Package ‘fredr’

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Title An R Client for the ‘FRED’ API
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Description An R client for the ‘Federal Reserve Economic Data’ (‘FRED’) API <https://research.stlouisfed.org/docs/api/>. Functions to retrieve economic time series and other data from ‘FRED’.
License MIT + file LICENSE
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R topics documented:

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Description

Users of fredr must authenticate with the FRED API by use of an API key. This key should be stored as an environment variable, FRED_API_KEY.

- `fredr_get_key()` will retrieve the key, if set, or it will return NULL if the key is unset.
- `fredr_set_key()` will set the key for the current R session. For persistence across sessions, set the environment variable. See the Details section for more information.
- `fredr_has_key()` returns TRUE if a key can be found. Otherwise it returns FALSE.
Usage

fredr_set_key(key)
fredr_get_key()
fredr_has_key()

Arguments

key A valid FRED API key as a string. Obtain one at the API Keys page. Can also be NULL to unset the key for the current R session.

Details

The preferred method to set the key is to set the FRED_API_KEY environment variable in an .Renviron file. The easiest way to do this is by calling usethis::edit_r_environ(). Don’t forget to restart R after setting the key.

References

See St. Louis Fed Web Services API Keys to obtain an API key.

See Also

Note that by using a FRED API key, you agree to the FRED API Terms of Use.

Examples

original_key <- fredr_get_key()

# Set a once per session key
fredr_set_key("foo")

# Get it
fredr_get_key()

# Reset to original key
fredr_set_key(original_key)


fredr_category Get a FRED category

Description

Get a FRED category

Usage

fredr_category(category_id)
fredr\_category\_children

**Arguments**

`category_id`  
An integer ID for the category.

**Value**

A tibble object containing the name and parent ID for the category indicated by `category_id`.

**API Documentation**

`fred/\text{category}`

**See Also**

`fredr\_category\_children()`, `fredr\_category\_related()`, `fredr\_category\_series()`, `fredr\_category\_tags()`, `fredr\_category\_related\_tags()`

**Examples**

```r
if (fredr\_has\_key()) {
  # Root category
  fredr\_category(category\_id = 0L)
  # "Production & Business Activity" category
  fredr\_category(category\_id = 1L)
}
```

---

Fredr\_category\_children

*Get the child categories for a specified FRED parent category*

**Description**

Get the child categories for a specified FRED parent category

**Usage**

```r
fredr\_category\_children(
  category\_id,
  ..., 
  realtime\_start = \text{NULL},
  realtime\_end = \text{NULL}
)
```
fredr_category_related

Arguments

- `category_id`: An integer ID for the category.
- `...`: These dots only exist for future extensions and should be empty.
- `realtime_start`: A Date indicating the start of the real-time period. Defaults to today’s date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.
- `realtime_end`: A Date indicating the end of the real-time period. Defaults to today’s date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.

Value

A tibble object containing the name and ID for the children categories of the parent category indicated by `category_id`.

API Documentation

fred/category/children

See Also

fredr_category(), fredr_category_related(), fredr_category_series(), fredr_category_tags(), fredr_category_related_tags()

Examples

```r
if (fredr_has_key()) {
  # Children of the root category
  fredr_category_children(category_id = 0L)
  # Children of the "Production & Business Activity" category
  fredr_category_children(category_id = 1L)
}
```

---

fredr_category_related

Get the related categories for a FRED category.

Description

Get the related categories for a FRED category.

Usage

```r
fredr_category_related(
  category_id, 
  ..., 
  realtime_start = NULL, 
  realtime_end = NULL 
)
```
Arguments

- **category_id**: An integer ID for the category. Default is 0 for the root category. Required parameter.
- **realtime_start**: A Date indicating the start of the real-time period. Defaults to today’s date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.
- **realtime_end**: A Date indicating the end of the real-time period. Defaults to today’s date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.

Details

From the FRED API documentation: "A related category is a one-way relation between 2 categories that is not part of a parent-child category hierarchy. Most categories do not have related categories."

Value

A tibble object containing the name and parent ID for categories related to the category indicated by category_id.

API Documentation

- `fredr_category/related`

See Also

- `fredr_category()`, `fredr_category_children()`, `fredr_category_series()`, `fredr_category_tags()`, `fredr_category_related_tags()`

Examples

```r
if (fredr_has_key()) {
  # Categories related to the "Employment Cost Index" category
  fredr_category_related(category_id = 4L)
}
```

---

**Get the related FRED tags within a category**

Description

Get the related FRED tags for one or more FRED tags within a category. Optionally, filter results by tag group or search. FRED tags are attributes assigned to series. Related FRED tags are the tags assigned to series that match all tags in the `tag_names` parameter, no tags in the `exclude_tag_names` parameter, and the category set by the `category_id` parameter. Series are assigned tags and categories. Indirectly through series, it is possible to get the tags for a category. No tags exist for a category that does not have series.
fredr_category_related_tags

Usage

fredr_category_related_tags(
    category_id,
    tag_names,
    
    exclude_tag_names = NULL,
    tag_group_id = NULL,
    search_text = NULL,
    limit = NULL,
    offset = NULL,
    order_by = NULL,
    sort_order = NULL,
    realtime_start = NULL,
    realtime_end = NULL
)

Arguments

category_id  An integer ID for the category.
tag_names   A string indicating which series tags to match. Multiple tags can be delimited by a semicolon in a single string (e.g. "usa;gnp").
...           These dots only exist for future extensions and should be empty.
exclude_tag_names  A string indicating which series tags should not be matched. Multiple tags can be delimited by a semicolon in a single string (e.g. "usa;gnp").
tag_group_id  A string representing the tag group id to filter tags by type. No filtering by default. Possible values include:
               • "freq" - Frequency
               • "gen" - General or Concept
               • "geo" - Geography
               • "geot" - Geography Type
               • "rls" - Release
               • "seas" - Seasonal Adjustment
               • "src" - Source
search_text   A string to match text of tags. No matching by default.
limit         An positive integer indicating maximum number of results to return. Possible values are any integer between 1 and 1000 (default), inclusive.
offset        An non-negative integer used in conjunction with limit for long series. This mimics the idea of pagination to retrieve large amounts of data over multiple calls. Defaults to 0.
order_by      Order results by values of the specified attribute. Possible values include: "series_count" (default), "popularity", "created", "name", "group_id".
sort_order    A string representing the order of the resulting series. Possible values are: "asc" (default), and "desc".
realtime_start  A Date indicating the start of the real-time period. Defaults to today's date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.
realtime_end  A Date indicating the end of the real-time period. Defaults to today's date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.

Value
A tibble object information on related tags matching the request. Data include tag name, group ID, popularity, series count, tag creation date, and additional notes.

