

# Package ‘apexcharter’

September 9, 2020

**Version** 0.1.6

**Title** Create Interactive Chart with the JavaScript 'ApexCharts' Library

**Description** Provides an 'htmlwidgets' interface to 'apexcharts.js'.  
'Apexcharts' is a modern JavaScript charting library to build interactive charts and visualizations with simple API.  
'Apexcharts' examples and documentation are available here: <<https://apexcharts.com/>>.

**License** MIT + file LICENSE

**Encoding** UTF-8

**LazyData** true

**ByteCompile** true

**Depends** R (>= 2.10)

**Imports** htmlwidgets, magrittr, rlang, ggplot2, jsonlite, shiny (>= 1.1.0)

**Suggests** testthat, dplyr, knitr, scales, rmarkdown

**RoxygenNote** 7.1.1

**URL** <https://github.com/dreamRs/apexcharter>,  
<https://dreamrs.github.io/apexcharter/>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/dreamRs/apexcharter/issues>

**VignetteBuilder** knitr

**NeedsCompilation** no

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**Repository** CRAN

**Date/Publication** 2020-09-09 14:50:07 UTC

**R topics documented:**

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apexcharter-package	<i>An htmlwidget interface to the ApexCharts javascript chart library</i>
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**Description**

This package allow you to use ApexCharts.js (<https://apexcharts.com/>), to create interactive and modern SVG charts.

**Author(s)**

Victor Perrier (@dreamRs\_fr)

---

add-line	<i>Add a line to a chart</i>
----------	------------------------------

---

**Description**

On bar and scatter cherts add a line, on scatter charts add a smooth line.

**Usage**

```

add_line(
  ax,
  mapping,
  data = NULL,
  type = c("line", "spline"),
  serie_name = NULL
)

add_smooth_line(
  ax,
  formula = y ~ x,
  model = c("lm", "loess"),
  n = 100,
  ...,
  type = c("line", "spline"),
  serie_name = NULL
)

```

**Arguments**

<code>ax</code>	An <a href="#">apex</a> <code>htmlwidget</code> object.
<code>mapping</code>	Default list of aesthetic mappings to use for chart.
<code>data</code>	A <code>data.frame</code> to use to add a line, if <code>NULL</code> (default), the <code>data.frame</code> provided in <code>apex()</code> will be used.
<code>type</code>	Type of line.
<code>serie_name</code>	Name for the serie displayed in tooltip and legend.
<code>formula</code>	Formula passed to the method, default to <code>y ~ x</code> from main aesthetics.
<code>model</code>	Model to use between <a href="#">lm</a> or <a href="#">loess</a> .
<code>n</code>	Number of points used for predictions.
<code>...</code>	Arguments passed to <code>model</code> .

**Value**

A `apexcharts` `htmlwidget` object.

**Examples**

```

library(apexcharter)

# Bar ----

data("climate_paris")

# Add a line on a column's chart
apex(climate_paris, aes(month, precipitation), type = "column") %>%

```

```
add_line(aes(month, temperature))

# Add secondary axis
apex(climate_paris, aes(month, precipitation), type = "column") %>%
  add_line(aes(month, temperature)) %>%
  ax_yaxis(
    title = list(text = "Precipitation (in mm)")
  ) %>%
  ax_yaxis2(
    opposite = TRUE,
    decimalsInFloat = 0,
    title = list(text = "Temperature (in degree celsius)")
  ) %>%
  ax_dataLabels(
    enabled = TRUE, enabledOnSeries = list(1)
  )

# Scatter ----

# add smooth line on scatter plot
apex(cars, aes(speed, dist), type = "scatter") %>%
  add_line(aes(x, y), data = lowess(cars), serie_name = "lowess")

# or directly
apex(cars, aes(speed, dist), type = "scatter") %>%
  add_smooth_line()

apex(cars, aes(speed, dist), type = "scatter") %>%
  add_smooth_line(model = "loess", span = 1)

apex(cars, aes(speed, dist), type = "scatter") %>%
  add_smooth_line(model = "loess", degree = 1)

apex(cars, aes(speed, dist), type = "scatter") %>%
  add_smooth_line(formula = y ~ poly(x, 2))

apex(cars, aes(speed, dist), type = "scatter") %>%
  add_smooth_line(model = "lm", serie_name = "lm") %>%
  add_smooth_line(model = "loess", serie_name = "loess")
```

## Description

`add_shade()` allow to add a shaded area on specified range, `add_shade_weekend()` add a shadow on every week-end.

## Usage

```
add_shade(ax, from, to, color = "#848484", opacity = 0.2, label = NULL, ...)
```

```
add_shade_weekend(ax, color = "#848484", opacity = 0.2, label = NULL, ...)
```

## Arguments

<code>ax</code>	An apexcharts htmlwidget object.
<code>from</code>	Vector of position to start shadow.
<code>to</code>	Vector of position to end shadow.
<code>color</code>	Color of the shadow.
<code>opacity</code>	Opacity of the shadow.
<code>label</code>	Add a label to the shade, use a character or see <a href="#">label</a> for more controls.
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments, see <a href="https://apexcharts.com/docs/options/annotations/">https://apexcharts.com/docs/options/annotations/</a> for possible options.

## Value

An apexcharts htmlwidget object.

## Note

`add_shade_weekend` only works if variable used for x-axis is of class `Date` or `POSIXt`.

## Examples

```
library(apexcharter)
data("consumption")

# specify from and to date
apex(consumption, aes(date, value, group = type), "spline") %>%
  add_shade(from = "2020-01-06", to = "2020-01-20")

# you can add several shadows
apex(consumption, aes(date, value, group = type), "spline") %>%
  add_shade(from = "2020-01-06", to = "2020-01-20") %>%
  add_shade(from = "2020-02-04", to = "2020-02-10")

# or use a vector
apex(consumption, aes(date, value, group = type), "spline") %>%
  add_shade(
    from = c("2020-01-06", "2020-02-04"),
    to = c("2020-01-20", "2020-02-10")
  )
```

```

    )

# Add a label
apex(consumption, aes(date, value, group = type), "spline") %>%
  add_shade(
    from = "2020-01-06", to = "2020-01-20",
    label = "interesting period"
  )

# add label with more options
apex(consumption, aes(date, value, group = type), "spline") %>%
  add_shade(
    from = "2020-01-06", to = "2020-01-20",
    color = "firebrick",
    label = label(
      text = "something happened",
      background = "firebrick",
      color = "white",
      fontWeight = "bold",
      padding = c(3, 5, 3, 5)
    )
  )

# automatically add shadow on week-ends
apex(consumption, aes(date, value, group = type), "spline") %>%
  add_shade_weekend()

```

---

add-vh-lines

---

*Add horizontal or vertical line*


---

## Description

Add horizontal or vertical line

## Usage

```
add_hline(ax, value, color = "#000", dash = 0, label = NULL, ...)
```

```
add_vline(ax, value, color = "#000", dash = 0, label = NULL, ...)
```

## Arguments

ax	An apexcharts htmlwidget object.
value	Vector of position for the line(s).

color	Color(s) of the line(s).
dash	Creates dashes in borders of SVG path. A higher number creates more space between dashes in the border. Use 0 for plain line.
label	Add a label to the shade, use a character or see <a href="#">label</a> for more controls.
...	Additional arguments, see <a href="https://apexcharts.com/docs/options/annotations/">https://apexcharts.com/docs/options/annotations/</a> for possible options.

## Value

An apexcharts htmlwidget object.

## Examples

```
library(apexcharter)

# On a column chart
apex(
  data = table(unhcr_popstats_2017$continent_residence),
  aes(Var1, Freq),
  "column"
) %>%
  add_hline(value = 2100)

# On a scatter chart
apex(
  data = iris,
  aes(Sepal.Length, Sepal.Width),
  "scatter"
) %>%
  add_hline(value = mean(iris$Sepal.Width)) %>%
  add_vline(value = mean(iris$Sepal.Length))

# With labels
apex(
  data = iris,
  aes(Sepal.Length, Sepal.Width),
  "scatter"
) %>%
  add_hline(
    value = mean(iris$Sepal.Width),
    label = "Mean of Sepal.Width"
  ) %>%
  add_vline(
    value = mean(iris$Sepal.Length),
    label = "Mean of Sepal.Length"
  )
```

---

add_event	<i>Add an event to a chart</i>
-----------	--------------------------------

---

## Description

Add a vertical line to mark a special event on a chart.

## Usage

```
add_event(ax, when, color = "#E41A1C", dash = 4, label = NULL, ...)
```

## Arguments

ax	An apexcharts htmlwidget object.
when	Vector of position to place the event.
color	Color of the line.
dash	Creates dashes in borders of SVG path. A higher number creates more space between dashes in the border. Use 0 for plain line.
label	Add a label to the shade, use a character or see <a href="#">label</a> for more controls.
...	Additional arguments, see <a href="https://apexcharts.com/docs/options/annotations/">https://apexcharts.com/docs/options/annotations/</a> for possible options.

## Value

An apexcharts htmlwidget object.

