# Package ‘cwbtools’

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**Type**  Package

**Title**  Tools to Create, Modify and Manage 'CWB' Corpora

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**Description**  The 'Corpus Workbench' ('CWB', [https://cwb.sourceforge.io/](https://cwb.sourceforge.io/)) offers a classic and mature approach for working with large, linguistically and structurally annotated corpora. The 'CWB' is memory efficient and its design makes running queries fast, see Evert (2011) [https://eprints.lancs.ac.uk/id/eprint/62721](https://eprints.lancs.ac.uk/id/eprint/62721). The 'cwbtools' package offers pure 'R' tools to create indexed corpus files as well as high-level wrappers for the original 'C' implementation of 'CWB' as exposed by the 'RcppCWB' package ([https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=RcppCWB](https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=RcppCWB)). Additional functionality to add and modify annotations of corpora from within 'R' makes working with 'CWB' indexed corpora much more flexible and convenient. The 'cwbtools' package in combination with the 'R' packages 'RcppCWB' ([https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=RcppCWB](https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=RcppCWB)) and 'polmineR' ([https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=polmineR](https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=polmineR)) offers a lightweight infrastructure to support the combination of quantitative and qualitative approaches for working with textual data.

**Imports**  data.table, R6, xml2, stringi, curl, RcppCWB (>= 0.6.3), pbapply, methods, tools, cli, jsonlite, httr, rstudioapi, zen4R (>= 0.9), lifecycle, fs

**Suggests**  tm (>= 0.7.3), knitr, markdown, tokenizers (>= 0.2.1), tidytext, SnowballC, janeaustenr, testthat, rmarkdown, aws.s3, quanteda, dplyr

**VignetteBuilder**  knitr

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**BugReports**  [https://github.com/PolMine/cwbtools/issues](https://github.com/PolMine/cwbtools/issues)
cwbtools-package

Collate 'CorpusData.R' 'corpus.R' 'cwb.R' 'cwbtools.R' 'directories.R'
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    'registry_file.R' 's_attribute.R' 'vrt.R' 'zenodo.R'

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Description

Tools to Create, Modify and Manage CWB Corpora.

Details

The Corpus Workbench (CWB) offers a classic approach for working with large, linguistically and structurally annotated corpora. Its design ensures memory efficiency and makes running queries fast (Evert and Hardie 2011). Technically, indexing and compressing corpora as suggested by Witten et al. (1999) is the approach implemented by the CWB (Christ 1994).
The C implementation of the CWB is mature and efficient. However, the convenience and flexibility of traditional CWB command line tools is limited. These tools are not portable across platforms, inhibiting the ideal of reproducible research.

The 'cwbtools' package combines portable pure R tools to create indexed corpus files and convenience wrappers for the original C implementation of CWB as exposed by the RcppCWB package. Additional functionality to add and modify annotations of corpora from within R makes working with CWB indexed corpora much more flexible. "Pure R" workflows to enrich corpora with annotations using standard NLP tools or generated manually can be implemented seamlessly and conveniently.

The cwbtools package is a companion of the RcppCWB and the polmineR package and is a building block of an infrastructure to support the combination of quantitative and qualitative approaches when working with textual data.

Author(s)

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References


Details

Known issues resulting from annotating files (with the treetagger in particular) are whitespace characters invalid for XML, XML elements at the end of a line rather than in a separate line, characters invalid for XML (such as ampersands), inter alia.

Before doing respective corrections, the method tests whether there is any text at all in the files. Empty files (files that contain nothing but XML tags) are dropped.

conll_get_regions

Extract regions from NER annotations (CoNNL format).

Description

Extract regions from NER annotations (CoNNL format).

Usage

conll_get_regions(x)

Arguments

x A data.frame, a data.table, or any other object that can be coerced to a data.table. The input table is expected to have the columns “token” and “ner”, and “cpos”.

Examples

x <- data.frame(
  token = c(
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE
)
x[["cpos"]]<- 100L:(100L + nrow(x) - 1L)
tab <- conll_get_regions(x)
Description

Manage Corpus Data and Encode CWB Corpus.
Manage Corpus Data and Encode CWB Corpus.

Details

See the CWB Encoding Tutorial on characters allowed for encoding attributes: "By convention, all attribute names must be lowercase (more precisely, they may only contain the characters a-z, 0-9, -, and _, and may not start with a digit). Therefore, the names of XML elements to be included in the CWB corpus must not contain any non-ASCII or uppercase letters." (section 2)
Import XML files.

Public fields

chunktable  A data.table with column "id" (unique values), columns with metadata, and a column with text chunks.
tokenstream  A data.table with a column "cpos" (corpus position), and columns with positional attributes, such as "word", "lemma", "pos", "stem".
metadata  A data.table with a column "id", to link data with chunks/tokenstream, columns with document-level metadata, and a column "cpos_left" and "cpos_right", which can be generated using method \$add_corpus_positions() .
sentences  A data.table.
named_entities  A data.table.

Methods

Public methods:
• CorpusData\$new()
• CorpusData\$print()
• CorpusData\$tokenize()
• CorpusData\$import_xml()
• CorpusData\$add_corpus_positions()
• CorpusData\$purge()
• CorpusData\$encode()
• CorpusData\$clone()

Method new(): Initialize a new instance of class CorpusData.
Usage:
CorpusData\$new()
Returns: A class CorpusData object.

Method print(): Print summary of CorpusData object.
Usage:
CorpusData$print()

Method tokenize(): Simple tokenization of text in chunktable.
Usage:
CorpusData$tokenize(..., verbose = TRUE, progress = TRUE)
Arguments:
... Arguments that are passed into tokenizers::tokenize_words().
verbose A logical value, whether to be verbose.
progress A logical value, whether to show progress bar.

Method import_xml():
Usage:
CorpusData$import_xml(
  filenames,
  body = "//body",
  meta = NULL,
  mc = NULL,
  progress = TRUE
)
Arguments:
filenames A vector of files to process.
body An xpath expression defining the body of the XML document.
meta A named character vector with XPath expressions.
mc A numeric/integer value, number of cores to use.
progress A logical value, whether to show progress bar.
Returns: The CorpusData object is returned invisibly.

