

Package ‘conos’

February 23, 2021

Title Clustering on Network of Samples

Version 1.4.0

Description Wires together large collections of single-cell RNA-seq datasets, which allows for both the identification of recurrent cell clusters and the propagation of information between datasets in multi-sample or atlas-scale collections. ‘Conos’ focuses on the uniform mapping of homologous cell types across heterogeneous sample collections. For instance, users could investigate a collection of dozens of peripheral blood samples from cancer patients combined with dozens of controls, which perhaps includes samples of a related tissue such as lymph nodes. This package interacts with data available through the ‘conosPanel’ package, which is available in a ‘drat’ repository. To access this data package, see the instructions at <<https://github.com/kharchenkolab/conos>>. The size of the ‘conosPanel’ package is approximately 12 MB.

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Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

Depends R (>= 3.5.0), Matrix, igraph

biocViews

Imports abind, cowplot, ComplexHeatmap, dendextend, dplyr, ggplot2, ggrepel, gridExtra, irlba, leidenAlg, magrittr, Matrix.utils, methods, N2R, parallel, R6, reshape2, rlang, Rtsne, sccore (>= 0.1.1), stats, tools, utils

RoxygenNote 7.1.1

Suggests AnnotationDbi, BiocParallel, conosPanel, DESeq2, entropy, ggrastr, GO.db, jsonlite, knitr, org.Hs.eg.db, org.Mm.eg.db, p2data, pagoda2, pbapply, PMA, pROC, plyr, rhdf5, rmarkdown, rmumps, Seurat, shinycssloaders, SummarizedExperiment, testthat, tibble, uwot, zoo

Additional_repositories <https://kharchenkolab.github.io/drat/>

URL <https://github.com/kharchenkolab/conos>

BugReports <https://github.com/kharchenkolab/conos/issues>

NeedsCompilation yes

LinkingTo Rcpp, RcppArmadillo, RcppEigen, RcppProgress

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Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2021-02-23 09:00:06 UTC

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<code>basicSeuratProc</code>	<i>Create and preprocess a Seurat object</i>
------------------------------	--

Description

Create and preprocess a Seurat object

Usage

```
basicSeuratProc(
  count.matrix,
  vars.to.regress = NULL,
  verbose = TRUE,
  do.par = TRUE,
  n.pcs = 100,
  cluster = TRUE,
  tsne = TRUE,
  umap = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

<code>count.matrix</code>	gene count matrix
<code>vars.to.regress</code>	variables to regress with Seurat (default=NULL)
<code>verbose</code>	boolean Verbose mode (default=TRUE)
<code>do.par</code>	boolean Use parallel processing for regressing out variables faster (default=TRUE)
<code>n.pcs</code>	numeric Number of principal components (default=100)
<code>cluster</code>	boolean Whether to perform clustering (default=TRUE)
<code>tsne</code>	boolean Whether to construct tSNE embedding (default=TRUE)
<code>umap</code>	boolean Whether to construct UMAP embedding, works only for Seurat v2.3.1 or higher (default=FALSE)

Value

Seurat object

Examples

```
library(Seurat)
panel.preprocessed <- lapply(conosPanel::panel, basicSeuratProc)
```

bestClusterThresholds *Find threshold of cluster detectability*

Description

For a given clustering, walks the walktrap result tree to find a subtree with $\max(\min(\text{sens}, \text{spec}))$ for each cluster, where sens is sensitivity, spec is specificity

Usage

```
bestClusterThresholds(res, clusters, clmerges = NULL)
```

Arguments

res	walktrap result object (igraph)
clusters	cluster factor
clmerges	integer matrix of cluster merges (default=NULL). If NULL, the function tree-Jaccard() performs calculation without it.

Value

a list of \$thresholds - per cluster optimal detectability values, and \$node - internal node id (merge row) where the optimum was found

bestClusterTreeThresholds
Find threshold of cluster detectability in trees of clusters

Description

For a given clustering, walks the walktrap (of clusters) result tree to find a subtree with $\max(\min(\text{sens}, \text{spec}))$ for each cluster, where sens is sensitivity, spec is specificity

Usage

```
bestClusterTreeThresholds(res, leaf.factor, clusters, clmerges = NULL)
```

Arguments

res	walktrap result object (igraph) where the nodes were clusters
leaf.factor	a named factor describing cell assignments to the leaf nodes (in the same order as res\$names)
clusters	cluster factor
clmerges	integer matrix of cluster merges (default=NULL). If NULL, the function tree-Jaccard() performs calculation without it.

Value

a list of \$thresholds - per cluster optimal detectability values, and \$node - internal node id (merge row) where the optimum was found

buildWijMatrix	<i>Rescale the weights in an edge matrix to match a given perplexity.</i>
----------------	---

Description

Rescale the weights in an edge matrix to match a given perplexity.

Usage

```
buildWijMatrix(x, threads = NULL, perplexity = 50)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'TsparseMatrix'
buildWijMatrix(x, threads = NULL, perplexity = 50)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'CsparseMatrix'
buildWijMatrix(x, threads = NULL, perplexity = 50)
```

Arguments

x	A sparse matrix
threads	numeric The maximum number of threads to spawn. Determined automatically if NULL (default=NULL)
perplexity	numeric Given perplexity (default=50)

Value

A list with the following components:

'dist' An [N,K] matrix of the distances to the nearest neighbors.

'id' An [N,K] matrix of the node indexes of the nearest neighbors. Note that this matrix is 1-indexed, unlike most other matrices in this package.

'k' The number of nearest neighbors.

`collapseCellsByType` *Collapse count matrices by cell type, given min/max number of cells*

Description

Collapse count matrices by cell type, given min/max number of cells

Usage

```
collapseCellsByType(cm, groups, min.cell.count = 10, max.cell.count = Inf)
```

Arguments

<code>cm</code>	count matrix
<code>groups</code>	factor specifying cell types
<code>min.cell.count</code>	numeric Minimum number of cells to include (default=10)
<code>max.cell.count</code>	numeric Maximum number of cells to include (default=Inf). If Inf, there is no maximum.

Value

Subsetted factor of collapsed cells by type, with NA cells omitted

Conos *Conos R6 class*

Description

The class encompasses sample collections, providing methods for calculating and visualizing joint graph and communities.

Public fields

<code>samples</code>	list of samples (Pagoda2 or Seurat objects)
<code>pairs</code>	pairwise alignment results
<code>graph</code>	alignment graph
<code>clusters</code>	list of clustering results named by clustering type
<code>expression.adj</code>	adjusted expression values
<code>embeddings</code>	list of joint embeddings
<code>embedding</code>	joint embedding
<code>n.cores</code>	number of cores
<code>misc</code>	list with unstructured additional info
<code>override.conos.plot.theme</code>	

Methods**Public methods:**

- `Conos$new()`
- `Conos$addSamples()`
- `Conos$buildGraph()`
- `Conos$getDifferentialGenes()`
- `Conos$findCommunities()`
- `Conos$plotPanel()`
- `Conos$embedGraph()`
- `Conos$plotClusterStability()`
- `Conos$plotGraph()`
- `Conos$correctGenes()`
- `Conos$propagateLabels()`
- `Conos$getClusterCountMatrices()`
- `Conos$getDatasetPerCell()`
- `Conos$getJointCountMatrix()`
- `Conos$clone()`

Method `new()`: initialize Conos class

Usage:

```
Conos$new(
  x,
  ...,
  n.cores = parallel::detectCores(logical = FALSE),
  verbose = TRUE,
  override.conos.plot.theme = FALSE
)
```

Arguments:

`x` a named list of pagoda2 or Seurat objects (one per sample)
`...` additional parameters upon initializing Conos
`n.cores` numeric Number of cores to use (default=`parallel::detectCores(logical=FALSE)`)
`verbose` boolean Whether to provide verbose output (default=`TRUE`)
`override.conos.plot.theme` boolean Whether to reset plot settings to the ggplot2 default (default=`FALSE`)

Returns: a new 'Conos' object

Examples:

```
con <- Conos$new(small_panel.preprocessed, n.cores=1)
```

Method `addSamples()`: Initialize or add a set of samples to the conos panel. Note: this will simply add samples, but will not update graph, clustering, etc.

Usage:

```
Conos$addSamples(x, replace = FALSE, verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

x a named list of pagoda2 or Seurat objects (one per sample)
 replace boolean Whether the existing samples should be purged before adding new ones (default=FALSE)
 verbose boolean Whether to provide verbose output (default=FALSE)

Returns: invisible view of the full sample list

Method buildGraph(): Build the joint graph that encompasses all the samples, establishing weighted inter-sample cell-to-cell links

Usage:

```
Conos$buildGraph(
  k = 15,
  k.self = 10,
  k.self.weight = 0.1,
  alignment.strength = NULL,
  space = "PCA",
  matching.method = "mNN",
  metric = "angular",
  k1 = k,
  data.type = "counts",
  l2.sigma = 1e+05,
  var.scale = TRUE,
  ncomps = 40,
  n.odgenes = 2000,
  matching.mask = NULL,
  exclude.samples = NULL,
  common.centering = TRUE,
  verbose = TRUE,
  base.groups = NULL,
  append.global.axes = TRUE,
  append.decoys = TRUE,
  decoy.threshold = 1,
  n.decoys = k * 2,
  score.component.variance = FALSE,
  snn = FALSE,
  snn.quantile = 0.9,
  min.snn.jaccard = 0,
  min.snn.weight = 0,
  snn.k.self = k.self,
  balance.edge.weights = FALSE,
  balancing.factor.per.cell = NULL,
  same.factor.downweight = 1,
  k.same.factor = k,
  balancing.factor.per.sample = NULL
)
```