API Documentation
fredr_category/related_tags

See Also
fredr_category(), fredr_category_children(), fredr_category_related(), fredr_category_series(),
fredr_category_tags()

Examples
if (fredr_has_key()) {
  # First, get the tags for the "Production & Business Activity" category
  fredr_category_tags(1L)
  # Then, get the tags related to "business" and "monthly" for the
  # "Production & Business Activity" category
  fredr_category_related_tags(category_id = 1L, tag_names = "business;monthly")
}

fredr_category_series  Get the series in a category

Description
Get the series in a category

Usage
fredr_category_series(
  category_id,
  ...,
  filter_variable = NULL,
  filter_value = NULL,
  tag_names = NULL,
  exclude_tag_names = NULL,
  limit = NULL,
  offset = NULL,
  order_by = NULL,
Arguments

category_id  An integer ID for the category.
...

filter_variable  A string indicating which attribute to indicate the attribute that results are filtered by. Possible values include: "frequency", "units", "seasonal_adjustment". No filtering by default.

filter_value  A string giving the value of the filter_variable attribute to filter results by. filter_variable must be set. No filtering by default.

tag_names  A string indicating which series tags to match. Multiple tags can be delimited by a semicolon in a single string (e.g. "usa;gnp").

exclude_tag_names  A string indicating which series tags should not be matched. Multiple tags can be delimited by a semicolon in a single string (e.g. “usa:gnp”).

limit  An positive integer indicating maximum number of results to return. Possible values are any integer between 1 and 1000 (default), inclusive.

offset  An non-negative integer used in conjunction with limit for long series. This mimics the idea of pagination to retrieve large amounts of data over multiple calls. Defaults to 0.

order_by  A string indicating an attribute by which the results are ordered by. Possible values include:
  • "series_id" (default)
  • "title"
  • "units"
  • "frequency"
  • "seasonal_adjustment"
  • "realtime_start"
  • "realtime_end"
  • "last_updated"
  • "observation_start"
  • "observation_end"
  • "popularity"
  • "group_popularity"

sort_order  A string representing the order of the resulting series. Possible values are: "asc" (default), and "desc".

realtime_start  A Date indicating the start of the real-time period. Defaults to today’s date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.

realtime_end  A Date indicating the end of the real-time period. Defaults to today’s date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.
Value

A tibble object with information for series matching the request for the category specified in `category_id`.

API Documentation

`fred/category/series`

See Also

`fredr_category()`, `fredr_category_children()`, `fredr_category_related()`, `fredr_category_tags()`, `fredr_category_related_tags()`

Examples

```r
if (fredr_has_key()) {
  # Top 10 most popular series belonging to the "Employment Cost Index" category
  fredr_category_series(category_id = 1L, limit = 10L, order_by = "popularity")
  # Series in the "Employment Cost Index" category, ordered by descending observation frequency
  fredr_category_series(category_id = 4L, order_by = "frequency", sort_order = "desc")
}
```

---

Fredr_category_tags  Get the FRED tags for a category

Description

Get the FRED tags for a category. Optionally, filter results by tag name, tag group, or search. Series are assigned tags and categories. Alternatively, it is possible to get the tags for a category through a call to a function in the fredr/series endpoint. See `fredr_series`. No tags exist for a category that does not have series.

Usage

```r
fredr_category_tags(
  category_id,
  ..., 
  tag_names = NULL, 
  tag_group_id = NULL, 
  search_text = NULL, 
  limit = NULL, 
  offset = NULL, 
  order_by = NULL, 
  sort_order = NULL, 
  realtime_start = NULL, 
  realtime_end = NULL
)
```
Arguments

category_id  An integer ID for the category.

...  These dots only exist for future extensions and should be empty.
tag_names  A string indicating which series tags to match. Multiple tags can be delimited by a semicolon in a single string (e.g. "usa;gnp").
tag_group_id  A string representing the tag group id to filter tags by type. No filtering by default. Possible values include:
  • "freq" - Frequency
  • "gen" - General or Concept
  • "geo" - Geography
  • "geot" - Geography Type
  • "rls" - Release
  • "seas" - Seasonal Adjustment
  • "src" - Source

search_text  A string to match text of tags. No matching by default.

limit  An positive integer indicating maximum number of results to return. Possible values are any integer between 1 and 1000 (default), inclusive.

offset  An non-negative integer used in conjunction with limit for long series. This mimics the idea of pagination to retrieve large amounts of data over multiple calls. Defaults to 0.

order_by  Order results by values of the specified attribute. Possible values include: "series_count" (default), "popularity"", "created", "name", "group_id".

sort_order  A string representing the order of the resulting series. Possible values are: "asc" (default), and "desc".

realtime_start  A Date indicating the start of the real-time period. Defaults to today's date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.

realtime_end  A Date indicating the end of the real-time period. Defaults to today's date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.

Value

A tibble object information on tags matching the request and their descriptions. Data include tag name, group ID, popularity, series count, tag creation date, and additional notes.

API Documentation

fredr/category/tags

See Also

fredr_category(), fredr_category_children(), fredr_category_related(), fredr_category_series(), fredr_category_related_tags()
Examples

```r
if (fredr_has_key()) {
  # Tags assigned to series in the "Production & Business Activity" category
  fredr_category_tags(category = 1L)
  # Select the "nation" and "monthly" tags in the "Production & Business Activity" category
  fredr_category_tags(category = 3L, tag_names = "nation;monthly", order_by = "popularity")
}
```

**fredr_docs**

*Open the web documentation for a certain FRED API topic.*

**Description**

Opens FRED API web documentation in a new web browser tab.

**Usage**

`fredr_docs()`

**API Documentation**

**FRED API**

**Examples**

```r
if (interactive()) {
  fredr_docs()
}
```

**fredr_endpoints**

*List of available FRED API endpoints.*

**Description**

List of available FRED API endpoints.

**Usage**

`fredr_endpoints`

**Format**

A tibble with 31 rows and 3 variables:

- **endpoint** endpoint name (e.g. "fred/category", "fredr/series/observations", "fredr/tags"). This name can be supplied to the endpoint parameter in `fredr_docs()` to open the FRED API endpoint documentation in a web browser.
- **type** endpoint type (e.g. "Categories", "Releases", "Series", "Sources", and "Tags").
- **note** endpoint details
fredr_related_tags

API Documentation

FRED API

See Also

fredr_request(), fredr_docs()

---

fredr_related_tags  
*Get related FRED tags given one or more tags*

Description

Get related FRED tags. Optionally, filter results by tag group, or search text. Related FRED tags are the tags assigned to series that match *all* tags in the *tag_names* parameter and *no* tags in the *exclude_tag_names* parameter.

Usage

```r
fredr_related_tags(
  tag_names,
  ..., 
  exclude_tag_names = NULL,
  tag_group_id = NULL,
  search_text = NULL,
  limit = NULL,
  offset = NULL,
  order_by = NULL,
  sort_order = NULL,
  realtime_start = NULL,
  realtime_end = NULL
)
```

Arguments

- **tag_names**: A semicolon delimited string of tag names to be related to.
- **...**: These dots only exist for future extensions and should be empty.
- **exclude_tag_names**: A semicolon delimited string of tag names that series match *none* of. No exclusions are done by default.
- **tag_group_id**: A string tag group id to filter tags by type. No filtering by tag group by default. Possible values are:
  - "freq" = Frequency
  - "gen" = General or Concept
  - "geo" = Geography
  - "geot" = Geography Type
**Related Tags**

- "rls" = Release
- "seas" = Seasonal Adjustment
- "src" = Source

**search_text**
A string indicating the words to find matching tags with. No filtering by search words by default.

**limit**
An integer limit on the maximum number of results to return. Defaults to 1000, the maximum.

**offset**
An integer used in conjunction with limit for long series. This mimics the idea of pagination to retrieve large amounts of data over multiple calls. Defaults to 0.

**order_by**
Order results by values of the specified attribute. Possible values are:
- "series_count" (default)
- "popularity"
- "created"
- "name"
- "group_id"

**sort_order**
A string representing the order of the resulting series, sorted by the attribute values specified by order_by. Possible values are: "asc" (default), and "desc".

**realtime_start**
A Date indicating the start of the real-time period. Defaults to today's date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.

**realtime_end**
A Date indicating the end of the real-time period. Defaults to today's date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.

**Value**
A tibble containing tags related to tag_names and their descriptions. Data include tag name, group ID, popularity, series count, tag creation date, and additional notes.