Method add_corpus_positions(): Add column 'cpos' to tokenstream and columns 'cpos_left' and 'cpos_right' to metadata.
Usage:
CorpusData$add_corpus_positions(verbos = TRUE)
Arguments:
verbose A logical value, whether to be verbose.

Method purge(): Remove patterns from chunkdata that are known to cause problems. This is done most efficiently at the chunkdata level of data preparation as the length of the character vector to handle is much smaller than when tokenization/annotation has been performed.
Usage:
CorpusData$purge(
  replacements = list(c("\s*.*?>\s*\$", ""), c("'", ""))
)
Arguments:
replacements A list of length-two character vectors with regular expressions and replacements.

Method encode(): Encode corpus. If the corpus already exists, it will be removed.

Usage:
CorpusData$encode(
corpus,
p_attributes = "word",
s_attributes = NULL,
encoding,
registry_dir = Sys.getenv("CORPUS_REGISTRY"),
data_dir = NULL,
method = c("R", "CWB"),
verbose = TRUE,
compress = FALSE,
reload = TRUE,
quietly = TRUE
)

Arguments:
corpus The name of the CWB corpus.
p_attributes Positional attributes.
s_attributes Columns that will be encoded as structural attributes.
encoding Encoding/charset of the CWB corpus.
registry_dir Corpus registry, the directory where registry files are stored.
data_dir Directory where to create directory for indexed corpus files.
method Either "R" or "CWB".
verbose A logical value, whether to be verbose.
compress A logical value, whether to compress corpus.
reload A logical value, whether to reload corpus.
quietly A logical value passed into RcppCWB::cwb_makeall(), RcppCWB::cwb_huffcode() and RcppCWB::cwb_compress_rdx to control verbosity of these functions.

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:
CorpusData$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:
deep Whether to make a deep clone.

Examples
library(RcppCWB)
library(data.table)

# this example relies on the R method to write data to disk, there is also a method "CWB"
# that relies on CWB tools to generate the indexed corpus. The CWB can downloaded
# and installed within the package by calling cwb_install()

# create temporary registry file so that data in RcppCWB package can be used

registry_rcppcwb <- system.file(package = "RcppCWB", "extdata", "cwb", "registry")
registry_tmp <- fs::path(tempdir(), "registry")
if (!dir.exists(registry_tmp)) dir.create(registry_tmp)

r <- registry_file_parse("REUTERS", registry_dir = registry_rcppcwb)
registry_file_write(r, corpus = "REUTERS", registry_dir = registry_tmp)

# decode structural attribute 'places'

s_attrs_places <- RcppCWB::s_attribute_decode(
  corpus = "REUTERS",
  data_dir = system.file(package = "RcppCWB", "extdata", "cwb", "indexed_corpora", "reuters"),
  s_attribute = "places", method = "R"
)

s_attrs_places[["id"]]<- 1L:nrow(s_attrs_places)
setnames(s_attrs_places, old = "value", new = "places")

# decode positional attribute 'word'

tokens <- apply(s_attrs_places, 1, function(row){
  ids <- cl_cpos2id(
    corpus = "REUTERS", cpos = row[1]:row[2],
    p_attribute = "word", registry = registry_tmp
  )
  cl_id2str(corpus = "REUTERS", id = ids, p_attribute = "word", registry = registry_tmp)
})

tokenstream <- rbindlist(
  lapply(
    1L:length(tokens),
    function(i) data.table(id = i, word = tokens[[i]])
  )
)
tokenstream["cpos"] <- 0L:(nrow(tokenstream) - 1L)

# create CorpusData object (see vignette for further explanation)

CD <- CorpusData$new()
CD$tokenstream <- as.data.table(tokenstream)
CD$metadata <- as.data.table(s_attrs_places)

# Remove temporary registry with home dir still pointing to RcppCWB data dir
# to prevent data from being deleted
file.remove(fs::path(registry_tmp, "reuters"))
file.remove(registry_tmp)

# create temporary directories (registry directory and one for indexed corpora)

registry_tmp <- fs::path(tempdir(), "registry")
data_dir_tmp <- fs::path(tempdir(), "data_dir")
if (!dir.exists(registry_tmp)) dir.create(registry_tmp)
corpus_install

Install and manage corpora.

Description
Utility functions to assist the installation and management of indexed CWB corpora.

Usage

corpus_install(
  pkg = NULL,
  repo = "https://PolMine.github.io/drat/",
  tarball = NULL,
  doi = NULL,
  checksum = NULL,
  lib = .libPaths()[1],
  registry_dir,
  corpus_dir,
  ask = interactive(),
  load = TRUE,
  verbose = TRUE,
  user = NULL,
  password = NULL,
  ...
)

corpus_packages()

corpus_rename(
  old,
  new,
  registry_dir = Sys.getenv("CORPUS_REGISTRY"),
  verbose = TRUE
)
corpus_remove(corpus, registry_dir, ask = interactive(), verbose = TRUE)

corpus_as_tarball(
    corpus,
    registry_dir,
    data_dir = registry_file_parse(corpus, registry_dir)["home"],
    tarfile,
    verbose = TRUE
)

corpus_copy(
    corpus,
    registry_dir,
    data_dir = registry_file_parse(corpus, registry_dir)["home"],
    registry_dir_new = fs::path(tempdir(), "cwb", "registry"),
    data_dir_new = fs::path(tempdir(), "cwb", "indexed_corpora", tolower(corpus)),
    remove = FALSE,
    verbose = interactive(),
    progress = TRUE
)


corpus_recode(
    corpus,
    registry_dir = Sys.getenv("CORPUS_REGISTRY"),
    data_dir = registry_file_parse(corpus, registry_dir)["home"],
    skip = character(),
    to = c("latin1", "UTF-8"),
    verbose = TRUE
)

corpus_testload(
    corpus,
    registry_dir = Sys.getenv("CORPUS_REGISTRY"),
    verbose = TRUE
)


corpus_get_version(corpus, registry_dir = Sys.getenv("CORPUS_REGISTRY"))

corpus_reload(corpus, registry_dir, verbose = TRUE)

