Computing “quasi-AIC” (QAIC), in R is a minor pain, because the R Core team (or at least the ones who wrote `glm`, `glmmPQL`, etc.) are purists and don’t believe that quasi-models should report a likelihood. As far as I know, there are three R packages that compute/handle QAIC: `bbmle`, `AICcmodavg` and `MuMIn`.

The basic problem is that quasi-model fits with `glm` return an NA for the log-likelihood, while the dispersion parameter ($\hat{\phi}$, whatever you want to call it) is only reported for quasi-models. Various ways to get around this are:

- fit the model twice, once with a regular likelihood model (`family=binomial`, `poisson`, etc.) and once with the quasi-variant — extract the log-likelihood from the former and the dispersion parameter from the latter
- only fit the regular model; extract the overdispersion parameter manually with

```r
dfun <- function(object) {
    with(object,sum((weights * residuals^2)[weights > 0])/df.residual)
}
```

- use the fact that quasi-fits still contain a deviance, even if they set the log-likelihood to NA. The deviance is twice the negative log-likelihood (it’s offset by some constant which I haven’t figured out yet, but it should still work fine for model comparisons)

The whole problem is worse for `MASS::glmmPQL`, where (1) the authors have gone to greater efforts to make sure that the (quasi-)deviance is no longer preserved anywhere in the fitted model, and (2) they may have done it for good reason — it is not clear whether the number that would get left in the ‘deviance’ slot at the end of `glmmPQL`‘s alternating `lme` and `glm` fits is even meaningful to the extent that regular QAICs are. (For discussion of a similar situation, see the `WARNING` section of `gamm` in the `mgcv` package.)

Example: use the values from one of the examples in `?glm`:
Fit Poisson and quasi-Poisson models with all combinations of predictors:

```r
glmOT.D93 <- glm(counts ~ outcome + treatment, family=poisson)
glmO.D93 <- update(glmOT.D93, .~. - treatment)
glmT.D93 <- update(glmOT.D93, .~. - outcome)
glmX.D93 <- update(glmT.D93, .~. - treatment)
glmQOT.D93 <- update(glmOT.D93, family=quasipoisson)
glmQO.D93 <- update(glmO.D93, family=quasipoisson)
glmQT.D93 <- update(glmT.D93, family=quasipoisson)
glmQX.D93 <- update(glmX.D93, family=quasipoisson)
```

Extract log-likelihoods:

```r
(sum(dpois(counts, 
    lambda=exp(predict(glmOT.D93)),log=TRUE))) ## by hand

## [1] -23.38066

(logLik(glmOT.D93)) ## from Poisson fit

## 'log Lik.' -23.38066 (df=5)
```

The deviance (`deviance(glmOT.D93)`=5.129) is not the same as `-2L (-2*logLik(glmOT.D93)=46.761)`, but the calculated differences in deviance are consistent, and are also extractable from the quasi- fit even though the log-likelihood is NA:

```r
(-2*(logLik(glmT.D93)-logLik(glmOT.D93))) ## Poisson fit

## 'log Lik.' 5.452305 (df=3)

(deviance(glmT.D93)-deviance(glmOT.D93)) ## Poisson fit

## [1] 5.452305

(deviance(glmQT.D93)-deviance(glmQOT.D93)) ## quasi-fit

## [1] 5.452305
```

Compare hand-computed dispersion (in two ways) with the dispersion computed by `summary.glm()` on a quasi-fit:
(dfun(glmOT.D93))
## [1] 1.2933

(sum(residuals(glmOT.D93,"pearson")^2)/glmOT.D93$df.residual)
## [1] 1.2933

(summary(glmOT.D93)$dispersion)
## [1] 1

(summary(glmQOT.D93)$dispersion)
## [1] 1.2933

Examples

bbmle

library(bbmle)
(qAIC(glmOT.D93,dispersion=dfun(glmOT.D93)))
## [1] 46.15658

(qAICc(glmOT.D93,dispersion=dfun(glmOT.D93),nobs=length(counts)))
## [1] 90.15658

ICtab(glmOT.D93,glmT.D93,glmO.D93,glmX.D93,
     dispersion=dfun(glmOT.D93),type="qAIC")
## dqAIC df
## glmO.D93 0.0 3
## glmX.D93 0.2 1
## glmOT.D93 4.0 5
## glmT.D93 4.2 3

ICtab(glmOT.D93,glmT.D93,glmO.D93,glmX.D93,
     dispersion=dfun(glmOT.D93),
     nobs=length(counts),type="qAICc")
## dqAICc df
## glmX.D93 0.0 1
## glmO.D93 7.8 3
## glmT.D93 12.0 3
## glmOT.D93 43.8 5

detach("package:bbmle")
AICcmodavg

```r
library(AICcmodavg)
aictab(list(glmOT.D93,glmT.D93,glmO.D93,glmX.D93),
       modnames=c("OT","T","O","X"),
       c.hat=dfun(glmOT.D93))

##
## Model selection based on QAICc:
## (c-hat estimate = 1.2933)
##
## K QAICc Delta_QAICc QAICcWt Cum.Wt Quasi.LL
## X 2 46.37 0.00 0.98 0.98 -20.19
## O 4 54.16 7.78 0.02 1.00 -18.08
## T 4 58.37 12.00 0.00 1.00 -20.19
## OT 6 90.16 43.78 0.00 1.00 -18.08

detach("package:AICcmodavg")
```

MuMIn

```r
library(MuMIn); packageVersion("MuMIn")

## [1] '1.43.17'

## from ?QAIC
x.quasipoisson <- function(...) {
  res <- quasipoisson(...)
  res$aic <- poisson(...)$aic
  res
}
glmQOT2.D93 <- update(glmOT.D93,family="x.quasipoisson",
                      na.action=na.fail)
(gg <- dredge(glmQOT2.D93,rank="QAIC", chat=dfun(glmOT.D93)))

## Fixed term is "(Intercept)"

## Global model call: glm(formula = counts ~ outcome + treatment, family = "x.quasipoisson",
##                      na.action = na.fail)
## ---
## Model selection table
## (Intrc) outcm trtmn df logLik QAIC delta weight
## 2 3 3.045 + 3 -23.381 44.2 0.00 0.464
## 1 2.813 1 -26.107 44.4 0.22 0.417
```

4
# 4 3.045 + + 5 -23.381 48.2 4.00 0.063
# 3 2.813 + 3 -26.107 48.4 4.22 0.056
# Models ranked by QAIC(x, chat = 1.29330044006699)

(ggc <- dredge(glmQOT2.D93, rank="QAICc", chat=rfun(glmOT.D93)))

## Fixed term is ":(Intercept)"

## Global model call: glm(formula = counts ~ outcome + treatment, family = "x.quasipoisson",
## na.action = na.fail)

## ---

## Model selection table

## (Intrc) outcm trtmn df logLik QAICc delta weight

## Models ranked by QAICc(x, chat = 1.29330044006699)

detach("package:MuMIn")

Notes: ICtab only gives delta-IC, limited decimal places (on purpose, but
how do you change these defaults if you want to?). Need to add 1 to parameters to account for scale parameter. When doing corrected-IC you need to get the absolute number of parameters right, not just the relative number ... Not sure which classes of models each of these will handle (lm, glm, (n)lme, lme4, mle2 ...). Remember need to use overdispersion parameter from most complex model. glmmPQL: needs to be hacked somewhat more severely (does not contain deviance element, logLik has been NA’d out).

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<th>multinom</th>
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