Package ‘biglm’

May 26, 2020

Type Package
Title bounded memory linear and generalized linear models
Version 0.9-2
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Description Regression for data too large to fit in memory
License GPL
Suggests RSQLite, RODBC
Depends DBI, methods
Enhances leaps
NeedsCompilation yes
Repository CRAN
Date/Publication 2020-05-26 07:12:49 UTC

R topics documented:

bigglm ................................................................. 1
bglm ................................................................. 4
predict.bigglm .................................................... 6

Index 8

bigglm Bounded memory linear regression

Description

bigglm creates a generalized linear model object that uses only $p^2$ memory for $p$ variables.
Usage

bigglm(formula, data, family=gaussian(),...)  
## S3 method for class 'data.frame'
bigglm(formula, data,...,chunksize=5000)  
## S3 method for class 'function'
bigglm(formula, data, family=gaussian(),
        weights=NULL, sandwich=FALSE, maxit=8, tolerance=1e-7,
        start=NULL,quiet=FALSE,...)  
## S3 method for class 'RODBC'
bigglm(formula, data, family=gaussian(),
        tablename, ..., chunksize=5000)  
## S4 method for signature 'ANY,DBIConnection'
bigglm(formula, data, family=gaussian(),
        tablename, ..., chunksize=5000)  
## S3 method for class 'bigglm'
vcov(object,dispersion=NULL, ...)
## S3 method for class 'bigglm'
deviance(object,...)
## S3 method for class 'bigglm'
family(object,...)
## S3 method for class 'bigglm'
AIC(object,...,k=2)

Arguments

formula A model formula
data See Details below. Method dispatch is on this argument
family A glm family object
chunksize Size of chunks for processing the data frame
weights A one-sided, single term formula specifying weights
sandwich TRUE to compute the Huber/White sandwich covariance matrix (uses \( p^4 \) memory rather than \( p^2 \))
maxit Maximum number of Fisher scoring iterations
tolerance Tolerance for change in coefficient (as multiple of standard error)
start Optional starting values for coefficients. If NULL, maxit should be at least 2 as some quantities will not be computed on the first iteration
object A bigglm object
dispersion Dispersion parameter, or NULL to estimate	
tablename For the SQLiteConnection method, the name of a SQL table, or a string specifying a join or nested select
k penalty per parameter for AIC
quiet When FALSE, warn if the fit did not converge
... Additional arguments
Details

The data argument may be a function, a data frame, or a SQLiteConnection or RODBC connection object.

When it is a function the function must take a single argument reset. When this argument is FALSE it returns a data frame with the next chunk of data or NULL if no more data are available. When reset=TRUE it indicates that the data should be reread from the beginning by subsequent calls. The chunks need not be the same size or in the same order when the data are reread, but the same data must be provided in total. The bigglm.data.frame method gives an example of how such a function might be written, another is in the Examples below.

The model formula must not contain any data-dependent terms, as these will not be consistent when updated. Factors are permitted, but the levels of the factor must be the same across all data chunks (empty factor levels are ok). Offsets are allowed (since version 0.8).

The SQLiteConnection and RODBC methods loads only the variables needed for the model, not the whole table. The code in the SQLiteConnection method should work for other DBI connections, but I do not have any of these to check it with.

Value

An object of class bigglm

References


See Also

biglm, glm

Examples

data(trees)
ff<-log(Volume)-log(Girth)+log(Height)
a <- bigglm(ff, data=trees, chunksize=10, sandwich=TRUE)
summary(a)

gg<-log(Volume)-log(Girth)+log(Height)+offset(2*log(Girth)+log(Height))
b <- bigglm(gg, data=trees, chunksize=10, sandwich=TRUE)
summary(b)

## Not run:
## requires internet access
make.data<-function(urlname, chunksize,...){
  conn<-NULL
  function(reset=FALSE){
    if(reset){
      if(!is.null(conn)) close(conn)
      conn<<-url(urlname,open="r")
    } else{
      rval<-read.table(conn, n=chunksize,...)
    }
  }
}

if (nrow(rval)==0) {
    close(conn)
    conn <<- NULL
    rval <<- NULL
  }
  return(rval)
}

airpoll <- make.data("http://faculty.washington.edu/tlumley/NO2.dat",
  chunksize = 150,
  col.names = c("logno2", "logcars", "temp", "windsp",
    "tempgrad", "winddir", "hour", "day"))

b <- bigglm(exp(logno2) ~ logcars + temp + windsp,
  data = airpoll, family = Gamma(log),
  start = c(2, 0, 0, 0), maxit = 10)

summary(b)

## End(Not run)

---

**biglm**

*Bounded memory linear regression*

**Description**

`biglm` creates a linear model object that uses only $p^2$ memory for $p$ variables. It can be updated with more data using `update`. This allows linear regression on data sets larger than memory.