Arguments:

k integer integer Size of the inter-sample neighborhood (default=15)

`k.self` integer Size of the with-sample neighborhoods (default=10).
`k.self.weight` numeric Weight multiplier on the intra-sample edges relative to inter-sample edges (default=0.1)
`alignment.strength` numeric Alignment strength (default=NULL will result in `alignment.strength=0`)
`space` character Reduced expression space used to establish putative alignments between pairs of samples (default='PCA'). Currently supported spaces are: — "CPCA" Common principal component analysis — "JNMF" Joint NMF — "genes" Gene expression space (log2 transformed) — "PCA" Principal component analysis — "CCA" Canonical correlation analysis — "PMA" (Penalized Multivariate Analysis <<https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/PMA/index.html>>)
`matching.method` character Matching method (default='mNN'). Currently supported methods are "NN" (nearest neighbors) or "mNN" (mutual nearest neighbors).
`metric` character Distance metric to measure similarity (default='angular'). Currently supported metrics are "angular" and "L2".
`k1` numeric Neighborhood radius for identifying mutually-matching neighbors (default=k). Note that `k1` must be greater than or equal to `k`, i.e. $k1 \geq k$. Increasing `k1` beyond `k` will lead to more aggressive alignment of distinct subpopulations (i.e. increased alignment strengths).
`data.type` character Type of data type in the input pagoda2 objects within `r.n` (default='counts').
`l2.sigma` numeric L2 distances get transformed as $\exp(-d/\sigma)$ using this value (default=1e5)
`var.scale` boolean Whether to use common variance scaling (default=TRUE). If TRUE, use geometric means for variance, as we're trying to focus on the common variance components. See `scaledMatricesP2()` code.
`ncomps` integer Number of components (default=40)
`n.odgenes` integer Number of overdispersed genes to be used in each pairwise alignment (default=2000)
`matching.mask` an optional matrix explicitly specifying which pairs of samples should be compared (a symmetrical matrix of logical values with row and column names corresponding to sample names). (default=NULL). By default, comparisons between all pairs are allowed. The argument can be used to exclude comparisons across certain pairs of samples (e.g. technical replicates, which are expected to show very high similarity).
`exclude.samples` optional list of sample names that should be excluded from the alignment and the resulting graph (default=NULL)
`common.centering` boolean When calculating reduced expression space for a given sample pair, whether the expression of genes should be centered using the mean from both samples (TRUE) or using the mean within each sample (FALSE) (default=TRUE)
`verbose` boolean Whether to provide verbose output (default=TRUE)
`base.groups` an optional factor on cells specifying previously-obtained cell grouping to be used for adjusting the sample alignment (default: NULL). Specifically, cell clusters specified by the `base.groups` can be used to i) calculate global expression axes which are appended to the overall set of eigenvectors, ii) adding decoy cells.
`append.global.axes` boolean Whether to project samples on global expression axes, as defined by pre-defined (typically crude) set of cell subpopulations as specified by the `base.groups` parameter (default=TRUE, but works only if `base.groups` is specified)
`append.decoys` boolean Whether to use pre-defined cell groups (specified by `base.groups`) to append decoy cells to the samples which are otherwise lacking any of the pre-specified cell groups (default=TRUE, but works only if `base.groups` is specified). The decoy cells can reduce the number of erroneous matches in highly heterogeneous sample collections,

where some of the samples lack entire cell subpopulations which are found in other samples. The approach only works if the `base.groups` (typically a crude clustering of top-level cell types) can be established with a reasonable confidence.

- `decoy.threshold` integer Minimal number of cells of a given cell type that should exist in a given sample (according to `base.groups`) to avoid addition of decoy cells to that sample for the purposes of alignment (default=1)
- `n.decoys` integer Number of decoy cells that should be added to a sample that had less than `decoy.threshold` cells of a given cell type (default= $k*2$)
- `score.component.variance` boolean Whether to score the amount of total variance explained by different components (default=FALSE as it takes extra time to calculate)
- `snn` boolean Whether to transform the joint graph by computing a shared nearest neighborhood graph (analogous to Seurat 3), further weighting the edges between two matched cells based on the similarity (measured by Jaccard coefficient) of all of their predicted neighbors (across all of the samples) (default: FALSE)
- `snn.quantile` numeric Specifies how the shared neighborhood graph transformation will determine final edge weights. If `snn.quantile=NULL`, the edge weight will be simply equal to the Jaccard coefficient of the neighborhoods. If `snn.quantile` is a vector of two numeric values (p_1, p_2), they will be treated as quantile probabilities, and quantile values (q_1, q_2) on the set of all Jaccard coefficients (for all edges) will be determined. The edge weights will then be reset, so that edges with Jaccard coefficients below or equal to q_1 will be set to 0, and those with coefficients $\geq q_2$ will be set to 1. The rest of the weights will be mapped uniformly from $[q_1, q_2] \rightarrow [0, 1]$ range. If a single numeric value is supplied, it will be treated as a symmetric quantile probability (i.e. `snn.quantile=0.8` is equivalent to specifying `snn.quantile=c(1-0.8, 0.8)`). (default: 0.9)
- `min.snn.jaccard` numeric Minimum Jaccard coefficient required for a shared neighborhood graph edge (default: 0). The edges with Jaccard coefficients below this threshold will be removed (i.e. weight set to 0)
- `min.snn.weight` numeric Shared nearest neighbor procedure will adjust the weights of the edges, and even eliminate some of the edges (by setting their weight to zero). The `min.snn.weight` parameter allows to set a minimal adjusted edge weight, so that the edge weight is never reduced beyond this level (and hence never deleted) (default: 0 - no adjustments)
- `snn.k.self` integer Size of the within-sample neighborhood to be used in shared nearest neighbor calculations (default=`k.self`)
- `balance.edge.weights` boolean Whether to balance edge weights to control for a cell- or sample- specific factor (default=FALSE)
- `balancing.factor.per.cell` A per-cell factor (discrete factor, named with cell names) specifying a design difference should be controlled for by adjusting edge weights in the joint graph (default=NULL)
- `same.factor.downweight` numeric Optional weighting factor for edges connecting cells with the same cell factor level per cell balancing (default=1.0)
- `k.same.factor` integer An neighborhood size that should be used when aligning samples of the same `balancing.factor.per.sample` level. Setting a value smaller than `k` will lead to reduction of alignment strength within the sample batches (default=`k`)
- `balancing.factor.per.sample` A covariate factor per sample that should be controlled for by adjusting edge weights in the joint graph (default=NULL)

Returns: joint graph to be used for downstream analysis

Examples:

```
\donttest{
library(pagoda2)
panel.preprocessed <- lapply(conosPanel::panel, basicP2proc, n.cores=1, min.cells.per.gene=0,
  n.odgenes=2e3, get.largevis=FALSE, make.geneknn=FALSE)
con <- Conos$new(panel.preprocessed, n.cores=1)
con$buildGraph(k=30, k.self=5, space='PCA', ncomps=30, n.odgenes=2000, matching.method='mNN',
  metric='angular', score.component.variance=TRUE, verbose=TRUE)
}
```

Method `getDifferentialGenes()`: Calculate genes differentially expressed between cell clusters. Estimates base mean, z-score, p-values, specificity, precision, expressionFraction, AUC (if `append.auc=TRUE`)

Usage:

```
Conos$getDifferentialGenes(
  clustering = NULL,
  groups = NULL,
  z.threshold = 3,
  upregulated.only = FALSE,
  verbose = TRUE,
  append.specificity.metrics = TRUE,
  append.auc = TRUE
)
```

Arguments:

`clustering` character Name of the clustering to use (see `names(con$clusters)`) for the value of the `groups` factor (default: `NULL` - if groups are not specified, the first clustering will be used)

`groups` a cell factor (a factor named with cell names) specifying clusters of cells to be compared (one against all). To compare two cell clusters against each other, simply pass a factor containing only two levels (default: `NULL`, see `clustering`)

`z.threshold` numeric Minimum absolute value of a Z score for which the genes should be reported (default=3.0).

`upregulated.only` boolean If `TRUE`, will report only genes significantly upregulated in each cluster; otherwise both up- and down-regulated genes will be reported (default=`FALSE`)

`verbose` boolean Whether to provide verbose output (default=`TRUE`)

`append.specificity.metrics` boolean Whether to append specificity metrics (default=`TRUE`)

`append.auc` boolean Whether to append AUC scores (default=`TRUE`)

Returns: list of DE results; each is a data frame with rows corresponding to the differentially expressed genes, and columns listing log2 fold change (M), signed Z scores (both raw and adjusted for multiple hypothesis using BH correction), optional specificity/sensitivity and AUC metrics.