**API Documentation**
fredr/related_tags

**See Also**
fredr_category_tags(), fredr_category_related_tags(), fredr_docs(), fredr_release_tags(),
fredr_release_related_tags(), fredr_series_search_tags(), fredr_series_search_related_tags(),
fredr_tags_series(), fredr_tags()

**Examples**

```r
if (fredr_has_key()) {
  fredr_related_tags(tag_names = "monetary aggregates;weekly")

  fredr_related_tags(
    tag_names = "monetary aggregates;weekly",
  )
```
fredr_release

    tag_group_id = "gen"
    }
)

fredr_release  Get a release of economic data

Description
Get a release of economic data

Usage
fredr_release(release_id, ..., realtime_start = NULL, realtime_end = NULL)

Arguments
  release_id  An integer ID of the release.
  ...  These dots only exist for future extensions and should be empty.
  realtime_start  A Date indicating the start of the real-time period. Defaults to today’s date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.
  realtime_end  A Date indicating the end of the real-time period. Defaults to today’s date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.

Value
A tibble object.

API Documentation
fred/release

See Also
fredr_releases(), fredr_release_dates(), fredr_release_series(), fredr_release_sources(), fredr_release_tags(), fredr_release_related_tags(), fredr_release_tables()

Examples
if (fredr_has_key()) {
  # Release as of today
  fredr_release(release_id = 20)

  # For some releases, adding realtime dates returns the history of changes
  # the release went through
  fredr_release(9, realtime_start = as.Date("1950-01-01"))
}
fredr_releases  
Get all releases of economic data

Description
Get all releases of economic data

Usage
fredr_releases(
  ..., 
  limit = NULL, 
  offset = NULL, 
  order_by = NULL, 
  sort_order = NULL, 
  realtime_start = NULL, 
  realtime_end = NULL
)

Arguments
...  These dots only exist for future extensions and should be empty.
limit  An integer limit on the maximum number of results to return. Defaults to 1000, the maximum.
offset  An integer used in conjunction with limit for long series. This mimics the idea of pagination to retrieve large amounts of data over multiple calls. Defaults to 0.
order_by  Order results by values of the specified attribute. Possible values include: 'release_id' (default), 'name', 'press_release', 'realtime_start', 'realtime_end'.
sort_order  A string representing the order of the resulting series. Possible values are: "asc" (default), and "desc".
realtime_start  A Date indicating the start of the real-time period. Defaults to today's date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.
realtime_end  A Date indicating the end of the real-time period. Defaults to today's date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.

Value
A tibble object.

API Documentation
fred/releases
fredr_releases_dates

See Also

    fredr_releases_dates(), fredr_release(), fredr_releases_dates(), fredr_release_series(),
    fredr_release_sources(), fredr_release_tags(), fredr_release_related_tags(), fredr_release_tables(),

Examples

if (fredr_has_key()) {
    fredr_releases(limit = 20L)
}

Description

Get release dates for all releases of economic data. Note that release dates are published by data sources and do not necessarily represent when data will be available on the FRED or ALFRED websites.

Usage

    fredr_releases_dates(
        ..., limit = NULL,
        offset = NULL,
        sort_order = NULL,
        order_by = NULL,
        include_release_dates_with_no_data = NULL,
        realtime_start = NULL,
        realtime_end = NULL
    )

Arguments

    ... These dots only exist for future extensions and should be empty.
    limit An integer limit on the maximum number of results to return. Defaults to 1000, the maximum.
    offset An integer used in conjunction with limit for long series. This mimics the idea of pagination to retrieve large amounts of data over multiple calls. Defaults to 0.
    sort_order A string representing the order of the resulting series. Possible values are: "asc" and "desc" (default).
    order_by Order results by values of the specified attribute. Possible values include: 'release_date' (default), 'release_id', 'release_name'.
fredr_release_dates

include_release_dates_with_no_data
A boolean value indicating if the results with no data available should be returned as well. Default is FALSE.

realtime_start A Date indicating the start of the real-time period. Defaults to the first day of the current year. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.

realtime_end A Date indicating the end of the real-time period. Defaults to 9999-12-31 (latest available). For more information, see Real-Time Periods.

Value
A tibble object.

API Documentation

fred/releases/dates

See Also

fredr_releases(), fredr_release_dates(), fredr_release(), fredr_release_series(), fredr_release_sources(), fredr_release_tags(), fredr_release_related_tags(), fredr_release_tables()

Examples

if (fredr_has_key()) {
  fredr_releases_dates(limit = 20L)
}

fredr_release_dates Get release dates for a single release of economic data

Description
Get release dates for a single release of economic data

Usage

fredr_release_dates(
  release_id,
  ..., limit = NULL, offset = NULL, sort_order = NULL,
  include_release_dates_with_no_data = NULL, realtime_start = NULL,
  realtime_end = NULL)

Arguments

release_id  An integer ID of the release.

...  These dots only exist for future extensions and should be empty.

limit  An integer limit on the maximum number of results to return. Defaults to 10000, the maximum.

offset  An integer used in conjunction with limit for long series. This mimics the idea of pagination to retrieve large amounts of data over multiple calls. Defaults to 0.

sort_order  A string representing the order of the resulting release dates. Possible values are: "asc" (default), and "desc".

include_release_dates_with_no_data  A boolean value indicating if the results with no data available should be returned as well. Default is FALSE.

realtime_start  A Date indicating the start of the real-time period. Defaults to 1776-07-04 (earliest available). For more information, see Real-Time Periods.

realtime_end  A Date indicating the end of the real-time period. Defaults to 9999-12-31 (latest available). For more information, see Real-Time Periods.

Value

A tibble object.

API Documentation

fredr/release/dates

See Also

fredr_releases(), fredr_releases_dates(), fredr_release(), fredr_release_series(), fredr_release_sources(), fredr_release_tags(), fredr_release_related_tags(), fredr_release_tables()

Examples

if (fredr_has_key()) {
  fredr_release_dates(release_id = 20L)

  # Call the function with an "as of" Date of 1997-03-14
  fredr_release_dates(release_id = 20L, realtime_end = as.Date("1997-03-14"))
}
Description

FRED tags are attributes assigned to series. For this request, related FRED tags are the tags assigned to series that match all tags in the `tag_names` parameter, no tags in the `exclude_tag_names` parameter, and the release set by the `release_id` parameter.

Usage

```r
fredr_release_related_tags(
    release_id,
    tag_names,
    ...,  # These dots only exist for future extensions and should be empty.
    exclude_tag_names = NULL,
    tag_group_id = NULL,
    search_text = NULL,
    limit = NULL,
    offset = NULL,
    order_by = NULL,
    sort_order = NULL,
    realtime_start = NULL,
    realtime_end = NULL
)
```

Arguments

- `release_id` An integer ID of the release.
- `tag_names` A semicolon delimited string of tag names to be related to.
- `exclude_tag_names` A semicolon delimited string of tag names that series match `none` of. No exclusions are done by default.
- `tag_group_id` A string tag group id to filter tags by type. No filtering by tag group by default. Possible values are:
  - "freq" = Frequency
  - "gen" = General or Concept
  - "geo" = Geography
  - "geot" = Geography Type
  - "rls" = Release
  - "seas" = Seasonal Adjustment
  - "src" = Source
fredr_release_related_tags

Search Text
A string indicating the words to find matching tags with. No filtering by search words by default.

Limit
An integer limit on the maximum number of results to return. Defaults to 1000, the maximum.

Offset
An integer used in conjunction with limit for long series. This mimics the idea of pagination to retrieve large amounts of data over multiple calls. Defaults to 0.

Order By
Order results by values of the specified attribute. Possible values are:
- "series_count" (default)
- "popularity"
- "created"
- "name"
- "group_id"

Sort Order
A string representing the order of the resulting series, sorted by the attribute values specified by order_by. Possible values are: "asc" (default), and "desc".

Realtime Start
A Date indicating the start of the real-time period. Defaults to today's date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.

Realtime End
A Date indicating the end of the real-time period. Defaults to today's date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.

Value
A tibble object.