Arguments

pkg      Name of a package (length-one character vector).
repo     URL of the repository.
tarball  URL, S3-URI or local filename of a tarball with a CWB indexed corpus. If NULL (default) and argument doi is stated, the whereabouts of a corpus tarball will be
The DOI (Digital Object Identifier) of a corpus deposited at Zenodo (e.g. "10.5281/zenodo.3748858").

doi

A length-one character vector with a MD5 checksum to check for the integrity of a downloaded tarball. If the tarball is downloaded from Zenodo by stating a DOI (argument doi), the checksum included in the metadata for the record is used for the check.

checksum

Directory for R packages, defaults to .libPaths()[1].

lib

The corpus registry directory. If missing, the result of cwb_registry_dir().

registry_dir

The directory that contains the data directories of indexed corpora. If missing, the value of cwb_corpus_dir() will be used.

corpus_dir

A logical value, whether to ask user for confirmation before removing a corpus.

ask

A logical value, whether to load corpus after installation.

load

Logical, whether to be verbose.

verbose

A user name that can be specified to download a corpus from a password protected site.

user

A password that can be specified to download a corpus from a password protected site.

password

Further parameters that will be passed into download.file(), if tarball is specified.

...

Name of the (old) corpus.

old

Name of the (new) corpus.

new

The ID of a CWB indexed corpus (in upper case).

corpus

The data directory where the files of the CWB corpus live.

data_dir

Filename of tarball.

tarfile

Target directory with for (new) registry files.

registry_dir_new

Target directory for corpus files.

data_dir_new

A logical value, whether to remove original files after having created the copy.

remove

Logical, whether to show a progress bar.

progress

A character vector with s_attributes to skip.

skip

Character string describing the target encoding of the corpus.

to

Details

A CWB corpus consists a set of binary files with corpus data kept together in a data directory, and a registry file, which is a plain text file that details the corpus id, corpus properties, structural and positional attributes. The registry file also specifies the path to the corpus data directory. Typically, the registry directory and a corpus directory with the data directories for individual corpora are within one parent folder (which might be called "cwb" by default). See the following stylized directory structure.
The corpus_install() function will assist the installation of a corpus. The following scenarios are offered:

- If argument tarball is a local tarball, the tarball will be extracted and files will be moved.
- If tarball is a URL, the tarball will be downloaded from the online location. It is possible to state user credentials using the arguments user and password. Then the aforementioned installation (scenario 1) is executed. If argument pkg is the name of an installed package, corpus files will be moved into this package.
- If argument doi is Document Object Identifier (DOI), the URL from which a corpus tarball can be downloaded is derived from the information available at that location. The tarball is downloaded and the corpus installed. If argument pkg is defined, files will be moved into a R package, the system registry and corpus directories are used otherwise. Note that at this stage, it is assumed that the DOI has been awarded by Zenodo.
- If argument pkg is provided and tarball is NULL, corpora included in the package will be installed as system corpora, using the storage location specified by registry_dir.

If the corpus to be installed is already available, a dialogue will ask the user whether an existing corpus shall be deleted and installed anew, if argument ask is TRUE.

corpus_packages() will detect the packages that include CWB corpora. Note that the directory structure of all installed packages is evaluated which may be slow on network-mounted file systems.
corpus_rename() will rename a corpus, affecting the name of the registry file, the corpus id, and the name of the directory where data files reside.
corpus_remove() can be used to delete a corpus.
corpus_as_tarball() will create a tarball (.tar.gz-file) with two subdirectories. The 'registry' subdirectory will host the registry file for the tarred corpus. The data files will be put in a subdirectory with the corpus name in the 'indexed_corpora' subdirectory.
corpus_copy() will create a copy of a corpus (useful for experimental modifications, for instance).
corpus_get_version parses the registry file and derives the corpus version number from the corpus properties. The return value is a numeric_version class object. The corpus version is expected to follow semantic versioning (three digits, e.g. 0.8.1). If the corpus version has another format or if it is not available, the return value is NA.
corpus_install

corpus_reload() will unload a corpus if necessary and reload it. Useful to make new features of a corpus available after modification. Returns logical value TRUE if successful, FALSE if not.

Value

Logical value TRUE if installation has been successful, or FALSE if not.

See Also

For managing registry files, see registry_file_parse for switching to a packaged corpus.

