
- Docker commandline reference

Examples
```r
## Not run:

rg <- AzureRMR::get_azurermr::get_azure_login()
  get_subscription("subscription_id")
  get_resource_group("rgname")

rg$delete_aci("mycontainer")

## End(Not run)
```
delete_acr

Description

Method for the AzureRMR::az_resource_group class.

Usage

delete_acr(name, confirm=TRUE, wait=FALSE)

Arguments

• name: The name of the container registry.
• confirm: Whether to ask for confirmation before deleting.
• wait: Whether to wait until the deletion is complete.

Value

NULL on successful deletion.

See Also

create_acr, get_acr
az_container_registry
docker_registry for the registry endpoint
ACR documentation and API reference
Docker registry API

Examples

## Not run:

rg <- AzureRMR::get_azure_login()
   get_subscription("subscription_id")
   get_resource_group("rgname")

rg$delete_acr("myregistry")

## End(Not run)
delete_aks

Delete an Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS)

Description
Method for the AzureRMR::az_resource_group class.

Usage
delete_aks(name, confirm=TRUE, wait=FALSE)

Arguments
- name: The name of the Kubernetes service.
- confirm: Whether to ask for confirmation before deleting.
- wait: Whether to wait until the deletion is complete.

Value
NULL on successful deletion.

See Also
create_aks, get_aks
az_kubernetes_service
kubernetes_cluster for the cluster endpoint
AKS documentation and API reference
Kubernetes reference

Examples
## Not run:

rg <- AzureRMR::get_azure_login()$
  get_subscription("subscription_id")$
  get_resource_group("rgname")

rg$delete_aks("mycluster")

## End(Not run)
DockerRegistry

**Description**

Class representing a Docker registry. Note that this class can be used to interface with any Docker registry that supports the HTTP V2 API, not just those created via the Azure Container Registry service. Use the `docker_registry` function to instantiate new objects of this class.

**Usage**

DockerRegistry

**Format**

An object of class `R6ClassGenerator` of length 24.

**Methods**

The following methods are available, in addition to those provided by the `AzureRMR::az_resource` class:

- `login(...)`: Do a local login to the registry via `docker login`; necessary if you want to push and pull images. By default, instantiating a new object of this class will also log you in. See 'Details' below.
- `push(src_image, dest_image)`: Push an image to the registry, using `docker tag` and `docker push`.
- `pull(image)`: Pull an image from the registry, using `docker pull`.
- `get_image_manifest(image, tag="latest")`: Gets the manifest for an image.
- `get_image_digest(image, tag="latest")`: Gets the digest (SHA hash) for an image.
- `delete_image(image, digest, confirm=TRUE)`: Deletes an image from the registry.
- `list_repositories()`: Lists the repositories (images) in the registry.

**Details**

The arguments to the `login()` method are:

- `tenant`: The Azure Active Directory (AAD) tenant for the registry.
- `username`: The username that Docker will use to authenticate with the registry. This can be either the admin username, if the registry was created with an admin account, or the ID of a registered app that has access to the registry.
- `password`: The password that Docker will use to authenticate with the registry.
- `app`: The app ID to use to authenticate with the registry. Set this to NULL to authenticate with a username and password, rather than via AAD.
- `...`: Further arguments passed to `AzureAuth::get_azure_token`. 
• token: An Azure token object. If supplied, all authentication details will be inferred from this.

The login(), push() and pull() methods for this class call the docker commandline tool under the hood. This allows all the features supported by Docker to be available immediately, with a minimum of effort. Any calls to the docker tool will also contain the full commandline as the cmdline attribute of the (invisible) returned value; this allows scripts to be developed that can be run outside R.

See Also
acr, docker_registry, call_docker
Docker commandline reference
Docker registry API

Examples
## Not run:
reg <- docker_registry("myregistry")
reg$list_repositories()

# create an image from a Dockerfile in the current directory
call_docker("build -t myimage .")

# push the image
reg$push("myimage")

reg$get_image_manifest("myimage")
reg$get_image_digest("myimage")

## End(Not run)
Arguments

server  The registry server. This can be a URL ("https://myregistry.azurecr.io") or a domain name label ("myregistry"); if the latter, the value of the domain argument is appended to obtain the full hostname.

tenant, username, password, app, ...
  Authentication arguments to AzureAuth::get_azure_token. See 'Details' below.

domain  The default domain for the registry server.

token  An OAuth token, of class AzureAuth::AzureToken. If supplied, the authentication details for the registry will be inferred from this.

login  Whether to perform a local login (requires that you have Docker installed). This is necessary if you want to push or pull images.

Details

There are two ways to authenticate with an Azure Docker registry: via Azure Active Directory (AAD), or with a username and password. The latter is simpler, while the former is more complex but also more flexible and secure.