Examples:

```
\donttest{
library(pagoda2)
```

```

panel.preprocessed <- lapply(conosPanel::panel, basicP2proc, n.cores=1, min.cells.per.gene=0,
  n.odgenes=2e3, get.largevis=FALSE, make.geneknn=FALSE)
con <- Conos$new(panel.preprocessed, n.cores=1)
con$buildGraph(k=30, k.self=5, space='PCA', ncomps=30, n.odgenes=2000, matching.method='mNN',
  metric='angular', score.component.variance=TRUE, verbose=TRUE)
con$findCommunities(method=leiden.community, resolution=2)
con$getDifferentialGenes()
}

```

Method `findCommunities()`: Find cell clusters (as communities on the joint graph)

Usage:

```

Conos$findCommunities(
  method = leiden.community,
  min.group.size = 0,
  name = NULL,
  test.stability = FALSE,
  stability.subsampling.fraction = 0.95,
  stability.subsamples = 100,
  verbose = TRUE,
  cls = NULL,
  sr = NULL,
  ...
)

```

Arguments:

`method` community detection method (igraph syntax) (default=`leiden.community`)

`min.group.size` numeric Minimal allowed community size (default=0)

`name` character Optional name of the clustering result (will default to the algorithm name) (default=NULL will try to obtain the name from the community detection method, or will use 'community' as a default)

`test.stability` boolean Whether to test stability of community detection (default=FALSE)

`stability.subsampling.fraction` numeric Fraction of clusters to subset (default=0.95). Must be within range [0, 1].

`stability.subsamples` integer Number of subsampling iterations (default=100)

`verbose` boolean Whether to provide verbose output (default=TRUE)

`cls` optional pre-calculated community result (may be useful for stability testing) (default: NULL)

`sr` optional pre-calculated subsampled community results (useful for stability testing) (default: NULL)

... extra parameters are passed to the specified community detection method

Returns: invisible list containing identified communities (groups) and the full community detection result (result); The results are stored in `$clusters$name` slot in the `conos` object. Each such slot contains an object with elements: `$results` which stores the raw output of the community detection method, and `$groups` which is a factor on cells describing the resulting clustering. The later can be used, for instance, in plotting: `con$plotGraph(groups=con$clusters$leiden$groups)`. If `test.stability==TRUE`, then the result object will also contain a `$stability` slot.

Examples:

```

\donttest{
library(pagoda2)
panel.preprocessed <- lapply(conosPanel::panel, basicP2proc, n.cores=1, min.cells.per.gene=0,
  n.odgenes=2e3, get.largevis=FALSE, make.geneknn=FALSE)
con <- Conos$new(panel.preprocessed, n.cores=1)
con$buildGraph(k=30, k.self=5, space='PCA', ncomps=30, n.odgenes=2000, matching.method='mNN',
  metric='angular', score.component.variance=TRUE, verbose=TRUE)
con$findCommunities(method = igraph::walktrap.community, steps=5)
}

```

Method `plotPanel()`: Plot panel of individual embeddings per sample with joint coloring

Usage:

```

Conos$plotPanel(
  clustering = NULL,
  groups = NULL,
  colors = NULL,
  gene = NULL,
  use.local.clusters = FALSE,
  plot.theme = NULL,
  use.common.embedding = FALSE,
  embedding = NULL,
  adj.list = NULL,
  ...
)

```

Arguments:

`clustering` character Name of the clustering to use (see `names(con$clusters)`) for the value of the groups factor (default=NULL - if groups are not specified, the first clustering will be used)

`groups` a cell factor (a factor named with cell names) specifying clusters of cells to be compared (one against all). To compare two cell clusters against each other, simply pass a factor containing only two levels (default=NULL, see `clustering`)

`colors` a color factor (named with cell names) use for cell coloring

`gene` show expression of a gene

`use.local.clusters` boolean Whether clusters should be taken from the individual samples; otherwise joint clusters in the `conos` object will be used (see `clustering`) (default=FALSE).

`plot.theme` string Theme for the plot, passed to `plotSamples()` (default=NULL)

`use.common.embedding` boolean Whether a joint embedding in the `conos` object should be used (or embeddings determined for the individual samples) (default=FALSE)

`embedding` (default=NULL) If a character value is passed, it is interpreted as an embedding name (a name of a joint embedding in `conos` when `use.common.embedding=TRUE`, or a name of an embedding within the individual objects when `use.common.embedding=FALSE`). If a matrix is passed, it is interpreted as an actual embedding (then first two columns are interpreted as x/y coordinates, row names must be cell names). If NULL, the default embedding will be used.

`adj.list` an optional list of additional ggplot2 directions to apply (default=NULL)
 ... Additional parameters passed to `plotSamples()`, `plotEmbeddings()`, `score::embeddingPlot()`.

Returns: cowplot grid object with the panel of plots

Examples:

```
\donttest{
library(pagoda2)
panel.preprocessed <- lapply(conosPanel::panel, basicP2proc, n.cores=1, min.cells.per.gene=0,
  n.odgenes=2e3, get.largevis=FALSE, make.geneknn=FALSE)
con <- Conos$new(panel.preprocessed, n.cores=1)
con$buildGraph(k=30, k.self=5, space='PCA', ncomps=30, n.odgenes=2000, matching.method='mNN',
  metric='angular', score.component.variance=TRUE, verbose=TRUE)
con$plotPanel(clustering="multilevel", use.local.clusters=TRUE)
}
```

Method `embedGraph()`: Generate an embedding of a joint graph

Usage:

```
Conos$embedGraph(
  method = "largeVis",
  embedding.name = method,
  M = 1,
  gamma = 1,
  alpha = 0.1,
  perplexity = NA,
  sgd_batches = 1e+08,
  seed = 1,
  verbose = TRUE,
  target.dims = 2,
  ...
)
```

Arguments:

`method` Embedding method (default='largeVis'). Currently 'largeVis' and 'UMAP' are supported.

`embedding.name` character Optional name of the name of the embedding set by user to store multiple embeddings (default: method name)

`M` numeric (largeVis) The number of negative edges to sample for each positive edge to be used (default=1)

`gamma` numeric (largeVis) The strength of the force pushing non-neighbor nodes apart (default=1)

`alpha` numeric (largeVis) Hyperparameter used in the default distance function, $1/(1 + \alpha \|y_i - y_j\|^2)$ (default=0.1). The function relates the distance between points in the low-dimensional projection to the likelihood that the two points are nearest neighbors. Increasing α tends to push nodes and their neighbors closer together; decreasing α produces a broader distribution. Setting α to zero enables the alternative distance function. α below zero is meaningless.

`perplexity` (largeVis) The perplexity passed to largeVis (default=NA)

`sgd_batches` (largeVis) The number of edges to process during SGD (default=1e8). Defaults to a value set based on the size of the dataset. If the parameter given is between 0 and 1, the default value will be multiplied by the parameter.

`seed` numeric Random seed for the largeVis algorithm (default=1)

`verbose` boolean Whether to provide verbose output (default=TRUE)

`target.dims` numeric Number of dimensions for the reduction (default=2). Higher dimensions can be used to generate embeddings for subsequent reductions by other methods, such as tSNE

... additional arguments, passed to UMAP embedding (run `?conos:::embedGraphUmap` for more info)

Returns: joint graph embedding

Examples:

```
\donttest{
library(pagoda2)
panel.preprocessed <- lapply(conosPanel::panel, basicP2proc, n.cores=1, min.cells.per.gene=0,
  n.odgenes=2e3, get.largevis=FALSE, make.geneknn=FALSE)
con <- Conos$new(panel.preprocessed, n.cores=1)
con$buildGraph(k=30, k.self=5, space='PCA', ncomps=30, n.odgenes=2000, matching.method='mNN',
  metric='angular', score.component.variance=TRUE, verbose=TRUE)
con$findCommunities(method = igraph::walktrap.community, steps=8)
con$embedGraph(alpha=0.001, sgd_batched=1e8)
}
```

Method `plotClusterStability()`: Plot cluster stability statistics.

Usage:

```
Conos$plotClusterStability(clustering = NULL, what = "all")
```

Arguments:

`clustering` string Name of the clustering result to show (default=NULL)

`what` string Show a specific plot (ari - adjusted rand index, fjc - flat Jaccard, hjc - hierarchical Jaccard, dend - cluster dendrogram, all - everything except 'dend') (default='all')

Returns: cluster stability statistics

Method `plotGraph()`: Plot joint graph

Usage:

```
Conos$plotGraph(
  color.by = "cluster",
  clustering = NULL,
  embedding = NULL,
  groups = NULL,
  colors = NULL,
  gene = NULL,
  plot.theme = NULL,
  subset = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments:

`color.by` character A shortcut to color the plot by 'cluster' or by 'sample' (default: 'cluster').

If any other string is input, an error is thrown.

`clustering` a character name of the clustering to use (see `names(con$clusters)`) for the value of the groups factor (default: NULL - if groups are not specified, the first clustering will be used)

`embedding` A character name of an embedding, or a matrix of the actual embedding (rownames should correspond to cells, first to columns to x/y coordinates). If NULL (default: NULL), the latest generated embedding will be used

`groups` a cell factor (a factor named with cell names) specifying clusters of cells to be compared (one against all). To compare two cell clusters against each other, simply pass a factor containing only two levels (default: NULL, see `clustering`)

`colors` a color factor (named with cell names) use for cell coloring (default=NULL)

`gene` Show expression of a gene (default=NULL)

`plot.theme` Theme for the plot, passed to `score::embeddingPlot()` (default=NULL)

`subset` A subset of cells to show (default: NULL - shows all the cells)

... Additional parameters passed to `score::embeddingPlot()`

Returns: ggplot2 plot of joint graph

Examples:

```
\donttest{
library(pagoda2)
panel.preprocessed <- lapply(conosPanel::panel, basicP2proc, n.cores=1, min.cells.per.gene=0,
  n.odgenes=2e3, get.largevis=FALSE, make.geneknn=FALSE)
con <- Conos$new(panel.preprocessed, n.cores=1)
con$buildGraph(k=30, k.self=5, space='PCA', ncomps=30, n.odgenes=2000, matching.method='mNN',
  metric='angular', score.component.variance=TRUE, verbose=TRUE)
con$findCommunities(method=leiden.community, resolution=1)
con$embedGraph(alpha=0.001, sgd_batched=1e8)
con$plotGraph(alpha=0.1)
}
```

Method `correctGenes()`: Smooth expression of genes to minimize the batch effect between samples Use diffusion of expression on graph with the equation $dv = \exp(-a * (v + b))$

Usage:

```
Conos$correctGenes(
  genes = NULL,
  n.od.genes = 500,
  fading = 10,
  fading.const = 0.5,
  max.iters = 15,
  tol = 0.005,
  name = "diffusion",
  verbose = TRUE,
  count.matrix = NULL,
  normalize = TRUE
)
```


Arguments:

genes List of genes to be smoothed smoothing (default=NULL will smooth top n.od.genes overdispersed genes)
n.od.genes numeric If 'genes' is NULL, top n.od.genes of overdispersed genes are taken across all samples (default=500)
fading numeric Level of fading of expression change from distance on the graph (parameter 'a' of the equation) (default=10)
fading.const numeric Minimal penalty for each new edge during diffusion (parameter 'b' of the equation) (default=0.5)
max.iter numeric Maximal number of diffusion iterations (default=15)
tol numeric Tolerance after which the diffusion stops (default=5e-3)
name string Name to save the correction (default='diffusion')
verbose boolean Verbose mode (default=TRUE)
count.matrix Alternative gene count matrix to correct (rows: genes, columns: cells; has to be dense matrix). Default: joint count matrix for all datasets.
normalize boolean Whether to normalize values (default=TRUE)

Returns: smoothed expression of the input genes

Method propagateLabels(): Estimate labeling distribution for each vertex, based on a partial labeling of the cells. There are two methods used for the propagation to calculate the distribution of labels: "solver" and "diffusion". * "diffusion" (default) will estimate the labeling distribution for each vertex, based on provided labels using a random walk. * "solver" will propagate labels using the algorithm described by Zhu, Ghahramani, Lafferty (2003) <<http://mlg.eng.cam.ac.uk/zoubin/papers/zgl.pdf>> Confidence values are then calculated by taking the maximum value from this distribution of labels, for each cell.

Usage:

```
Conos$propagateLabels(labels, method = "diffusion", ...)
```

Arguments:

labels Input labels
method type of propagation. Either 'diffusion' or 'solver'. 'solver' gives better result but has bad asymptotics, so is inappropriate for datasets > 20k cells. (default='diffusion')
... additional arguments for conos:::propagateLabels* functions

Returns: list with three fields: * labels = matrix with distribution of label probabilities for each vertex by rows. * uncertainty = 1 - confidence values * label.distribution = the distribution of labels calculated using either the methods "diffusion" or "solver"

Examples:

```
\donttest{
library(pagoda2)
panel.preprocessed <- lapply(conosPanel::panel, basicP2proc, n.cores=1, min.cells.per.gene=0,
  n.odgenes=2e3, get.largevis=FALSE, make.geneknn=FALSE)
con <- Conos$new(panel.preprocessed, n.cores=1)
con$buildGraph(k=30, k.self=5, space='PCA', ncomps=30, n.odgenes=2000, matching.method='mNN',
  metric='angular', score.component.variance=TRUE, verbose=TRUE)
con$findCommunities(method=leiden.community, resolution=1)
```

```

con$embedGraph(alpha=0.001, sgd_batched=1e8)
cellannot <- read.table(file.path(find.package('conos'),'extdata','cellannot.txt'),
  header=FALSE, sep='\t')
cellannot <- setNames(cellannot[,2], cellannot[,1])
new.label.info <- conos$propagateLabels(labels = cellannot, verbose=TRUE)
}

```

Method `getClusterCountMatrices()`: Calculate pseudo-bulk expression matrices for clusters (by adding up, for each gene, all of the molecules detected for all cells in a given cluster in a given sample)

Usage:

```

Conos$getClusterCountMatrices(
  clustering = NULL,
  groups = NULL,
  common.genes = TRUE,
  omit.na.cells = TRUE
)

```

Arguments:

`clustering` string Name of the clustering to use

`groups` a factor on cells to use for coloring

`common.genes` boolean Whether to bring individual sample matrices to a common gene list (default=TRUE)

`omit.na.cells` boolean If set to FALSE, the resulting matrices will include a first column named 'NA' that will report total molecule counts for all of the cells that were not covered by the provided factor. (default=TRUE)

Returns: a list of per-sample uniform dense matrices with rows being genes, and columns being clusters

Examples:

```

\donttest{
library(pagoda2)
panel.preprocessed <- lapply(conosPanel::panel, basicP2proc, n.cores=1, min.cells.per.gene=0,
  n.odgenes=2e3, get.largevis=FALSE, make.geneknn=FALSE)
con <- Conos$new(panel.preprocessed, n.cores=1)
con$buildGraph(k=30, k.self=5, space='PCA', ncomps=30, n.odgenes=2000, matching.method='mNN',
  metric='angular', score.component.variance=TRUE, verbose=TRUE)
con$findCommunities(method=leiden.community, resolution=1)
con$getClusterCountMatrices()
}

```

Method `getDatasetPerCell()`: applies 'getCellNames()' on all samples

Usage:

```

Conos$getDatasetPerCell()

```

Returns: list of cellnames for all samples

Examples:

```
con <- Conos$new(small_panel.preprocessed, n.cores=1)
con$getDatasetPerCell()
```

Method `getJointCountMatrix()`: Retrieve joint count matrices

Usage:

```
Conos$getJointCountMatrix(raw = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

`raw` boolean If TRUE, return merged "raw" count matrices, using function `getRawCountMatrix()`. Otherwise, return the merged count matrices, using `getCountMatrix()`. (default=FALSE)

Returns: list of merged count matrices

Examples:

```
con <- Conos$new(small_panel.preprocessed, n.cores=1)
con$getJointCountMatrix()
```

Method `clone()`: The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

```
Conos$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

`deep` Whether to make a deep clone.

Examples

```
## -----
## Method `Conos$new`
## -----

con <- Conos$new(small_panel.preprocessed, n.cores=1)

## -----
## Method `Conos$buildGraph`
## -----

library(pagoda2)
panel.preprocessed <- lapply(conosPanel::panel, basicP2proc, n.cores=1, min.cells.per.gene=0,
  n.odgenes=2e3, get.largevis=FALSE, make.geneknn=FALSE)
con <- Conos$new(panel.preprocessed, n.cores=1)
con$buildGraph(k=30, k.self=5, space='PCA', ncomps=30, n.odgenes=2000, matching.method='mNN',
  metric='angular', score.component.variance=TRUE, verbose=TRUE)
```

```

## -----
## Method `Conos$getDifferentialGenes`
## -----

library(pagoda2)
panel.preprocessed <- lapply(conosPanel::panel, basicP2proc, n.cores=1, min.cells.per.gene=0,
  n.odgenes=2e3, get.largevis=FALSE, make.geneknn=FALSE)
con <- Conos$new(panel.preprocessed, n.cores=1)
con$buildGraph(k=30, k.self=5, space='PCA', ncomps=30, n.odgenes=2000, matching.method='mNN',
  metric='angular', score.component.variance=TRUE, verbose=TRUE)
con$findCommunities(method=leiden.community, resolution=2)
con$getDifferentialGenes()

## -----
## Method `Conos$findCommunities`
## -----

library(pagoda2)
panel.preprocessed <- lapply(conosPanel::panel, basicP2proc, n.cores=1, min.cells.per.gene=0,
  n.odgenes=2e3, get.largevis=FALSE, make.geneknn=FALSE)
con <- Conos$new(panel.preprocessed, n.cores=1)
con$buildGraph(k=30, k.self=5, space='PCA', ncomps=30, n.odgenes=2000, matching.method='mNN',
  metric='angular', score.component.variance=TRUE, verbose=TRUE)
con$findCommunities(method = igraph::walktrap.community, steps=5)

## -----
## Method `Conos$plotPanel`
## -----

library(pagoda2)
panel.preprocessed <- lapply(conosPanel::panel, basicP2proc, n.cores=1, min.cells.per.gene=0,
  n.odgenes=2e3, get.largevis=FALSE, make.geneknn=FALSE)
con <- Conos$new(panel.preprocessed, n.cores=1)
con$buildGraph(k=30, k.self=5, space='PCA', ncomps=30, n.odgenes=2000, matching.method='mNN',
  metric='angular', score.component.variance=TRUE, verbose=TRUE)
con$plotPanel(clustering="multilevel", use.local.clusters=TRUE)

## -----
## Method `Conos$embedGraph`
## -----

library(pagoda2)
panel.preprocessed <- lapply(conosPanel::panel, basicP2proc, n.cores=1, min.cells.per.gene=0,

```

```

    n.odgenes=2e3, get.largevis=FALSE, make.geneknn=FALSE)
con <- Conos$new(panel.preprocessed, n.cores=1)
con$buildGraph(k=30, k.self=5, space='PCA', ncomps=30, n.odgenes=2000, matching.method='mNN',
  metric='angular', score.component.variance=TRUE, verbose=TRUE)
con$findCommunities(method = igraph::walktrap.community, steps=8)
con$embedGraph(alpha=0.001, sgd_batched=1e8)

```