## Examples

```
library(apexcharter)
data("consumption")

# specify from and to date
apex(consumption, aes(date, value, group = type), "spline") %>%
  add_event(when = "2020-01-11")

# several events
apex(consumption, aes(date, value, group = type), "spline") %>%
  add_event(when = c("2020-01-11", "2020-01-29"))

# Add labels on events
apex(consumption, aes(date, value, group = type), "spline") %>%
  add_event(
    when = c("2020-01-11", "2020-01-29"),
    label = label(text = c("Am", "Ar"))
  )

# can be combined with shade
```

```
apex(consumption, aes(date, value, group = type), "spline") %>%
  add_shade(from = "2020-01-06", to = "2020-01-20")%>%
  add_event(when = c("2020-01-11", "2020-01-29"))
```

---

add_event_marker	<i>Add an event marker to a chart</i>
------------------	---------------------------------------

---

## Description

Add an event marker to a chart

## Usage

```
add_event_marker(
  ax,
  when,
  y,
  size = 5,
  color = "#000",
  fill = "#FFF",
  width = 2,
  shape = "circle",
  radius = 2,
  label = NULL,
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

ax	An apexcharts htmlwidget object.
when	Vector of position to place the event.
y	Coordinate(s) on the y-axis.
size	Size of the marker.
color	Stroke Color of the marker point.
fill	Fill Color of the marker point.
width	Stroke Size of the marker point.
shape	Shape of the marker: "circle" or "square".
radius	Radius of the marker (applies to square shape).
label	Add a label to the shade, use a character or see <a href="#">label</a> for more controls.
...	Additional arguments, see <a href="https://apexcharts.com/docs/options/annotations/">https://apexcharts.com/docs/options/annotations/</a> for possible options.

## Value

An apexcharts htmlwidget object.

**Examples**

```

library(apexcharter)
data("consumption")

# add a marker
apex(consumption, aes(date, value, group = type), "spline") %>%
  add_event_marker(when = "2020-01-22", y = 1805)

# with a label
apex(consumption, aes(date, value, group = type), "spline") %>%
  add_event_marker(when = "2020-01-22", y = 1805, label = "Consumption peak")

# add several markers
apex(consumption, aes(date, value, group = type), "spline") %>%
  add_event_marker(
    when = c("2020-01-02", "2020-01-06", "2020-01-13",
            "2020-01-22", "2020-01-28", "2020-02-06",
            "2020-02-13", "2020-02-19", "2020-02-27"),
    y = c(1545, 1659, 1614,
          1805, 1637, 1636,
          1597, 1547, 1631),
    size = 10,
    color = "firebrick"
  )

```

---

add\_point

---

Add an annotation point

---

**Description**

Add an annotation point

**Usage**

```

add_point(
  ax,
  x,
  y,
  size = 5,
  color = "#000",
  fill = "#FFF",
  width = 2,
  shape = "circle",
  radius = 2,
  label = NULL,
  ...
)

```

**Arguments**

ax	An apexcharts htmlwidget object.
x	Coordinate(s) on the x-axis.
y	Coordinate(s) on the y-axis.
size	Size of the marker.
color	Stroke Color of the marker point.
fill	Fill Color of the marker point.
width	Stroke Size of the marker point.
shape	Shape of the marker: "circle" or "square".
radius	Radius of the marker (applies to square shape).
label	Add a label to the shade, use a character or see <a href="#">label</a> for more controls.
...	Additional arguments, see <a href="https://apexcharts.com/docs/options/annotations/">https://apexcharts.com/docs/options/annotations/</a> for possible options.

**Value**

An apexcharts htmlwidget object.

**Examples**

```
library(apexcharter)

# On scatter chart
apex(
  data = iris,
  aes(Sepal.Length, Sepal.Width),
  "scatter"
) %>%
  add_point(
    x = mean(iris$Sepal.Length),
    y = mean(iris$Sepal.Width)
  )

# Some options
apex(
  data = iris,
  aes(Sepal.Length, Sepal.Width),
  "scatter"
) %>%
  add_point(
    x = mean(iris$Sepal.Length),
    y = mean(iris$Sepal.Width),
    fill = "firebrick",
    color = "firebrick",
    size = 8,
    label = label(text = "Mean", offsetY = 0)
  )
```

```
# Several points
clusters <- kmeans(iris[, 1:2], 3)
apex(
  data = iris,
  aes(Sepal.Length, Sepal.Width),
  "scatter"
) %>%
  add_point(
    x = clusters$centers[, 1],
    y = clusters$centers[, 2]
  )
```

---

apex

*Quick ApexChart*

---

## Description

Initialize a chart with three main parameters : data, mapping and type of chart.

## Usage

```
apex(
  data,
  mapping,
  type = "column",
  ...,
  auto_update = TRUE,
  synchronize = NULL,
  serie_name = NULL,
  width = NULL,
  height = NULL,
  elementId = NULL
)
```

## Arguments

<code>data</code>	Default dataset to use for chart. If not already a <code>data.frame</code> , it will be coerced to with <code>as.data.frame</code> .
<code>mapping</code>	Default list of aesthetic mappings to use for chart
<code>type</code>	Specify the chart type. Available options: "column", "bar", "line", "step", "spline", "area", "area-step", "area-spline", "pie", "donut", "radialBar", "radar", "scatter", "heatmap", "timeline".
<code>...</code>	Other arguments passed on to methods. Not currently used.
<code>auto_update</code>	In Shiny application, update existing chart rather than generating new one. Can be TRUE/FALSE or use <a href="#">config_update</a> for more control.
<code>synchronize</code>	Give a common id to charts to synchronize them (tooltip and zoom).
<code>serie_name</code>	Name for the serie displayed in tooltip, only used for single serie.
<code>width</code>	A numeric input in pixels.
<code>height</code>	A numeric input in pixels.
<code>elementId</code>	Use an explicit element ID for the widget.

## Value

A `apexcharts` `htmlwidget` object.

## Examples

```
library(ggplot2)
library(dplyr)
library(apexcharter)

# make a barchart with a frequency table
data("mpg", package = "ggplot2")
apex(
  data = count(mpg, manufacturer),
  mapping = aes(x = manufacturer, y = n),
  type = "bar"
)

# timeseries
data("economics", package = "ggplot2")
apex(
  data = economics,
  mapping = aes(x = date, y = uempmed),
  type = "line"
)

# you can add option to apex result :
apex(
  data = economics,
  mapping = aes(x = date, y = uempmed),
  type = "line"
) %>%
```

```
ax_stroke(width = 1)

# with group variable
data("economics_long", package = "ggplot2")
apex(
  data = economics_long,
  mapping = aes(x = date, y = value01, group = variable),
  type = "line"
)
```

---

**apexchart***Create an apexcharts.js widget*

---

## Description

Create an apexcharts.js widget

## Usage

```
apexchart(
  ax_opts = list(),
  auto_update = TRUE,
  width = NULL,
  height = NULL,
  elementId = NULL
)
```

## Arguments

<code>ax_opts</code>	A list in JSON format with chart parameters.
<code>auto_update</code>	In Shiny application, update existing chart rather than generating new one. Can be TRUE/FALSE or use <a href="#">config_update</a> for more control.
<code>width</code>	A numeric input in pixels.
<code>height</code>	A numeric input in pixels.
<code>elementId</code>	Use an explicit element ID for the widget.

## Value

A apexcharts htmlwidget object.

## Examples

```
library(apexcharter)

# Use raw API by passing a list of
# parameters to the function

apexchart(ax_opts = list(
  chart = list(
    type = "bar"
  ),
  series = list(list(
    name = "Example",
    data = sample(1:100, 5)
  )),
  xaxis = list(
    categories = LETTERS[1:5]
  )
))

# Or use apexchart() to initialize the chart
# before passing parameters

apexchart() %>%
  ax_chart(type = "bar") %>%
  ax_series(
    list(
      name = "Example",
      data = sample(1:100, 5)
    )
  ) %>%
  ax_xaxis(
    categories = LETTERS[1:5]
  )
```

---

apexcharter-exports     *apexcharter exported operators and S3 methods*

---

## Description

The following functions are imported and then re-exported from the apexcharter package to avoid listing the magrittr as Depends of apexcharter

## Description

Output and render functions for using apexcharter within Shiny applications and interactive Rmd documents.

## Usage

```
apexchartOutput(outputId, width = "100%", height = "400px")

renderApexchart(expr, env = parent.frame(), quoted = FALSE)

sparkBoxOutput(outputId, width = "100%", height = "160px")

renderSparkBox(expr, env = parent.frame(), quoted = FALSE)
```

## Arguments

outputId	output variable to read from
width, height	Must be a valid CSS unit (like '100%', '400px', 'auto') or a number, which will be coerced to a string and have 'px' appended.
expr	An expression that generates a apexcharter
env	The environment in which to evaluate expr.
quoted	Is expr a quoted expression (with quote())? This is useful if you want to save an expression in a variable.

## Value

An Apexchart output that can be included in the application UI.

## Examples

```
if (interactive()) {
  library(shiny)
  library(apexcharter)

  ui <- fluidPage(
    fluidRow(
      column(
        width = 8, offset = 2,
        tags$h2("Apexchart in Shiny"),
        actionButton("redraw", "Redraw chart"),
        apexchartOutput("chart")
      )
    )
  )
}
```

```

)

server <- function(input, output, session) {

  output$chart <- renderApexchart({
    input$redraw
    apexchart() %>%
      ax_chart(type = "bar") %>%
      ax_series(
        list(
          name = "Example",
          data = sample(1:100, 5)
        )
      ) %>%
      ax_xaxis(
        categories = LETTERS[1:5]
      )
  })

}

shinyApp(ui, server)
}

```

---

apexchartProxy

*Proxy for apexchart*


---

## Description

Allow to update a chart in Shiny application.

## Usage

```
apexchartProxy(shinyId, session = shiny::getDefaultReactiveDomain())
```

## Arguments

shinyId	single-element character vector indicating the output ID of the chart to modify (if invoked from a Shiny module, the namespace will be added automatically)
session	the Shiny session object to which the chart belongs; usually the default value will suffice

---

**ax-series***Add data to a chart*

---

**Description**

Add data to a chart

**Usage**

```
ax_series(ax, ...)
```

```
ax_series2(ax, l)
```

**Arguments**

<code>ax</code>	A apexcharts htmlwidget object.
<code>...</code>	Lists containing data to plot, typically list with two items: name and data.
<code>l</code>	A list.

**Value**

A apexcharts htmlwidget object.

**Examples**

```
# One serie
apexchart() %>%
  ax_series(list(
    name = "rnorm",
    data = rnorm(10)
  ))

# Two series
apexchart() %>%
  ax_series(
    list(
      name = "rnorm 1",
      data = rnorm(10)
    ),
    list(
      name = "rnorm 2",
      data = rnorm(10)
    )
  )
```



```

    yaxis = list(list(
      y = 11.897,
      borderColor = "firebrick",
      opacity = 1,
      label = list(
        text = "Mean uempmed",
        position = "left",
        textAnchor = "start"
      )
    ))
  )

# Vertical line
apex(
  data = tail(economics, 200),
  mapping = aes(x = date, y = uempmed),
  type = "line"
) %>%
  ax_annotations(
    xaxis = list(list(
      x = htmlwidgets::JS("new Date('1 Mar 2007').getTime()"),
      strokeDashArray = 0,
      borderColor = "#775DD0",
      label = list(
        text = "A label",
        borderColor = "#775DD0",
        style = list(
          color = "#fff",
          background = "#775DD0"
        )
      )
    ))
  )

# Vertical range
apex(
  data = tail(economics, 200),
  mapping = aes(x = date, y = uempmed),
  type = "line"
) %>%
  ax_annotations(
    xaxis = list(list(
      x = htmlwidgets::JS("new Date('1 Jan 2009').getTime()"),
      x2 = htmlwidgets::JS("new Date('1 Feb 2010').getTime()"),
      fillColor = "#B3F7CA",
      opacity = 0.4,
      label = list(
        text = "A label",
        borderColor = "#B3F7CA",
        style = list(
          color = "#fff",

```