Examples

```r
registry_file_new <- fs::path(tempdir(), "cwb", "registry", "reuters")
if (file.exists(registry_file_new)) file.remove(registry_file_new)
corpus_copy(
  corpus = "REUTERS",
  registry_dir = system.file(package = "RcppCWB", "extdata", "cwb", "registry"),
  data_dir = system.file(
    package = "RcppCWB",
    "extdata", "cwb", "indexed_corpora", "reuters"
  )
)
unlink(fs::path(tempdir(), "cwb"), recursive = TRUE)
corpus <- "REUTERS"
pkg <- "RcppCWB"
s_attr <- "places"
Q <- 'oil'

registry_dir_src <- system.file(package = pkg, "extdata", "cwb", "registry")
data_dir_src <- system.file(package = pkg, "extdata", "cwb", "indexed_corpora", tolower(corpus))

registry_dir_tmp <- fs::path(tempdir(), "cwb", "registry")
registry_file_tmp <- fs::path(registry_dir_tmp, tolower(corpus))
data_dir_tmp <- fs::path(tempdir(), "cwb", "indexed_corpora", tolower(corpus))

if (file.exists(registry_file_tmp)) file.remove(registry_file_tmp)
if (!dir.exists(data_dir_tmp)){
dir.create(data_dir_tmp, recursive = TRUE)
} else {
  if (length(list.files(data_dir_tmp)) > 0L)
    file.remove(list.files(data_dir_tmp, full.names = TRUE))
}

corpus_copy(
  corpus = corpus,
  registry_dir = registry_dir_src,
  data_dir = data_dir_src,
  registry_dir_new = registry_dir_tmp,
  data_dir_new = data_dir_tmp
)```
RcppCWB::cl_charset_name(corpus = corpus, registry = registry_dir_tmp)
corpus_recode(
    corpus = corpus,
    registry_dir = registry_dir_tmp,
    data_dir = data_dir_tmp,
    to = "UTF-8"
)
RcppCWB::cl_delete_corpus(corpus = corpus, registry = registry_dir_tmp)
RcppCWB::cqp_initialize(registry_dir_tmp)
RcppCWB::cl_charset_name(corpus = corpus, registry = registry_dir_tmp)
n_strucs <- RcppCWB::cl_attribute_size(
    corpus = corpus, attribute = s_attr, attribute_type = "s", registry = registry_dir_tmp
)
strucs <- 0L:(n_strucs - 1L)
struc_values <- RcppCWB::cl_struc2str(
    corpus = corpus, s_attribute = s_attr, struc = strucs, registry = registry_dir_tmp
)
speakers <- unique(struc_values)
Sys.setenv("CORPUS_REGISTRY" = registry_dir_tmp)
if (RcppCWB::cqp_is_initialized()) RcppCWB::cqp_reset_registry() else RcppCWB::cqp_initialize()
RcppCWB::cqp_query(corpus = corpus, query = Q)
cpos <- RcppCWB::cqp_dump_subcorpus(corpus = corpus)
ids <- RcppCWB::cl_cpos2id(
    corpus = corpus, p_attribute = "word", registry = registry_dir_tmp, cpos = cpos
)
str <- RcppCWB::cl_id2str(
    corpus = corpus, p_attribute = "word", registry = registry_dir_tmp, id = ids
)
unique(str)
unlink(fs::path(tempdir(), "cwb"), recursive = TRUE)

**cwb_corpus_dir** Manage directories for indexed corpora

**Description**

The Corpus Workbench (CWB) stores the binary files for structural and positional attributes in an individual 'data directory' (referred to by argument data_dir) for each corpus. The data directories will typically be subdirectories of a parent directory called 'corpus directory' (argument corpus_dir). Irrespective of the location of the data directories, all corpora available on a machine are described by so-called (plain text) registry files stored in a so-called 'registry directory' (referred to by argument registry_dir). The functionality to manage these directories is used as auxiliary functionality by higher-level functionality to download and install corpora.
**cwb_corpus_dir**

**Usage**

```r

cwb_corpus_dir(registry_dir, verbose = TRUE)

cwb_registry_dir(VERBOSE = TRUE)

cwb_directories(registry_dir = NULL, corpus_dir = NULL, verbose = TRUE)

create_cwb_directories(prefix = "~/cwb", ask = interactive(), verbose = TRUE)

use_corpus_registry_envvar(registry_dir)
```

**Arguments**

- `registry_dir` Path to the directory with registry files.
- `verbose` A logical value, whether to output status messages.
- `corpus_dir` Path to the directory with data directories for corpora.
- `prefix` The base path that will be prefixed.
- `ask` A logical value, whether to prompt user before creating directories.

**Details**

`cwb_corpus_dir` will make a plausible suggestion for a corpus directory where data directories for corpora reside. The procedure requires that the registry directory (argument `registry_dir`) is known. If the argument `registry_dir` is missing, the registry directory will be guessed by calling `cwb_registry_dir`. The heuristic to detect the corpus directory is as follows: First, directories in the parent directory of the registry directory that contain "corpus" or "corpora" are suggested. If this does not yield a result, the data directories stated in the registry files are evaluated. If there is one unique parent directory of data directories (after removing temporary directories and directories within packages), this unique directory is suggested. `cwb_corpus_dir` will return a length-one character vector with the path of the suggested corpus directory, or NULL if the heuristic does not yield a result.

`cwb_registry_dir()` will return the system registry directory. By default, the environment variable CORPUS_REGISTRY defines the system registry directory. If the polmineR-package is loaded, a temporary registry directory is used, replacing the system registry directory. In this case, `cwb_registry_dir()` will retrieve the directory from the option 'polmineR.corpus_registry'. The return value is a length-one character vector or NULL, if no registry directory can be detected.

`cwb_directories` will return a named character vector with the registry and the corpus directory.

`create_cwb_directories` will create a 'registry' and an 'indexed_corpora' directory as subdirectories of the directory indicated by argument `prefix`. Argument `ask` indicates whether to create directories, and whether user feedback is asked for before creating the directories. The function returns a named character vector with the registry and the corpus directory.

`use_corpus_registry_envvar()` is a convenience function that will assist users to define the environment variable CORPUS_REGISTRY in the .Renviron-file, making it available across sessions. The function is intended to be used in an interactive R session. An error is thrown if this is not the
The user will be prompted whether the cwbtools package shall take care of creating / modifying the .Renviron-file. If not, the file will be opened for manual modification with some instructions shown in the terminal.

cwb_install

Utilities to install the Corpus Workbench (CWB)

Description

The CWB comprises a set of command line tools for corpus preparation and management. Functionality for installing and managing these Tools.

Usage

cwb_install(
  url_cwb = cwb_get_url(),
  md5 = attr(url_cwb, "md5"),
  cwb_dir = fs::path(fs::path_temp(), "cwb"),
  verbose = TRUE
)

cwb_get_url()

cwb_get_bindir(bindir = Sys.getenv("CWB_BINDIR"), verbose = TRUE)

cwb_is_installed()

Arguments

url_cwb URL for downloading the CWB.
md5 The md5 checksum of the compressed file to be downloaded.
cwb_dir The directory where the CWB shall be installed.
verbose Logical, whether to show progress messages.
bindir The directory with CWB binaries.

Details

Use cwb_install() to download and install CWB binaries (v3.5) from SourceForge. If successful, cwb_install() returns the directory of the CWB, otherwise NULL. For the installation on macOS and Linux, see https://cwb.sourceforge.io/install.php.

cwb_get_url() will return the URL for downloading the appropriate binary (Linux / macOS) of the CWB (v3.5), or the source tarball (Linux). The md5 checksum of the file to be downloaded is part of the return value as "md5" attribute.

cwb_get_bindir() detects the directory with the cwb command line programs. Defaults to using the value of the environment variable "CWB_BINDIR". If unset, the value of cwb-config --bindir is used. Returns NULL if CWB installation is not found.

cwb_is_installed() will check whether the CWB is installed.
**encode**

Encode CWB Corpus.

---

### Description

[Experimental]

### Usage