The default method of authenticating is via AAD. Without any arguments, docker_registry will authenticate using the AAD credentials of the currently logged-in user. You can change this by supplying the appropriate arguments to docker_registry, which will be passed to AzureAuth::get_azure_token; alternatively, you can provide an existing token object.

To authenticate via the admin user account, set app=NULL and supply the admin username and password in the corresponding arguments. Note that for this to work, the registry must have been created with the admin account enabled.

Authenticating with a service principal can be done either indirectly via AAD, or via a username and password. See the examples below. The latter method is recommended, as it is both faster and allows easier interoperability with AKS and ACI.

Value

An R6 object of class DockerRegistry.

See Also

DockerRegistry for methods available for interacting with the registry, call_docker
kubernetes_cluster for the corresponding function to create a Kubernetes cluster object

Examples

## Not run:

# connect to the Docker registry 'myregistry.azurecr.io', authenticating as the current user
docker_registry("myregistry")

# same, but providing a full URL
docker_registry("https://myregistry.azurecr.io")
get_aci

Get Azure Container Instance (ACI)

Description

Method for the AzureRM::az_resource_group class.

Usage

get_aci(name)
list_acis()

Arguments

* name: For get_aci(), the name of the container instance resource.

Details

The AzureRM::az_resource_group class has both get_aci() and list_acis() methods, while the AzureRM::az_subscription class only has the latter.

Value

For get_aci(), an object of class az_container_instance representing the instance resource.
For list_acis(), a list of such objects.
get_acr

See Also

create_aici, delete_aici
az_container_interaction
ACI documentation and API reference
Docker commandline reference

Examples

```R
## Not run:

rg <- AzureRMR::get_azure_login()
  get_subscription("subscription_id")
  get_resource_group("rgname")

rg$get_aci("mycontainer")

## End(Not run)
```

get_acr  

Get Azure Container Registry (ACR)

Description

Method for the AzureRMR::az_resource_group class.

Usage

get_acr(name)
list_acrs()

Arguments

- name: For get_acr(), the name of the container registry resource.

Details

The AzureRMR::az_resource_group class has both get_acr() and list_acrs() methods, while the AzureRMR::az_subscription class only has the latter.

Value

For get_acr(), an object of class az_container_registry representing the registry resource. For list_acrs(), a list of such objects.
get_aks

See Also

create_acr, delete_acr
az_container_registry
docker_registry for the registry endpoint
ACR documentation and API reference
Docker registry API

Examples

```r
## Not run:

rg <- AzureRMR::get_azure_login()
  get_subscription("subscription_id")
  get_resource_group("rgname")

rg$get_acr("myregistry")

## End(Not run)
```

---

**get_aks**

*Get Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS)*

Description

Method for the `AzureRMR::az_resource_group` class.

Usage

```r
get_aks(name)
list_aks()
```

Arguments

- **name**: For `get_aks()`, the name of the Kubernetes service.

Details

The `AzureRMR::az_resource_group` class has both `get_aks()` and `list_aks()` methods, while the `AzureRMR::az_subscription` class only has the latter.

Value

For `get_aks()`, an object of class `az_kubernetes_service` representing the service.
For `list_aks()`, a list of such objects.
is_acr

Utility functions to test whether an object is of the given class.

Description

Utility functions to test whether an object is of the given class.

Usage

is_acr(object)

is_aks(object)

is_aci(object)

is_docker_registry(object)

is_kubernetes_cluster(object)

Arguments

object An R object

Details

These functions are simple wrappers around R6::is.R6 and inherits.
**Value**

TRUE or FALSE depending on whether the object is an R6 object of the specified class.

---

**KubernetesCluster**

*Kubernetes cluster class*

---

**Description**

Class representing a Kubernetes cluster. Note that this class can be used to interface with any Docker registry that supports the HTTP V2 API, not just those created via the Azure Container Registry service. Use the `kubernetes_cluster` function to instantiate new objects of this class.

**Usage**

`KubernetesCluster`

**Format**

An object of class `R6ClassGenerator` of length 24.

**Methods**

The following methods are available, in addition to those provided by the `AzureRMR::az_resource` class:

- `new(...)`: Initialize a new registry object. See 'Initialization' below.
- `create_registry_secret(registry, secret_name, email)`: Provide authentication secret for a Docker registry. See 'Secrets' below.
- `delete_registry_secret(secret_name)`: Delete a registry authentication secret.
- `create(file)`: Creates a deployment or service from a file, using `kubectl create -f`.
- `get(type)`: Get information about resources, using `kubectl get`.
- `run(name, image)`: Run an image using `kubectl run --image`.
- `expose(name, type, file)`: Expose a service using `kubectl expose`. If the file argument is provided, read service information from there.
- `delete(type, name, file)`: Delete a resource (deployment or service) using `kubectl delete`. If the file argument is provided, read resource information from there.
- `apply(file)`: Apply a configuration file, using `kubectl apply --f`.
- `show_dashboard(port)`: Display the cluster dashboard. By default, use local port 30000.
- `kubectl(cmd)`: Run an arbitrary `kubectl` command on this cluster. Called by the other methods above.
- `helm(cmd)`: Run a `helm` command on this cluster.
Initialization

The `new()` method takes one argument: `config`, the name of the file containing the configuration details for the cluster. This should be a YAML or JSON file in the standard Kubernetes configuration format. Set this to `NULL` to use the default `~/.kube/config` file.

