Package ‘DIZutils’

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**Title**  Utilities for ‘DIZ’ R Package Development

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**Description**  Utility functions used for the R package development infrastructure inside the data integration centers (DIZ) to standardize and facilitate repetitive tasks such as setting up a database connection or issuing notification messages and to avoid redundancy.

**License**  GPL-3

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check_if_table_exists  Check if a given table name exists

Description

See title.

Usage

check_if_table_exists(db_con, table_name)

Arguments

db_con  A DBI database connection. See ‘db_connection()’ for details.

table_name  (String) The name of the table or view to be checked.
**cleanup_old_logfile**

**Value**

True, if the table exists, false otherwise.

**Examples**

```r
## Not run:
res <- DIZutils::check_if_table_exists(
  db_con = DIZutils::db_connection(...),
  table_name = "my_table"
)
## End(Not run)
```

---

**Description**

This function is called once at the beginning of the runtime of the tool. It checks whether there is an old logfile and renames it (if existing) to "logfile_20xx-xx-xx-xxxxxx.log". Then a new, empty, logfile "logfile.log" is created.

**Usage**

```r
cleanup_old_logfile(logfile_dir)
```

**Arguments**

- `logfile_dir` (Optional, String, default: "tempdir()") The absolute path to folder where the logfile will be stored.

**Value**

No return value, called for side effects (see description)

**Examples**

```r
cleanup_old_logfile("path/to/logfile/dir/")
```
**clean_path_name**

**clean_path_name helper function**

**Description**

Function to clean paths to surely have a tailing slash or not

**Usage**

```r
clean_path_name(pathname, remove.slash = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

- `pathname`: A character string. A path name to be cleaned (to have a tailing slash or not).
- `remove.slash`: (boolean) Default: FALSE. Should the result contain the tailing slash or remove it?

**Value**

The result is the input but with an tailing slash.

**Examples**

```r
# Both function calls will return "home/test/"
clean_path_name("home/test")
clean_path_name("home/test/")
```

---

**clear**

**Clean the console and environment-variables**

**Description**

Function to clean the local environment. The call of this function clears the console and the local environment variables.

**Usage**

```r
clear(keep_environment = FALSE, keep_console = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

- `keep_environment`: (Optional, boolean) If true, the objects from the environment will not be deleted/emptied.
- `keep_console`: (Optional, boolean) If true, the console will not be emptied.
**close_all_connections**

**Description**

This function is meant to be called at the end of a run of the app. It will close all open connections to files or databases. This closes ALL connections. Not just the ones opened by this package.

**Usage**

```r
close_all_connections(logfile_dir = tempdir(), headless = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

- `logfile_dir` (Optional, String, default: "tempdir()") The absolute path to folder where the logfile will be stored.
- `headless` (Optional, Boolean, default: TRUE) Indicating, if the function is run only in the console (headless = TRUE) or on a GUI frontend (headless = FALSE).

**Value**

No return value, called for side effects (see description)

**Examples**