**Usage**

```r
biglm(formula, data, weights=NULL, sandwich=FALSE)
```

---

```r
## S3 method for class 'biglm'
update(object, moredata,...)
## S3 method for class 'biglm'
vcov(object,...)
## S3 method for class 'biglm'
coef(object,...)
## S3 method for class 'biglm'
summary(object,...)
## S3 method for class 'biglm'
AIC(object,...,k=2)
## S3 method for class 'biglm'
deviance(object,...)
```
**Arguments**

- **formula**: A model formula
- **weights**: A one-sided, single term formula specifying weights
- **sandwich**: TRUE to compute the Huber/White sandwich covariance matrix (uses $p^4$ memory rather than $p^2$)
- **object**: A `biglm` object
- **data**: Data frame that must contain all variables in formula and weights
- **moredata**: Additional data to add to the model
- **...**: Additional arguments for future expansion
- **k**: penalty per parameter for AIC

**Details**

The model formula must not contain any data-dependent terms, as these will not be consistent when updated. Factors are permitted, but the levels of the factor must be the same across all data chunks (empty factor levels are ok). Offsets are allowed (since version 0.8).

**Value**

An object of class `biglm`

**References**


**See Also**

`lm`

**Examples**

```r
data(trees)
ff<-log(Volume)~log(Girth)+log(Height)

chunk1<-trees[1:10,]
chunk2<-trees[11:20,]
chunk3<-trees[21:31,]

a <- biglm(ff,chunk1)
a <- update(a,chunk2)
a <- update(a,chunk3)

summary(a)
deviance(a)
AIC(a)
```
Description
Computes fitted means and standard errors at new data values after fitting a model with \texttt{biglm} or \texttt{bigglm}.

Usage
## S3 method for class 'bigglm'
predict(object, newdata, type = c("link", "response"),
          se.fit = FALSE, make.function = FALSE, ...)
## S3 method for class 'biglm'
predict(object, newdata=NULL, se.fit = FALSE, make.function = FALSE, ...)

Arguments
- \textit{object} fitted model
- \textit{newdata} data frame with variables for new values
- \textit{type} link is on the linear predictor scale, response is the response
- \textit{se.fit} Compute standard errors?
- \textit{make.function} If TRUE return a prediction function, see Details below
- \textit{...} not used

Details
When \textit{make.function} is TRUE, the return value is either a single function that computes the fitted values or a list of two functions that compute the fitted values and standard errors. The input to these functions is the design matrix, without the intercept column. This allows the relatively time-consuming calls to \texttt{model.frame()} and \texttt{model.matrix()} to be avoided.

Value
Either a vector of predicted values or a data frame with predicted values and standard errors.

Author(s)
based on code by Christophe Dutang

References
~put references to the literature/web site here ~

See Also
\texttt{predict.glm}, \texttt{biglm}, \texttt{bigglm}
Examples

```r
example(biglm)
predict(a,newdata=trees)
f<-predict(a,make.function=TRUE)
X<- with(trees, cbind(log(Girth),log(Height)))
f(X)
```
Index

*Topic regression
  bigglm, 1
  biglm, 4
  predict.bigglm, 6

AIC.bigglm (bigglm), 1
AIC.biglm (biglm), 4

bigglm, 1, 6
bigglm, ANY, DBIConnection-method
  (bigglm), 1
bigglm.data.frame (bigglm), 1
bigglm.function (bigglm), 1
bigglm.RODBC (bigglm), 1
bigglm.SQLiteConnection (bigglm), 1
biglm, 3, 4, 6

dcoef.biglm (biglm), 4

deviance.bigglm (bigglm), 1
deviance.biglm (biglm), 4

family.bigglm (bigglm), 1

predict.bigglm, 6
predict.biglm (predict.bigglm), 6
predict.glm, 6
print.biglm (biglm), 4
print.summary.biglm (biglm), 4

summary.biglm (biglm), 4

update.biglm (biglm), 4

vcov.bigglm (bigglm), 1
vcov.biglm (biglm), 4