```r
encode(x, ...)  
## S4 method for signature 'data.frame'
encode(
  x,
  corpus,
  s_attributes = NULL,
  encoding = "utf8",
  registry_dir = fs::path(tempdir(), "cwb_registry"),
  data_dir = fs::path(tempdir(), "cwb_data_dir", tolower(corpus)),
  properties = c(),
  method = c("R", "CWB"),
  verbose = TRUE,
  compress = FALSE,
  reload = TRUE,
  quietly = TRUE
)
```

### Arguments

- **x**: A `data.frame` or an object inheriting from `data.frame` (such as `tibble`, `data.table`).
- **...**: Further arguments (unused).
- **corpus**: ID of the CWB corpus to create.
- **s_attributes**: A list of `data.frame` objects with columns `cpos_left` and `cpos_right` and columns with s-attributes, the names of which will serve as names of s-attributes. If `s_attributes` is a `data.frame`, it will be coerced to a list.
- **encoding**: Encoding as defined in the charset corpus property of the registry file for the corpus ("latin1" to "latin9", and "utf8").
- **registry_dir**: Registry directory.
- **data_dir**: The data directory for the binary files of the corpus.
- **properties**: A named character vector with corpus properties that will be added to the registry file describing the corpus. Names of the vector indicate a property (such as "version") and the values of the vector the values of a corpus property.
- **method**: Either 'CWB' or 'R', defaults to 'R'. See section 'Details'.
- **verbose**: A logical value, whether to output progress messages.
compress A logical value, whether to run `RcppCWB::cwb_huffcode()` and `RcppCWB::cwb_compress_rdx()` (method ‘R’), or command line tools `cwb-huffcode` and `cwb-compress-rdx` (method ‘CWB’). Defaults to FALSE as compression is not stable on Windows.

reload A logical value, whether to reload the corpus to make it immediately available.

quietly A logical value passed into `RcppCWB::cwb_makeall()`, `RcppCWB::cwb_huffcode()` and `RcppCWB::cwb_compress_rdx` to control verbosity of these functions.

Examples

```r
# This is an example we run conditionally as packages are suggested.

dplyr_available <- requireNamespace("dplyr")
tidytext_available <- requireNamespace("tidytext")
quanteda_available <- requireNamespace("quanteda")

if (dplyr_available && tidytext_available && quanteda_available){

  library(dplyr) # pipe would not be available otherwise
  library(tidytext)

  registry_tmp <- fs::path(tempdir(), "cwb_registry")
dir.create(registry_tmp)

  tidydata <- quanteda::data_char_ukimmig2010 %>%
    as.data.frame() %>%
    as_tibble(rownames = "party") %>%
    rename("text" = ".")

tokenstream <- tidydata %>%
  unnest_tokens(word, text, to_lower = FALSE, strip_punct = FALSE) %>%
  mutate(cpos = 0L:(nrow(.) - 1L))

metadata <- tokenstream %>%
  group_by(party) %>%
  summarise(cpos_left = min(cpos), cpos_right = max(cpos))

tokenstream %>%
  select(-cpos, -party) %>%
  encode(
    corpus = "UKIMMIG2010",
    s_attributes = metadata,
    properties = c(lang = "en")
  )
}
```

---

**get_encoding**

Get Encoding of Character Vector.
pkg_utils

Description

Get Encoding of Character Vector.

Usage

get_encoding(x, verbose = FALSE)

Arguments

x  a character vector
verbose  logical, whether to output messages

pkg_utils

Create and manage packages with corpus data.

Description

Putting CWB indexed corpora into R data packages is a convenient way to ship and share corpora, and to keep documentation and supplementary functionality with the data.

[Deprecated]

Usage

pkg_create_cwb_dirs(pkg = ".", verbose = TRUE)

pkg_add_corpus(
  pkg = ".",
  corpus,
  registry = Sys.getenv("CORPUS_REGISTRY"),
  verbose = TRUE
)

pkg_add_configure_scripts(pkg = ".")

pkg_add_description(
  pkg = ".",
  package = NULL,
  version = "0.0.1",
  date = Sys.Date(),
  author,
  maintainer = NULL,
  description = "",
  license = "",
  verbose = TRUE
)
pkg_add_creativecommons_license(
  pkg = ".",
  license = "CC-BY-NC-SA",
  file = system.file(package = "cwbtools", "txt", "licenses", "CC_BY-NC-SA_3.0.txt")
)

pkg_add_gitattributes_file(pkg = ".")

**Arguments**

- **pkg**
  Path to directory of data package or package name.

- **verbose**
  A logical value, whether to be verbose.

- **corpus**
  Name of the CWB corpus to insert into the package.

- **registry**
  Registry directory.

- **package**
  The package name (character), may not include special chars, and no underscores ("_").

- **version**
  The version number of the corpus (defaults to "0.0.1")

- **date**
  The date of creation, defaults to `Sys.Date()`.

- **author**
  The author of the package, either character vector or object of class `person`.

- **maintainer**
  Maintainer, R package style, either character vector or person.

- **description**
  Description of the data package.

- **license**
  The license.

- **file**
  Path to file with fulltext of Creative Commons license.

**Details**

pkg_create_cwb_dirs will create the standard directory structure for storing registry files and indexed corpora within a package (`./inst/extdata/cwb/registry` and `./inst/extdata/cwb/indexed_corpora`, respectively).

pkg_add_corpus will add the corpus described in registry directory to the package defined by pkg.

add_configure_script will add standardized and tested configure scripts `configure` for Linux and macOS, and `configure.win` for Windows to the top level directory of the data package, and file `setpaths.R` to `tools` subdirectory. The configuration mechanism ensures that the data directory is specified correctly in the registry files during the installation of the data package.

pkg_add_description will add a description file to the package.

pkg_add_creativecommons_license will license information to the DESCRIPTION file, and move file LICENSE to top level directory of the package.

pkg_add_gitattributes_file will add a file `.gitattributes` to the package. The file defines types of files that will be tracked by Git LFS, i.e. they will not be under conventional version control. This is suitable for large binary files, which is the scenario applicable for indexed corpus data.

**References**

Examples