```

        background = "#B3F7CA"
    )
}
))
)

# Point annotation
apex(
  data = tail(economics, 200),
  mapping = aes(x = date, y = uempmed),
  type = "line"
) %>%
  ax_annotations(
    points = list(list(
      x = htmlwidgets::JS("new Date('1 Jun 2010').getTime()"),
      y = 25.2,
      marker = list(
        size = 8,
        fillColor = "#fff",
        strokeColor = "red",
        radius = 2
      ),
      label = list(
        text = "Highest",
        offsetY = 0,
        borderColor = "#FF4560",
        style = list(
          color = "#fff",
          background = "#FF4560"
        )
      )
    ))
  )
)

```

---

ax\_chart

*Chart parameters*


---

## Description

Chart parameters

## Usage

```

ax_chart(
  ax,
  type = NULL,
  stacked = NULL,
  stackType = NULL,
  defaultLocale = NULL,

```

```

    locales = NULL,
    animations = NULL,
    background = NULL,
    foreColor = NULL,
    dropShadow = NULL,
    events = NULL,
    offsetX = NULL,
    offsetY = NULL,
    selection = NULL,
    sparkline = NULL,
    toolbar = NULL,
    zoom = NULL,
    width = NULL,
    height = NULL,
    ...
)

```

## Arguments

ax	A apexcharts htmlwidget object.
type	Specify the chart type. Available Options: "bar", "column", "line", "pie", "donut", "radialBar", "scatter", "bubble", "heatmap".
stacked	Logical. Enables stacked option for axis charts.
stackType	When stacked, should the stacking be percentage based or normal stacking. Available options: "normal" or "100%".
defaultLocale	Locale to use : "ca", "cs", "de", "el", "en", "es", "fi", "fr", "he", "hi", "hr", "hy", "id", "it", "ko", "lt", "nb", "nl", "pl", "pt-br", "pt", "ru", "se", "sk", "sl", "th", "tr", "ua".
locales	Array of custom locales parameters.
animations	A list of parameters.
background	Background color for the chart area. If you want to set background with css, use .apexcharts-canvas to set it.
foreColor	Sets the text color for the chart. Defaults to #373d3f.
dropShadow	A list of parameters. See <a href="https://apexcharts.com/docs/options/chart/dropshadow/">https://apexcharts.com/docs/options/chart/dropshadow/</a> .
events	See <a href="#">events_opts</a> .
offsetX	Sets the left offset for chart.
offsetY	Sets the top offset for chart.
selection	A list of parameters.
sparkline	List. Sparkline hides all the elements of the charts other than the primary paths. Helps to visualize data in small areas. .
toolbar	A list of parameters. See <a href="https://apexcharts.com/docs/options/chart/toolbar/">https://apexcharts.com/docs/options/chart/toolbar/</a> .

zoom	A list of parameters. See <a href="https://apexcharts.com/docs/options/chart/zoom/">https://apexcharts.com/docs/options/chart/zoom/</a> .
width	Width of the chart.
height	Height of the chart.
...	Additional parameters.

## Value

A apexcharts htmlwidget object.

## Examples

```
library(dplyr)
data("diamonds", package = "ggplot2")

## Stack bar type
# default is dodge
apex(
  data = count(diamonds, cut, color),
  mapping = aes(x = cut, y = n, fill = color)
)

# stack
apex(
  data = count(diamonds, cut, color),
  mapping = aes(x = cut, y = n, fill = color)
) %>%
  ax_chart(stacked = TRUE)

# stack filled
apex(
  data = count(diamonds, cut, color),
  mapping = aes(x = cut, y = n, fill = color)
) %>%
  ax_chart(stacked = TRUE, stackType = "100%")

# Toolbar -----

# Hide the toolbar
apex(
  data = count(diamonds, cut, color),
  mapping = aes(x = cut, y = n, fill = color)
) %>%
  ax_chart(toolbar = list(show = FALSE))

# Hide download buttons
data("economics", package = "ggplot2")
apex(
```

```

    data = economics,
    mapping = aes(x = date, y = pce),
    type = "line"
) %>%
  ax_chart(
    toolbar = list(tools= list(download = FALSE))
  )

```

```

# Zoom -----

```

```

# Disable
apex(
  data = economics,
  mapping = aes(x = date, y = pce),
  type = "line"
) %>%
  ax_chart(
    zoom = list(enabled = FALSE)
  )

```

```

# Auto-scale Y axis

```

```

apex(
  data = economics,
  mapping = aes(x = date, y = pce),
  type = "line"
) %>%
  ax_chart(
    zoom = list(autoScaleYaxis = TRUE)
  )

```

```

# Localization -----

```

```

# Use included localization config

```

```

dat <- data.frame(
  x = Sys.Date() + 1:20,
  y = sample.int(20, 20)
)

```

```

# French

```

```

apex(dat, aes(x, y), "line") %>%
  ax_chart(defaultLocale = "fr")

```

```

# Italian

```

```

apex(dat, aes(x, y), "line") %>%
  ax_chart(defaultLocale = "it")

```

```

# Custom config

```

```

apex(dat, aes(x, y), "line") %>%
  ax_chart(locales = list(
    list(
      name = "en", # override 'en' locale
      options = list(
        toolbar = list(
          exportToSVG = "GET SVG",
          exportToPNG = "GET PNG"
        )
      )
    )
  ))

```

---

ax\_colors

*Colors*


---

## Description

Colors

## Usage

```
ax_colors(ax, ...)
```

## Arguments

ax	A apexcharts htmlwidget object.
...	Colors for the chart's series. When all colors are used, it starts from the beginning.

## Value

A apexcharts htmlwidget object.

## Note

See <https://apexcharts.com/docs/options/colors/>

## Examples

```

library(dplyr)
data("diamonds", package = "ggplot2")

# Change default color(s)
apex(
  data = count(diamonds, cut),
  mapping = aes(x = cut, y = n)

```

```

) %>%
  ax_colors("#F7D358")

library(scales)
apex(
  data = count(diamonds, cut, color),
  mapping = aes(x = cut, y = n, fill = color)
) %>%
  ax_colors(brewer_pal(palette = "Set2")(7))

```

ax\_dataLabels

*Labels on data*

## Description

Labels on data

## Usage

```

ax_dataLabels(
  ax,
  enabled = NULL,
  textAnchor = NULL,
  offsetX = NULL,
  offsetY = NULL,
  style = NULL,
  dropShadow = NULL,
  formatter = NULL,
  ...
)

```

## Arguments

ax	A apexcharts htmlwidget object.
enabled	To determine whether to show dataLabels or not.
textAnchor	The alignment of text relative to dataLabel's drawing position. Accepted values "start", "middle" or "end".
offsetX	Sets the left offset for dataLabels.
offsetY	Sets the top offset for dataLabels.
style	A list of parameters.
dropShadow	A list of parameters.
formatter	The formatter function takes in a single value and allows you to format the value before displaying
...	Additional parameters.

**Value**

A apexcharts htmlwidget object.

**Note**

See <https://apexcharts.com/docs/options/datalabels/>

**Examples**

```
library(dplyr)
data("diamonds", package = "ggplot2")

# Add data labels
apex(
  data = count(diamonds, cut),
  mapping = aes(x = cut, y = n)
) %>%
  ax_dataLabels(enabled = TRUE)
```

---

ax\_fill

*Fill property*


---

**Description**

Fill property

**Usage**

```
ax_fill(
  ax,
  type = NULL,
  colors = NULL,
  opacity = NULL,
  gradient = NULL,
  image = NULL,
  pattern = NULL,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

ax	A apexcharts htmlwidget object.
type	Whether to fill the paths with solid colors or gradient. Available options: "solid", "gradient", "pattern" or "image".
colors	Colors to fill the svg paths..
opacity	Opacity of the fill attribute.
gradient	A list of parameters.

image	A list of parameters.
pattern	A list of parameters.
...	Additional parameters.

**Value**

A apexcharts htmlwidget object.

**Note**

See <https://apexcharts.com/docs/options/fill/>

**Examples**

```
library(dplyr)
data("diamonds", package = "ggplot2")

# Use a pattern to fill bars
apex(
  data = count(diamonds, cut, color),
  mapping = aes(x = color, y = n, fill = cut)
) %>%
  ax_fill(
    type = "pattern",
    opacity = 1,
    pattern = list(
      style = c("circles", "slantedLines", "verticalLines", "horizontalLines", "squares")
    )
  )

data("economics", package = "ggplot2")

# Customise gradient
apex(
  data = economics,
  mapping = aes(x = date, y = psavert),
  type = "area"
) %>%
  ax_fill(gradient = list(
    enabled = TRUE,
    shadeIntensity = 1,
    inverseColors = FALSE,
    opacityFrom = 0,
    opacityTo = 1,
    stops = c(0, 2000)
  ))
```

ax\_grid

*Add grids on chart***Description**

Add grids on chart

**Usage**

```

ax_grid(
  ax,
  show = NULL,
  borderColor = NULL,
  strokeDashArray = NULL,
  position = NULL,
  xaxis = NULL,
  yaxis = NULL,
  row = NULL,
  column = NULL,
  padding = NULL,
  ...
)

```

**Arguments**

ax	A apexcharts htmlwidget object.
show	Logical. To show or hide grid area (including xaxis / yaxis)
borderColor	Colors of grid borders / lines.
strokeDashArray	Creates dashes in borders of svg path. Higher number creates more space between dashes in the border.
position	Whether to place grid behind chart paths or in front. Available options for position: "front" or "back"
xaxis	A list of parameters.
yaxis	A list of parameters.
row	A list of parameters.
column	A list of parameters.
padding	A list of parameters.
...	Additional parameters.

**Value**

A apexcharts htmlwidget object.

**Note**

See <https://apexcharts.com/docs/options/grid/>

**Examples**

```
library(dplyr)
data("mpg", package = "ggplot2")

# Hide Y-axis and gridlines
apex(
  data = count(mpg, manufacturer),
  mapping = aes(x = manufacturer, y = n)
) %>%
  ax_grid(show = FALSE)

# just grid lines
apex(
  data = count(mpg, manufacturer),
  mapping = aes(x = manufacturer, y = n)
) %>%
  ax_grid(yaxis = list(lines = list(show = FALSE)))

# both x & y
data("economics", package = "ggplot2")
apex(
  data = economics,
  mapping = aes(x = date, y = psavert),
  type = "line"
) %>%
  ax_grid(
    yaxis = list(lines = list(show = TRUE)),
    xaxis = list(lines = list(show = TRUE))
  )
```

---

ax\_labels

*Alternative axis labels*


---

**Description**

Alternative axis labels

**Usage**

```
ax_labels(ax, ...)
```

```
ax_labels2(ax, labels)
```

Arguments

ax	A apexcharts htmlwidget object.
...	Vector. In Axis Charts (line / column), labels can be set instead of setting xaxis categories option. While, in pie/donut charts, each label corresponds to value in series array.
labels	A vector to use as labels.