```r
close_all_connections(
  logfile_dir = tempdir(),
  headless = TRUE
)
```

**combine_stats**

**Description**

This function provides the functionality to combine multiple statistics to a single statistical overview. This is e.g. useful if you are only allowed to export statistical characteristics from a site but not the data itself. So in this case you have e.g. mean, median and N from each site but want to say something about the mean, median and N over all sites like you had the data of all sites in one big pool and would do the statistics there.
Usage

combine_stats(summaries, demo = FALSE)

Arguments

summaries (data.table) Data table containing all stats you want to combine as rows. This data.table must contain the columns 'Min', 'Q10', 'Q25', 'Median', 'Mean', 'SD', 'Q75', 'Q90', 'Max', 'N'. Each row in this data.table represents a site as of the example described above.

demo (boolean, default = FALSE) Do you want to see how the function works? Then call 'combine_stats(summaries = NULL, demo = TRUE)'.

Value

A one-row data.table containing the calculated, aggregates statistics of the input.

db_connection

(db_connection helper function)

Description

Internal function to test and get the database connection of the target data system.

Usage

db_connection(  
  system_name = NULL,  
  db_type,  
  headless = FALSE,  
  from_env = TRUE,  
  settings = NULL,  
  timeout = 30,  
  logfile_dir = NULL,  
  lib_path = NULL  )

Arguments

system_name (Default = NULL) A character. Name of the database system. Used to find the correct settings from the env. If you don’t want to load the settings from the environment, use the ‘settings’ parameter. Otherwise this function will search for all settings beginning with ‘system_name’ in the environment. If ‘system_name = "i2b2"’ settings like ‘I2B2_HOST’ or ‘I2B2_PORT’ (notice the uppercase) will be loaded from the environment. You can load such an env file e.g. by using ‘DIZutils::set_env_vars(path_to_file)’.

db_type A character. Type of the database system. Currently implemented systems are: 'postgres', 'oracle'.

equals2

headless
A boolean (default: ‘FALSE’). Indicating, if the function is run only in the console (‘headless = TRUE’) or on a GUI frontend (‘headless = FALSE’).

from_env
A boolean (default: ‘TRUE’). Should database connection be read from the environment or from a settings file. All necessary parameters must be uppercase and have the prefix of the db_name. E.g.: ‘I2B2_HOST’ or ‘I2B2_PORT’. See the ‘settings’ parameter for all necessary variables.

settings
A list. Required if ‘from_env == FALSE’: A list containing settings for the database connection. Required fields are ‘host’, ‘db_name’, ‘port’, ‘user’ and ‘password’. Additionally for Oracle DB’s: ‘sid’ (instead of ‘db_name’). If ‘settings’ is set, ‘from_env’ will be set to ‘FALSE’ automatically.

timeout
A timeout in sec. for the db-connection establishment. Values below 2 seconds are not recommended. Default is 30 seconds.

logfile_dir
(Optional, String, default: "tempdir()") The absolute path to folder where the logfile will be stored.

lib_path
A character string. The path to the ojdbc*.jar file. If you run one of the R-containers from the UK-Erlangen DIZ, there might be a lib for oracle here: ‘lib_path = "/opt/libs/ojdbc8.jar".’

Value
If successful, the result will be the established connection. Otherwise the result will be null.

See Also
dbConnect, RPostgres

Examples

## Not run:
db_con <- DIZutils::db_connection(
  db_name = "i2b2",
  db_type = "postgres",
  headless = TRUE,
  logfile_dir = tempdir()
)
## End(Not run)

equals2

Compare two elements and return true if both elements are the same.

Description
The base-R function ‘==’ is not working in an intended way for NAs and boolean. This function fixes this.
Usage

equals2(v1, v2)

Arguments

v1 First vector or element
v2 Second vector or element

Value

The equality between both vectors.

References

<http://www.cookbook-r.com/Manipulating_data/Comparing_vectors_or_factors_with_NA/>

Examples

```r
## Not run:
dt <-
data.table::data.table(
  a = c(TRUE, TRUE, TRUE, FALSE, FALSE, FALSE, NA, NA, NA),
  b = c(TRUE, FALSE, NA, TRUE, FALSE, NA, TRUE, FALSE, NA)
)
dt[, "classic_result" := get("a") == get("b")]
dt[, "result_expected" := equals2(get("a"), get("b"))]
dt
## This is the result:
# a   b  classic_result result_expected
# 1: TRUE TRUE  TRUE     TRUE     TRUE
# 2: TRUE FALSE FALSE    FALSE    FALSE
# 3: TRUE NA   NA       FALSE    FALSE
# 4: FALSE TRUE FALSE    FALSE    FALSE
# 5: FALSE FALSE TRUE     TRUE     TRUE
# 6: FALSE NA   NA       FALSE    FALSE
# 7: NA   TRUE NA       FALSE    FALSE
# 8: NA   FALSE NA       FALSE    FALSE
# 9: NA   NA   NA       TRUE     TRUE
## End(Not run)
```

feedback

Function to feedback messages either to the user and/or to the console and to the logfile.
**Description**

This function provides the functionality to publish any kind of information to the user, the console and/or to the logfile. This might be a simple info, a warning or an error. The function can be used to select the output (console, ui, logfile). If no output is selected, the print_this string will be printed to the console and to logfile. One of these must be a string with length > 0: print_me, console, ui

**Usage**