```r
pkgdir <- fs::path_temp()
pkg_create_cwb_dirs(pkg = pkgdir)
pkg_add_description(
  pkg = pkgdir,
  package = "reuters",
  author = "cwbtools",
  description = "Reuters data package"
)
pkg_add_corpus(
  pkg = pkgdir, corpus = "REUTERS",
  registry = system.file(package = "RcppCWB", "extdata", "cwb", "registry")
)
pkg_add_gitattributes_file(pkg = pkgdir)
pkg_add_configure_scripts(pkg = pkgdir)
pkg_add_creativecommons_license(pkg = pkgdir)
```

---

**p_attribute_encode**

*Encode Positional Attribute(s).*

**Description**

Generate positional attribute from a character vector of tokens (the token stream).

**Usage**

```r
p_attribute_encode(
  token_stream,
  p_attribute = "word",
  registry_dir,
  corpus,
  data_dir,
  method = c("R", "CWB"),
  verbose = TRUE,
  quietly = FALSE,
  encoding = get_encoding(token_stream),
  compress = FALSE,
  reload = TRUE
)
```

```r
p_attribute_recode(
  data_dir,
  p_attribute,
  from = c("UTF-8", "latin1"),
  to = c("UTF-8", "latin1")
)
```

```r
p_attribute_rename()
```
corpus,
old,
new,
registry_dir,
verbose = TRUE,
dryrun = FALSE
)

Arguments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Argument</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>token_stream</td>
<td>A character vector with the tokens of the corpus. The maximum length is 2,147,483,647 (2^31 - 1); a warning is issued if this threshold is exceeded. See the CWB Encoding Tutorial for size limitations of corpora. May also be a file.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>p_attribute</td>
<td>The positional attribute to create - a character vector containing only lowercase ASCII characters (a-z), digits (0-9), -, and _: No non-ASCII or uppercase letters allowed. If method is &quot;R&quot;, only one positional attribute can be encoded at a time. If method is &quot;CWB&quot;, more than one p-attribute allowed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>registry_dir</td>
<td>Registry directory.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>corpus</td>
<td>ID of the CWB corpus to create.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>data_dir</td>
<td>The data directory for the binary files of the corpus.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>method</td>
<td>Either 'CWB' or 'R', defaults to 'R'. See section 'Details'.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>verbose</td>
<td>A logical value, whether to output progress messages.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>quietly</td>
<td>A logical value passed into RcppCWB::cwb_makeall(), RcppCWB::cwb_huffcode() and RcppCWB::cwb_compress_rdx to control verbosity of these functions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>encoding</td>
<td>Encoding as defined in the charset corpus property of the registry file for the corpus ('latin1' to 'latin9', and 'utf8').</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>compress</td>
<td>A logical value, whether to run RcppCWB::cwb_huffcode() and RcppCWB::cwb_compress_rdx() (method 'R'), or command line tools cwb-huffcode and cwb-compress-rdx (method 'CWB'). Defaults to FALSE as compression is not stable on Windows.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>reload</td>
<td>A logical value that defaults to TRUE to ensure that all features are available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>from</td>
<td>Character string describing the current encoding of the attribute.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>to</td>
<td>Character string describing the target encoding of the attribute.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>old</td>
<td>A character vector with p-attributes to be renamed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>new</td>
<td>A character vector with new names of p-attributes. The vector needs to have the same length as vector old.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dryrun</td>
<td>A logical value, whether to suppress actual renaming operation for inspecting output messages</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Details

Four steps generate the binary CWB corpus data format for positional attributes: (1) Encode the token stream of the corpus, (2) create index files, (3) compress token stream and (4) compress index files. Whereas steps 1 and 2 are required to make a corpus work, steps 3 and 4 are optional yet useful to reduce disk usage and improve performance. See the CQP Corpus Encoding Tutorial (sections 2-4) for an explanation of the procedure.
p_attribute_encode() offers an R and a CWB implementation controlled by argument method. When choosing method 'R', the token stream is encoded in 'pure R', then the C implementation of CWB functionality as exposed to R via the RcppCWB package is used (functions RcppCWB::cwb_makeall() for indexing, RcppCWB::cwb_huffcode() and RcppCWB::cwb_compress_rdx() for compression). When choosing method 'CWB', the token stream is written to disk, then CWB command line utilities 'cwb-encode', 'cwb-makeall', 'cwb-huffcode' and 'cwb-compress-rdx' are called using system2(). The CWB-method requires an installation of the 'CWB'. The cwb_install() function will download and # install the CWB command line tools within the package. The 'CWB'-method is still supported as it is used in the test suite of the package. The 'R'-method is robust and is recommended.

p_attribute_recode() will recode the values in the avs-file and change the attribute value index in the avx file. The rng-file remains unchanged. The registry file remains unchanged, and it is highly recommended to consider s_attribute_recode() as a helper for corpus_recode() that will recode all s-attributes, all p-attributes, and will reset the encoding in the registry file.

Function p_attribute_rename() can be used to rename a positional attribute. Note that the corpus is not refreshed (unloaded, re-loaded), so it may be necessary to restart R for changes to become effective.

Value

TRUE is returned invisibly, if encoding has been successful. FALSE indicates an error has occurred.

Author(s)

Christoph Leonhardt, Andreas Blaette

Examples

# In this example, we follow a "pure R" approach.
library(dplyr)

reu <- system.filepackage = "RcppCWB", "extdata", "examples", "reuters.txt")
tokens <- readLines(reu)

# Create new (and empty) directory structure

registry_tmp <- fs::path(tempdir(), "registry")
data_dir_tmp <- fs::path(tempdir(), "data_dir", "reuters")

if (dir.exists(registry_tmp)) unlink(registry_tmp, recursive = TRUE)
if (dir.exists(data_dir_tmp)) unlink(data_dir_tmp, recursive = TRUE)
dir.create(registry_tmp)
dir.create(data_dir_tmp, recursive = TRUE)

# Encode token stream (without compression)

p_attribute_encode(
corpus = "reuters",
token_stream = tokens,
registry_file_parse(p_attribute = "word",
data_dir = data_dir_tmp,
registry_dir = registry_tmp,
method = "R",
compress = FALSE,
quietly = TRUE,
encoding = "utf8")

# Augment registry file

registry_file_parse(corpus = "REUTERS", registry_dir = registry_tmp) %>%
  registry_set_name("Reuters Sample Corpus") %>%
  registry_set_property("charset", "utf8") %>%
  registry_set_property("language", "en") %>%
  registry_set_property("build_date", as.character(Sys.Date())) %>%
  registry_file_write()

# Run query as a test

library(RcppCWB)

cqp_query(corpus = "REUTERS", query = '[3]{3}"oil"[3];')
regions <- cqp_dump_subcorpus(corpus = "REUTERS")

kwic <- apply(regions, 1,
function(region){
  ids <- cl_cpos2id(
    "REUTERS",
    p_attribute = "word",
    registry = registry_tmp,
    cpos = region[1]:region[2]
  )
  words <- cl_id2str(
    corpus = "REUTERS",
    p_attribute = "word",
    registry = registry_tmp,
    id = ids
  )
  paste0(words, collapse = " ")
})
kwic[1:10]
registry_file_parse

Usage

registry_file_parse(corpus, registry_dir = Sys.getenv("CORPUS_REGISTRY"))

registry_file_compose(x)

registry_data(
    name,
    id,
    home,
    info = fs::path(home, ".info"),
    properties = c(charset = "utf-8"),
    p_attributes,
    s_attributes = character()
)

registry_file_write(
    data,
    corpus,
    registry_dir = Sys.getenv("CORPUS_REGISTRY"),
    ...
)

registry_set_property(data, property, value)

registry_set_info(data, info_file)

registry_set_name(data, name)

Arguments

corpus      A CWB corpus indicated by a length-one character vector.
registry_dir Directory with registry files.
x           An object of class registry_data.
name        Long descriptive name of the corpus.
id          Short name of corpus (character vector).
home        Path with data directory for indexed corpus.
info        A character vector containing path name of info file.
properties  Named character vector with corpus properties, should at least include 'charset'.
p_attributes A character vector with positional attributes to declare.
s_attributes A character vector with structural attributes to declare.
data        A registry_data object.
...         further parameters
property    A single corpus property (character vector).
value       Value of a corpus property (character vector).
info_file   Path to the info file providing information on the corpus.
Details

`registry_file_parse()` will return an object of class `registry_data`.

See the appendix to the 'Corpus Encoding Tutorial' (https://cwb.sourceforge.io/files/CWB_Encoding_Tutorial.pdf), which includes an explanation of the registry file format.

`registry_file_compose` will turn an `registry_data`-object into a character vector with a registry file that can be written to disk.

`registry_file_write()` will compose a registry file from data and write it to disk.

`registry_set_property()` will set a single corpus property.

`registry_set_info()` will set the path to the info file.

`registry_set_name()` sets the long descriptive name of the corpus.

Examples