```

## -----
## Method `Conos$plotGraph`
## -----

```

```

library(pagoda2)
panel.preprocessed <- lapply(conosPanel::panel, basicP2proc, n.cores=1, min.cells.per.gene=0,
  n.odgenes=2e3, get.largevis=FALSE, make.geneknn=FALSE)
con <- Conos$new(panel.preprocessed, n.cores=1)
con$buildGraph(k=30, k.self=5, space='PCA', ncomps=30, n.odgenes=2000, matching.method='mNN',
  metric='angular', score.component.variance=TRUE, verbose=TRUE)
con$findCommunities(method=leiden.community, resolution=1)
con$embedGraph(alpha=0.001, sgd_batched=1e8)
con$plotGraph(alpha=0.1)

```

```

## -----
## Method `Conos$propagateLabels`
## -----

```

```

library(pagoda2)
panel.preprocessed <- lapply(conosPanel::panel, basicP2proc, n.cores=1, min.cells.per.gene=0,
  n.odgenes=2e3, get.largevis=FALSE, make.geneknn=FALSE)
con <- Conos$new(panel.preprocessed, n.cores=1)
con$buildGraph(k=30, k.self=5, space='PCA', ncomps=30, n.odgenes=2000, matching.method='mNN',
  metric='angular', score.component.variance=TRUE, verbose=TRUE)
con$findCommunities(method=leiden.community, resolution=1)
con$embedGraph(alpha=0.001, sgd_batched=1e8)
cellannot <- read.table(file.path(find.package('conos'),'extdata','cellannot.txt'),
  header=FALSE, sep='\t')
cellannot <- setNames(cellannot[,2], cellannot[,1])
new.label.info <- con$propagateLabels(labels = cellannot, verbose=TRUE)

```

```

## -----
## Method `Conos$getClusterCountMatrices`
## -----

```

```

library(pagoda2)
panel.preprocessed <- lapply(conosPanel::panel, basicP2proc, n.cores=1, min.cells.per.gene=0,

```

```

    n.odgenes=2e3, get.largevis=FALSE, make.geneknn=FALSE)
con <- Conos$new(panel.preprocessed, n.cores=1)
con$buildGraph(k=30, k.self=5, space='PCA', ncomps=30, n.odgenes=2000, matching.method='mNN',
  metric='angular', score.component.variance=TRUE, verbose=TRUE)
con$findCommunities(method=leiden.community, resolution=1)
con$getClusterCountMatrices()

## -----
## Method `Conos$getDatasetPerCell`
## -----

con <- Conos$new(small_panel.preprocessed, n.cores=1)
con$getDatasetPerCell()

## -----
## Method `Conos$getJointCountMatrix`
## -----

con <- Conos$new(small_panel.preprocessed, n.cores=1)
con$getJointCountMatrix()

```

convertToPagoda2

Convert Conos object to Pagoda2 object

Description

Convert Conos object to Pagoda2 object

Usage

```
convertToPagoda2(con, n.pcs = 100, n.odgenes = 2000, verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

con	Conos object
n.pcs	numeric Number of principal components (default=100)
n.odgenes	numeric Number of overdispersed genes (default=2000)
verbose	boolean Whether to give verbose output (default=TRUE)
...	parameters passed to Pagoda2\$new()

Value

pagoda2 object

Examples

```
library(pagoda2)
panel.preprocessed <- lapply(conosPanel::panel, basicP2proc, n.cores=1, min.cells.per.gene=0,
  n.odgenes=2e3, get.largevis=FALSE, make.geneknn=FALSE)
con <- Conos$new(panel.preprocessed, n.cores=1)
p2object <- convertToPagoda2(con)
```

edgeMat<- *Set edge matrix edgeMat with certain values on sample*

Description

Set edge matrix edgeMat with certain values on sample
 Access edgeMat from sample

Usage

```
edgeMat(sample) <- value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'Pagoda2'
edgeMat(sample) <- value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'seurat'
edgeMat(sample) <- value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'Seurat'
edgeMat(sample) <- value

edgeMat(sample)

## S4 method for signature 'Pagoda2'
edgeMat(sample)

## S4 method for signature 'seurat'
edgeMat(sample)

## S4 method for signature 'Seurat'
edgeMat(sample)
```

Arguments

sample	sample from which to access edge matrix edgeMat
value	values to set with edgeMat<-

```
estimateWeightEntropyPerCell
```

Estimate entropy of edge weights per cell according to the specified factor. Can be used to visualize alignment quality according to this factor.

Description

Estimate entropy of edge weights per cell according to the specified factor. Can be used to visualize alignment quality according to this factor.

Usage

```
estimateWeightEntropyPerCell(con, factor.per.cell)
```

Arguments

con	conos object
factor.per.cell	some factor, which group cells, such as sample or a specific condition

Value

entropy of edge weights per cell

```
findSubcommunities      Increase resolution for a specific set of clusters
```

Description

Increase resolution for a specific set of clusters

Usage

```
findSubcommunities(
  con,
  target.clusters,
  clustering = NULL,
  groups = NULL,
  method = leiden.community,
  ...
)
```


Arguments

con	conos object
target.clusters	clusters for which the resolution should be increased
clustering	name of clustering in the conos object to use. Either 'clustering' or 'groups' must be provided (default=NULL).
groups	set of clusters to use. Ignored if 'clustering' is not NULL (default=NULL).
method	function, used to find communities (default=leiden.community).
...	additional params passed to the community function

Value

set of clusters with increased resolution

getBetweenCellTypeCorrectedDE

Compare two cell types across the entire panel

Description

Compare two cell types across the entire panel

Usage

```
getBetweenCellTypeCorrectedDE(
  con.obj,
  sample.groups = NULL,
  groups = NULL,
  cooks.cutoff = FALSE,
  refgroup = NULL,
  altgroup = NULL,
  min.cell.count = 10,
  independent.filtering = FALSE,
  cluster.sep.chr = "<!!>",
  return.details = TRUE,
  only.paired = TRUE,
  correction = NULL,
  ref.level = NULL
)
```

Arguments

<code>con.obj</code>	conos object
<code>sample.groups</code>	a named list of two character vectors specifying the app groups to compare
<code>groups</code>	factor describing cell grouping
<code>cooks.cutoff</code>	cooksCutoff parameter for DESeq2
<code>refgroup</code>	cell type to compare to be used as reference
<code>altgroup</code>	cell type to compare to
<code>min.cell.count</code>	minimum number of cells per celltype/sample combination to keep
<code>independent.filtering</code>	independentFiltering parameter for DESeq2
<code>cluster.sep.chr</code>	character string of length 1 specifying a delimiter to separate cluster and app names
<code>return.details</code>	logical, return detailed results
<code>only.paired</code>	only keep samples that that both cell types above the min.cell.count threshold
<code>correction</code>	fold change corrections per genes
<code>ref.level</code>	reference level on the basis of which the correction was calculated

Value

Returns either a DESeq2::results() object, or if return.details=TRUE, returns a list of the DESeq2::results(), the samples from the panel to use in this comparison, refgroups, altgroup, and samplegroups

getBetweenCellTypeDE *Compare two cell types across the entire panel*

Description

Compare two cell types across the entire panel

Usage

```
getBetweenCellTypeDE(
  con.obj,
  groups = NULL,
  sample.groups = NULL,
  cooks.cutoff = FALSE,
  refgroup = NULL,
  altgroup = NULL,
  min.cell.count = 10,
  independent.filtering = FALSE,
  cluster.sep.chr = "<!!>",
```

```

    return.details = TRUE,
    only.paired = TRUE,
    remove.na = TRUE
  )

```

Arguments

con.obj	conos object
groups	factor describing cell grouping (default=NULL)
sample.groups	a named list of two character vectors specifying the app groups to compare (default=NULL)
cooks.cutoff	boolean cooksCutoff parameter for DESeq2 (default=FALSE)
refgroup	cell type to compare to be used as reference (default=NULL)
altgroup	cell type to compare to be used as ALT against refgroup (default=NULL)
min.cell.count	numeric Minimum number of cells per celltype/sample combination to keep (default=10)
independent.filtering	boolean Whether to use independentFiltering parameter for DESeq2 (default=FALSE)
cluster.sep.chr	character string of length 1 specifying a delimiter to separate cluster and app names (default='<!!>')
return.details	boolean Return detailed results (default=TRUE)
only.paired	boolean Only keep samples that that both cell types above the min.cell.count threshold (default=TRUE)
remove.na	boolean If TRUE, remove NAs from DESeq calculations (default=TRUE)

Value

Returns either a `DESeq2::results()` object, or if `return.details=TRUE`, returns a list of the `DESeq2::results()`, the samples from the panel to use in this comparison, `refgroups`, `altgroup`, and `samplegroups`

getCellNames	<i>Access cell names from sample</i>
--------------	--------------------------------------

Description

Access cell names from sample

getCountMatrix	<i>Access count matrix from sample</i>
----------------	--

Description

Access count matrix from sample

Usage

```
getCountMatrix(sample, transposed = FALSE)

## S4 method for signature 'Pagoda2'
getCountMatrix(sample, transposed = FALSE)

## S4 method for signature 'seurat'
getCountMatrix(sample, transposed = FALSE)

## S4 method for signature 'Seurat'
getCountMatrix(sample, transposed = FALSE)
```

Arguments

sample	sample from which to get the count matrix
transposed	boolean Whether the count matrix should be transposed (default=FALSE)

getEmbedding	<i>Access embedding from sample</i>
--------------	-------------------------------------