```r
feedback(
  print_this = "",
  type = "Info",
  ui = FALSE,
  console = TRUE,
  logfile = TRUE,
  logjs = FALSE,
  prefix = "",
  suffix = "",
  findme = "",
  logfile_dir = tempdir(),
  headless = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

- `print_this` (Optional, String, default: "")
- `type` (Optional, String, default: "Info") E.g. "Warning", "Error". Default: "Info"
- `ui` (Optional, Boolean/String, default: FALSE) If true, the message will also be printed to the user in form of a modal. Can also be a string.
- `console` (Optional, Boolean/String, default: TRUE) If true, the message will also be printed to the console as is. Can also be a string.
- `logfile` (Optional, Boolean, default: TRUE) If true (default) the print_this string will also be printed to the console.
- `logjs` (Optional, Boolean, default: FALSE) If true (default: false) the print_this string will also be printed to the javascript-console. This only makes sense, if the gui is active.
- `prefix` Prefix (Optional, String, default: "") This is useful if print_this is an array/list. Each entry will then be new row with this prefix.
- `suffix` Suffix (Optional, String, default: ") same like prefix but at the end of each line.
- `findme` (Optional, String, default: ") Recommended with length 10. String to find the message in the code. E.g. 10-digit random hex from (<https://www.browserling.com/tools/random-hex>) or (<https://onlinerandomtools.com/generate-random-hexadecimal-numbers>)
- `logfile_dir` (Optional, String, default: "tempdir()") The absolute path to folder where the logfile will be stored.
- `headless` (Optional, Boolean, default: TRUE) Indicating, if the function is run only in the console (headless = TRUE) or on a GUI frontend (headless = FALSE).
feedback_get_formatted_string

Value
No return value, called for publishing a message.

Examples
feedback(
  print_this = "This is an error message you can provide",
  type = "Error",
  findme = "215bb3695c",
  logfile_dir = tempdir(),
  headless = TRUE
)

feedback_get_formatted_string

Format the feedback string

Description
Helper function for the feedback function to combine the input parameters in proper manner to ge a pretty and informative string which than can be added to the logfile and/or be displayed in the console. CAUTION: 'print_this' must be of length 1! For arrays loop through them by hand and call this function several times! Internal use. Use the robust 'feedback' function instead.

Usage
feedback_get_formatted_string(print_this, type, findme, prefix, suffix)

Arguments
print_this (Optional, String, default: "")
type (Optional, String, default: "Info") E.g. "Warning", "Error". Default: "Info"
findme (Optional, String, default: "") Recommended with length 10. String to find the message in the code. E.g. 10-digit random hex from (<https://www.browserling.com/tools/random-hex>) or (<https://onlinerandomtools.com/generate-random-hexadecimal-numbers>)
prefix Prefix (Optional, String, default: ") This is useful if print_this is an array/list. Each entry will then be new row with this prefix.
suffix Suffix (Optional, String, default: ") Same like prefix but at the end of each line.

Value
Returns a properly an consistent formatted string containing the parameters handed over to this function.
feedback_to_console  

**Print to the console. Internal use only.**

**Description**

Helper function for the feedback function to print stuff to the console. Everything will also be added to the logfile. Internal use. Use the robust `feedback` function instead.

