

Package ‘DecisionAnalysis’

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Type Package

Title Implementation of Multi Objective Decision Analysis

Version 1.1.0

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BugReports <https://github.com/AFIT-R/DecisionAnalysis>

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Description Aides in the multi objective decision analysis process by simplifying the creation of value hierarchy tree plots, calculating and plotting single and multi attribute value function scores, and conducting sensitivity analysis. Linear, exponential, and categorical single attribute value functions are supported. For details see Parnell (2013, ISBN:978-1-118-17313-8) Kirkwood (1997, ISBN:0-534-51692-0).

License GPL (>= 2)

Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

Depends R (>= 2.10)

Imports stats, ggplot2, tidyr, dplyr, graphics, data.tree, gridExtra, viridisLite, Cairo, methods, qpdf, DiagrammeR

RoxygenNote 6.0.1

Suggests knitr, rmarkdown, testthat

VignetteBuilder knitr

NeedsCompilation no

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DecisionAnalysis-package

DecisionAnalysis: Multi-Objective Decision Analysis

Description

The DecisionAnalysis package contains all of the necessary functions required to plot weighted and unweighted value hierarchy trees, calculate and plot linear, exponential, and categorical single attribute value functions, calculate and graph multi value attribute functions, and conduct sensitivity analysis.

Details

Start with the vignette to learn more about using the DecisionAnalysis package: `browseVignettes(package = "DecisionAnalysis")`

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See Also

Report bugs at <https://github.com/AFIT-R/DecisionAnalysis>

Examples

```
#Create a value hierarchy tree
branches<- as.data.frame(matrix(ncol=5,nrow=7))
names(branches)<-c("Level1","Level2","Level3","leaves","weights")
branches[1,]<-rbind("QB","Elusiveness","Speed","Forty","0.092")
branches[2,]<-rbind("QB","Elusiveness","Agility","Shuttle","0.138")
branches[3,]<-rbind("QB","Size","","Height","0.096")
branches[4,]<-rbind("QB","Size","","Weight","0.224")
branches[5,]<-rbind("QB","Intelligence","","Wonderlic","0.07")
branches[6,]<-rbind("QB","Strength","Explosiveness","Vertical","0.152")
branches[7,]<-rbind("QB","Strength","Power","Broad","0.228")
value_hierarchy_tree(branches$Level1,branches$Level2,branches$Level3,
leaves=branches$leaves,weights=branches$weights)

#subset NFLcombine data from DecisionAnalysis package
qbdata <- NFLcombine[1:7,]

#Create SAVF_matrix
Height <- SAVF_exp_score(qbdata$heightinchestotal, 68, 75.21, 82)
Weight <- SAVF_exp_score(qbdata$weight, 185, 224.34, 275)
Forty <- SAVF_exp_score(qbdata$fortyyd, 4.3, 4.81, 5.4, increasing=FALSE)
Shuttle <- SAVF_exp_score(qbdata$twentyss, 3.8, 4.3, 4.9, increasing=FALSE)
Vertical <- SAVF_exp_score(qbdata$vertical, 21, 32.04, 40)
Broad <- SAVF_exp_score(qbdata$broad, 90, 111.24, 130)
Wonderlic <- SAVF_exp_score(qbdata$wonderlic, 0, 27.08, 50)
SAVF_matrix = cbind(Height, Weight, Forty, Shuttle, Vertical, Broad, Wonderlic)

#Create weights vector
weights = c(0.096, 0.224, 0.092, 0.138, 0.152, 0.228, 0.07)

#Calculate MAVF Score
MAVF_Scores(SAVF_matrix, weights, qbdata$name)

#Plot MAVF Breakout
MAVF_breakout(SAVF_matrix, weights, qbdata$name)

#Plot sensitivity analysis for shuttle criteria
sensitivity_plot(SAVF_matrix, weights, qbdata$name, 4)
```

hello

Hello, World!

Description

Prints 'Hello, world!'.

Usage

```
hello()
```

Examples

```
hello()
```

MAVF_breakout	<i>Multiple Attribute Value Function (MAVF) Breakout</i>
---------------	--

Description

: Takes a matrix of Single Attribute Value Function (SAVF) scores and shows the break out of each alternative's weighted SAVF scores. The sum of the alternative's weighted SAVF scores is their MAVF score.