Description

Access embedding from sample

Usage

```
getEmbedding(sample, type)

## S4 method for signature 'Pagoda2'
getEmbedding(sample, type)

## S4 method for signature 'seurat'
getEmbedding(sample, type)

## S4 method for signature 'Seurat'
getEmbedding(sample, type)

## S4 method for signature 'Conos'
getEmbedding(sample, type)
```

Arguments

sample	sample from which to get the embedding
type	character Type of embedding to get

getGeneExpression	<i>Access gene expression from sample</i>
-------------------	---

Description

Access gene expression from sample

Usage

```
getGeneExpression(sample, gene)

## S4 method for signature 'Pagoda2'
getGeneExpression(sample, gene)

## S4 method for signature 'Conos'
getGeneExpression(sample, gene)
```

Arguments

sample	sample from which to access gene expression
gene	character vector Genes to access

getGenes	<i>Access genes from sample</i>
----------	---------------------------------

Description

Access genes from sample

Usage

```
getGenes(sample)

## S4 method for signature 'Pagoda2'
getGenes(sample)

## S4 method for signature 'seurat'
getGenes(sample)

## S4 method for signature 'Seurat'
```

```
getGenes(sample)

## S4 method for signature 'Conos'
getGenes(sample)
```

Arguments

sample sample from which to get genes

getOverdispersedGenes *Access overdispersed genes from sample*

Description

Access overdispersed genes from sample

Usage

```
getOverdispersedGenes(sample, n.odgenes = 1000)

## S4 method for signature 'Pagoda2'
getOverdispersedGenes(sample, n.odgenes = NULL)

## S4 method for signature 'seurat'
getOverdispersedGenes(sample, n.odgenes = NULL)

## S4 method for signature 'Seurat'
getOverdispersedGenes(sample, n.odgenes = NULL)

## S4 method for signature 'Conos'
getOverdispersedGenes(sample, n.odgenes = NULL)
```

Arguments

sample sample from which to overdispereed genes

n.odgenes numeric Number of overdispersed genes to get

getPca	<i>Access PCA from sample</i>
--------	-------------------------------

Description

Access PCA from sample

Usage

```
getPca(sample)

## S4 method for signature 'Pagoda2'
getPca(sample)

## S4 method for signature 'seurat'
getPca(sample)

## S4 method for signature 'Seurat'
getPca(sample)
```

Arguments

sample	sample from which to access PCA
--------	---------------------------------

getPerCellTypeDE	<i>Do differential expression for each cell type in a conos object between the specified subsets of apps</i>
------------------	--

Description

Do differential expression for each cell type in a conos object between the specified subsets of apps

Usage

```
getPerCellTypeDE(
  con.obj,
  groups = NULL,
  sample.groups = NULL,
  cooks.cutoff = FALSE,
  ref.level = NULL,
  min.cell.count = 10,
  remove.na = TRUE,
  max.cell.count = Inf,
  test = "LRT",
  independent.filtering = FALSE,
```



```

    n.cores = 1,
    cluster.sep.chr = "<!!>",
    return.details = TRUE
  )

```

Arguments

con.obj	conos object
groups	factor specifying cell types (default=NULL)
sample.groups	a list of two character vector specifying the app groups to compare (default=NULL)
cooks.cutoff	boolean cooksCutoff for DESeq2 (default=FALSE)
ref.level	the reference level of the sample.groups against which the comparison should be made (default=NULL). If NULL, will pick the first one.
min.cell.count	integer Minimal number of cells per cluster for a sample to be taken into account in a comparison (default=10)
remove.na	boolean If TRUE, remove NAs from DESeq calculations, which often arise as comparisons not possible (default=TRUE)
max.cell.count	maximal number of cells per cluster per sample to include in a comparison (useful for comparing the number of DE genes between cell types) (default=Inf)
test	which DESeq2 test to use (options: "LRT" or "Wald") (default="LRT")
independent.filtering	boolean independentFiltering for DESeq2 (default=FALSE)
n.cores	numeric Number of cores (default=1)
cluster.sep.chr	character string of length 1 specifying a delimiter to separate cluster and app names (default='<!!>')
return.details	boolean Whether to return verbose details (default=TRUE)

Value

A list of differential expression results for every cell type

getRawCountMatrix	<i>Access raw count matrix from sample</i>
-------------------	--

Description

Access raw count matrix from sample

Usage

```
getRawCountMatrix(sample, transposed = FALSE)

## S4 method for signature 'Pagoda2'
getRawCountMatrix(sample, transposed = FALSE)

## S4 method for signature 'seurat'
getRawCountMatrix(sample, transposed = FALSE)

## S4 method for signature 'Seurat'
getRawCountMatrix(sample, transposed = FALSE)

## S4 method for signature 'Conos'
getRawCountMatrix(sample, transposed = FALSE)
```

Arguments

sample	sample from which to get the raw count matrix
transposed	boolean Whether the raw count matrix should be transposed (default=FALSE)

getSampleNamePerCell *Retrieve sample names per cell*

Description

Retrieve sample names per cell

Usage

```
getSampleNamePerCell(samples)
```

Arguments

samples	list of samples
---------	-----------------

Value

list of sample names getSampleNamePerCell(small_panel.preprocessed)

greedyModularityCut *Performs a greedy top-down selective cut to optimize modularity*

Description

Performs a greedy top-down selective cut to optimize modularity

Usage

```
greedyModularityCut(  
  wt,  
  N,  
  leaf.labels = NULL,  
  minsize = 0,  
  minbreadth = 0,  
  flat.cut = TRUE  
)
```

Arguments

wt	walktrap result
N	numeric Number of top greedy splits to take
leaf.labels	leaf sample label factor, for breadth calculations - must be a named factor containing all wt\$names, or if wt\$names is null, a factor listing cells in the same order as wt leafs (default=NULL)
minsize	numeric Minimum size of the branch (in number of leafs) (default=0)
minbreadth	numeric Minimum allowed breadth of a branch (measured as normalized entropy) (default=0)
flat.cut	boolean Whether to simply take a flat cut (i.e. follow provided tree; default=TRUE). Does no observe minsize/minbreadth restrictions

Value

list(hclust - hclust structure of the derived tree, leafContent - binary matrix with rows corresponding to old leaves, columns to new ones, deltaM - modularity increments)

p2app4conos

Utility function to generate a pagoda2 app from a conos object

Description

Utility function to generate a pagoda2 app from a conos object

Usage

```
p2app4conos(
  conos,
  cdl = NULL,
  metadata = NULL,
  filename = "conos_app.bin",
  save = TRUE,
  n.cores = 1,
  n.odgenes = 3000,
  nPcs = 100,
  k = 30,
  perplexity = 50,
  log.scale = TRUE,
  trim = 10,
  keep.genes = NULL,
  min.cells.per.gene = 0,
  min.transcripts.per.cell = 100,
  get.largevis = TRUE,
  get.tsne = TRUE,
  make.geneknn = TRUE,
  go.env = NULL,
  cell.subset = NULL,
  max.cells = Inf,
  additional.embeddings = NULL,
  test.pathway.overdispersion = FALSE,
  organism = NULL,
  return.details = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

conos	Conos object
cdl	list Optional list of raw matrices (so that gene merging doesn't have to be redone) (default=NULL)
metadata	list Optional list of (named) metadata factors (default=NULL)
filename	string Name of the *.bin file to serialize for the pagoda2 application if save=TRUE (default='conos_app.bin')
save	boolean Save serialized *.bin file specified in filename (default=TRUE)

n.cores	integer Number of cores (default=1)
n.odgenes	numeric Number of top overdispersed genes to use (default=3e3). From pagoda2::basicP2proc().
nPcs	numeric Number of PCs to use (default=100). From pagoda2::basicP2proc().
k	numeric Default number of neighbors to use in kNN graph (default=30). From pagoda2::basicP2proc().
perplexity	numeric Perplexity to use in generating tSNE and largeVis embeddings (default=50). From pagoda2::basicP2proc().
log.scale	boolean Whether to use log scale normalization (default=TRUE). From pagoda2::basicP2proc().
trim	numeric Number of cells to trim in winsorization (default=10). From pagoda2::basicP2proc().
keep.genes	optional set of genes to keep from being filtered out (even at low counts) (default=NULL). From pagoda2::basicP2proc().
min.cells.per.gene	numeric Minimal number of cells required for gene to be kept (unless listed in keep.genes) (default=0). From pagoda2::basicP2proc().
min.transcripts.per.cell	numeric Minimal number of molecules/reads for a cell to be admitted (default=100). From pagoda2::basicP2proc().
get.largevis	boolean Whether to calculate largeVis embedding (default=TRUE). From pagoda2::basicP2proc().
get.tsne	boolean Whether to calculate tSNE embedding (default=TRUE). From pagoda2::basicP2proc().
make.geneknn	boolean Whether pre-calculate gene kNN (for gene search) (default=TRUE). From pagoda2::basicP2proc().
go.env	GO environment for the organism of interest (default=NULL)
cell.subset	string Cells to subset with the conos embedding conos\$embedding. If NULL, uses all cells via rownames(conos\$embedding) (default=NULL)
max.cells	numeric Limit to the cells that are included in the conos. If Inf, there is no limit (default=Inf)
additional.embeddings	list Additional embeddings to add to conos for the pagoda2 app (default=NULL)
test.pathway.overdispersion	boolean Find all IDs using GO category against either org.Hs.eg.db ('hs') or org.Mm.eg.db ('mm') (default=FALSE)
organism	string Organism of interest, either 'hs' (Homo sapiens) or 'mm' (Mus musculus, i.e. mouse) (default=NULL). Only used if test.pathway.overdispersion is TRUE. If NULL and test.pathway.overdispersion=TRUE, then 'hs' is used.
return.details	boolean If TRUE, return list of p2 application, pagoda2 object, list of raw matrices, and cell names. If FALSE, simply return pagoda2 app object. (default=FALSE)

Value

pagoda2 app object

Examples