**Usage**

```r
feedback_to_console(
  print_this,
  type,
  findme,
  prefix,
  suffix,
  logjs,
  logfile_dir,
  headless = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

- **print_this** (Optional, String, default: "")
- **type** (Optional, String, default: "Info") E.g. "Warning", "Error". Default: "Info"
- **findme** (Optional, String, default: "") Recommended with length 10. String to find the message in the code. E.g. 10-digit random hex from (<https://www.browserling.com/tools/random-hex>) or (<https://onlinerandomtools.com/generate-random-hexadecimal-numbers>)
- **prefix** Prefix (Optional, String, default: "") This is useful if print_this is an array/list. Each entry will then be a new row with this prefix.
- **suffix** Suffix (Optional, String, default: "") Same like prefix but at the end of each line.
- **logjs** (Optional, Boolean, default: FALSE) If true (default: false) the print_this string will also be printed to the javascript-console. This only makes sense, if the gui is active.
- **logfile_dir** (Optional, String, default: "tempdir()") The absolute path to folder where the logfile will be stored.
- **headless** (Optional, Boolean, default: TRUE) Indicating, if the function is run only in the console (headless = TRUE) or on a GUI frontend (headless = FALSE).

**Value**

No return value, called for side effects (see description)
feedback_to_logfile  
*Add to the logfile. Internal use.*

**Description**
Helper function for the feedback function to add content to the logfile. Internal use. Use the robust 'feedback' function instead.

**Usage**
feedback_to_logfile(print_this, type, findme, prefix, suffix, logfile_dir)

**Arguments**
- **print_this**  
  (Optional, String, default: "")
- **type**  
  (Optional, String, default: "Info") E.g. "Warning", "Error". Default: "Info"
- **findme**  
  (Optional, String, default: "") Recommended with length 10. String to find the message in the code. E.g. 10-digit random hex from (<https://www.browserling.com/tools/random-hex>) or (<https://onlinerandomtools.com/generate-random-hexadecimal-numbers>)
- **prefix**  
  Prefix (Optional, String, default: "") This is useful if print_this is an array/list. Each entry will then be new row with this prefix.
- **suffix**  
  Suffix (Optional, String, default: "") Same like prefix but at the end of each line.
- **logfile_dir**  
  (Optional, String, default: "tempdir()") The absolute path to folder where the logfile will be stored.

**Value**
No return value, called for side effects (see description)

feedback_to_logjs  
*Feedback to the gui/browser-console with logjs. Internal use.*

**Description**
Helper function for the feedback function to also show the messages to the gui/user via the browser console. Internal use. Use the robust 'feedback' function instead.

**Usage**
feedback_to_logjs(print_this, logfile_dir, headless)
feedback_to_ui

**Arguments**

- `print_this` (Optional, String, default: ")
- `logfile_dir` (Optional, String, default: "tempdir()") The absolute path to folder where the logfile will be stored.
- `headless` (Optional, Boolean, default: TRUE) Indicating, if the function is run only in the console (headless = TRUE) or on a GUI frontend (headless = FALSE).

**Value**

No return value, called for side effects (see description)

---

**feedback_to_ui**  
*Feedback to the user with a modal. Internal use.*

**Description**

Helper function for the feedback function to show modals to the gui/user. Everything will also be added to the logfile. Internal use. Use the robust `feedback` function instead.

**Usage**

```
feedback_to_ui(print_this, type, logfile_dir, headless = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

- `print_this` (Optional, String, default: ")
- `type` (Optional, String, default: "Info") E.g. "Warning", "Error". Default: "Info"
- `logfile_dir` (Optional, String, default: "tempdir()") The absolute path to folder where the logfile will be stored.
- `headless` (Optional, Boolean, default: TRUE) Indicating, if the function is run only in the console (headless = TRUE) or on a GUI frontend (headless = FALSE).

**Value**

No return value, called for side effects (see description)
firstup

*Converts the first letter of the input string to uppercase*

**Description**

Converts the first letter of the input string to uppercase

**Usage**

`firstup(x)`

**Arguments**

- `x` A character string. E.g. "hello world" will become "Hello world".

**Value**

Returns the input string but with a capital first letter.

**Examples**

`firstup("first letter of this string will be upper case as return")`

---

format_POSIXct

*Formats a given POSIXct timestamp without the need of manually specifying format parameters.*

**Description**

See title.

**Usage**

`format_POSIXct(x, lang = "en", date = TRUE, time = TRUE)`

**Arguments**

- `x` The POSIXct timestamp or a string to be automatically converted to a POSIXct timestamp.
- `lang` (Optional, String, Default = "en") The language of the result. Currently implemented: "en"/"de". If you supply another not yet implemented language here, "en" will be chosen automatically.
- `date` (Optional, Boolean, Default = TRUE) Should the date be part of the result string?
- `time` (Optional, Boolean, Default = TRUE) Should the time be part of the result string?
get_config

Value

(String) The formatted timestamp as a string.