Value

A apexcharts htmlwidget object.

Note

See <https://apexcharts.com/docs/options/labels/>

Examples

```
apexchart() %>%
  ax_chart(type = "pie") %>%
  ax_series(23, 45, 56) %>%
  ax_labels("A", "B", "C")

# same as
apexchart() %>%
  ax_chart(type = "pie") %>%
  ax_series2(c(23, 45, 56)) %>%
  ax_labels2(c("A", "B", "C"))
```

---

ax_labs	<i>Modify axis, legend, and chart labels</i>
---------	--

---

Description

Modify axis, legend, and chart labels

Usage

```
ax_labs(ax, title = NULL, subtitle = NULL, x = NULL, y = NULL)
```

Arguments

ax	A apexcharts htmlwidget object.
title	Text for the title.
subtitle	Text for the subtitle.
x	Text for the x-axis label.
y	Text for the y-axis label.

**Examples**

```
meteo_paris <- data.frame(
  month = month.name,
  tmax = c(7, 8, 12, 15, 19, 23, 25, 25, 21, 16, 11, 8),
  tmin = c(3, 3, 5, 7, 11, 14, 16, 16, 13, 10, 6, 3)
)

apex(meteo_paris, type = "column", aes(x = month, y = tmin)) %>%
  ax_labs(
    title = "Average minimal temperature in Paris",
    subtitle = "Data from NOAA",
    x = "Month",
    y = "Temperature (\u00b0C)"
  )
```

ax\_legend

*Legend properties***Description**

Legend properties

**Usage**

```
ax_legend(
  ax,
  show = NULL,
  position = NULL,
  showForSingleSeries = NULL,
  showForNullSeries = NULL,
  showForZeroSeries = NULL,
  horizontalAlign = NULL,
  fontSize = NULL,
  textAnchor = NULL,
  offsetY = NULL,
  offsetX = NULL,
  formatter = NULL,
  labels = NULL,
  markers = NULL,
  itemMargin = NULL,
  containerMargin = NULL,
  onItemClick = NULL,
  onItemClick = NULL,
  floating = NULL,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

ax	A apexcharts htmlwidget object.
show	Logical. Whether to show or hide the legend container.
position	Available position options for legend: "top", "right", "bottom", "left".
showForSingleSeries	Show legend even if there is just 1 series.
showForNullSeries	Allows you to hide a particular legend if it's series contains all null values.
showForZeroSeries	Allows you to hide a particular legend if it's series contains all 0 values.
horizontalAlign	Available options for horizontal alignment: "right", "center", "left".
fontSize	Sets the fontSize of legend text elements
textAnchor	The alignment of text relative to legend's drawing position
offsetY	Sets the top offset for legend container.
offsetX	Sets the left offset for legend container.
formatter	JS function. A custom formatter function to append additional text to the legend series names.
labels	List with two items "foreColor" (Custom text color for legend labels) and "useSeriesColors" (Logical, whether to use primary colors or not)
markers	List.
itemMargin	List with two items "horizontal" (Horizontal margin for individual legend item) and "vertical" (Vertical margin for individual legend item).
containerMargin	List with two items "top" (Top margin for the whole legend container) and "left" (Left margin for the whole legend container).
onItemClick	List with item "toggleDataSeries", logical, when clicked on legend item, it will toggle the visibility of the series in chart.
onItemHover	List with item "highlightDataSeries", logical, when hovered on legend item, it will highlight the paths of the hovered series in chart.
floating	Logical. The floating option will take out the legend from the chart area and make it float above the chart.
...	Additional parameters.

**Value**

A apexcharts htmlwidget object.

**Note**

See <https://apexcharts.com/docs/options/legend/>

**Examples**

```
library(dplyr)
data("mpg", package = "ggplot2")

# Legend position
apex(
  data = count(mpg, manufacturer, year),
  mapping = aes(x = manufacturer, y = n, fill = year)
) %>%
  ax_legend(position = "right")

# hide legend
apex(
  data = count(mpg, manufacturer, year),
  mapping = aes(x = manufacturer, y = n, fill = year)
) %>%
  ax_legend(show = FALSE)
```

---

ax\_markers

*Markers properties*


---

**Description**

Markers properties

**Usage**

```
ax_markers(
  ax,
  size = NULL,
  colors = NULL,
  strokeColor = NULL,
  strokeWidth = NULL,
  strokeOpacity = NULL,
  fillOpacity = NULL,
  shape = NULL,
  radius = NULL,
  offsetX = NULL,
  offsetY = NULL,
  hover = NULL,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

ax	A apexcharts htmlwidget object.
size	Numeric. Size of the marker point.

colors	Sets the fill color(s) of the marker point.
strokeColor	Stroke Color of the marker.
strokeWidth	Stroke Size of the marker.
strokeOpacity	Opacity of the border around marker.
fillOpacity	Opacity of the marker fill color.
shape	Shape of the marker. Available Options for shape: "square" or "circle".
radius	Numeric. Radius of the marker (applies to square shape)
offsetX	Numeric. Sets the left offset of the marker.
offsetY	Numeric. Sets the top offset of the marker.
hover	List with item size (Size of the marker when it is active).
...	Additional parameters.

**Value**

A apexcharts htmlwidget object.

**Note**

See <https://apexcharts.com/docs/options/markers/>

**Examples**

```
data("economics", package = "ggplot2")

# show points
apex(
  data = tail(economics, 20),
  type = "line",
  mapping = aes(x = date, y = uempmed)
) %>%
  ax_markers(size = 6)
```

---

ax\_nodata

---

*Configuration for charts with no data*


---

**Description**

Configuration for charts with no data

**Usage**

```
ax_nodata(
  ax,
  text = "No data",
  align = "center",
  verticalAlign = "middle",
  color = NULL,
  fontSize = NULL,
  fontFamily = NULL,
  offsetX = NULL,
  offsetY = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

ax	An apexcharts htmlwidget object.
text	The text to display when no-data is available.
align	Horizontal alignment: "left", "center" or "right".
verticalAlign	Vertical alignment: "top", "middle" or "bottom".
color	ForeColor of the text.
fontSize	FontSize of the text.
fontFamily	FontFamily of the text.
offsetX, offsetY	Text offset.

**Value**

An apexcharts htmlwidget object.

**Examples**

```
empty <- data.frame(
  var1 = character(0),
  var2 = numeric(0)
)
apex(empty, aes(var1, var2), "column") %>%
  ax_nodata(
    text = "Sorry no data to visualize",
    fontSize = "30px"
  )
```

---

ax_plotOptions	<i>Specific options for chart</i>
----------------	-----------------------------------

---

**Description**

Specific options for chart

**Usage**

```
ax_plotOptions(
  ax,
  bar = NULL,
  heatmap = NULL,
  radialBar = NULL,
  pie = NULL,
  bubble = NULL,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

ax	A apexcharts htmlwidget object.
bar	See <a href="#">bar_opts</a> .
heatmap	See <a href="#">heatmap_opts</a> .
radialBar	See <a href="#">radialBar_opts</a> .
pie	See <a href="#">pie_opts</a> .
bubble	See <a href="#">bubble_opts</a> .
...	Additional parameters.

**Value**

A apexcharts htmlwidget object.

**Examples**

```
library(dplyr)
data("diamonds", package = "ggplot2")

# Stack bar type
apex(
  data = count(diamonds, cut),
  mapping = aes(x = cut, y = n)
) %>%
  ax_plotOptions(
    bar = bar_opts(endingShape = "rounded", columnWidth = "10%")
  )
```

```

# Pie
apex(
  data = count(diamonds, cut),
  mapping = aes(x = cut, y = n),
  type = "pie"
) %>%
  ax_plotOptions(
    pie = pie_opts(customScale = 0.5)
  )

# Radial
apexchart() %>%
  ax_chart(type = "radialBar") %>%
  ax_plotOptions(
    radialBar = radialBar_opts(
      hollow = list(size = "70%")
    )
  ) %>%
  ax_series(70) %>%
  ax_labels("Indicator")

```

---

ax_proxy_options	<i>Proxy for updating options</i>
------------------	-----------------------------------

---

## Description

Allows you to update the configuration object.

## Usage

```
ax_proxy_options(proxy, options)
```

## Arguments

proxy	A apexchartProxy htmlwidget object.
options	New options to set.

## Examples

```

if (interactive()) {
  library(shiny)

  ui <- fluidPage(
    fluidRow(
      column(
        width = 8, offset = 2,
        tags$h2("Update options"),

```

```

    apexchartOutput(outputId = "chart"),
    checkboxInput(
      inputId = "show_label_xaxis",
      label = "Show x-axis labels"
    ),
    textInput(
      inputId = "yaxis_title",
      label = "Y-axis title"
    )
  )
)
)
server <- function(input, output, session) {

  output$chart <- renderApexchart({
    apexchart() %>%
      ax_chart(type = "bar") %>%
      ax_series(list(
        name = "Example",
        data = c(23, 43, 76, 31)
      )) %>%
      ax_xaxis(
        categories = c("Label A", "Label B",
                      "Label C", "Label D")
      )
  })

  observe({
    apexchartProxy("chart") %>%
      ax_proxy_options(list(
        xaxis = list(
          labels = list(show = input$show_label_xaxis)
        ),
        yaxis = list(
          title = list(text = input$yaxis_title)
        )
      ))
  })

}

shinyApp(ui, server)
}

```

---

ax\_proxy\_series

*Proxy for updating series.*


---

## Description

Allows you to update the series array overriding the existing one.

