Package ‘clusrank’

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Title Wilcoxon Rank Sum Test for Clustered Data

Description
Non-parametric tests (Wilcoxon rank sum test and Wilcoxon signed rank test) for clustered data.

Imports stats, MASS, Rcpp (>= 0.12.2)

License GPL (>= 3)

Depends R (>= 3.4.0)

LinkingTo Rcpp

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R topics documented:

clusrank-package .................................................. 2
amd ................................................................. 2
clusWilcoxon.test ................................................... 4

Index 8
Description

clusrank provides Wilcoxon rank-sum test and Wilcoxon sign-rank test for clustered data. For clustered rank-sum test, there are 3 methods: RGL, DS and DD. For clustered signed-rank test, there are 2 methods: RGL and DS. The two tests are unified with one single interface: clusWilcox.test. For details of the tests please look at the references below.

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References


Sandipan Dutta, Somnath Datta (2015) A Rank-Sum Test for Clustered Data When the Number of Subjects in a Group within a Cluster is Informative. Biometrics, 72, 432-440.

Description

A data set from a research on complement factor H R1210C rare variant and its associated phenotype. This data set contains Clinical Age-Related Maculopathy Staging (CARMS) scores from a total of 143 patients (283 eyes), including 62 patients with the rare variant. The data is from the lab of Dr. Johanna M. Seddon,
Format

A data frame with 283 rows and 7 variables.

- ID patient identifier
- Eye OD (right eye), OS (left eye)
- Variant 1: No R1210C Variant; 2: R1210C Variant
- CARMS Patient’s last CARMS grade, related to age-related macular degeneration (AMD).
  1: no AMD; 2: early AMD; 3: intermediate AMD; 4: geographic atroph(advanced dry); 5: neovascular disease (advanced wet)
- Age_group 1: < 70 years; 2: 70 to 79.9 years; 3: >= 80 years
- Sex 1: male; 2: female
- AgeSex 1: agegroup = 1, sex = 1; 2: agegroup = 2, sex = 1; 3: agegroup = 3, sex = 1; 4: agegroup = 1, sex = 2; 5: agegroup = 2, sex = 2; 6: agegroup = 3, sex = 2;

Note

CARMS grades were assessed separately for the two advanced stages (4 and 5): 1. CARMS 1,2,3, and 4 was assessed; 2. CARMS 1,2,3, and 5 was assessed

Source

The data came from Seddon’s lab.

References


Examples

data(amd)
clusWilcoxon.test(CARMS ~ Variant + cluster(ID), data = amd,
  subset = CARMS %in% c(1, 2, 3, 4), method = "rg1", alternative = "two")
clusWilcoxon.test(CARMS ~ Variant + cluster(ID), data = amd,
  subset = CARMS %in% c(1, 2, 3, 4), method = "ds", alternative = "two")
clusWilcoxon.test(CARMS ~ Variant + cluster(ID) + stratum(AgeSex), data = amd,
  subset = CARMS %in% c(1, 2, 3, 4), alternative = "two")
Description

Performs one-sample and two-sample Wilcoxon test for clustered data on vectors of data.

Usage

clusWilcoxon.test(x, ...)  
## S3 method for class 'formula'
clusWilcoxon.test(formula, data = parent.frame(),
    subset = NULL, na.action = na.omit, alternative = c("two.sided", "less",
    "greater"), mu = 0, paired = FALSE, exact = FALSE, B = 2000,
    method = c("rgl", "ds", "dd"), ...)

## Default S3 method:
clusWilcoxon.test(x, y = NULL, cluster = NULL,
    group = NULL, stratum = NULL, data = NULL,
    alternative = c("two.sided", "less", "greater"), mu = 0, paired = FALSE,
    exact = FALSE, B = 2000, method = c("rgl", "ds", "dd"), ...)

Arguments

x  
A numeric vector of data values or a formula. Non-finite (e.g., infinite or missing) values will be omitted.