Examples

```r
## Not run:
format.POSIXct(x = "2021-12-31 12:34")
## Result: "2021-12-31, 12:34:00"
format.POSIXct(x = "2021-12-31 12:34", lang = "de")
## Result: "31.12.2021, 12:34:00"
```
get_config_env

logfile_dir = tempdir(),
headless = TRUE
)

get_config_env  get_config_env helper function

Description

Internal function to read settings for a certain system from the environment. IMPORTANT: If you want to get any result with your input as prefix, use 'ignore.presets = TRUE'! See param-definition for more details. This function will look at uppercase system_names at default.

Usage

get_config_env(
  system_name,
  logfile_dir = tempdir(),
  headless = TRUE,
  ignore.presets = FALSE,
  uppercase.system = TRUE
)

Arguments

system_name  The name of the system (This is also the prefix used to get the environment variables with 'SYSTEM_KEY', e.g. 'I2B2_DBNAME').
logfile_dir  (Optional, String, default: "tempdir()") The absolute path to folder where the logfile will be stored.
headless  A boolean (default: 'FALSE'). Indicating, if the function is run only in the console ('headless = TRUE') or on a GUI frontend ('headless = FALSE').
ignore.presets  (boolean) Only return something if all elements from the presets are found? These are currently 'host', 'port', 'user', 'password', 'sid', 'path'. If you have another suffix after 'system_name' in your config file, you won’t see it here. To see everything with prefix 'system_name' simply set 'ignore.presets = TRUE'.

Value

If successful it returns the config, null otherwise.
get_current_timestamp

Examples

```r
get_config_env(
  system_name = "i2b2",
  logfile_dir = tempdir(),
  headless = FALSE
)
```

get_current_timestamp  *Quickly get the current timestamp*

Description

Function to quickly get the current timestamp without need to handle format-options etc.

Usage

```r
get_current_timestamp(no_spaces = FALSE)
```

Arguments

- `no_spaces`  Boolean. Default = ‘FALSE’. Specifies wether the output can contain spaces or not. E.g. if the output is for human reading, ‘no_spaces = FALSE’ is a good option. As suffix for filenames (e.g. logfiles), ‘no_spaces = TRUE’ might be a good option.

Value

The current timestamp in always the same format. #'

Examples

```r
get_current_timestamp(no_spaces = TRUE)
# Result: "2020-12-03-134354"
get_current_timestamp()
# this is the same like
get_current_timestamp(no_spaces = FALSE)
# Result: "03.12.2020 - 13:43 UTC"
```
get_db_systems  

Quickly get all currently implemented database systems

Description
Function to quickly get the currently implemented database systems

Usage
get_db_systems()

Value
The currently implemented database systems as string array. `E.g. c("postgres", "oracle")`

Examples
get_db_systems()
# Result: c("postgres", "oracle")

global_env_hack

global_env_hack

Description
Hack variable into global env (bypasses R CMD checks).

Usage
global_env_hack(key, val, pos = 1)

Arguments
key A character (!) string. The name of the assigned variable
val An object. The object that will be assigned to `key`
pos An integer. The position of the environment (default: 1).

Value
No return value, called for side effects (see description).

See Also
http://adv-r.had.co.nz/Environments.html
### is_date_format

**Checks if a string matches a given date format.**

**Description**

Checks if a string matches a given date format.

**Usage**

```r
is_date_format(date, format)
```

**Arguments**

- **date**: The list applied from rv$restricting_date
- **format**: The format parameters. See `?strptime` for parameter info.

**Value**

TRUE/FALSE

---

**query_database**

*query_database helper function*

**Description**

Internal function to query the database. The function sends a sql statement to the database and returns a data.table.

**Usage**

```r
query_database(db_con, sql_statement, no_result = FALSE)
```
Arguments

db_con: A DBI database connection.
sql_statement: A character string containing a valid SQL statement. Caution: Everything after the first ';' will be cut off.
no_result: (boolean, default: FALSE) Is the sql meant to return nothing? E.g. if you just insert or update a table. Then supply ‘TRUE’ here. If you supply ‘FALSE’ here, the function expects to receive a result table and tries to convert it to a data.table.