**Usage**

```
ax_proxy_series(proxy, newSeries, animate = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

proxy	A apexchartProxy htmlwidget object.
newSeries	The series array to override the existing one.
animate	Should the chart animate on re-rendering.

**Examples**

```
if (interactive()) {
  library(shiny)

  ui <- fluidPage(
    fluidRow(
      column(
        width = 8, offset = 2,
        tags$h2("Real time chart"),
        apexchartOutput(outputId = "chart")
      )
    )
  )

  server <- function(input, output, session) {

    rv <- reactiveValues()
    rv$df <- data.frame(
      date = Sys.Date() + 1:20,
      values = sample(10:90, 20, TRUE)
    )

    observe({
      invalidateLater(1000, session)
      df <- isolate(rv$df)
      # Append new line of data
      df <- rbind(
        df, data.frame(
          date = df$date[length(df$date)] + 1,
          values = sample(10:90, 1, TRUE)
        )
      )
      rv$df <- df
    })

    output$chart <- renderApexchart({
      # Generate chart once
      apex(isolate(rv$df), aes(date, values), "spline") %>%
        ax_xaxis(
          range = 10 * 24 * 60 * 60 * 1000
        )
    })
  }
}
```

```

        # Fixed range for x-axis : 10 days
        # days*hours*minutes*seconds*milliseconds
    )
})

observe({
  # Update chart to add new data
  apexchartProxy("chart") %>%
    ax_proxy_series(
      parse_df(rv$df),
      T
    )
})

}

shinyApp(ui, server)
}

```

---

ax\_responsive

*Responsive options*


---

## Description

Responsive options

## Usage

```
ax_responsive(ax, ...)
```

## Arguments

ax	A apexcharts htmlwidget object.
...	Additional parameters.

## Value

A apexcharts htmlwidget object.

## Note

See <https://apexcharts.com/docs/options/responsive/>

Examples

```
library(dplyr)
data("mpg", package = "ggplot2")

# Open in browser and resize window
apex(
  data = count(mpg, manufacturer, year),
  mapping = aes(x = manufacturer, y = n, fill = year),
  type = "bar"
) %>%
  ax_legend(position = "right") %>%
  ax_responsive(
    list(
      breakpoint = 1000,
      options = list(
        plotOptions = list(
          bar = list(
            horizontal = FALSE
          )
        ),
        legend = list(
          position = "bottom"
        )
      )
    )
  )
```

---

ax_states	<i>Charts' states</i>
-----------	-----------------------

---

Description

Charts' states

Usage

```
ax_states(ax, normal = NULL, hover = NULL, active = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

- ax                    A apexcharts htmlwidget object.
- normal               A list of parameters.
- hover                A list of parameters.
- active               A list of parameters.
- ...                   Additional parameters.

Value

A apexcharts htmlwidget object.

**Note**

See <https://apexcharts.com/docs/options/states/>

**Examples**

```
library(dplyr)
data("mpg", package = "ggplot2")

# Inverse effect on hover
apex(
  data = count(mpg, manufacturer),
  mapping = aes(x = manufacturer, y = n),
  type = "bar"
) %>%
  ax_states(
    hover = list(
      filter = list(
        type = "darken"
      )
    )
  )
)
```

---

ax\_stroke

---

*Stroke properties*


---

**Description**

Stroke properties

**Usage**

```
ax_stroke(
  ax,
  show = NULL,
  curve = NULL,
  lineCap = NULL,
  width = NULL,
  colors = NULL,
  dashArray = NULL,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

ax	A apexcharts htmlwidget object.
show	Logical. To show or hide path-stroke / line

curve	In line / area charts, whether to draw smooth lines or straight lines. Available Options: "smooth" (connects the points in a curve fashion. Also known as spline) and "straight" (connect the points in straight lines.).
lineCap	For setting the starting and ending points of stroke. Available Options: "butt" (ends the stroke with a 90-degree angle), "square" (similar to butt except that it extends the stroke beyond the length of the path) and "round" (ends the path-stroke with a radius that smooths out the start and end points)
width	Sets the width of border for svg path.
colors	Colors to fill the border for paths.
dashArray	Creates dashes in borders of svg path. Higher number creates more space between dashes in the border.
...	Additional parameters.

**Value**

A apexcharts htmlwidget object.

**Note**

See <https://apexcharts.com/docs/options/stroke/>

**Examples**

```
data("economics", package = "ggplot2")
apex(
  data = economics,
  mapping = aes(x = date, y = uempmed),
  type = "line"
) %>%
  ax_stroke(
    width = 1,
    dashArray = 4
  )

data("economics_long", package = "ggplot2")
apex(
  data = economics_long,
  mapping = aes(x = date, y = value01, group = variable),
  type = "line"
) %>%
  ax_stroke(
    width = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5),
    dashArray = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)
  )
```

---

`ax_subtitle`*Chart's subtitle*

---

### Description

Chart's subtitle

### Usage

```
ax_subtitle(  
    ax,  
    text = NULL,  
    align = NULL,  
    margin = NULL,  
    offsetX = NULL,  
    offsetY = NULL,  
    floating = NULL,  
    style = NULL,  
    ...  
)
```

### Arguments

<code>ax</code>	A apexcharts htmlwidget object.
<code>text</code>	Text to display as a subtitle of chart.
<code>align</code>	Alignment of subtitle relative to chart area. Possible Options: "left", "center" and "right".
<code>margin</code>	Numeric. Vertical spacing around the subtitle text.
<code>offsetX</code>	Numeric. Sets the left offset for subtitle text.
<code>offsetY</code>	Numeric. Sets the top offset for subtitle text
<code>floating</code>	Logical. The floating option will take out the subtitle text from the chart area and make it float on top of the chart.
<code>style</code>	List with two items: <code>fontSize</code> (Font Size of the subtitle text) and <code>color</code> (Fore color of the subtitle text).
<code>...</code>	Additional parameters.

### Value

A apexcharts htmlwidget object.

### Note

See <https://apexcharts.com/docs/options/subtitle/>

## Examples

```
data("economics", package = "ggplot2")
apex(
  data = economics,
  mapping = aes(x = date, y = uempmed),
  type = "line"
) %>%
  ax_title(
    text = "Median duration of unemployment"
  ) %>%
  ax_subtitle(
    text = "in weeks"
  )
```

---

 ax\_theme

*Theme for charts*


---

## Description

Theme for charts

## Usage

```
ax_theme(ax, mode = c("light", "dark"), palette = NULL, monochrome = NULL, ...)
```

## Arguments

ax	An apexcharts htmlwidget object.
mode	use light or dark theme.
palette	Character. Available palettes: "palette1" to "palette10".
monochrome	A list of parameters.
...	Additional parameters.

## Value

An apexcharts htmlwidget object.

## Note

See <https://apexcharts.com/docs/options/theme/>

**Examples**

```
library(dplyr)
data("mpg", package = "ggplot2")
data("diamonds", package = "ggplot2")

# Dark mode
apex(
  data = count(mpg, manufacturer),
  mapping = aes(x = manufacturer, y = n)
) %>%
  ax_theme(mode = "dark")

# Use predefined palette (1 to 10)
apex(
  data = count(diamonds, cut, color),
  mapping = aes(x = color, y = n, fill = cut)
) %>%
  ax_theme(palette = "palette2")

# monochrome palette
apex(
  data = count(diamonds, cut, color),
  mapping = aes(x = color, y = n, fill = cut)
) %>%
  ax_theme(monochrome = list(enabled = TRUE, color = "#0B6121"))
```

---

**ax\_title***Chart's title*

---

**Description**

Chart's title

**Usage**

```
ax_title(
  ax,
  text = NULL,
  align = NULL,
  margin = NULL,
  offsetX = NULL,
  offsetY = NULL,
  floating = NULL,
  style = NULL,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

ax	A apexcharts htmlwidget object.
text	Text to display as a title of chart.
align	Alignment of subtitle relative to chart area. Possible Options: "left", "center" and "right".
margin	Numeric. Vertical spacing around the title text.
offsetX	Numeric. Sets the left offset for subtitle text.
offsetY	Numeric. Sets the top offset for subtitle text
floating	Logical. The floating option will take out the subtitle text from the chart area and make it float on top of the chart.
style	List with two items: fontSize (Font Size of the title text) and color (Fore color of the title text).
...	Additional parameters.

**Value**

A apexcharts htmlwidget object.

**Note**

See <https://apexcharts.com/docs/options/title/>

**Examples**

```
data("economics", package = "ggplot2")
apex(
  data = economics,
  mapping = aes(x = date, y = uempmed),
  type = "line"
) %>%
  ax_title(
    text = "Median duration of unemployment, in weeks"
  )
```

---

ax\_tooltip

*Tooltip options*


---

**Description**

Tooltip options

**Usage**

```

ax_tooltip(
  ax,
  enabled = NULL,
  shared = NULL,
  followCursor = NULL,
  intersect = NULL,
  inverseOrder = NULL,
  custom = NULL,
  fillSeriesColor = NULL,
  onDatasetHover = NULL,
  theme = NULL,
  x = NULL,
  y = NULL,
  z = NULL,
  marker = NULL,
  items = NULL,
  fixed = NULL,
  ...
)

```

**Arguments**

ax	A apexcharts htmlwidget object.
enabled	Logical. Show tooltip when user hovers over chart area.
shared	Logical. When having multiple series, show a shared tooltip.
followCursor	Logical. Follow user's cursor position instead of putting tooltip on actual data points.
intersect	Logical. Show tooltip only when user hovers exactly over datapoint.
inverseOrder	Logical. In multiple series, when having shared tooltip, inverse the order of series (for better comparison in stacked charts).
custom	JS function. Draw a custom html tooltip instead of the default one based on the values provided in the function arguments.
fillSeriesColor	Logical. When enabled, fill the tooltip background with the corresponding series color.
onDatasetHover	A list of parameters.
theme	A list of parameters.
x	A list of parameters.
y	A list of parameters.
z	A list of parameters.
marker	A list of parameters.
items	A list of parameters.
fixed	A list of parameters.
...	Additional parameters.

**Value**

A apexcharts htmlwidget object.

**Note**

See <https://apexcharts.com/docs/options/tooltip/>

**Examples**

```
library(dplyr)
data("mpg", package = "ggplot2")

# Hide tooltip
apex(
  data = count(mpg, manufacturer, year),
  mapping = aes(x = manufacturer, y = n, fill = year)
) %>%
  ax_tooltip(enabled = FALSE)

# Share between series
apex(
  data = count(mpg, manufacturer, year),
  mapping = aes(x = manufacturer, y = n, fill = year)
) %>%
  ax_tooltip(shared = TRUE)

# Fixed tooltip
data("economics", package = "ggplot2")
apex(
  data = economics,
  mapping = aes(x = date, y = psavert),
  type = "line"
) %>%
  ax_tooltip(
    fixed = list(enabled = TRUE, position = "topLeft")
  )
```

---

ax\_xaxis

*X-axis options*


---

**Description**

X-axis options

**Usage**

```
ax_xaxis(
  ax,
  type = NULL,
```

```

    categories = NULL,
    labels = NULL,
    axisBorder = NULL,
    axisTicks = NULL,
    tickAmount = NULL,
    min = NULL,
    max = NULL,
    range = NULL,
    floating = NULL,
    position = NULL,
    title = NULL,
    crosshairs = NULL,
    tooltip = NULL,
    ...
)

```

### Arguments

ax	A apexcharts htmlwidget object.
type	Character. Available Options : "categories" and "datetime".
categories	Categories are labels which are displayed on the x-axis.
labels	A list of parameters.
axisBorder	A list of parameters.
axisTicks	A list of parameters.
tickAmount	Number of Tick Intervals to show.
min	Lowest number to be set for the x-axis. The graph drawing beyond this number will be clipped off.
max	Highest number to be set for the x-axis. The graph drawing beyond this number will be clipped off.
range	Range takes the max value of x-axis, subtracts the provided range value and gets the min value based on that. So, technically it helps to keep the same range when min and max values gets updated dynamically.
floating	Logical. Floating takes x-axis is taken out of normal flow and places x-axis on svg element directly, similar to an absolutely positioned element. Set the offsetX and offsetY then to adjust the position manually
position	Setting this option allows you to change the x-axis position. Available options: "top" and "bottom".
title	A list of parameters.
crosshairs	A list of parameters.
tooltip	A list of parameters.
...	Additional parameters.