API Documentation

fredr/release/related_tags

See Also

fredr_releases(), fredr_releases_dates(), fredr_release(), fredr_release_dates(), fredr_release_series()
fredr_release_sources(), fredr_release_tags(), fredr_release_tables()

Examples

if (fredr_has_key()) {
  fredr_release_related_tags(10, tag_names = "cpi")
}
fredr_release_series  
Get the series on a release of economic data

Description
Get the series on a release of economic data

Usage
fredr_release_series(
    release_id,
    ..., 
    filter_variable = NULL,
    filter_value = NULL,
    tag_names = NULL,
    exclude_tag_names = NULL,
    limit = NULL,
    offset = NULL,
    order_by = NULL,
    sort_order = NULL,
    realtime_start = NULL,
    realtime_end = NULL
)

Arguments
release_id  An integer ID of the release.
...  These dots only exist for future extensions and should be empty.
filter_variable  A string indicating which attribute to indicate the attribute that results are filtered by. Possible values include: "frequency", "units", "seasonal_adjustment". No filtering by default.
filter_value  A string giving the value of the filter_variable attribute to filter results by. filter_variable must be set. No filtering by default.
tag_names  A string indicating which series tags to match. Multiple tags can be delimited by a semicolon in a single string (e.g. "usa;gnp").
exclude_tag_names  A string indicating which series tags should not be matched. Multiple tags can be delimited by a semicolon in a single string (e.g. "usa;gnp").
limit  An integer limit on the maximum number of results to return. Defaults to 1000, the maximum.
offset  An integer used in conjunction with limit for long series. This mimics the idea of pagination to retrieve large amounts of data over multiple calls. Defaults to 0.
order_by  A string indicating an attribute by which the results are ordered by. Possible values include:
  • "series_id" (default)
  • "title"
  • "units"
  • "frequency"
  • "seasonal_adjustment"
  • "realtime_start"
  • "realtime_end"
  • "last_updated"
  • "observation_start"
  • "observation_end"
  • "popularity"
  • "group_popularity"

sort_order  A string representing the order of the resulting series. Possible values are: "asc" (default), and "desc".

realtime_start  A Date indicating the start of the real-time period. Defaults to today’s date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.

realtime_end  A Date indicating the end of the real-time period. Defaults to today’s date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.

Value
  A tibble object.

API Documentation
  fred/release/series

See Also
  fredr_releases(), fredr_releases_dates(), fredr_release(), fredr_release_dates(), fredr_release_sources(),
  fredr_release_tags(), fredr_release_related_tags(), fredr_release_tables()

Examples
  if (fredr_has_key()) {
    fredr_release_series(release_id = 20L)
    fredr_release_series(release_id = 20L, order_by = "popularity")
  }

  # Extract the "catalog" of series from a release on a certain date
  fredr_release_series(
    release_id = 20L,
    realtime_end = as.Date("2018-07-13"),
    order_by = "popularity"
  )
}
fredr_release_sources  
*Get the sources for a release of economic data*

**Description**

Get the sources for a release of economic data

**Usage**

```r
fredr_release_sources(
  release_id,
  ..., 
  realtime_start = NULL,
  realtime_end = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

- `release_id`  
  An integer ID of the release.
- `...`  
  These dots only exist for future extensions and should be empty.
- `realtime_start`  
  A `Date` indicating the start of the real-time period. Defaults to today's date. For more information, see [Real-Time Periods](#).
- `realtime_end`  
  A `Date` indicating the end of the real-time period. Defaults to today's date. For more information, see [Real-Time Periods](#).

**Value**

A tibble object.

**API Documentation**

- fred/release/sources

**See Also**

- fredr_releases(), fredr_releases_dates(), fredr_release(), fredr_release_dates(), fredr_release_series()
- fredr_release_tags(), fredr_release_related_tags(), fredr_release_tables()

**Examples**

```r
if (fredr_has_key()) {
  # Where does the data for ID 10 come from?
  fredr_release_sources(release_id = 10L)
}
```
fredr_release_tables  Get release table trees for a given release

Description

You can go directly to the tree structure by passing the appropriate element_id. You may also use a drill-down approach to start at the root (top most) element by leaving the element_id off.

Usage

fredr_release_tables(
  release_id,
  ...,  
  element_id = NULL,
  include_observation_values = NULL,
  observation_date = NULL
)

Arguments

release_id        An integer ID of the release.
...               These dots only exist for future extensions and should be empty.
element_id        An integer ID for the desired release table element.
include_observation_values
  A boolean indicating if observations should be returned with the release table element. Observations will only be returned for a series type element. Default is FALSE.
observation_date  A Date indicating which observation date to include with the release table. Default is 9999-12-31 (latest date available).

Value

A tibble object with nested results.

API Documentation

fredr/release/tables

See Also

fredr_releases(), fredr_release_dates(), fredr_releases_dates(), fredr_release(), fredr_release_series(), fredr_release_sources(), fredr_release_tags(), fredr_release_related_tags()
Examples

```r
if (fredr_has_key()) {
  fredr_release_tables(release_id = 10L)

  # Digging further into a release element
  fredr_release_tables(release_id = 53L, element_id = 12886)
}
```

---

**frendr_release_tags**  
*Get the FRED tags for a release*

**Description**

Get the FRED tags for a release. Optionally, filter results by tag name, tag group, or search text.

**Usage**

```r
frendr_release_tags(
  release_id,
  ..., 
  tag_names = NULL,
  tag_group_id = NULL,
  search_text = NULL,
  limit = NULL,
  offset = NULL,
  order_by = NULL,
  sort_order = NULL,
  realtime_start = NULL,
  realtime_end = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

- **release_id**: An integer ID of the release.
- **...**: These dots only exist for future extensions and should be empty.
- **tag_names**: A semicolon delimited string of tag names to only include in the response. No filtering by tag names by default (i.e. all FRED tags returned).
- **tag_group_id**: A string tag group id to filter tags by type. No filtering by tag group by default. Possible values are:
  - "freq" = Frequency
  - "gen" = General or Concept
  - "geo" = Geography
  - "geot" = Geography Type
  - "rls" = Release
  - "seas" = Seasonal Adjustment
fredr_release_tags

- "src" = Source

**search_text**  A string indicating the words to find matching tags with. No filtering by search words by default.

**limit**  An integer limit on the maximum number of results to return. Defaults to 1000, the maximum.

**offset**  An integer used in conjunction with limit for long series. This mimics the idea of pagination to retrieve large amounts of data over multiple calls. Defaults to 0.

**order_by**  Order results by values of the specified attribute. Possible values are:

- "series_count" (default)
- "popularity"
- "created"
- "name"
- "group_id"

**sort_order**  A string representing the order of the resulting series, sorted by the attribute values specified by order_by. Possible values are: "asc" (default), and "desc".

**realtime_start**  A Date indicating the start of the real-time period. Defaults to today’s date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.

**realtime_end**  A Date indicating the end of the real-time period. Defaults to today’s date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.

**Value**

A tibble object.

**API Documentation**

*fredr/release/tags*

**See Also**

*fredr_releases(), fredr_releases_dates(), fredr_release(), fredr_release_dates(), fredr_release_series(), fredr_release_sources(), fredr_release_related_tags(), fredr_release_tables()*

**Examples**

```r
if (fredr_has_key()) {
  fredr_release_tags(release_id = 10L)
}
```
Send a request to the FRED API

**Description**

Send a general request to the FRED API by specifying an endpoint and a sequence of parameters. The `fredr_request()` function forms and submits a request to a specified endpoint of the FRED API. The result is either the response object from `httr::GET()` or the response parsed as a tibble.