Secrets

The recommended way to allow a cluster to authenticate with a Docker registry is to give its service principal the appropriate role-based access. However, you can also authenticate with a username and password. To do this, call the `create_registry_secret` method with the following arguments:

- `registry`: An object of class either `acr` representing an Azure Container Registry service, or `DockerRegistry` representing the registry itself.
- `secret_name`: The name to give the secret. Defaults to the name of the registry server.
- `email`: The email address for the Docker registry.

Kubectl

The methods for this class call the `kubectl` command line tool, passing it the `--config` option to specify the configuration information for the cluster. This allows all the features supported by Kubernetes to be available immediately and with a minimum of effort, although it does require that `kubectl` be installed. Any calls to `kubectl` will also contain the full command line as the `cmdline` attribute of the (invisible) returned value; this allows scripts to be developed that can be run outside R.

See Also

`aks`, `call_kubectl`

Kubectl command line reference

Examples

```r
## Not run:

rg <- AzureRMR::get_azure_login()
  get_subscription("subscription_id")
  get_resource_group("rgname")

# get the cluster endpoint
kubclus <- rg$get_aks("mycluster")$get_cluster()

# get registry authentication secret
kubclus$create_registry_secret(rg$get_acr("myregistry"))

# deploy a service
kubclus$create("deployment.yaml")

# can also supply the deployment parameters inline
kubclus$create("",
apiVersion: extensions/v1beta1
```
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  name: model1
spec:
  replicas: 1
  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
        app: model1
    spec:
      containers:
        - name: model1
          image: myregistry.azurecr.io/model1
          ports:
            - containerPort: 8000
          imagePullSecrets:
            - name: myregistry.azurecr.io
---

apiVersion: v1
kind: Service
metadata:
  name: model1-svc
spec:
  selector:
    app: model1
  type: LoadBalancer
  ports:
    - protocol: TCP
      port: 8000

# track status
kubclus$ get("deployment")
kubclus$ get("service")

## End(Not run)
list_kubernetes_versions

Arguments

config  The name of the file containing the configuration details for the cluster. This should be a YAML or JSON file in the standard Kubernetes configuration format. Set this to NULL to use the default ~/.kube/config file.

Details

Use this function to instantiate a new object of the KubernetesCluster class, for interacting with a Kubernetes cluster.

Value

An R6 object of class KubernetesCluster.

See Also

KubernetesCluster for methods for working with the cluster, call_kubectl, call_helm
docker_registry for the corresponding function to create a Docker registry object

Examples

```r
## Not run:

kubernetes_cluster()
kubernetes_cluster("myconfig.yaml")

## End(Not run)
```

list_kubernetes_versions

_list available Kubernetes versions_

Description

Method for the AzureRMR::az_subscription and AzureRMR::az_resource_group classes.

Usage

```r
## R6 method for class 'az_subscription'
list_kubernetes_versions(location)

## R6 method for class 'az_resource_group'
list_kubernetes_versions()
```

Arguments

- location: For the az_subscription class method, the location for which to obtain available Kubernetes versions.
list_vm_sizes

Value
A vector of strings, which are the Kubernetes versions that can be used when creating a cluster.

See Also
create_aks
Kubernetes reference

Examples
## Not run:

rg <- AzureRMR::get_azure_login()
  get_subscription("subscription_id")
  get_resource_group("rgname")

rg$list_kubernetes_versions()

## End(Not run)

---

list_vm_sizes  List available VM sizes

Description
Method for the AzureRMR::az_subscription and AzureRMR::az_resource_group classes.

Usage

## R6 method for class 'az_subscription'
list_vm_sizes(location, name_only = FALSE)

## R6 method for class 'az_resource_group'
list_vm_sizes(name_only = FALSE)

Arguments

- **location**: For the subscription class method, the location/region for which to obtain available VM sizes.
- **name_only**: Whether to return only a vector of names, or all information on each VM size.

Value
If `name_only` is TRUE, a character vector of names. If FALSE, a data frame containing the following information for each VM size: the name, number of cores, OS disk size, resource disk size, memory, and maximum data disks.
Examples

## Not run:

```r
sub <- AzureRM::get_azure_login()
  get_subscription("subscription_id")

sub$list_vm_sizes("australiaeast")

# same output as above
rg <- sub$create_resource_group("rgname", location="australiaeast")
rg$list_vm_sizes()

## End(Not run)
```
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