```

library(pagoda2)
panel.preprocessed <- lapply(conosPanel::panel, basicP2proc, n.cores=1, min.cells.per.gene=0,
  n.odgenes=2e3, get.largevis=FALSE, make.geneknn=FALSE)
con <- Conos$new(panel.preprocessed, n.cores=1)
con$buildGraph(k=30, k.self=5, space='PCA', ncomps=30, n.odgenes=2000, matching.method='mNN',
  metric='angular', score.component.variance=TRUE, verbose=TRUE)
con$findCommunities(method=leiden.community, resolution=1)
con$embedGraph(alpha=0.001, sgd_batched=1e8)
p2app4conos(con)

```

plotClusterBarplots *Plots barplots per sample of composition of each pagoda2 application based on selected clustering*

Description

Plots barplots per sample of composition of each pagoda2 application based on selected clustering

Usage

```

plotClusterBarplots(
  conos.obj = NULL,
  clustering = NULL,
  groups = NULL,
  sample.factor = NULL,
  show.entropy = TRUE,
  show.size = TRUE,
  show.composition = TRUE,
  legend.height = 0.2
)

```

Arguments

conos.obj	A conos object (default=NULL)
clustering	name of clustering in the current object (default=NULL)
groups	arbitrary grouping of cells (to use instead of the clustering) (default=NULL)
sample.factor	a factor describing cell membership in the samples (or some other category) (default=NULL). This will default to samples if not provided.
show.entropy	boolean Whether to include entropy barplot (default=TRUE)
show.size	boolean Whether to include size barplot (default=TRUE)
show.composition	boolean Whether to include composition barplot (default=TRUE)
legend.height	numeric Relative height of the legend panel (default=0.2)

Value

a ggplot object

plotClusterBoxPlotsByAppType

Generate boxplot per cluster of the proportion of cells in each celltype

Description

Generate boxplot per cluster of the proportion of cells in each celltype

Usage

```
plotClusterBoxPlotsByAppType(
  conos.obj,
  clustering = NULL,
  apptypes = NULL,
  return.details = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

conos.obj	conos object
clustering	name of the clustering to use (default=NULL)
apptypes	a factor specifying how to group the samples (default=NULL)
return.details	boolean If TRUE return a list with the plot and the summary data.frame (default=FALSE)

Value

Boxplot per cluster of the proportion of cells in each celltype

plotComponentVariance *Plot fraction of variance explained by the successive reduced space components (PCA, CPCA)*

Description

Requires buildGraph() or updatePairs() to be ran first with the argument score.component.variance=TRUE.

Usage

```
plotComponentVariance(
  conos.obj,
  space = "PCA",
  plot.theme = ggplot2::theme_bw()
)
```

Arguments

conos.obj	conos object
space	character Reduction space to be analyzed (currently, component variance scoring is only supported by PCA and CPCA) (default='PCA')
plot.theme	ggplot theme (default=ggplot2::theme_bw()). Refer to < https://ggplot2.tidyverse.org/reference/ggtheme.html > for more details.

Value

ggplot

plotDEheatmap

Plot a heatmap of differential genes

Description

Plot a heatmap of differential genes

Usage

```
plotDEheatmap(
  con,
  groups,
  de = NULL,
  min.auc = NULL,
  min.specificity = NULL,
  min.precision = NULL,
  n.genes.per.cluster = 10,
  additional.genes = NULL,
  exclude.genes = NULL,
  labeled.gene.subset = NULL,
  expression.quantile = 0.99,
  pal = colorRampPalette(c("dodgerblue1", "grey95", "indianred1"))(1024),
  ordering = "-AUC",
  column.metadata = NULL,
  show.gene.clusters = TRUE,
  remove.duplicates = TRUE,
  column.metadata.colors = NULL,
)
```



```

    show.cluster.legend = TRUE,
    show_heatmap_legend = FALSE,
    border = TRUE,
    return.details = FALSE,
    row.label.font.size = 10,
    order.clusters = FALSE,
    split = FALSE,
    split.gap = 0,
    cell.order = NULL,
    averaging.window = 0,
    max.cells = Inf,
    ...
)

```

Arguments

con	conos (or p2) object
groups	groups in which the DE genes were determined (so that the cells can be ordered correctly)
de	differential expression result (list of data frames) (default=NULL)
min.auc	optional minimum AUC threshold (default=NULL)
min.specificity	optional minimum specificity threshold (default=NULL)
min.precision	optional minimum precision threshold (default=NULL)
n.genes.per.cluster	numeric Number of genes to show for each cluster (default=10)
additional.genes	optional additional genes to include (the genes will be assigned to the closest cluster) (default=NULL)
exclude.genes	an optional list of genes to exclude from the heatmap (default=NULL)
labeled.gene.subset	a subset of gene names to show (instead of all genes) (default=NULL). Can be a vector of gene names, or a number of top genes (in each cluster) to show the names for.
expression.quantile	numeric Expression quantile to show (default=0.99)
pal	palette to use for the main heatmap (default=colorRampPalette(c('dodgerblue1','grey95','indianred1'))(10))
ordering	order by which the top DE genes (to be shown) are determined (default "-AUC")
column.metadata	additional column metadata, passed either as a data.frame with rows named as cells, or as a list of named cell factors (default=NULL).
show.gene.clusters	whether to show gene cluster color codes
remove.duplicates	remove duplicated genes (leaving them in just one of the clusters)

<code>column.metadata.colors</code>	a list of color specifications for additional column metadata, specified according to the HeatmapMetadata format. Use "clusters" slot to specify cluster colors.
<code>show.cluster.legend</code>	boolean Whether to show the cluster legend (default=TRUE)
<code>show_heatmap_legend</code>	boolean Whether to show the expression heatmap legend (default=FALSE)
<code>border</code>	boolean Whether to show borders around the heatmap and annotations (default=TRUE)
<code>return.details</code>	boolean If TRUE will return a list containing the heatmap (ha), but also raw matrix (x), expression list (expl) and other info to produce the heatmap on your own (default=FALSE).
<code>row.label.font.size</code>	numeric Font size for the row labels (default=10)
<code>order.clusters</code>	boolean Whether to re-order the clusters according to the similarity of the expression patterns (of the genes being shown) (default=FALSE)
<code>split</code>	boolean Whether to use arguments "row_split" and "column_split" in ComplexHeatmap::Heatmap() (default=FALSE). These arguments are categorical vectors used to split the rows/columns in the heatmap.
<code>split.gap</code>	numeric Value of millimeters "mm" to use for 'row_gap' and 'column_gap' (default=0). If split is FALSE, this argument is ignored.
<code>cell.order</code>	explicitly supply cell order (default=NULL)
<code>averaging.window</code>	numeric Optional window averaging between neighboring cells within each group (turned off by default) - useful when very large number of cells shown (requires zoo package) (default=0)
<code>max.cells</code>	numeric Maximum cells to include in any given group (default: Inf)
<code>...</code>	extra parameters are passed to ComplexHeatmap::Heatmap() call

Value

ComplexHeatmap::Heatmap object (see return.details param for other output)

projectKNNs

Project a distance matrix into a lower-dimensional space.

Description

Takes as input a sparse matrix of the edge weights connecting each node to its nearest neighbors, and outputs a matrix of coordinates embedding the inputs in a lower-dimensional space.

Usage

```

projectKNNs(
  wij,
  dim = 2,
  sgd_batches = NULL,
  M = 5,
  gamma = 7,
  alpha = 1,
  rho = 1,
  coords = NULL,
  useDegree = FALSE,
  momentum = NULL,
  seed = NULL,
  threads = NULL,
  verbose = getOption("verbose", TRUE)
)

```

Arguments

wij	A symmetric sparse matrix of edge weights, in C-compressed format, as created with the <code>Matrix</code> package.
dim	numeric Number of dimensions for the projection space (default=2).
sgd_batches	The number of edges to process during SGD (default=NULL). Defaults to a value set based on the size of the dataset. If the parameter given is between 0 and 1, the default value will be multiplied by the parameter.
M	numeric Number of negative edges to sample for each positive edge (default=5).
gamma	numeric Strength of the force pushing non-neighbor nodes apart (default=7).
alpha	numeric Hyperparameter used in the default distance function, $1/(1 + \alpha \ y_i - y_j\ ^2)$ (default=1). The function relates the distance between points in the low-dimensional projection to the likelihood that the two points are nearest neighbors. Increasing α tends to push nodes and their neighbors closer together; decreasing α produces a broader distribution. Setting α to zero enables the alternative distance function. α below zero is meaningless.
rho	numeric Initial learning rate (default=1)
coords	An initialized coordinate matrix (default=NULL).
useDegree	boolean Whether to use vertex degree to determine weights (default=FALSE). If TRUE, weights determined in negative sampling; if FALSE, weights determined by the sum of the vertex's edges. See Notes.
momentum	If not NULL (the default), SGD with momentum is used, with this multiplier, which must be between 0 and 1. Note that momentum can drastically speed-up training time, at the cost of additional memory consumed.
seed	numeric Random seed to be passed to the C++ functions (default=NULL). If NULL, sampled from hardware entropy pool. Note that if the seed is not NULL (the default), the maximum number of threads will be set to 1 in phases of the algorithm that would otherwise be non-deterministic.

threads	numeric The maximum number of threads to spawn (default=NULL). Determined automatically if NULL.
verbose	boolean Verbosity (default=getOption("verbose", TRUE))

Details

The algorithm attempts to estimate a dim -dimensional embedding using stochastic gradient descent and negative sampling.

