Package ‘JICO’

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Title Joint and Individual Regression

Version 0.0

Description Implements the JICO algorithm [Wang, P., Wang, H., Li, Q., Shen, D., & Liu, Y. (2022). <arXiv:2209.12388>], which solves the multi-group regression problem. The algorithm decomposes the responses from multiple groups into shared and group-specific components, which are driven by low-rank approximations of joint and individual structures from the covariates respectively. It provides the implementation of the algorithm so solve the iterative continuum regression problem with fixed rank selection, as well as the cross-validation function to perform hyperparameter tuning.

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C2beta

Compute the coefficients from the continuum regression (CR) algorithm

Description

This function converts the CR algorithm outputs to the regression coefficients

Usage

C2beta(X, Y, C, lambda)

Arguments

X
The input feature matrix
Y
The input response vector
C
The weight matrix computed from CR algorithm
lambda
Deprecated. Regularization parameter if L2 penalization is used for CR. JICO uses zero as default.

Value

A list of regression coefficients to perform the prediction task.

continuum

The continuum regression (CR) algorithm

Description

This function performs an iteration update of the JICO algorithm using the CR algorithm. Details can be found in Appendix B in the JICO paper: Wang, P., Wang, H., Li, Q., Shen, D., & Liu, Y. (2022).
continuum.multigroup.iter

Usage

continuum(
    X,
    Y,
    lambda,
    gam,
    om,
    U_old = matrix(, nrow = nrow(X), ncol = 0),
    D_old = matrix(, nrow = 0, ncol = 0),
    V_old = matrix(, nrow = 0, ncol = 0),
    Z_old = matrix(, nrow = 0, ncol = 0),
    verbose = FALSE
)

Arguments

X               The input feature matrix
Y               The input response vector
lambda          Deprecated. Regularization parameter if L2 penalization is used for CR. JICO uses zero as default.
gam             The gamma parameter in the CR algorithm. Set gam=0 for OLS model, gam=0.5 for PLS model, gam >= 1e10 for PCR model
om              The desired number of weight vectors to obtain in the CR algorithm, i.e. the predefined rank of joint or individual component.
U_old           The given inputs U from the previous JICO iteration step
D_old           The given inputs D from the previous JICO iteration step
V_old           The given inputs V from the previous JICO iteration step
Z_old           The given inputs Z from the previous JICO iteration step
verbose         Boolean. If it’s desired to print out intermediate outputs

Value

A list of CR outputs that serve as the input for the next JICO iteration

Description

Usage

```r
continuum.multigroup.iter(
    X.list,
    Y.list,
    lambda = 0,
    gam,
    rankJ,
    rankA,
    maxiter = 1000,
    conv = 1e-07,
    center.X = TRUE,
    scale.X = TRUE,
    center.Y = TRUE,
    scale.Y = TRUE,
    orthIndiv = FALSE,
    I.initial = NULL,
    sd = 0
)
```

Arguments

- **X.list**: The list of feature matrices from multiple groups.
- **Y.list**: The list of feature vectors from multiple groups.
- **lambda**: Deprecated. Regularization parameter if L2 penalization is used for CR. JICO uses zero as default.
- **gam**: The gamma parameter in the CR algorithm. Set gam=0 for OLS model, gam=0.5 for PLS model, gam >= 1e10 for PCR model.
- **rankJ**: The rank for the joint component.
- **rankA**: The ranks for individual components.
- **maxiter**: The maximum number of iterations to conduct before algorithm convergence.
- **conv**: The tolerance level for convergence.
- **center.X**: Boolean. If X should be preprocessed with centralization.
- **scale.X**: Boolean. If X should be preprocessed with scaling.
- **center.Y**: Boolean. If Y should be preprocessed with centralization.
- **scale.Y**: Boolean. If Y should be preprocessed with scaling.
- **orthIndiv**: Boolean. If we impose the orthogonality constraint on individual components.
- **I.initial**: The initial values for individual components.
- **sd**: The standard deviation used to generate random initial values for individual weight vectors.

Value

The estimated parameters from JICO.
Examples

```r
set.seed(76)
X1 = MASS::mvrnorm(50, rep(0, 200), diag(200)) # covariates of the first group
X2 = MASS::mvrnorm(50, rep(0, 200), diag(200)) # covariates of the second group
X.list = list(X1, X2)

Y1 = matrix(stats::rnorm(50)) # responses for the first group
Y2 = matrix(stats::rnorm(50)) # responses for the second group
Y.list = list(Y1, Y2)

ml.JICO = continuum.multigroup.iter(
    X.list, Y.list, gam=1e10, rankJ=1, rankA=c(1, 1),
    maxiter = 300
)
```

createFolds  
Utility function to create folds for stratified samples

Description

This function generate data folds for cross validation given stratified samples

Usage

```r
createFolds(strat_id, k)
```

Arguments

- `strat_id`: A vector of the stratified sample id. E.g. In total of 5 samples, first three from group 1, last two from group 2 -> c(1, 1, 1, 2, 2)
- `k`: Number of folds to create.