### Value

A apexcharts htmlwidget object.

**Note**

See <https://apexcharts.com/docs/options/xaxis/>

**Examples**

```
library(dplyr)
data("mpg", package = "ggplot2")

# X axis title
apex(
  data = count(mpg, manufacturer),
  mapping = aes(x = manufacturer, y = n)
) %>%
  ax_xaxis(title = list(text = "Car's manufacturer"))

# force labels to rotate and increase height
apex(
  data = count(mpg, manufacturer),
  mapping = aes(x = manufacturer, y = n)
) %>%
  ax_xaxis(labels = list(rotateAlways = TRUE, maxHeight = 180))

# force to not rotate
apex(
  data = count(mpg, manufacturer),
  mapping = aes(x = manufacturer, y = n)
) %>%
  ax_xaxis(labels = list(rotate = 0, trim = FALSE))

data("economics", package = "ggplot2")

# Custom crosshair
apex(
  data = tail(economics, 50),
  mapping = aes(x = date, y = psavert),
  type = "line"
) %>%
  ax_xaxis(
    crosshairs = list(
      opacity = 1,
      width = 2,
      fill = list(color = "red"),
      stroke = list(width = 0)
    )
  )

# Date format (zoom to see changes)
apex(
  data = tail(economics, 150),
  mapping = aes(x = date, y = psavert),
```

```

    type = "line"
) %>%
  ax_xaxis(
    labels = list(
      dateTimeFormatter = list(
        year = "yyyy-MM",
        month = "yyyy-MM-dd",
        day = "yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm"
      )
    )
  )
)
```

---

ax_yaxis	<i>Y-axis options</i>
----------	-----------------------

---

**Description**

Y-axis options

**Usage**

```

ax_yaxis(
  ax,
  opposite = NULL,
  tickAmount = NULL,
  max = NULL,
  min = NULL,
  floating = NULL,
  labels = NULL,
  axisBorder = NULL,
  axisTicks = NULL,
  title = NULL,
  tooltip = NULL,
  crosshairs = NULL,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

ax	A apexcharts htmlwidget object.
opposite	Logical. When enabled, will draw the yaxis on the right side of the chart.
tickAmount	Number of Tick Intervals to show.
max	Lowest number to be set for the y-axis. The graph drawing beyond this number will be clipped off.
min	Highest number to be set for the y-axis. The graph drawing beyond this number will be clipped off.

floating	Logical. Floating takes y-axis is taken out of normal flow and places y-axis on svg element directly, similar to an absolutely positioned element. Set the offsetX and offsetY then to adjust the position manually
labels	A list of parameters.
axisBorder	A list of parameters.
axisTicks	A list of parameters.
title	A list of parameters.
tooltip	A list of parameters.
crosshairs	A list of parameters.
...	Additional parameters.

**Value**

A apexcharts htmlwidget object.

**Note**

See <https://apexcharts.com/docs/options/yaxis/>

**Examples**

```
data("economics_long", package = "ggplot2")
apex(
  data = economics_long,
  mapping = aes(x = date, y = value01, group = variable),
  type = "line"
) %>%
  ax_yaxis(
    decimalsInFloat = 2, title = list(text = "Rescaled to [0,1]")
  )

# Format tick labels
temperature <- data.frame(
  month = head(month.name),
  tp = c(4, -2, 2, 7, 11, 14)
)
apex(temperature, aes(month, tp), "line") %>%
  ax_yaxis(
    labels = list(
      formatter = htmlwidgets::JS("function(value) {return value + '\u00b0C';}")
    )
  )
```

---

 ax\_yaxis2

*Secondary Y-axis options*


---

## Description

Secondary Y-axis options

## Usage

```
ax_yaxis2(ax, ...)
```

## Arguments

**ax** A apexcharts htmlwidget object.

**...** See arguments from [ax\\_yaxis](#).

## Value

A apexcharts htmlwidget object.

## Examples

```
library(apexcharter)
library(dplyr)
data("economics_long", package = "ggplot2")

eco <- economics_long %>%
  filter(variable %in% c("pce", "pop")) %>%
  mutate(value = round(value))

# add second y-axis
apex(eco, aes(x = date, y = value, color = variable), type = "line") %>%
  ax_yaxis(title = list(text = "Pce")) %>%
  ax_yaxis2(opposite = TRUE, title = list(text = "Pop"))

# Customize axis a bit more
apex(eco, aes(x = date, y = value, color = variable), type = "line") %>%
  ax_yaxis(
    title = list(text = "Pce"),
    axisBorder = list(
      show = TRUE,
      color = "#008FFB"
    ),
    labels = list(
      style = list(
        colors = "#008FFB"
      )
    ),
    tooltip = list(
```

```

        enabled = TRUE
    )
) %>%
ax_yaxis2(
  opposite = TRUE,
  min = 160000,
  forceNiceScale = TRUE,
  title = list(text = "Pop"),
  axisBorder = list(
    show = TRUE,
    color = "#00E396"
  ),
  labels = list(
    style = list(
      colors = "#00E396"
    )
  ),
  tooltip = list(
    enabled = TRUE
  )
)

```

bar\_opts

*Bar options*

## Description

Use these options in [ax\\_plotOptions](#).

## Usage

```

bar_opts(
  horizontal = NULL,
  endingShape = NULL,
  columnWidth = NULL,
  barHeight = NULL,
  distributed = NULL,
  colors = NULL,
  dataLabels = NULL,
  ...
)

```

## Arguments

horizontal	Logical. This option will turn a column chart into a horizontal bar chart.
endingShape	Available Options: "flat" or "rounded".
columnWidth	In column charts, columnWidth is the percentage of the available width in the grid-rect.

barHeight	In horizontal bar charts, barHeight is the percentage of the available height in the grid-rect.
distributed	Logical. Turn this option to make the bars discrete. Each value indicates one bar per series.
colors	A list of parameters.
dataLabels	List with fields position (available options: "top", "center" or "bottom")
...	Additional parameters.

**Value**

A list of options that can be used in [ax\\_plotOptions](#).

**Note**

See <https://apexcharts.com/docs/options/plotoptions/bar/>.

**Examples**

```
library(dplyr)
data("mpg", package = "ggplot2")

apex(count(mpg, manufacturer), aes(manufacturer, n)) %>%
  ax_plotOptions(
    bar = bar_opts(
      endingShape = "rounded",
      columnWidth = 100,
      distributed = TRUE
    )
  )
```

---

bubble_opts	<i>Bubble options</i>
-------------	-----------------------

---

**Description**

Use these options in [ax\\_plotOptions](#).

**Usage**

```
bubble_opts(minBubbleRadius, maxBubbleRadius, ...)
```

Arguments

- minBubbleRadius

Minimum radius size of a bubble. If a bubble value is too small to be displayed, this size will be used.
- maxBubbleRadius

Maximum radius size of a bubble. If a bubble value is too large to cover the chart, this size will be used.
- ...

Additional parameters.

Value

A list of options that can be used in [ax\\_plotOptions](#).

Note

See <https://apexcharts.com/docs/options/plotoptions/bubble/>.

Examples

```
apex(  
  data = mtcars,  
  type = "scatter",  
  mapping = aes(x = wt, y = mpg, z = qsec)  
) %>%  
  ax_plotOptions(  
    bubble = bubble_opts(  
      minBubbleRadius = 1,  
      maxBubbleRadius = 20  
    )  
  )  
)
```

---

candles	<i>Candlestick demo data</i>
---------	------------------------------

---

Description

Candlestick demo data

Usage

candles

**Format**

A data frame with 60 observations and the following 5 variables:

datetime Timestamp.

open Open value.

high Highest value.

low Lowest value.

close Close value.

**Source**

Apexcharts (<https://apexcharts.com/javascript-chart-demos/candlestick-charts/basic/>)

---

climate\_paris

*Paris Climate*

---

**Description**

Average temperature and precipitation in Paris for the period 1971-2000.

**Usage**

climate\_paris

**Format**

A data frame with 12 observations and the following 3 variables:

month Month

temperature Temperature (in degree celsius).

precipitation Precipitation (in mm).

**Source**

Wikipedia ([https://fr.wikipedia.org/wiki/Climat\\_de\\_Paris](https://fr.wikipedia.org/wiki/Climat_de_Paris))

---

config_update	<i>Configuration for auto update</i>
---------------	--------------------------------------

---

**Description**

Configuration for auto update

**Usage**

```
config_update(
  series_animate = TRUE,
  update_options = FALSE,
  options_animate = TRUE,
  options_redrawPaths = TRUE,
  update_synced_charts = FALSE
)
```

**Arguments**

`series_animate` Should the chart animate on re-rendering.

`update_options` Update or not global options for chart.

`options_animate` Should the chart animate on re-rendering.

`options_redrawPaths` When the chart is re-rendered, should it draw from the existing paths or completely redraw the chart paths from the beginning. By default, the chart is re-rendered from the existing paths.

`update_synced_charts` All the charts in a group should also update when one chart in a group is updated.

---

consumption	<i>Electricity consumption and forecasting</i>
-------------	--

---

**Description**

Electricity consumption per day in France for january and february of year 2020.

**Usage**

```
consumption
```

**Format**

A data frame with 120 observations and the following 3 variables:

date date.

type Type of data : realised or forecast.

value Value in giga-watt per hour.

**Source**

Rte (Electricity Transmission Network in France) (<https://data.rte-france.com/>)

---

events_opts	<i>Events options</i>
-------------	-----------------------

---

**Description**

Events options

**Usage**

```
events_opts(
  click = NULL,
  beforeMount = NULL,
  mounted = NULL,
  updated = NULL,
  legendClick = NULL,
  selection = NULL,
  dataPointSelection = NULL,
  dataPointMouseEnter = NULL,
  dataPointMouseLeave = NULL,
  beforeZoom = NULL,
  zoomed = NULL,
  scrolled = NULL,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

click	Fires when user clicks on any area of the chart.
beforeMount	Fires before the chart has been drawn on screen.
mounted	Fires after the chart has been drawn on screen.
updated	Fires when the chart has been dynamically updated.
legendClick	Fires when user clicks on legend.
selection	Fires when user selects rect using the selection tool.

dataPointSelection	Fires when user clicks on a datapoint (bar/column/marker/bubble/donut-slice).
dataPointMouseEnter	Fires when user's mouse enter on a datapoint (bar/column/marker/bubble/donut-slice).
dataPointMouseLeave	MouseLeave event for a datapoint (bar/column/marker/bubble/donut-slice).
beforeZoom	This function, if defined, runs just before zooming in/out of the chart allowing you to set a custom range for zooming in/out.
zoomed	Fires when user zooms in/out the chart using either the selection zooming tool or zoom in/out buttons.
scrolled	Fires when user scrolls using the pan tool.
...	Additional parameters.