...  
Further arguments to be passed to or from methods.

formula  
A formula of the form lhs ~ rhs where the lhs is the measurements and the rhs is of the form group + cluster(x1) + stratum(x2) for clustered rank sum test, where x1 and x2 are cluster id and stratum id in the data frame data. For clustered signed rank test, the rhs only contains clusterx1.

data  
An optional data frame containing the variables.

subset  
An optional vector specifying a subset of observations to be used.

na.action  
A function which indicates what should happen when the data contain NAs. Defaults togetOption("na.action").

alternative  
A character string specifying the alternative hypothesis, must be one of "two.sided" (default), "greater" or "less". You can specify just the initial letter.

mu  
A number specifying an optional parameter used to form the null hypothesis. Default is 0. See 'Details'.

paired  
A logical indicating whether you want a paired test.

exact  
A logical indicating if a permutation test is to be used. If it is set as FALSE, then test based on large-sample theory is carried out. If it is set as TRUE, then a permutation test is carried out. There are two available permutation tests: exact
permutation test is available for rgl signed rank test and rgl rank sum test when treatment is assigned at cluster level, random permutation test is available for all tests. For more details look at the description of the argument B.

B
An integer specifying the number of permutations if exact = TRUE. If B = 0, then the test is the exact permutation test. If B > 0, then an approximation to the exact test with B random permutation. Default is set as 2000 to ran a random permutation test.

method
A character string specifying the method of clustered Wilcoxon rank test to be use, should be one of "rgl" or "ds". For rank-sum test, the "dd" method is also available.

y
An optional numeric vector of data values, non-finite values will be omitted.

cluster
An optional numeric vector of cluster id.

group
An optional numeric vector of treatment id.

stratum
An optional numeric vector of stratum id. Only available for rgl rank sum test when treatment is assigned at cluster level.

Details
The formula interface is to both clustered signed rank test and clustered rank sum test.

The default of cluster id is that there is one member in each cluster. Both balanced data (identical cluster size) and unbalanced data (different cluster sizes) are supported in all tests provided in this package. For clustered rank sum test, the data can either have treatment assigned at cluster level or individual level.

If both x and y are given or only x is given and paired is TRUE, a clustered Wilcoxon signed rank test of the null that the distribution of x \( \sim \) y (paired sample) or of x (one sample) is symmetric about \( \mu \) is performed.

Otherwise, if only x is given and paired is FALSE, a Wilcoxon rank sum test is performed. In this case, measurements from different treatment groups should be combined in x and the group variable is required. When there are two treatment groups, the null is that the distributions of values from the two groups differ by a location shift of \( \mu \) and the alternative is that they differ by some other location shift. When there are \( m \) (\( \geq 2 \)) treatment groups, ds method can test if the location of the \( m \) groups are identical or not.

For RGL rank sum test when treatment is assigned at cluster level, an extra stratification variable is allowed through stratum.

The exact test is only available for RGL signed rank test and RGL rank sum test when treatment is assigned at cluster level.

Value
A list with class "htest" containing the following components, for different test the components may vary:

`Rstat` the value of the rank statistic with a name describing it.
`ERstat` the expectation of the rank statistic.
`VRstat` the variance of the rank statistic.
statistic the value of the test statistic with a name describing it.
p.value the p-value for the test.
alternative a character string describing the alternative hypothesis.
null.value the location parameter 'mu'.
method the type of test applied.
data.name a character string giving the names of the data.
balance a logical indicating whether the data set is balanced.
ngroup number of treatment, will be returned if there are more than 2 treatment groups and ds method is used.
df degrees of freedom of chi-square distribution, will be returned when there are more than 2 treatment groups and ds method is used.
nobs number of observations
nclus number of clusters

Methods (by class)

- formula: S3 method for class 'formula'
- default: Default S3 method.

Warning

This function can use large amounts of memory and stack if `exact = TRUE` and one sample is large (and even crash R if the stack limit is exceeded). Not recommended for data set with number of clusters more than 50.

Author(s)

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References


Sandipan Dutta, Somnath Datta (2015) *A Rank-Sum Test for Clustered Data When the Number of Subjects in a Group within a Cluster is Informative*. Biometrics, 72, 432-440.
Examples

```r
## Clustered signed rank test using RGL method.
data(crsd)
clusWilcoxon.test(z, cluster = id, data = crsd, paired = TRUE, method = "rgl")
## or
cclusWilcoxon.test(z ~ cluster(id), data = crsd, paired = TRUE, method = "rgl")
## Not run: clusWilcoxon.test(z, cluster = id, data = crsd)
## Default is rank sum test. The group variable is required.
## End(Not run)
## Clustered rank sum test using RGL method.
data(crd)
clusWilcoxon.test(z ~ group + cluster(id), data = crd, method = "rgl")
## or
clusWilcoxon.test(z, cluster = id, group = group, data = crd, method = "rgl")
```
Index

*Topic datasets
  amd, 2

amd, 2

clusrank (clusrank-package), 2
clusrank-package, 2
clusWilcox.test, 2, 4