Usage

```
MAVF_breakout(SAVF_matrix, weights, names)
```

Arguments

SAVF_matrix	Matrix of SAVF scores
weights	Numeric vector of SAVF weights
names	Vector of attribute names

Value

MAVF breakout graph

Examples

```
qbdata <- NFLcombine[1:7,]

Height <- SAVF_exp_score(qbdata$heightinchestotal, 68, 75.21, 82)
Weight <- SAVF_exp_score(qbdata$weight, 185, 224.34, 275)
Forty <- SAVF_exp_score(qbdata$fortyyd, 4.3, 4.81, 5.4, increasing=FALSE)
Shuttle <- SAVF_exp_score(qbdata$twentyss, 3.8, 4.3, 4.9, increasing=FALSE)
Vertical <- SAVF_exp_score(qbdata$vertical, 21, 32.04, 40)
Broad <- SAVF_exp_score(qbdata$broad, 90, 111.24, 130)
Wonderlic <- SAVF_exp_score(qbdata$wonderlic, 0, 27.08, 50)

SAVF_matrix = cbind(Height, Weight, Forty, Shuttle,
                    Vertical, Broad, Wonderlic)
weights = c(0.096, 0.224, 0.092, 0.138, 0.152, 0.228, 0.07)

MAVF_breakout(SAVF_matrix, weights, qbdata$name)
```

MAVF_Scores *Multiple Attribute Value Function (MAVF) Scores*

Description

: Takes a matrix of Single Attribute Value Functions (SAVF) scores and multiplies it by the weights vector to calculate the alternatives MAVF score.

Usage

```
MAVF_Scores(SAVF_matrix, weights, names)
```

Arguments

SAVF_matrix	Matrix of SAVF scores
weights	Numeric vector of SAVF weights
names	Vector of attribute names

Value

MAVF Scores

Examples

```
qbdata <- NFLcombine[1:7,]

Height <- SAVF_exp_score(qbdata$heightinchestotal, 68, 75.21, 82)
Weight <- SAVF_exp_score(qbdata$weight, 185, 224.34, 275)
Forty <- SAVF_exp_score(qbdata$fortyyd, 4.3, 4.81, 5.4, increasing=FALSE)
Shuttle <- SAVF_exp_score(qbdata$twentyss, 3.8, 4.3, 4.9, increasing=FALSE)
Vertical <- SAVF_exp_score(qbdata$vertical, 21, 32.04, 40)
Broad <- SAVF_exp_score(qbdata$broad, 90, 111.24, 130)
Wonderlic <- SAVF_exp_score(qbdata$wonderlic, 0, 27.08, 50)

SAVF_matrix = cbind(Height, Weight, Forty, Shuttle,
                    Vertical, Broad, Wonderlic)
weights = c(0.096, 0.224, 0.092, 0.138, 0.152, 0.228, 0.07)

MAVF_Scores(SAVF_matrix, weights, qbdata$name)
```

NFLcombine

*NFL Scouting Combine data***Description**

A dataset containing the biographical data and scores for 4947 NFL draft candidates that attended the NFL Scouting Combine from 1999 to 2015.

Usage

NFLcombine

Format

A data frame with 4947 rows and 26 variables:

year Year that the NFL draft candidate attended the NFL combine event

name First and last name of the NFL draft candidate

firstname First name of the NFL draft candidate

lastname Last name of the NFL draft candidate

position Position of the NFL draft candidate

heightfeet Candidate's height, only the feet portion

heightinches Candidate's height, only the inches portion

heightinchestotal Candidate's total height in inches

weight Total weight in lbs

arms Candidate's arm length in inches

hands Candidate's hand size in inches

fortyyd Time in seconds to run forty yards

twentyyd Time in seconds to run twenty yards

tenyd Time in seconds to run ten yards

twentyss Time in seconds to complete the twenty yard shuttle sprint

threecone Time in seconds to complete the three cone drill

vertical Height candidate jumped vertically in inches

broad Distance traveled during broad jump in inches

bench Number of repetitions a candidate bench pressed 225lbs

round The round the candidate was selected in the draft

college College the candidate attended

pick The candidate's pick number in the round that they got drafted, followed by the candidate's overall pick number for that year's NFL draft

pickround The candidate's pick number in the round that they got drafted

picktotal The candidate's overall pick number for that year's NFL draft

wonderlic Raw score received on the Wonderlic test

nflgrade The grade the candidate is given on NFL.com

Source

<http://www.nflsavant.com/about.php>

SAVF_calc_rho

Single Attribute Value Function (SAVF) Calculate Rho

Description

: Calculates rho for an exponential function.