The objective function is:

$$O = \sum_{(i,j) \in E} w_{ij} (\log f(\|p(e_{ij}) = 1\|) + \sum_{k=1}^M E_{jk} P_n(j) \gamma \log(1 - f(\|p(e_{ijk}) - 1\|)))$$

where $f()$ is a probabilistic function relating the distance between two points in the low-dimensional projection space, and the probability that they are nearest neighbors.

The default probabilistic function is $1/(1 + \alpha\|x\|^2)$. If α is set to zero, an alternative probabilistic function, $1/(1 + \exp(x^2))$ will be used instead.

Note that the input matrix should be symmetric. If any columns in the matrix are empty, the function will fail.

Value

A dense $[N,D]$ matrix of the coordinates projecting the w_{ij} matrix into the lower-dimensional space.

Note

If specified, `seed` is passed to the C++ and used to initialize the random number generator. This will not, however, be sufficient to ensure reproducible results, because the initial coordinate matrix is generated using the R random number generator. To ensure reproducibility, call `set.seed` before calling this function, or pass it a pre-allocated coordinate matrix.

The original paper called for weights in negative sampling to be calculated according to the degree of each vertex, the number of edges connecting to the vertex. The reference implementation, however, uses the sum of the weights of the edges to each vertex. In experiments, the difference was imperceptible with small (MNIST-size) datasets, but the results seems aesthetically preferable using degree. The default is to use the edge weights, consistent with the reference implementation.

Examples

```
## Not run:
data(CO2)
CO2$Plant <- as.integer(CO2$Plant)
CO2$Type <- as.integer(CO2$Type)
CO2$Treatment <- as.integer(CO2$Treatment)
co <- scale(as.matrix(CO2))
# Very small datasets often produce a warning regarding the alias table. This is safely ignored.
suppressWarnings(vis <- largeVis(t(co), K = 20, sgd_batches = 1, threads = 2))
suppressWarnings(coords <- projectKNNs(vis$wij, threads = 2))
```

```
plot(t(coords))  
## End(Not run)
```

```
rawMatricesWithCommonGenes  
    Get raw matrices with common genes
```

Description

Get raw matrices with common genes

Usage

```
rawMatricesWithCommonGenes(con.obj, sample.groups = NULL)
```

Arguments

con.obj Conos object
sample.groups list of samples to select from Conos object, con.obj\$samples (default=NULL)

Value

raw matrices subset with common genes

```
saveConosForScanPy    Save Conos object on disk to read it from ScanPy
```

Description

Save Conos object on disk to read it from ScanPy

Usage

```
saveConosForScanPy(  
  con,  
  output.path,  
  hdf5_filename,  
  metadata.df = NULL,  
  cm.norm = FALSE,  
  pseudo.pca = FALSE,  
  pca = FALSE,  
  n.dims = 100,  
  embedding = TRUE,  
  alignment.graph = TRUE,  
  verbose = FALSE  
)
```

Arguments

con	conos object
output.path	path to a folder, where intermediate files will be saved
hdf5_filename	name of HDF5 written with ScanPy files. Note: the rhdf5 package is required
metadata.df	data.frame with additional metadata with rownames corresponding to cell ids, which should be passed to ScanPy (default=NULL) If NULL, only information about cell ids and origin dataset will be saved.
cm.norm	boolean Whether to include the matrix of normalised counts (default=FALSE).
pseudo.pca	boolean Whether to produce an emulated PCA by embedding the graph to a space with 'n.dims' dimensions and save it as a pseudoPCA (default=FALSE).
pca	boolean Whether to include PCA of all the samples (not batch corrected) (default=FALSE).
n.dims	numeric Number of dimensions for calculating PCA and/or pseudoPCA (default=100).
embedding	boolean Whether to include the current conos embedding (default=TRUE).
alignment.graph	boolean Whether to include graph of connectivities and distances (default=TRUE).
verbose	boolean Whether to use verbose mode (default=FALSE)

Value

AnnData object for ScanPy, saved to disk

See Also

The rhdf5 package documentation here: <<https://www.bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/rhdf5.html>>

saveDEasCSV

*Save differential expression as table in *csv format*

Description

Save differential expression as table in *csv format

Usage

```
saveDEasCSV(de.results, saveprefix, gene.metadata = NULL)
```

Arguments

de.results	output of differential expression results, corrected or uncorrected
saveprefix	character prefix for output file
gene.metadata	gene metadata to include (default=NULL)

saveDEasJSON	<i>Save differential expression results as JSON</i>
--------------	---

Description

Save differential expression results as JSON

Usage

```
saveDEasJSON(
  de.results = NULL,
  saveprefix = NULL,
  gene.metadata = NULL,
  cluster.sep.chr = "<!!>"
)
```

Arguments

de.results	differential expression results (default=NULL)
saveprefix	prefix for the differential expression output (default=NULL)
gene.metadata	data.frame with gene metadata (default=NULL)
cluster.sep.chr	character string of length 1 specifying a delimiter to separate cluster and app names (default='<!!>')

Value

JSON with DE results

scanKModularity	<i>Scan joint graph modularity for a range of k (or k.self) values Builds graph with different values of k (or k.self if scan.k.self=TRUE), evaluating modularity of the resulting multilevel clustering NOTE: will run evaluations in parallel using con\$n.cores (temporarily setting con\$n.cores to 1 in the process)</i>
-----------------	---

Description

Scan joint graph modularity for a range of k (or k.self) values Builds graph with different values of k (or k.self if scan.k.self=TRUE), evaluating modularity of the resulting multilevel clustering NOTE: will run evaluations in parallel using con\$n.cores (temporarily setting con\$n.cores to 1 in the process)

Usage

```
scanKModularity(
  con,
  min = 3,
  max = 50,
  by = 1,
  scan.k.self = FALSE,
  omit.internal.edges = TRUE,
  verbose = TRUE,
  plot = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

con	Conos object to test
min	numeric Minimal value of k to test (default=3)
max	numeric Value of k to test (default=50)
by	numeric Scan step (default=1)
scan.k.self	boolean Whether to test dependency on scan.k.self (default=FALSE)
omit.internal.edges	boolean Whether to omit internal edges of the graph (default=TRUE)
verbose	boolean Whether to provide verbose output (default=TRUE)
plot	boolean Whether to plot the output (default=TRUE)
...	other parameters will be passed to con\$buildGraph()

Value

a data frame with \$k \$m columns giving k and the corresponding modularity

Examples

```
library(pagoda2)
panel.preprocessed <- lapply(conosPanel::panel, basicP2proc, n.cores=1, min.cells.per.gene=0,
  n.odgenes=2e3, get.largevis=FALSE, make.geneknn=FALSE)
con <- Conos$new(panel.preprocessed, n.cores=1)
scanKModularity(con)
```

sgdBatches	<i>Calculate the default number of batches for a given number of vertices and edges. The formula used is the one used by the 'largeVis' reference implementation. This is substantially less than the recommendation $E * 10000$ in the original paper.</i>
------------	--

Description

Calculate the default number of batches for a given number of vertices and edges. The formula used is the one used by the 'largeVis' reference implementation. This is substantially less than the recommendation $E * 10000$ in the original paper.

Usage

```
sgdBatches(N, E = 150 * N/2)
```

Arguments

N	Number of vertices
E	Number of edges (default = 150*N/2)

Value

The recommended number of sgd batches.

Examples

```
# Observe that increasing K has no effect on processing time
N <- 70000 # MNIST
K <- 10:250
plot(K, sgdBatches(rep(N, length(K)), N * K / 2))

# Observe that processing time scales linearly with N
N <- c(seq(from = 1, to = 10000, by = 100), seq(from = 10000, to = 10000000, by = 1000))
plot(N, sgdBatches(N))
```

```
small_panel.preprocessed
```

Small pre-processed data from Pagoda2, two samples, each dimension (1000, 100)

Description

Small pre-processed data from Pagoda2, two samples, each dimension (1000, 100)

Usage

```
small_panel.preprocessed
```

Format

An object of class list of length 2.

stableTreeClusters	<i>Determine number of detectable clusters given a reference walktrap and a bunch of permuted walktraps</i>
--------------------	---

Description

Determine number of detectable clusters given a reference walktrap and a bunch of permuted walktraps

Usage

```
stableTreeClusters(
  refwt,
  tests,
  min.threshold = 0.8,
  min.size = 10,
  n.cores = 30,
  average.thresholds = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

refwt	reference walktrap result
tests	a list of permuted walktrap results
min.threshold	numeric Min detectability threshold (default=0.8)
min.size	numeric Minimum cluster size (number of leafs) (default=10)
n.cores	numeric Number of cores (default=30)
average.thresholds	boolean Report a single number of detectable clusters for averaged detected thresholds (default=FALSE) (a list of detected clusters for each element of the tests list is returned by default)

Value

number of detectable stable clusters

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