Package ‘gWQS’

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Type Package

Title Generalized Weighted Quantile Sum Regression

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Description Fits Weighted Quantile Sum (WQS) regressions for continuous, binomial, multino-
mial and count outcomes.

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Suggests pscl, gridExtra, VGAM, AER, rmarkdown, devtools

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Fitting Weighted Quantile Sum regression models

Description

Fits Weighted Quantile Sum (WQS) regressions for continuous, binomial, multinomial, poisson, quasi-poisson and negative binomial outcomes.

Usage

```r
gwqs(
  formula, data, na.action, weights, mix_name, stratified, valid_var, b = 100, b1_pos = TRUE, b1_constr = FALSE, zero_infl = FALSE, q = 4, validation = 0.6, family = gaussian, zilink = c("logit", "probit", "cloglog", "cauchit", "log"), seed = NULL, pred = 0, plots = FALSE, tables = FALSE, plan_strategy = "sequential", control = list(rho = 1, outer.iter = 400, inner.iter = 800, delta = 1e-07, tol = 1e-08, trace = 0), lp = 0, ln = 0
)
```

Arguments

- `formula`: An object of class formula specifying the relationship to be tested. The `wqs` term must be included in `formula`, e.g. `y ~ wqs + ...`. To test for an interaction term with a continuous variable `a` or for a quadratic term we can specify the `formula` as below: `y ~ wqs*a + ...` and `y ~ wqs + I(wqs^2) + ...`, respectively.
- `data`: The data.frame containing the variables to be included in the model.
- `na.action`: `model.frame`. `na.omit` is the default.
weights an optional vector of weights to be used in the fitting process. Should be NULL or a numeric vector.

mix_name A character vector listing the variables contributing to a mixture effect.

stratified The character name of the variable for which you want to stratify for. It has to be a factor.

valid_var A character value containing the name of the variable that identifies the validation and the training dataset. You previously need to create a variable in the dataset which is equal to 1 for the observations you want to include in the validation dataset, equal to 0 for the observation you want to include in the training dataset (use 0 also for the validation dataset if you want to train and validate the model on the same data) and equal to 2 if you want to keep part of the data for the predictive model.

b Number of bootstrap samples used in parameter estimation.

b1_pos A logical value that determines whether weights are derived from models where the beta values were positive or negative.

b1_constr A logical value that determines whether to apply positive (if b1_pos = TRUE) or negative (if b1_pos = FALSE) constraints in the optimization function for the weight estimation.

zero_infl A logical value (TRUE or FALSE) that allows to fit a zero inflated model in case family = "poisson" or family = "negbin".

q An integer to specify how mixture variables will be ranked, e.g. in quartiles (q = 4), deciles (q = 10), or percentiles (q = 100). If q = NULL then the values of the mixture variables are taken (these must be standardized).

validation Percentage of the dataset to be used to validate the model. If validation = 0 then the test dataset is used as validation dataset too.

family A character value that allows to decide for the glm: gaussian for linear regression, binomial for logistic regression "multinomial" for multinomial regression, poisson for Poisson regression, quasipoisson for quasi-Poisson regression, "negbin" for negative binomial regression.

zilink character specification of link function in the binary zero-inflation model (you can choose among "logit", "probit", "cloglog", "cauchit", "log").

seed An integer value to fix the seed, if it is equal to NULL no seed is chosen.

pred Percentage of the dataset to be used for the predictive model. If pred = 0 then no predictive model is going to be built.

plots A logical value indicating whether plots should be generated with the output (plots = TRUE) or not (plots = FALSE).

tables A logical value indicating whether tables should be generated in the output (tables = TRUE) or not (tables = FALSE).

plan_strategy A character value that allows to choose the evaluation strategies for the plan function. You can choose among "sequential", "transparent", "multisession", "multicore", "multiprocess", "cluster" and "remote" (see plan help page for more details).

ccontrol The control list of optimization parameters. See solnp for details.
lp

The lambda parameter that add a penalization term when we want to constrain in the negative direction. This is an alternative to b1_constr = TRUE.

ln

The lambda parameter that add a penalization term when we want to constrain in the positive direction. This is an alternative to b1_constr = TRUE.

Details

gwqs uses the glm function in the stats package to fit the linear, logistic, the Poisson and the quasi-Poisson regression, while the glm.nb function from the MASS package is used to fit the negative binomial regression respectively. The nlm function from the stats package was used to optimize the log-likelihood of the multinomial regression.