**Value**

A list of options that can be used in [ax\\_chart](#).

**Note**

All arguments should be JavaScript function defined with `htmlwidgets::JS`.

See <https://apexcharts.com/docs/options/chart/events/>.

**Examples**

```
if (interactive()) {
  library(shiny)

  ui <- fluidPage(
    fluidRow(
      column(
        width = 8, offset = 2,
        tags$h2("Apexchart in Shiny"),
        apexchartOutput("chart"),
        verbatimTextOutput(outputId = "res_click")
      )
    )
  )

  server <- function(input, output, session) {

    output$chart <- renderApexchart({
      apexchart() %>%
        ax_chart(
          type = "bar",
          events = events_opts(
            dataPointSelection = JS(
              "function(event, chartContext, config) {
                Shiny.setInputValue('click', config.selectedDataPoints)"
            )
          )
        )
    })
  }
}
```

```
        }"
      )
    )
  ) %>%
  ax_series(
    list(
      name = "Example",
      data = sample(1:100, 5)
    )
  ) %>%
  ax_xaxis(
    categories = LETTERS[1:5]
  )
})

output$res_click <- renderPrint({
  input$click
})
}

shinyApp(ui, server)
}
```

---

format_date	<i>Format date in JS</i>
-------------	--------------------------

---

**Description**

Format date in JS

**Usage**

format\_date(x)

**Arguments**

x                      Date to use in JavaScript

**Value**

a JavaScript string

---

format_num	<i>Format numbers (with D3)</i>
------------	---------------------------------

---

## Description

Format numbers (with D3)

## Usage

```
format_num(format, prefix = "", suffix = "", locale = "en-US")
```

## Arguments

format	Format for numbers, currency, percentage, e.g. ".0%" for rounded percentage. See online documentation : <a href="https://github.com/d3/d3-format">https://github.com/d3/d3-format</a> .
prefix	Character string to append before formatted value.
suffix	Character string to append after formatted value.
locale	Localization to use, for example "fr-FR" for french, see possible values here: <a href="https://github.com/d3/d3-format/tree/master/locale">https://github.com/d3/d3-format/tree/master/locale</a> .

## Value

a JS function

## Examples

```
# Use SI prefix
dat <- data.frame(
  labels = c("apex", "charts"),
  values = c(1e4, 2e4)
)

apex(dat, aes(labels, values), "column") %>%
  ax_yaxis(labels = list(
    formatter = format_num("~s")
  ))

apex(dat, aes(labels, values * 100), "column") %>%
  ax_yaxis(labels = list(
    formatter = format_num("~s")
  ))

# Percentage
dat <- data.frame(
  labels = c("apex", "charts"),
  values = c(0.45, 0.55)
)
```

```

apex(dat, aes(labels, values), "column") %>%
  ax_yaxis(labels = list(
    formatter = format_num(".0%")
  ))

# Currency
dat <- data.frame(
  labels = c("apex", "charts"),
  values = c(570, 1170)
)

apex(dat, aes(labels, values), "column") %>%
  ax_yaxis(labels = list(
    formatter = format_num("$,.2f")
  ))

# Change locale
apex(dat, aes(labels, values), "column") %>%
  ax_yaxis(labels = list(
    formatter = format_num("$,.2f", locale = "fr-FR")
  ))

# Customize tooltip value
# Use SI prefix
dat <- data.frame(
  labels = c("apex", "charts"),
  values = c(1e4, 2e4)
)

apex(dat, aes(labels, values), "column") %>%
  ax_tooltip(y = list(
    formatter = format_num(",", suffix = " GW/h")
  ))

```

---

heatmap\_opts

*Heatmap options*


---

## Description

Use these options in [ax\\_plotOptions](#).

## Usage

```

heatmap_opts(
  radius = NULL,

```

```

    enableShades = NULL,
    shadeIntensity = NULL,
    colorScale = NULL,
    ...
  )

```

### Arguments

radius	Numeric. Radius of the rectangle inside heatmap.
enableShades	Logical. Enable different shades of color depending on the value
shadeIntensity	Numeric [0,1]. The intensity of the shades generated for each value.
colorScale	List.
...	Additional parameters.

### Value

A list of options that can be used in `ax_plotOptions`.

### Note

See <https://apexcharts.com/docs/options/plotoptions/heatmap/>.

### Examples

```

df <- expand.grid(
  month = month.name,
  person = c("Obi-Wan", "Luke", "Anakin", "Leia")
)
df$value <- sample(0:1, nrow(df), TRUE)

apex(
  data = df,
  mapping = aes(x = month, y = person, fill = value),
  type = "heatmap"
) %>%
  ax_plotOptions(
    heatmap = heatmap_opts(
      enableShades = FALSE,
      colorScale = list(
        ranges = list(
          list(from = 0, to = 0.5, color = "#FF0000"),
          list(from = 0.5, to = 1, color = "#088A08")
        )
      )
    )
  )

```

---

label	<i>Label for annotations</i>
-------	------------------------------

---

### Description

Label for annotations

### Usage

```
label(
    text = NULL,
    borderColor = NULL,
    borderWidth = NULL,
    textAnchor = NULL,
    position = NULL,
    offsetX = NULL,
    offsetY = NULL,
    background = NULL,
    color = NULL,
    fontSize = NULL,
    fontWeight = NULL,
    fontFamily = NULL,
    cssClass = NULL,
    padding = c(2, 5, 2, 5)
)
```

### Arguments

text	Text for the annotation label.
borderColor	Border color for the label.
borderWidth	Border width for the label.
textAnchor	The alignment of text relative to label's drawing position.
position	Available options: left or right.
offsetX	Sets the left offset for annotation label.
offsetY	Sets the top offset for annotation label.
background	Background Color for the annotation label.
color	ForeColor for the annotation label.
fontSize	FontSize for the annotation label.
fontWeight	Font-weight for the annotation label.
fontFamily	Font-family for the annotation label.
cssClass	A custom Css Class to give to the annotation label elements.
padding	Padding for the label: top, right, bottom, left.

**Value**

A list that can be used in [add\\_shade](#).

---

parse_df	<i>Convert a data.frame to a list</i>
----------	---------------------------------------

---

**Description**

Convert data to a format suitable for ApexCharts.js

**Usage**

```
parse_df(data, add_names = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

data	A data.frame or an object coercible to data.frame.
add_names	Use names of columns in output. Can be logical to reuse data names or a character vector of new names.

**Value**

A list that can be used to specify data in [ax\\_series](#) for example.

**Examples**

```
# All iris dataset
parse_df(iris)

# Keep variables names
parse_df(iris[, 1:2], add_names = TRUE)

# Use custom names
parse_df(iris[, 1:2], add_names = c("x", "y"))
```

---

pie_opts	<i>Pie options</i>
----------	--------------------

---

**Description**

Use these options in [ax\\_plotOptions](#).

**Usage**

```
pie_opts(  
  size = NULL,  
  donut = NULL,  
  customScale = NULL,  
  offsetX = NULL,  
  offsetY = NULL,  
  dataLabels = NULL,  
  ...  
)
```

**Arguments**

size	Numeric. Custom size of the pie which will override the default size calculations.
donut	List with two fields size (Donut / ring size in percentage relative to the total pie area.) and background (The background color of the pie).
customScale	Numeric. Transform the scale of whole pie/donut overriding the default calculations.
offsetX	Numeric. Sets the left offset of the whole pie area.
offsetY	Numeric. Sets the top offset of the whole pie area.
dataLabels	List with field offset (Numeric, Offset by which labels will move outside / inside of the donut area)
...	Additional parameters.

**Value**

A list of options that can be used in [ax\\_plotOptions](#).

**Note**

See <https://apexcharts.com/docs/options/plotoptions/pie/>.

**Examples**

```
library(dplyr)
data("mpg", package = "ggplot2")

apex(count(mpg, cyl), aes(cyl, n), type = "donut") %>%
  ax_plotOptions(
    pie = pie_opts(
      donut = list(size = "90%", background = "#BABABA")
    )
  )
```

---

radialBar_opts	<i>Radial bar options</i>
----------------	---------------------------

---

**Description**

Use these options in [ax\\_plotOptions](#).

**Usage**

```
radialBar_opts(
  size = NULL,
  inverseOrder = NULL,
  startAngle = NULL,
  endAngle = NULL,
  offsetX = NULL,
  offsetY = NULL,
  hollow = NULL,
  track = NULL,
  dataLabels = NULL,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

size	Numeric. Manual size of the radialBars instead of calculating automatically from default height / width.
inverseOrder	Logical. Whether to make the first value of series innermost or outermost.
startAngle	Numeric. Angle from which the radialBars should start.
endAngle	Numeric. Angle to which the radialBars should end. The sum of the startAngle and endAngle should not exceed 360.
offsetX	Numeric. Sets the left offset for radialBars.
offsetY	Numeric. Sets the top offset for radialBars.
hollow	List.

track	List.
dataLabels	List.
...	Additional parameters.

**Value**

A list of options that can be used in `ax_plotOptions`.

**Note**

See <https://apexcharts.com/docs/options/plotoptions/radialbar/>.