**Usage**

```r
fredr_request(
  endpoint,
  ..., 
  to_frame = TRUE,
  print_req = FALSE,
  retry_times = 3L
)
```

**Arguments**

- **endpoint**: A string representing the FRED API endpoint of interest. See `fredr_endpoints` for a list of endpoint possible values. *Required parameter.*
- **...**: A series of named parameters to be used in the query. Must be of the form `param_key = "param_value"`. Acceptable parameters are endpoint-specific. See the `fredr_endpoints` data frame for a list of endpoints and `fredr_docs()` to access the web documentation for each endpoint function.
- **to_frame**: A boolean value indicating whether or not the response should be parsed and formatted as a data frame. If FALSE, a response object is returned and further processing can be done with `httr::content()`. Default is TRUE.
- **print_req**: A boolean value indicating whether or not the request should be printed as well. Useful for debugging. Default is FALSE.
- **retry_times**: An integer indicating the maximum number of requests to attempt. Passed directly to `httr::RETRY()`. Default is 3.

**Value**

If `to_frame` = TRUE, a tibble containing the parsed response. If `to_frame` = FALSE, a response object returned directly from `httr::GET()`.

**API Documentation**

FRED API
Examples

```r
if (fredr_has_key()) {
  fredr_request(
    endpoint = "series/observations",
    series_id = "GNPCA",
    observation_start = "1990-01-01",
    observation_end = "2000-01-01"
  )

  # Compare to to_frame = FALSE
  resp <- fredr_request(
    endpoint = "series/observations",
    series_id = "GNPCA",
    observation_start = "1990-01-01",
    observation_end = "2000-01-01",
    to_frame = FALSE
  )
}
```

**Description**

Given a series ID, return basic information for a FRED series. Note that this function will not return the actual series data. For this functionality, see `fredr_series_observations()`.

**Usage**

```r
fredr_series(series_id, ..., realtime_start = NULL, realtime_end = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

- `series_id` A string ID for the FRED series.
- `...` These dots only exist for future extensions and should be empty.
- `realtime_start` A `Date` indicating the start of the real-time period. Defaults to today’s date. For more information, see [Real-Time Periods](#).
- `realtime_end` A `Date` indicating the end of the real-time period. Defaults to today’s date. For more information, see [Real-Time Periods](#).

**Value**

A `tibble` object (1 row) with information for the series specified by `series_id`.

**API Documentation**

`fred/series`
See Also

`fredr_series_observations()`, `fredr_series_search_text()`, `fredr_series_search_id()`,
`fredr_series_search_tags()`, `fredr_series_search_related_tags()`, `fredr_series_categories()`,
`fredr_series_release()`, `fredr_series_tags()`, `fredr_series_updates()`, `fredr_series_vintagedates()`.

Examples

```r
if (fredr_has_key()) {
  # Return information for the "UNRATE" series
  fredr_series(series_id = "UNRATE")
}
```

`fredr_series_categories`

*Get the categories for a FRED series*

Description

Given a series ID, return information on the categories to which a series belongs as a tibble object.

Usage

```r
fredr_series_categories(
  series_id,
  ...,
  realtime_start = NULL,
  realtime_end = NULL
)
```

Arguments

- `series_id` A string ID for the FRED series.
- `...` These dots only exist for future extensions and should be empty.
- `realtime_start` A Date indicating the start of the real-time period. Defaults to today's date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.
- `realtime_end` A Date indicating the end of the real-time period. Defaults to today's date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.

Value

A tibble object with information on the categories to which the series specified by `series_id` belongs. Data include category ID, name, parent category ID, and notes.

API Documentation

`fred/series/categories`
See Also

- `fredr_series_observations()`, `fredr_series_search_text()`, `fredr_series_search_id()`, `fredr_series_search_tags()`, `fredr_series_search_related_tags()`, `fredr_series()`, `fredr_series_release()`, `fredr_series_tags()`, `fredr_series_updates()`, `fredr_series_vintagedates()`.

Examples

```r
if (fredr_has_key()) {
  # Return the categories to which the "UNRATE" series belongs
  fredr_series_categories(series_id = "UNRATE")
}
```

**fredr_series_observations**

*Get observations of a FRED series*

**Description**

Given a series ID, return observations of that series as a tibble object. `fredr()` is an alias for `fredr_series_observations()`.

**Usage**

```r
fredr_series_observations(
  series_id,
  ..., 
  observation_start = NULL,
  observation_end = NULL,
  frequency = NULL,
  aggregation_method = NULL,
  limit = NULL,
  offset = NULL,
  sort_order = NULL,
  units = NULL,
  realtime_start = NULL,
  realtime_end = NULL,
  vintage_dates = NULL,
  output_type = NULL
)
```

```r
fredr(
  series_id,
  ..., 
  observation_start = NULL,
  observation_end = NULL,
  frequency = NULL,
  aggregation_method = NULL,
```
limit = NULL,
offset = NULL,
sort_order = NULL,
units = NULL,
realtime_start = NULL,
realtime_end = NULL,
vintage_dates = NULL,
output_type = NULL
)

Arguments

series_id  A string ID for the FRED series.
...
observation_start  A Date indicating the start of the observation period. Defaults to 1776-07-04, the earliest available date.
observation_end  A Date indicating the end of the observation period. Defaults to 9999-12-31, the latest available date.
frequency  A string representing a lower frequency to aggregate to. Defaults to no frequency aggregation. Possible values are:
  • "d" - Daily
  • "w" - Weekly
  • "bw" - Biweekly
  • "m" - Monthly
  • "q" - Quarterly
  • "sa" - Semiannual
  • "a" - Annual
  • "wem" - Weekly, ending Monday
  • "wetu" - Weekly, ending Tuesday
  • "wew" - Weekly, ending Wednesday
  • "weth" - Weekly, ending Thursday
  • "wef" - Weekly, ending Friday
  • "wesa" - Weekly, ending Saturday
  • "wesu" - Weekly, ending Sunday
  • "bwew" - Biweekly, ending Wednesday
  • "bwem" - Biweekly, ending Monday
aggregation_method  A string representing the aggregation method used for frequency aggregation. This parameter has no affect if frequency is not set. Possible values are:
  • "avg" for average
  • "sum" for sum
  • "eop" for end of period value
**fredr_series_observations**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>limit</td>
<td>An integer limit on the maximum number of results to return. Defaults to 100000, the maximum.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>offset</td>
<td>An integer used in conjunction with limit for long series. This mimics the idea of pagination to retrieve large amounts of data over multiple calls. Defaults to 0.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sort_order</td>
<td>A string representing the order of the resulting series. Possible values are: &quot;asc&quot; (default), and &quot;desc&quot;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>units</td>
<td>A string indicating the data value transformation. Defaults to &quot;lin&quot;. Possible values are:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• &quot;lin&quot; - Levels (No transformation)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• &quot;chg&quot; - Change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• &quot;ch1&quot; - Change from 1 year ago</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• &quot;pch&quot; - Percent change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• &quot;pc1&quot; - Percent change from 1 year ago</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• &quot;pca&quot; - Compounded annual rate of change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• &quot;cch&quot; - Continuously compounded rate of change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• &quot;cca&quot; - Continuously compounded annual rate of change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• &quot;log&quot; - Natural log</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>realtime_start</td>
<td>A Date indicating the start of the real-time period. Defaults to today’s date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>realtime_end</td>
<td>A Date indicating the end of the real-time period. Defaults to today’s date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>vintage_dates</td>
<td>A vector of Date objects to download data for. Vintage dates are used to download data as it existed on these specified dates in history. They can be specified instead of a real-time period using realtime_start and realtime_end. Defaults to no vintage dates.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>output_type</td>
<td>An integer indicating the output type. Not used unless realtime_start is used. Possible values are:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• 1 for Observations by Real-Time Period (default)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• 2 for Observations by Vintage Date, All Observations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• 3 for Observations by Vintage Date, New and Revised Observations Only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• 4 for Observations, Initial Release Only</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Value**

A tibble object with observation dates and values.

**API Documentation**

fred/series/observations

**See Also**

fredr_series_search_text(), fredr_series_search_id(), fredr_series_search_tags(), fredr_series_search_related_tags(), fredr_series(), fredr_series_categories(), fredr_series_release(), fredr_series_tags(), fredr_series_updates(), fredr_series_vintagedates().
Examples