Usage

SAVF_calc_rho(x_low, x_mid, x_high, increasing = TRUE)

Arguments

x_low	Lowest value
x_mid	Midpoint value
x_high	Highest value
increasing	TRUE=increasing, FALSE=decreasing, Default: TRUE

Details

For $Z = (x_{mid} - x_{low}) / (x_{high} - x_{low})$, Z can not be in (0.51, 0.49)

Value

Rho

Examples

SAVF_calc_rho(0, 90, 150, FALSE)

 SAVF_categorical_score

Single Attribute Value Function (SAVF) Categorical Score

Description

: Calculates the Single Attribute Value Function (SAVF) score for a categorical value.

Usage

```
SAVF_categorical_score(x, categories, weights)
```

Arguments

x	Attribute raw value
categories	Vector of categories
weights	Numeric vector of category weights

Value

Categorical SAVF Score

Examples

```
SAVF_categorical_score("Tom", c("Tom", "Bill", "Jerry"), c(0.1, 0.25, 0.65))
```

 SAVF_cat_plot

Single Attribute Value Function (SAVF) Categorical Plot

Description

: Plots the categorical Single Attribute Value Function (SAVF) graph. Categories may be any value, but category scores must be numeric. The function checks to ensure the total of scores sums to one.

Usage

```
SAVF_cat_plot(categories, scores, fillcolor = "blue")
```

Arguments

categories	Vector of categories
scores	Numeric vector of category scores
fillcolor	Fill color for the chart, default is blue

Value

Categorical SAVF graph

Examples

```
SAVF_cat_plot(c("Tom", "Bill", "Jerry"), c(0.1, 0.25, 0.65))
```

SAVF_exp_plot

Single Attribute Value Function (SAVF) Exponential Plot

Description

: Plots an increasing or decreasing exponential Single Attribute Value Function (SAVF) curve. It calls the SAVF_calc_rho and SAVF_exp_score functions and plots your score on the curve with a blue dot.

Usage

```
SAVF_exp_plot(x, x_low, x_mid, x_high, increasing = TRUE)
```

Arguments

x	Attribute raw value
x_low	Lowest Value
x_mid	Midpoint value
x_high	Highest value
increasing	TRUE=increasing, FALSE=decreasing, Default: TRUE

Details

For $Z = (x_{mid} - x_{low}) / (x_{high} - x_{low})$, Z can not be in (0.51, 0.49)

Value

Exponential SAVF curve with attribute plotted

Examples

```
SAVF_exp_plot(90, 0, 120, 150)
```

SAVF_exp_score	<i>Single Attribute Value Function (SAVF) Exponential Score</i>
----------------	---

Description

: Calculates the Single Attribute Values Function (SAVF) score for an exponentially increasing or decreasing function. It calls the SAVF_calc_rho function, so knowing rho beforehand is not necessary.

Usage

```
SAVF_exp_score(x, x_low, x_mid, x_high, increasing = TRUE)
```

Arguments

x	Attribute raw value
x_low	Lowest value
x_mid	Midpoint value
x_high	Highest value
increasing	TRUE=increasing, FALSE=decreasing, Default: TRUE

Details

For $Z = (x_{mid} - x_{low}) / (x_{high} - x_{low})$, Z can not be in (0.51, 0.49)

Value

Exponential SAVF Score

Examples

```
SAVF_exp_score(70, 0, 90, 150, FALSE)
```

SAVF_linear_plot	<i>Single Attribute Value Function (SAVF) Linear Plot</i>
------------------	---

Description

: Plots the linear Single Attribute Value Function (SAVF) graph for an increasing or decreasing function. It calls the SAVF_linear_score function to calculate the score based on the midpoint value method and plots it with a blue dot.

Usage

```
SAVF_linear_plot(x, x_low, x_mid, x_high, increasing = TRUE)
```

Arguments

x	Attribute raw value
x_low	Lowest value
x_mid	Midpoint value
x_high	Highest value
increasing	TRUE=increasing, FALSE=decreasing, Default: TRUE

Value

Linear SAVF curve with attribute plotted

Examples

```
SAVF_linear_plot(10, 0, 25, 100, FALSE)
```

SAVF_linear_score *Single Attribute Value Function (SAVF) Linear Score*

Description

: Calculates the Single Attribute Value Function (SAVF) score for a linearly increasing or decreasing function. It calculates the score based on the midpoint value method.