**Examples**

```
apexchart() %>%
  ax_chart(type = "radialBar") %>%
  ax_plotOptions(
    radialBar = radialBar_opts(
      startAngle = -135,
      endAngle = 135,
      dataLabels = list(
        name = list(
          fontSize = "16px",
          # color = undefined,
          offsetY = 120
        ),
        value = list(
          offsetY = 76,
          fontSize = "22px",
          # color = undefined,
          formatter = htmlwidgets::JS("function (val) {return val + '%';}")
        )
      )
    )
  ) %>%
  ax_stroke(dashArray = 4) %>%
  ax_series(70) %>%
  ax_labels("Indicator")
```

---

run\_demo\_input

*Run Shiny input events examples*


---

**Description**

Run Shiny input events examples

**Usage**

```
run_demo_input(example = c("click", "zoom", "selection"))
```

**Arguments**

example      Name of the example.

**Examples**

```
if (interactive()) {  
  run_demo_input("click")  
  run_demo_input("zoom")  
  run_demo_input("selection")  
}
```

---

run_demo_sparkbox	<i>Run Shiny spark boxes example</i>
-------------------	--------------------------------------

---

**Description**

Run Shiny spark boxes example

**Usage**

```
run_demo_sparkbox()
```

**Examples**

```
if (interactive()) {  
  run_sparkbox_demo()  
}
```

---

run_demo_sync	<i>Run Shiny synchronization example</i>
---------------	--

---

**Description**

Run Shiny synchronization example

**Usage**

```
run_demo_sync()
```

**Examples**

```
if (interactive()) {

  run_demo_sync()

}
```

---

set\_input\_click

*Retrieve click information in Shiny*


---

**Description**

According to type of chart, different values are retrieved:

- **bar and column:** retrieve category (x-axis).
- **pie and donut:** retrieve label.
- **time-series:** retrieve x-axis value, you have to display markers with size > 0 and set tooltip's options intersect = TRUE and shared = FALSE.
- **scatter:** retrieve XY coordinates.

**Usage**

```
set_input_click(
  ax,
  inputId,
  multiple = FALSE,
  effect_type = c("darken", "lighten", "none"),
  effect_value = 0.35,
  session = shiny::getDefaultReactiveDomain()
)
```

**Arguments**

ax	An apexcharts htmlwidget object.
inputId	The id that will be used server-side for retrieving click.
multiple	Allow multiple selection: TRUE or FALSE (default).
effect_type	Type of effect for selected element, default is to use lightly darken color.
effect_value	A larger value intensifies the select effect, accept value between 0 and 1.
session	The Shiny session.

**Value**

An apexcharts htmlwidget object.

**Note**

If x-axis is of type datetime, value retrieved is of class POSIXct.

**Examples**

```
library(apexcharter)

# Not in Shiny but you can still click on bars
data.frame(
  month = month.abb,
  value = sample(1:100, 12)
) %>%
  apex(aes(month, value)) %>%
  set_input_click("month_click", multiple = TRUE)

# Interactive examples:
if (interactive()) {

  run_input_demo("click")

}
```

---

set_input_export	<i>Retrieve chart's base64 dataURI.</i>
------------------	---

---

**Description**

Retrieve chart's base64 dataURI.

**Usage**

```
set_input_export(ax, inputId, session = shiny::getDefaultReactiveDomain())
```

**Arguments**

ax	An apexcharts htmlwidget object.
inputId	The id that will be used server-side for retrieving data.
session	The Shiny session.

**Value**

An apexcharts htmlwidget object.

**Examples**

```

library(shiny)
library(apexcharter)

ui <- fluidPage(
  fluidRow(
    column(
      width = 8, offset = 2,
      tags$h2("Export PNG"),
      actionButton("redraw", "Redraw chart"),
      apexchartOutput("chart"),
      verbatimTextOutput("result"),
      uiOutput(outputId = "image")
    )
  )
)

server <- function(input, output, session) {

  output$chart <- renderApexchart({
    input$redraw
    apexchart() %>%
      ax_chart(type = "bar") %>%
      ax_series(
        list(
          name = "Example",
          data = sample(1:100, 5)
        )
      ) %>%
      ax_xaxis(
        categories = LETTERS[1:5]
      ) %>%
      set_input_export("export")
  })

  output$result <- renderPrint({
    input$export
  })

  output$image <- renderUI({
    tags$img(src = input$export)
  })

}

if (interactive())
  shinyApp(ui, server)

```

**Description**

Retrieve selection information in Shiny

**Usage**

```
set_input_selection(  
  ax,  
  inputId,  
  type = c("x", "xy", "y"),  
  fill_color = "#24292e",  
  fill_opacity = 0.1,  
  stroke_width = 1,  
  stroke_dasharray = 3,  
  stroke_color = "#24292e",  
  stroke_opacity = 0.4,  
  xmin = NULL,  
  xmax = NULL,  
  ymin = NULL,  
  ymax = NULL,  
  session = shiny::getDefaultReactiveDomain()  
)
```

**Arguments**

ax	An apexcharts htmlwidget object.
inputId	The id that will be used server-side for retrieving selection.
type	Allow selection either on x-axis, y-axis or on both axis.
fill_color	Background color of the selection rect which is drawn when user drags on the chart.
fill_opacity	Opacity of background color of the selection rectangle.
stroke_width	Border thickness of the selection rectangle.
stroke_dasharray	Creates dashes in borders of selection rectangle. Higher number creates more space between dashes in the border.
stroke_color	Colors of selection border.
stroke_opacity	Opacity of selection border.
xmin, xmax	Start value of x-axis. Both min and max must be provided.
ymin, ymax	Start value of y-axis. Both min and max must be provided.
session	The Shiny session.

**Value**

An apexcharts htmlwidget object.

**Examples**

```
library(apexcharter)
data("economics", package = "ggplot2")

# Not in Shiny so no events
# but you can still select an area on chart
apex(economics, aes(date, psavert), type = "line") %>%
  set_input_selection("selection")

# Default selection at start
apex(economics, aes(date, psavert), type = "line") %>%
  set_input_selection(
    inputId = "selection",
    xmin = format_date("1980-01-01"),
    xmax = format_date("1985-01-01")
  )
```

---

set_input_zoom	<i>Retrieve zoom information in Shiny</i>
----------------	---

---

**Description**

Retrieve zoom information in Shiny

**Usage**

```
set_input_zoom(ax, inputId, session = shiny::getDefaultReactiveDomain())
```

**Arguments**

ax	An apexcharts htmlwidget object.
inputId	The id that will be used server-side for retrieving zoom.
session	The Shiny session.

**Value**

An apexcharts htmlwidget object.

**Note**

If x-axis is of type datetime, value retrieved is of class POSIXct.

**Examples**

```
if (interactive()) {
  run_input_demo("zoom")
}
```

---

set_tooltip_fixed	<i>Fix tooltip</i>
-------------------	--------------------

---

## Description

Fix tooltip

## Usage

```
set_tooltip_fixed(  
  ax,  
  position = c("topLeft", "topRight", "bottomLeft", "bottomRight"),  
  offsetX = NULL,  
  offsetY = NULL  
)
```

## Arguments

ax	An apexcharts htmlwidget object.
position	Predefined position: "topLeft", "topRight", "bottomLeft" or "bottomRight".
offsetX	Sets the left offset for the tooltip container in fixed position.
offsetY	Sets the top offset for the tooltip container in fixed position.

## Value

An apexcharts htmlwidget object.

## Examples

```
library(apexcharter)  
data("economics", package = "ggplot2")  
  
apex(  
  data = tail(economics, 350),  
  mapping = aes(x = date, y = uempmed),  
  type = "line"  
) %>%  
  set_tooltip_fixed()
```

---

spark_box	Create a box with a sparkline
-----------	-------------------------------

---

**Description**

Create a box with a sparkline

**Usage**

```
spark_box(  
  data,  
  title = NULL,  
  subtitle = NULL,  
  color = "#2E93fA",  
  background = "#FFF",  
  type = c("area", "line", "spline", "column"),  
  synchronize = NULL,  
  title_style = NULL,  
  subtitle_style = NULL,  
  width = NULL,  
  height = NULL,  
  elementId = NULL  
)
```

**Arguments**

data	A data.frame-like object with at least two columns, first is mapped to x-axis, second to y-axis.
title	Title to display in the box.
subtitle	Subtitle to display in the box.
color	Color of the chart.
background	Background color of the box.
type	Type of chart, currently type supported are : "area" (default), "line", "spline", "column".
synchronize	Give a common id to charts to synchronize them (tooltip and zoom).
title_style, subtitle_style	A list of named attributes to style the title / subtitle, possible values are fontSize, fontWeight, fontFamily, color.
width, height	A numeric input in pixels.
elementId	Use an explicit element ID for the widget.

**Value**

An apexcharts htmlwidget object.

**Note**

In Shiny use `sparkBoxOutput` / `renderSparkBox` to render boxes, see example. Boxes have CSS class `"apexcharter-spark-box"` if you need more styling.

**Examples**

```
library(apexcharter)

spark_data <- data.frame(
  date = Sys.Date() + 1:20,
  var1 = round(rnorm(20, 50, 10)),
  var2 = round(rnorm(20, 50, 10)),
  var3 = round(rnorm(20, 50, 10))
)

spark_box(
  data = spark_data,
  title = mean(spark_data$var1),
  subtitle = "Variable 1"
)

# In Shiny
if (interactive()) {
  run_sparkbox_demo()
}
```

---

unhcr\_popstats\_2017     *UNHCR data for 2017*

---

**Description**

The dataset contains data about UNHCR's populations of concern for the year 2017.

**Usage**

```
unhcr_popstats_2017
```

**Format**

A data frame with 11237 observations and the following 6 variables:

```
country_origin Country of origin of population
country_residence Country / territory of asylum/residence of population
population_type Populations of concern : Refugees, Asylum-seekers, Internally displaced persons (IDPs), Returned refugees, Returned IDPs, Stateless persons, Others of concern.
value Number of people concerned
continent_residence Continent of origin of population
continent_origin Continent of residence of population
```

**Source**

UNHCR (The UN Refugee Agency) (<https://www.unhcr.org/>)

---

unhcr\_ts

*UNHCR data by continent of origin*

---

**Description**

The dataset contains data about UNHCR's populations of concern summarised by continent of origin.

**Usage**

unhcr\_ts

**Format**

A data frame with 913 observations and the following 4 variables:

year Year concerned.

population\_type Populations of concern : Refugees, Asylum-seekers, Internally displaced persons (IDPs), Returned refugees, Returned IDPs, Stateless persons, Others of concern.

continent\_origin Continent of residence of population.

n Number of people concerned.

**Source**

UNHCR (The UN Refugee Agency) (<https://www.unhcr.org/>)

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