```r
regdata <- registry_file_parse(
  corpus = "REUTERS",
  registry_dir = system.file(package = "RcppCWB", "extdata", "cwb", "registry")
)
```

```
# Read, process and write data on structural attributes.

s_attribute_encode
```

Description

Read, process and write data on structural attributes.

Usage

```
s_attribute_encode(
  values,
  data_dir,
  s_attribute,
  corpus,
  region_matrix,
  method = c("R", "CWB"),
  registry_dir = Sys.getenv("CORPUS_REGISTRY"),
  encoding,
  delete = FALSE,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

```
s_attribute_recode(
  data_dir,
  s_attribute,
  from = c("UTF-8", "latin1"),
  to = c("UTF-8", "latin1")
)"
s_attribute_encode

s_attribute_files(s_attribute, data_dir)
s_attribute_get_values(s_attribute, data_dir)
s_attribute_get_regions(s_attribute, data_dir)
s_attribute_merge(x, y)
s_attribute_delete(corpus, s_attribute)
s_attribute_rename(corpus, old, new, registry_dir, verbose = TRUE)

Arguments

values
A character vector with the values of the structural attribute.
data_dir
The data directory where to write the files.
s_attribute
Name of the structural attribute, an atomic character vector containing only lowercase ASCII characters (a-z), digits (0-9), -, and _:. No non-ASCII or uppercase letters allowed.
corpus
A CWB corpus.
region_matrix
A two-column matrix with corpus positions.
method
Either 'R' or 'CWB'.
registry_dir
Path name of the registry directory.
encoding
Encoding of the data.
delete
Logical, whether to call RcppCWB::cl_delete_corpus().
verbose
Logical.
from
Character string describing the current encoding of the attribute.
to
Character string describing the target encoding of the attribute.
x
Data defining a first s-attribute, a data.table (or an object coercible to a data.table) with three columns ("cpos_left", "cpos_right", "value").
y
Data defining a second s-attribute, a data.table (or an object coercible to a data.table) with three columns ("cpos_left", "cpos_right", "value").
old
A character vector with s-attributes to be renamed.
new
A character vector with new names of s-attributes. The vector needs to have the same length as vector old. The 1st, 2nd, 3rd ... nth attribute stated in vector old will get the new names at the 1st, 2nd, 3rd, ... nth position of vector new.

Details

s_attribute_encode() implements a 'pure R' implementation to add or modify structural attributes of an existing CWB corpus.
If the corpus has been loaded/used before, a new s-attribute may not be available unless \texttt{RcppCWB::cl_delete_corpus()} has been called. Use the argument \texttt{delete} for calling this function.

\texttt{s_attribute_recode} will recode the values in the \texttt{avs}-file and change the attribute value index in the \texttt{avx} file. The \texttt{rng}-file remains unchanged. The registry file remains unchanged, and it is highly recommended to consider \texttt{s_attribute_recode} as a helper for \texttt{corpus_recode} that will recode all s-attributes, all p-attributes, and will reset the encoding in the registry file.

\texttt{s_attribute_files()} will return a named character vector with the data files (extensions: "avs", "avx", "rng") in the directory indicated by \texttt{data_dir} for the structural attribute \texttt{s_attribute}.

\texttt{s_attribute_get_values()} is equivalent to performing the CL function \texttt{cl_struc2id} for all strucs of a structural attribute. It is a "pure R" operation that is faster than using CL, as it processes entire files for the s-attribute directly. The return value is a character vector with all string values for the s-attribute.

\texttt{s_attribute_get_regions} will return a two-column integer matrix with regions for the strucs of a given s-attribute. Left corpus positions are in the first column, right corpus positions in the second column. The result is equivalent to calling \texttt{RcppCWB::get_region_matrix} for all strucs of a s-attribute, but may be somewhat faster. It is a "pure R" function which is fast as it processes files entirely and directly.

\texttt{s_attribute_merge()} combines two tables with regions for s-attributes checking for intersections that may cause problems. The heuristic is to keep all non-intersecting annotations and those annotations that define the same region in object \texttt{x} and object \texttt{y}. Annotations of \texttt{x} and \texttt{y} which overlap uncleanly, i.e. without an identity of the left and the right corpus position ("cpos_left" / "cpos_right") are dropped. The scenario for using the function is to decode a s-attribute (using \texttt{s_attribute_decode()}), mix in an additional annotation, and to re-encode the enhanced s-attribute (using \texttt{s_attribute_encode()}).

Function \texttt{s_attribute_delete()} is not yet implemented.

Function \texttt{s_attribute_rename()} can be used to rename a structural attribute.

### See Also

To decode a structural attribute, see \texttt{s_attribute_decode}.

### Examples