The solnp optimization function is used to estimate the weights at each bootstrap step.

The seed argument specifies a fixed seed through the set.seed function.

The plots argument produces three figures (two if family = binomial or "multinomial") through the ggplot function. One more plot will be printed if pred > 0 and family = binomial.

The tables argument produces two tables in the viewer pane through the use of the functions kable and kable_styling.

Value

gwqs return the results of the WQS regression as well as many other objects and datasets.

fit

The object that summarizes the output of the WQS model, reflecting a linear, logistic, multinomial, Poisson, quasi-Poisson or negative binomial regression depending on how the family parameter was specified. The summary function can be used to call and print fit data (not for multinomial regression).

conv

Indicates whether the solver has converged (0) or not (1 or 2).

bres

Matrix of estimated weights, mixture effect parameter estimates and the associated standard errors, statistics and p-values estimated for each bootstrap iteration.

wqs

Vector containing the wqs index for each subject.

q_i

List of the cutoffs used to divide in quantiles the variables in the mixture

bindex

List of vectors containing the rownames of the subjects included in each bootstrap dataset.

tindex

Vector containing the rows used to estimate the weights in each bootstrap.

vindex

Vector containing the rows used to estimate the parameters of the final model.

final_weights

data.frame containing the final weights associated to each chemical.

y_wqs_df

data.frame containing the dependent variable values adjusted for the residuals of a fitted model adjusted for covariates (original values when family = binomial or "multinomial") and the wqs index estimated values.
**df_pred**  
data.frame containing the variables to print the ROC curve. It is generated only when \( \text{pred} > 0 \)

**pindex**  
Vector containing the subjects used for prediction. It is generated only when \( \text{pred} > 0 \)

### Author(s)

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### References


### Examples

```r
# we save the names of the mixture variables in the variable "toxic_chems"
toxic_chems = c("log_LBX074LA", "log_LBX099LA", "log_LBX105LA", "log_LBX118LA",  
"log_LBX196LA", "log_LBX199LA", "log_LBX01LA", "log_LBX02LA", "log_LBX03LA",  
"log_LBX04LA", "log_LBX05LA", "log_LBX07LA", "log_LBX01LA", "log_LBX02LA",  
"log_LBX03LA", "log_LBX04LA", "log_LBX05LA", "log_LBX06LA", "log_LBX07LA",  
"log_LBX08LA", "log_LBX09LA", "log_LBX01LA", "log_LBX02LA")
```

# To run a linear model and save the results in the variable "results". This linear model  
# (family = gaussian) will rank/standardize variables in quartiles (q = 4), perform a  
# 40/60 split of the data for training/validation (validation = 0.6), and estimate weights  
# over 2 bootstrap samples (b = 2; in practical applications at least 100 bootstraps  
# should be used). Weights will be derived from mixture effect parameters that are positive  
# (b1_pos = TRUE). A unique seed was specified (seed = 2016) so this model will be  
# reproducible, and plots describing the variable weights and linear relationship will be
# generated as output (plots = TRUE). In the end tables describing the weights values and
# the model parameters with the respectively statistics are generated in the plots window
# (tables = TRUE):
results = gwqs(y ~ wqs, mix_name = toxic_chems, data = wqs_data, q = 4, validation = 0.6,
b = 2, b1_pos = TRUE, b1_constr = FALSE, family = gaussian, seed = 2016,
plots = TRUE, tables = TRUE)

# to test the significance of the covariates
summary(results$fit)

### wqs_data

**Exposure concentrations of 34 PCB (simulated dataset)**

**Description**

We created the ‘wqs_data’ dataset to show how to use this function. These data reflect 34 exposure concentrations simulated from a distribution of PCB exposures measured in subjects participating in the NHANES study (2001-2002). Additionally, an end-point measure, simulated from a distribution of leukocyte telomere length (LTL), a biomarker of chronic disease, is provided as well (variable name: y), as well as simulated covariates, e.g. sex, and a dichotomous outcome variable (variable name: disease_state). This dataset can thus be used to test the ‘gWQS’ package by analyzing the mixed effect of the 34 simulated PCBs on the continuous or binary outcomes, with adjustments for covariates.

**Usage**

wqs_data

**Format**

A data frame with 500 rows and 37 variables

**Details**

- **y**  continuous outcome, biomarker of chronic disease  
- **disease_state**  dichotomous outcome, state of disease  
- **sex**  covariate, gender of the subject  
- **log_LBX**  34 exposure concentrations of PCB exposures ...
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