```r
if (fredr_has_key()) {
  # Observations for "UNRATE" series between 1980 and 2000. Units are in terms
  # of change from previous observation.
  fredr(
    series_id = "UNRATE",
    observation_start = as.Date("1980-01-01"),
    observation_end = as.Date("2000-01-01"),
    units = "chg"
  )
  # All observations for "OILPRICE" series. The data is first aggregated by
  # quarter by taking the average of all observations in the quarter then
  # transformed by taking the natural logarithm.
  fredr(
    series_id = "OILPRICE",
    frequency = "q",
    aggregation_method = "avg",
    units = "log"
  )
  # To retrieve values for multiple series, use purrr's map_dfr() function.
  if (requireNamespace("purrr", quietly = TRUE)) {
    library(purrr)
    purrr::map_dfr(c("UNRATE", "OILPRICE"), fredr)
    # Using purrr::pmap_dfr() allows you to use varying optional parameters
    params <- list(
      series_id = c("UNRATE", "OILPRICE"),
      frequency = c("m", "q")
    )
    purrr::pmap_dfr(
      .l = params,
      .f = ~ fredr(series_id = .x, frequency = .y)
    )
  }
}
```

fredr_series_release  Get the release for a FRED series

Description

Given a series ID, return information on a series as a tibble object.
Usage

fredr_series_release(
    series_id,
    ...,
    realtime_start = NULL,
    realtime_end = NULL
)

Arguments

series_id A string ID for the FRED series.
...
realtime_start A Date indicating the start of the real-time period. Defaults to today’s date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.
realtime_end A Date indicating the end of the real-time period. Defaults to today’s date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.

Value

A tibble object with information on the release for the series specified by the series_id parameter. Data include release ID, real-time periods, release name, and links to press releases, if available.

API Documentation

fred/series/release

See Also

fredr_series_observations(), fredr_series_search_text(), fredr_series_search_id(), fredr_series_search_tags(), fredr_series_search_related_tags(), fredr_series(), fredr_series_categories(), fredr_series_tags(), fredr_series_updates(), fredr_series_vintagedates().

Examples

if (fredr_has_key()) {
    # Get release information for the "UNRATE" series
    fredr_series_release(series_id = "UNRATE")
}
fredr_series_search_related_tags

Get the related FRED tags for one or more FRED tags matching a series search

Description

FRED tags are attributes assigned to series. Return the related FRED tags for a search: tags assigned to series that match all tags in the tag_names parameter (required), no tags in the exclude_tag_names (optional) and the search words set by the series_search_text parameter (required).

Usage

fredr_series_search_related_tags(
    series_search_text,
    tag_names,
    ...,
    exclude_tag_names = NULL,
    tag_group_id = NULL,
    tag_search_text = NULL,
    limit = NULL,
    offset = NULL,
    order_by = NULL,
    sort_order = NULL,
    realtime_start = NULL,
    realtime_end = NULL
)

Arguments

series_search_text
A string containing the series search text.
tag_names
A semicolon delimited string of tag names to return.
...
These dots only exist for future extensions and should be empty.
exclude_tag_names
A semicolon delimited string of tag names that series match none of. Defaults to no tag filtering.
tag_group_id
A string indicating the tag group id to filter tags by type. Defaults to no filtering by tag group. Possible values are
- "freq" = Frequency
- "gen" = General or Concept
- "geo" = Geography
- "geot" = Geography Type
- "rls" = Release
- "seas" = Seasonal Adjustment
**Value**

A tibble object.

**References**

API Documentation:

series/search/related_tags

**See Also**

fredr_series_observations(), fredr_series_search_text(), fredr_series_search_id(),
fredr_series_search_tags(), fredr_series(), fredr_series_categories(), fredr_series_release(),
fredr_series_tags(), fredr_series_updates(), fredr_series_vintagedates().

**Examples**

```r
if (fredr_has_key()) {
  # Search for all tags matching the series text "oil" and the tag "usa".
  fredr_series_search_related_tags(
    series_search_text = "oil",
    tag_names = "usa"
  )

  # Search for tags matching the series text "oil", the tag text "usa", and
  # are related to the tag "usa". Return only results in the "src" (Source)
```
fredr_series_search_tags

Get the FRED tags for a series search.

Description

Return the FRED tags by searching for matches in series text.

Usage

fredr_series_search_tags(
    series_search_text,
    ...,
    tag_names = NULL,
    tag_group_id = NULL,
    tag_search_text = NULL,
    limit = NULL,
    offset = NULL,
    order_by = NULL,
    sort_order = NULL,
    realtime_start = NULL,
    realtime_end = NULL
)

Arguments

series_search_text
    A string containing the series search text.

...These dots only exist for future extensions and should be empty.
tag_names
    A semicolon delimited string of tag names to return. Defaults no filtering by tag names.
tag_group_id
    A string indicating the tag group id to filter tags by type. Defaults to no filtering by tag group. Possible values are
        • "freq" = Frequency
        • "gen" = General or Concept
        • "geo" = Geography
        • "geot" = Geography Type
• "rls" = Release
• "seas" = Seasonal Adjustment
• "src" = Source

**tag_search_text**
A string to match tag names. Defaults to no filtering by tag name matching.

**limit**
An integer limit on the maximum number of results to return. Defaults to 1000, the maximum.

**offset**
An integer used in conjunction with limit for long series. This mimics the idea of pagination to retrieve large amounts of data over multiple calls. Defaults to 0.

**order_by**
A string indicating the attribute to order results by. Defaults to "series_count". Possible values are:
• "series_count"
• "popularity"
• "created"
• "name"
• "group_id"

**sort_order**
A string representing the order of the resulting series. Possible values are: "asc" (default), and "desc".

**realtime_start**
A Date indicating the start of the real-time period. Defaults to today’s date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.

**realtime_end**
A Date indicating the end of the real-time period. Defaults to today’s date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.

**Value**
A tibble object where each row represents a series tag matching the query. Data include the tag name, group ID, tag creation date, popularity, series count, and additional notes.

**References**
API Documentation:

series/search/tags

**See Also**

fredr_series_search_text(), fredr_series_search_id(), fredr_series_search_related_tags(), fredr_tags()

**Examples**

```r
if (fredr_has_key()) {
  # Search for tags matching the series text "gnp"
  fredr_series_search_tags("gnp")
  # Search for tags matching the series text "oil" and the tag text "usa"
  fredr_series_search_tags(}
```
fredr_series_search_text

Search for a FRED series.

Description

Search FRED for a series by full text of series or by series ID.

Usage

fredr_series_search_text(
    search_text,
    ...,
    tag_names = NULL,
    exclude_tag_names = NULL,
    filter_variable = NULL,
    filter_value = NULL,
    limit = NULL,
    offset = NULL,
    order_by = NULL,
    sort_order = NULL,
    realtime_start = NULL,
    realtime_end = NULL
)

fredr_series_search_id(
    search_text,
    ...,
    limit = 1000L,
    offset = 0,
    order_by = NULL,
    sort_order = "asc",
    filter_variable = NULL,
    filter_value = NULL,
    realtime_start = NULL,
    realtime_end = NULL,
Arguments

**search_text**  
A string containing the words to match against economic data series. For use with `fredr_series_search_text` and `fredr_series_search_id`.

...  
These dots only exist for future extensions and should be empty.

**tag_names**  
A semicolon delimited string of tag names that series match **all of**. Defaults to no tag filtering.

**exclude_tag_names**  
A semicolon delimited string of tag names that series match **none of**. Defaults to no tag filtering.

**filter_variable**  
A string indicating the attribute to filter results by. Possible values are: "frequency", "units", "seasonal_adjustment". Defaults to no filter.

**filter_value**  
The value of the filter_variable attribute to filter by. Possible values depend on the value of filter_variable. Defaults to no filter.

**limit**  
An integer limit on the maximum number of results to return. Defaults to 1000, the maximum.

**offset**  
An integer used in conjunction with limit for long series. This mimics the idea of pagination to retrieve large amounts of data over multiple calls. Defaults to 0.

**order_by**  
A string indicating the attribute to order results by. Defaults to "search_rank" for `fredr_series_search_text()` and "series_id" for `fredr_series_search_id()`. Possible values are:
- "search_rank"
- "series_id"
- "title"
- "units"
- "frequency"
- "seasonal_adjustment"
- "realtime_start"
- "realtime_end"
- "last_updated"
- "observation_start"
- "observation_end"
- "popularity"
- "group_popularity"

**sort_order**  
A string representing the order of the resulting series. Possible values are: "asc" (default), and "desc".

**realtime_start**  
A Date indicating the start of the real-time period. Defaults to today's date. For more information, see **Real-Time Periods**.

**realtime_end**  
A Date indicating the end of the real-time period. Defaults to today's date. For more information, see **Real-Time Periods**.
Value

A tibble object where each row represents a series matching the query.

References

API Documentation:

series/search

See Also

fredr_series_observations(), fredr_series_search_tags(), fredr_series_search_related_tags(),
fredr_series(), fredr_series_categories(), fredr_series_release(), fredr_series_tags(),
fredr_series_updates(), fredr_series_vintagedates().

Examples