```r
require("RcppCWB")
registry_tmp <- fs::path(tempdir(), "cwb", "registry")
data_dir_tmp <- fs::path(tempdir(), "cwb", "indexed_corpora", "reuters")

cwb_dir_rcppcwb <- system.file(package = "RcppCWB", "extdata", "cwb")
registry_dir_rcppcwb <- fs::path(cwb_dir_rcppcwb, "registry")
data_dir_rcppcwb <- fs::path(cwb_dir_rcppcwb,"indexed_corpora", "reuters")

corpus_copy(
  corpus = "REUTERS",
  registry_dir = registry_dir_rcppcwb,
  data_dir = data_dir_rcppcwb,
  registry_dir_new = registry_tmp,
  data_dir_new = data_dir_tmp
)
```
no_strucs <- cl_attribute_size(
  corpus = "REUTERS",
  attribute = "id",
  attribute_type = "s",
  registry = registry_tmp
)

cpos_matrix <- get_region_matrix(
  corpus = "REUTERS",
  struc = 0L:(no_strucs - 1L),
  s_attribute = "id",
  registry = registry_tmp
)

s_attribute_encode(
  values = 1L:nrow(cpos_matrix),
  data_dir = data_dir_tmp,
  s_attribute = "article_id",
  corpus = "REUTERS",
  region_matrix = cpos_matrix,
  method = "R",
  registry_dir = registry_tmp,
  encoding = "latin1",
  verbose = TRUE,
  delete = TRUE
)

c1l_struc2str(
  "REUTERS",
  struc = 0L:(nrow(cpos_matrix) - 1L),
  s_attribute = "article_id",
  registry = registry_tmp
)

unlink(registry_tmp, recursive = TRUE)
unlink(data_dir_tmp, recursive = TRUE)
data_dir <- system.file(
  package = "RcppCWB",
  "extdata",
  "cwb",
  "indexed_corpora",
  "reuters"
)

avs <- s_attribute_get_values(s_attribute = "id", data_dir = data_dir)
rng <- s_attribute_get_regions(
  s_attribute = "id",
  data_dir = system.file(package = "RcppCWB", "extdata", "cwb", "indexed_corpora", "reuters")
)
x <- data.frame(
  cpos_left = c(1L, 5L, 10L, 20L, 25L),
  cpos_right = c(2L, 5L, 12L, 21L, 27L),
  value = c("ORG", "LOC", "ORG", "PERS", "ORG"),
)
Download corpus tarball from Zenodo. Downloading both freely available data and data with restricted access is supported.

**Usage**

```r
zenodo_get_tarball(
    url,
    destfile = tempfile(fileext = ".tar.gz"),
    checksum = TRUE,
    verbose = TRUE,
    progress = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

- `url` 
  Landing page at Zenodo for resource. Can also be the URL for restricted access (?token= appended with a long key), or a DOI referencing objects deposited with Zenodo.

- `destfile` 
  A character vector with the file path where the downloaded file is to be saved. Tilde-expansion is performed. Defaults to a temporary file.

- `checksum` 
  A logical value, whether to check md5 sum.

- `verbose` 
  A logical value, whether to output progress messages.

- `progress` 
  A logical value, whether to report progress during download.

**Format**

An object of class character of length 1.
Details

A sample subset of the GermaParl corpus is deposited at Zenodo for testing purposes. There are identical open access and restricted versions of GermaParlSample to test different flavours of downloading a resource from Zenodo. The URL for restricted access includes an access token which is very lengthy. This URL is included as a dataset in the package to avoid excessive line in sample code. Note that URLs that give access to restricted data are usually not to be shared.

Value

The filename of the downloaded corpus tarball, designed to serve as input for `corpus_install` (as argument `tarball`). If the resource is not available, `NULL` is returned.

The path of the downloaded resource, or `NULL` if the operation has not been successful.

Examples

```r
# Temporary directory structure as a preparatory step
Sys.setenv(CORPUS_REGISTRY = "")
cwb_dirs <- create_cwb_directories(
  prefix = tempdir(),
  ask = FALSE,
  verbose = FALSE
)
Sys.setenv(CORPUS_REGISTRY = cwb_dirs["registry_dir"])

# Download and install open access resource
gparl_url_pub <- "https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.3823245"
tarball_tmp <- zenodo_get_tarball(url = gparl_url_pub)
if (!is.null(tarball_tmp)) corpus_install(tarball = tarball_tmp)

# Download and install resource with restricted access
tarball_tmp <- zenodo_get_tarball(url = gparlsample_url_restricted)
if (!is.null(tarball_tmp)) corpus_install(tarball = tarball_tmp)
```
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