Value

Returns the result of the db-query. If ‘no_result’ is ‘TRUE’, the return value will be ‘1’ if the query was successfully sent. Otherwise (if ‘no_result’ is ‘FALSE’ which is the default), the result will be the result of the sql query as data.table.

Examples

```r
## Not run:
db_con <- DIZutils::db_connection(
  db_name = "i2b2",
  db_type = "postgres"
)
query_database(
  db_con = db_con,
  sql_statement = "SELECT * FROM table_name;"
)
query_database(
  db_con = db_con,
  sql_statement = "INSERT INTO table_name DEFAULT VALUES;",
  no_result = TRUE
)
## End(Not run)
```

setdiff_all

Get the difference of two vectors in both directions.

Description

The base-R function ‘setdiff’ is asymmetric meaning ‘setdiff(vec1, vec2)’ is not the same as ‘setdiff(vec2, vec1)’. Only the first vector will be compared to the second vector and all elements not contained in the second are in the resulting vector. So if you also want in include all elements being in the second vector but not in the first, you can use this function. In this case you are searching for elements being in the union of both vectors but not in the intersect of both vectors. This function is a symmetric function. It doesn’t matter in which order you input the vectors, the content will be the same. Only the order of the elements inside the output differs.
Usage

setdiff_all(vec1, vec2)

Arguments

vec1 First vector
vec2 Second vector

Value

The difference between both vectors.

Examples

## Not run:
vec1 <- c(1,2,3,4)
vec2 <- c(3,4,5,6)
# setdiff(vec1, vec2) = c(1,2)
# setdiff(vec2, vec1) = c(5,6)
# setdiff_all(vec1, vec2) = c(1,2,5,6)
# setdiff_all(vec2, vec1) = c(5,6,1,2)

## End(Not run)

---

set_env_vars set_env_vars helper function

Description

Internal function to set environment variables that are necessary for the database connections with db_connection.

Usage

set_env_vars(env_file)

Arguments

env_file A character. The full path including the file name to the file containing the environment variable definitions to be loaded.

Value

No return value, called for side effects (see description)

See Also

Sys.setenv
string_replacements

## Examples

```r
## Not run: set_env_vars("./.env")
```

---

**string_replacements**    *Clean string with a given set of replacements*

### Description

This function provides the functionality to clean a string with a given set of replacements. This is e.g. useful to create filenames or paths that are not allowed to contain spaces.

### Usage

```r
string_replacements(
  input,
  replace_mapping = "default",
  tolower = FALSE,
  toupper = FALSE
)
```

### Arguments

- **input** (string) The character string to be processed.
- **replace_mapping** (Optional, list, default = "default") The mapping containing what should be replaced with what: `replace_mapping <- list("replace_this" = "with_this")`
- **tolower** (boolean, default = FALSE) Should the result be lowercase?
- **toupper** (boolean, default = FALSE) Should the result be uppercase?

### Value

(String) All elements (names) of the input `replace_mapping` or the default mapping are replaced by its values of the mapping.

### Examples

```r
string_replacements(input = "Ab 20. April 2020 (((___((N = 1.234)"
# Result: "Ab_20_April_2020_N_1234"
```
**xml_2_json**

Quickly transform a xml obj into a json object.

**Description**

See title.

**Usage**

```r
xml_2_json(xml)
```

**Arguments**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Argument</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><code>xml</code></td>
<td>An xml object.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Value**

The json-representation of the xml object.

---

**%notin%**

**notin helper function**

**Description**

Function to return elements of x that are not in y.

**Usage**

```r
x %notin% y
```

**Arguments**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Argument</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><code>x</code></td>
<td>Object 1.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>y</code></td>
<td>Object 2.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Value**

Returns the result of `!`

**Examples**

```r
tmp1 <- c("a", "b", "c")
tmp2 <- c("b", "c", "d")
tmp1 %notin% tmp2
```
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