```r
if (fredr_has_key()) {
  # search for series with text matching "oil" and return the top 10 most popular
  # series
  fredr_series_search_text(
    search_text = "oil",
    order_by = "popularity",
    limit = 10
  )
  # search for series with text matching "oil" with the tag "usa" and return the
  # top 10 search results
  fredr_series_search_text(
    search_text = "oil",
    order_by = "search_rank",
    limit = 10,
    tag_names = "usa"
  )
  # search for series with text matching "unemployment" and return only series
  # with monthly frequency
  fredr_series_search_text(
    search_text = "unemployment",
    filter_variable = "frequency",
    filter_value = "Monthly"
  )
  # search for series ID matching "UNRATE" and return oldest series first
  fredr_series_search_id(
    search_text = "UNRATE",
    order_by = "observation_start"
  )
}
```
fredr_series_tags  

Get the tags for a FRED series

Description

Given a series ID, return associated tags for the series as a tibble object.

Usage

fredr_series_tags(
  series_id,
  ...,  
  order_by = NULL,
  sort_order = NULL,
  realtime_start = NULL,
  realtime_end = NULL
)

Arguments

series_id  A string ID for the FRED series.
...
These dots only exist for future extensions and should be empty.
order_by  A string indicating the attribute by which to order the Possible values include "series_count" (default), "popularity", "created", "name", and "group_id".
sort_order  A string representing the order of the resulting series. Possible values are: "asc" (default), and "desc".
realtime_start  A Date indicating the start of the real-time period. Defaults to today's date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.
realtime_end  A Date indicating the end of the real-time period. Defaults to today's date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.

Value

A tibble\`\` object where each row is represents a tag associated with the series specified by series_id'. Data include tag name, group ID, popularity, series count, tag creation date, and additional notes.

API Documentation

fred/series/tags

See Also

fredr_series_observations(), fredr_series_search_text(), fredr_series_search_id(), fredr_series_search_tags(), fredr_series_search_related_tags(), fredr_series(), fredr_series_categories(), fredr_series_release(), fredr_series_updates(), fredr_series_vintagedates().
Examples

if (fredr_has_key()) {
    # Return all tags assigned to the "UNRATE" series and order the results by
    # group ID.
    fredr_series_tags(series_id = "UNRATE", order_by = "group_id")
}

---

**fredr_series_updates**  
*Get a set of recently updated FRED series*

**Description**

Returns information on the recently updated series on the FRED server.

**Usage**

```r
fredr_series_updates(
    ..., 
    filter_value = NULL,
    start_time = NULL,
    end_time = NULL,
    limit = NULL,
    offset = NULL,
    realtime_start = NULL,
    realtime_end = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

*...*  
These dots only exist for future extensions and should be empty.

*filter_value*  
Filter results by type of geographic region of economic the data series. Possible values include
  
  - "all" (default) - no filtering
  - "macro" - filters results macroeconomic regions (e.g. entire countries)
  - "regional" - filters results to series for regions of the United States such as states, counties, and Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSA).

*start_time*  
A datetime object indicating the start time to filter series updates results.

*end_time*  
A datetime object indicating the start time to filter series updates results.

*limit*  
An integer limit on the maximum number of results to return. Defaults to 1000, the maximum.

*offset*  
An integer used in conjunction with `limit` for long series. This mimics the idea of [*pagination*](#) to retrieve large amounts of data over multiple calls. Defaults to 0.

*realtime_start*  
A Date indicating the start of the real-time period. Defaults to today's date. For more information, see [*Real-Time Periods*](#).

*realtime_end*  
A Date indicating the end of the real-time period. Defaults to today's date. For more information, see [*Real-Time Periods*](#).
Value

A tibble object where each row represents a series. Rows are sorted with most recently updated series appearing first.

API Documentation

fredr/series/updates

See Also

fredr_series_observations(), fredr_series_search_text(), fredr_series_search_id(),
fredr_series_search_tags(), fredr_series_search_related_tags(), fredr_series(), fredr_series_release(),
fredr_series_tags(), fredr_series_categories(), fredr_series_vintagedates().

Examples

if (fredr_has_key()) {
  # Get all recently updated "regional" series
  series_id <- fredr_series_updates(filter_value = "regional")
  # Most recently updated series are returned first
  updates <- fredr_series_updates(filter_value = "regional")$last_updated
  is.unsorted(rev(as.POSIXct(updates)))
}

Description

Get the data vintage dates for a FRED series

Given a series ID, return a sequence of dates in history when a series’ data values were revised or new data values were released as a tibble object.

Usage

fredr_series_vintagedates(
  series_id,
  ...,
  limit = NULL,
  offset = NULL,
  sort_order = NULL,
  realtime_start = NULL,
  realtime_end = NULL
)
Arguments

- **series_id**: A string ID for the FRED series.
- **limit**: An integer limit on the maximum number of results to return. Defaults to 1000, the maximum.
- **offset**: An integer used in conjunction with `limit` for long series. This mimics the idea of pagination to retrieve large amounts of data over multiple calls. Defaults to 0.
- **sort_order**: A string representing the order of the resulting series. Possible values are: "asc" (default), and "desc".
- **realtime_start**: A Date indicating the start of the real-time period. Defaults to today’s date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.
- **realtime_end**: A Date indicating the end of the real-time period. Defaults to today’s date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.

Value

A tibble object where each row is a distinct vintage date.

API Documentation

- fredr/series/vintagedates

See Also

- fredr_series_observations()
- fredr_series_search_text()
- fredr_series_search_id()
- fredr_series_search_tags()
- fredr_series_search_related_tags()
- fredr_series()
- fredr_series_release()
- fredr_series_tags()
- fredr_series_categories()
- fredr_series_updates()

Examples

```r
if (fredr_has_key()) {
  # All data vintages for the "UNRATE" series
  fredr_series_vintagedates(series_id = "UNRATE")
  # 10 most recent data vintages for the "UNRATE" series
  fredr_series_vintagedates(series_id = "UNRATE", limit = 10L, sort_order = "desc")
}
```

Description

Get a source of economic data
Usage

```r
defred_source(source_id, ..., realtime_start = NULL, realtime_end = NULL)
```

Arguments

- **source_id**: An integer ID for the data source.
- **...**: These dots only exist for future extensions and should be empty.
- **realtime_start**: A `Date` indicating the start of the real-time period. Defaults to today’s date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.
- **realtime_end**: A `Date` indicating the end of the real-time period. Defaults to today’s date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.

Value

A tibble object.