Usage

```
SAVF_linear_score(x, x_low, x_mid, x_high, increasing = TRUE)
```

Arguments

x	Attribute raw value
x_low	Lowest value
x_mid	Midpoint value
x_high	Highest value
increasing	TRUE=increasing, FALSE=decreasing, Default: TRUE

Value

Linear SAVF Score

Examples

```
SAVF_linear_score(10, 0, 25, 100, FALSE)
```

sensitivity_plot *Sensitivity Analysis Graph*

Description

Takes a matrix of Single Attribute Value Function (SAVF) scores and shows how each alternative's MAVF scores change as the weight for that criteria changes from zero to one. The vertical black line represents the current weight.

Usage

```
sensitivity_plot(SAVF_matrix, weights, names, criteria, title = TRUE)
```

Arguments

SAVF_matrix	Matrix of SAVF scores
weights	Numeric vector of SAVF weights
names	The names of the alternatives
criteria	Numeric value equal to the column number of the SAVF_matrix that contains the desired criteria to conduct sensitivity analysis on
title	True=The title is the column name associated with the selected criteria, False=no title, Default: TRUE

Value

Sensitivity Analysis graph

Examples

```
library(dplyr)

qbdata <- NFLcombine %>%
  filter(year == '2011', position == 'QB', wonderlic != '0') %>%
  select(c(2, 8, 9, 12, 15, 17, 18, 25, 20))
qbdata[qbdata == 0] = NA

Height <- SAVF_exp_score(qbdata$heightinchestotal, 68, 75.21, 82)
Weight <- SAVF_exp_score(qbdata$weight, 185, 224.34, 275)
Forty <- SAVF_exp_score(qbdata$fortyyd, 4.3, 4.81, 5.4, increasing=FALSE)
Shuttle <- SAVF_exp_score(qbdata$twentyss, 3.8, 4.3, 4.9, increasing=FALSE)
Vertical <- SAVF_exp_score(qbdata$vertical, 21, 32.04, 40)
Broad <- SAVF_exp_score(qbdata$broad, 90, 111.24, 130)
Wonderlic <- SAVF_exp_score(qbdata$wonderlic, 0, 27.08, 50)

SAVF_matrix = cbind(Height, Weight, Forty, Shuttle, Vertical, Broad, Wonderlic)
weights = c(0.096, 0.224, 0.092, 0.138, 0.152, 0.228, 0.07)
```

```
sensitivity_plot(SAVF_matrix, weights, qbdata$name, 4)
```

value_hierarchy_tree *Value Hierarchy Tree*

Description

: Plots a value hierarchy tree

Usage

```
value_hierarchy_tree(..., leaves, weights, nodestyle = "filled, rounded",
  nodeshape = "box", nodefillcolor = "white", nodefontname = "helvetica",
  nodefontcolor = "black", leavesshape = "egg", leavesfillcolor = "gray",
  leavesfontcolor = "black", leavesfontname = "helvetica")
```

Arguments

...	One or more character vectors containing a single level of nodes. The character vector containing the end nodes should not be entered here. If there isn't a node for a level of the branch, it should be entered as ""
leaves	Character vector of values containing the last node of the branches
weights	Character or numeric vector of weights associated with the end node of the branches (Optional)
nodestyle	Style of the nodes, default is filled, rounded
nodeshape	Shape of the nodes, default is box
nodefillcolor	Fill color of the nodes, default is white
nodefontname	Font of the nodes, default is helvetica
nodefontcolor	Font color of the nodes, default is black
leavesshape	Shape of the leaves, default is egg
leavesfillcolor	Fill color of the leaves, default is gray
leavesfontcolor	Font color of the leaves, default is black
leavesfontname	Font of the leaves, default is helvetica

Value

Value hierarchy tree plot

Examples

```
branches<- as.data.frame(matrix(ncol=5,nrow=7))
names(branches)<-c("Level1","Level2","Level3","leaves","weights")
branches[1,]<-rbind("QB","Elusiveness","Speed","Forty","0.092")
branches[2,]<-rbind("QB","Elusiveness","Agility","Shuttle","0.138")
branches[3,]<-rbind("QB","Size","","Height","0.096")
branches[4,]<-rbind("QB","Size","","Weight","0.224")
branches[5,]<-rbind("QB","Intelligence","","Wonderlic","0.07")
branches[6,]<-rbind("QB","Strength","Explosiveness","Vertical","0.152")
branches[7,]<-rbind("QB","Strength","Power","Broad","0.228")

value_hierarchy_tree(branches$Level1,branches$Level2,branches$Level3,
leaves=branches$leaves,weights=branches$weights)
```

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