Value

A list of sample indices in k folds.

cv.continnum.iter  
Fit JICO with cross-validation to tune hyperparameters

Description

This function performs K-fold cross validations to select the best tuning parameters for JICO.
Usage

cv.continnum.iter(
  X.list,
  Y.list,
  lambda = 0,
  parameter.set,
  nfolds = 10,
  maxiter = 100,
  center.X = TRUE,
  scale.X = TRUE,
  center.Y = TRUE,
  scale.Y = TRUE,
  orthIndiv = FALSE,
  plot = FALSE,
  criteria = c("min", "1se"),
  sd = 0
)

Arguments

X.list The list of feature matrices from multiple groups.
Y.list The list of feature vectors from multiple groups.
lambda Deprecated. Regularization parameter if L2 penalization is used for CR. JICO uses zero as default.
parameter.set The set of parameters to be tuned on. Containing choices of rankJ, rankA and gamma.
nfolds number of folds to perform CV
maxiter The maximum number of iterations to conduct before algorithm convergence.
center.X Boolean. If X should be preprocessed with centralization.
scale.X Boolean. If X should be preprocessed with scaling.
center.Y Boolean. If Y should be preprocessed with centralization.
scale.Y Boolean. If Y should be preprocessed with scaling.
orthIndiv Boolean. If we impose the orthogonality constraint on individual components.
plot Boolean. If we want to plot the rMSE vs different parameters
criteria criteria for selecting the best parameter. Use "min" to choose the parameter giving the best performance. Use "1se" to choose the simplest model that gives performance within 1se from the best one.
sd The standard deviation used to generate random initial values for individual weight vectors.

Value

The parameter from the parameter.set that fit the training data the best.
Examples

```r
set.seed(76)
X1 = MASS::mvrnorm(50, rep(0, 200), diag(200))  # covariates of the first group
X2 = MASS::mvrnorm(50, rep(0, 200), diag(200))  # covariates of the second group
X.list = list(X1, X2)

Y1 = matrix(stats::rnorm(50))  # responses for the first group
Y2 = matrix(stats::rnorm(50))  # responses for the second group
Y.list = list(Y1, Y2)

cv.parameter.set = parameter.set.G_2(
  maxrankA = 1, maxrankJ = 1, gamma = 1e10
)  # enumerate the set of tuning parameters

cv.ml.JICO = cv.continnum.iter(
  X.list, Y.list, parameter.set = cv.parameter.set,
  criteria = "min", nfold = 5, maxiter = 300
)  # fit the model and use CV to find the best parameters
```

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**DIAG**

*Generate diagonal matrix*

**Description**

This function returns a diagonal matrix using the input vector or number as diagonal.

**Usage**

```r
DIAG(e)
```

**Arguments**

- `e`  
  Diagonal element. Can be a vector or a number

**Value**

A square diagonal matrix using the input as diagonal elements
initialize.UDVZ  \hspace{1cm} \textit{Helper function to compute the SVD results}

\underline{Description}

This function computes the SVD results from a given matrix X. This is used as the initialization for the continuum regression.

\underline{Usage}

\texttt{initialize.UDVZ(X)}

\underline{Arguments}

\begin{itemize}
  \item \texttt{X} \hspace{1cm} The input feature matrix
\end{itemize}

\underline{Value}

A list of SVD results that are served as CR algorithm’s inputs.

\underline{parameter.set.G_2  \hspace{1cm} \textit{Generate parameter sets (G=2)}}

\underline{Description}

This function generate set of hyperparameters when there are two groups.

\underline{Usage}

\texttt{parameter.set.G_2(maxrankA, maxrankJ, gamma)}

\underline{Arguments}

\begin{itemize}
  \item \texttt{maxrankA} \hspace{1cm} The maximum rank for individual component
  \item \texttt{maxrankJ} \hspace{1cm} The maximum rank for joint component
  \item \texttt{gamma} \hspace{1cm} The gamma parameter. Need to be fixed.
\end{itemize}

\underline{Value}

A list of hyperparameter candidates
**parameter.set.G_3**

*Generate parameter sets (G=3)*

**Description**

This function generates a set of hyperparameters when there are three groups.

**Usage**

`parameter.set.G_3(maxrankA, maxrankJ, gamma)`

**Arguments**

- `maxrankA`: The maximum rank for individual component
- `maxrankJ`: The maximum rank for joint component
- `gamma`: The gamma parameter. Need to be fixed.

**Value**

A list of hyperparameter candidates

**parameter.set.rankA_eq**

*Generate parameter sets (equal individual ranks)*

**Description**

This function generates a set of hyperparameters when the individual ranks are the same.

**Usage**

`parameter.set.rankA_eq(G, maxrankA, maxrankJ, gamma.list)`

**Arguments**

- `G`: number of groups
- `maxrankA`: The maximum rank for individual component
- `maxrankJ`: The maximum rank for joint component
- `gamma.list`: The list of candidate gammas to be tuned

**Value**

A list of hyperparameter candidates
SOLVE

Helper function to compute the inverse of input X matrix

Description
This function computes the general inverse of X when it exists. If X contains a degenerated dimension, return the original X.

Usage
SOLVE(x)

Arguments
x The input matrix X

Value
Either the general inverse of X or the X itself
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