API Documentation

`fred/source`

See Also

`fredr_sources()`, `fredr_source_releases()`

Examples

```r
if (fredr_has_key()) {
    fredr_source(source_id = 14L)

    # Has this source ID ever changed over time?
    fredr_source(source_id = 14L, realtime_start = as.Date("1990-01-01"))
}
```

Description

Get all sources of economic data
Usage

```r
fredr_sources(
  ..., limit = NULL, offset = NULL, order_by = NULL, sort_order = NULL, realtime_start = NULL, realtime_end = NULL)
)
```

Arguments

- **...** These dots only exist for future extensions and should be empty.
- **limit** An integer limit on the maximum number of results to return. Defaults to 1000, the maximum.
- **offset** An integer used in conjunction with limit for long series. This mimics the idea of pagination to retrieve large amounts of data over multiple calls. Defaults to 0.
- **order_by** A string indicating which attribute should be used to order the results. Possible values: "source_id" (default), "name", "realtime_start", "realtime_end".
- **sort_order** A string representing the order of the resulting series. Possible values are: "asc" (default), and "desc".
- **realtime_start** A Date indicating the start of the real-time period. Defaults to today's date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.
- **realtime_end** A Date indicating the end of the real-time period. Defaults to today's date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.

Value

A tibble object.

API Documentation

- fred/sources

See Also

- fredr_source(), fredr_source_releases()

Examples

```r
if (fredr_has_key()) {
  fredr_sources(limit = 20L)
}
fredr_source_releases  Get the releases for a source

Description

Get the releases for a source

Usage

fredr_source_releases(
    source_id,
    ...,  
    limit = NULL,  
    offset = NULL,  
    order_by = NULL,  
    sort_order = NULL,  
    realtime_start = NULL,  
    realtime_end = NULL
  )

Arguments

  source_id    An integer ID for the data source.
  ...          These dots only exist for future extensions and should be empty.
  limit        An integer limit on the maximum number of results to return. Defaults to 1000, the maximum.
  offset       An integer used in conjunction with limit for long series. This mimics the idea of pagination to retrieve large amounts of data over multiple calls. Defaults to 0.
  order_by     A string indicating which attribute should be used to order the results. Possible values:
                  • "release_id" (default)
                  • "name"
                  • "press_release"
                  • "realtime_start"
                  • "realtime_end"
  sort_order   A string representing the order of the resulting series. Possible values are: "asc" (default), and "desc".
  realtime_start A Date indicating the start of the real-time period. Defaults to today’s date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.
  realtime_end  A Date indicating the end of the real-time period. Defaults to today’s date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.
Value

A tibble object.

API Documentation

fred/source/releases

See Also

fredr_sources(), fredr_source()

Examples

if (fredr_has_key()) {
  # Board of Governors
  fredr_source_releases(source_id = 1L)

  # University of Michigan
  fredr_source_releases(source_id = 14L, realtime_start = as.Date("1950-01-01"))
}

Description

Get FRED tags. Optionally, filter results by tag name, tag group, or search text. FRED tags are attributes assigned to a series. By default, all tags are returned, unfiltered, up to the limit.

Usage

fredr_tags(
  ...,
  tag_names = NULL,
  tag_group_id = NULL,
  search_text = NULL,
  limit = NULL,
  offset = NULL,
  order_by = NULL,
  sort_order = NULL,
  realtime_start = NULL,
  realtime_end = NULL
)
Arguments

These dots only exist for future extensions and should be empty.

tag_names  A semicolon delimited string of tag names to only include in the response. No filtering by tag names by default (i.e. all FRED tags returned).

tag_group_id  A string tag group id to filter tags by type. No filtering by tag group by default. Possible values are:
  •  "freq" = Frequency
  •  "gen" = General or Concept
  •  "geo" = Geography
  •  "geot" = Geography Type
  •  "rls" = Release
  •  "seas" = Seasonal Adjustment
  •  "src" = Source

search_text  A string indicating the words to find matching tags with. No filtering by search words by default.

limit  An integer limit on the maximum number of results to return. Defaults to 1000, the maximum.

offset  An integer used in conjunction with limit for long series. This mimics the idea of pagination to retrieve large amounts of data over multiple calls. Defaults to 0.

order_by  Order results by values of the specified attribute. Possible values are:
  •  "series_count" (default)
  •  "popularity"
  •  "created"
  •  "name"
  •  "group_id"

sort_order  A string representing the order of the resulting series, sorted by the attribute values specified by order_by. Possible values are: "asc" (default), and "desc".

realtime_start  A Date indicating the start of the real-time period. Defaults to today’s date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.

realtime_end  A Date indicating the end of the real-time period. Defaults to today’s date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.

Value

A tibble containing tags and their descriptions. Data include tag name, group ID, popularity, series count, tag creation date, and additional notes.

API Documentation

fred/tags
See Also

fredr_category_tags(), fredr_category_related_tags(), fredr_docs(), fredr_release_tags(),
fredr_release_related_tags(), fredr_series_search_tags(), fredr_series_search_related_tags(),
fredr_tags_series(), fredr_related_tags()

Examples

if (fredr_has_key() && interactive()) {
# Information for all tags
fredr_tags()

# Information for just the "gdp" and "oecd" tags
fredr_tags(tag_names = "gdp;oecd")

# Information for all tags in the "geo" group
fredr_tags(tag_group_id = "geo")

# Information for tags matching the text "unemployment"
fredr_tags(search_text = "unemployment")
}

fredr_tags_series   Find FRED series matching tag names

Description

Get the series matching tags in the tag_names parameter. Exclude tags in the exclude_tag_names parameter.

Usage

fredr_tags_series(
  tag_names,
  ..., exclude_tag_names = NULL,
  limit = NULL,
  offset = NULL,
  order_by = NULL,
  sort_order = NULL,
  realtime_start = NULL,
  realtime_end = NULL
)

Arguments

tag_names       A semicolon delimited string of tag names to find series using.
...            These dots only exist for future extensions and should be empty.
fredr_tags_series

exclude_tag_names
A semicolon delimited string of tag names that series match none of. No exclusions are done by default.

limit
An integer limit on the maximum number of results to return. Defaults to 1000, the maximum.

offset
An integer used in conjunction with limit for long series. This mimics the idea of pagination to retrieve large amounts of data over multiple calls. Defaults to 0.

order_by
A string indicating which attribute by which to order the results of the query. Possible values include:
- "series_id" (default)
- "title"
- "units"
- "frequency"
- "seasonal_adjustment"
- "realtime_start"
- "realtime_end"
- "last_updated"
- "observation_start"
- "observation_end"
- "popularity"
- "group_popularity"

sort_order
A string representing the order of the resulting series, sorted by the attribute values specified by order_by. Possible values are: "asc" (default), and "desc".

realtime_start
A Date indicating the start of the real-time period. Defaults to today’s date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.

realtime_end
A Date indicating the end of the real-time period. Defaults to today’s date. For more information, see Real-Time Periods.

Value
A tibble object containing FRED series with tags matching tag_names and their descriptions.

API Documentation

fred/tags/series

See Also
fredr_category_tags(), fredr_category_related_tags(), fredr_docs(), fredr_release_tags(), fredr_release_related_tags(), fredr_series_search_tags(), fredr_series_search_related_tags(), fredr_tags(), fredr_related_tags()
Examples

```r
if (fredr_has_key()) {
  # All series tagged with "gdp"
  fredr_tags_series(tag_names = "gdp")
  # All series tagged with "gdp" and not tagged with "quarterly"
  fredr_tags_series(
    tag_names = "gdp",
    exclude_tag_names = "quarterly"
  )
  # Top 100 most popular non-quarterly series matching GDP
  fredr_tags_series(
    tag_names = "gdp",
    exclude_tag_names = "quarterly",
    order_by = "popularity",
    limit = 100L
  )
}
```
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