Package ‘googleCloudRunner’

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Build

Build Object

Description

Build Object

Usage

```r
Build(
  Build.substitutions = NULL,
  Build.timing = NULL,
  results = NULL,
  logsBucket = NULL,
  steps = NULL,
  buildTriggerId = NULL,
  id = NULL,
  tags = NULL,
  startTime = NULL,
  substitutions = NULL,
  timing = NULL,
  sourceProvenance = NULL,
  createTime = NULL,
  images = NULL,
  projectId = NULL,
  logUrl = NULL,
  finishTime = NULL,
  source = NULL,
  options = NULL,
  timeout = NULL,
  status = NULL,
  statusDetail = NULL,
  artifacts = NULL,
  secrets = NULL,
  availableSecrets = NULL,
  serviceAccount = NULL
)
```

Arguments

**Build.substitutions**

The Build.substitutions object or list of objects

**Build.timing**

The Build.timing object or list of objects

**results**

Output only

**logsBucket**

Google Cloud Storage bucket where logs should be written (see

**steps**

Required
A build resource in the Cloud Build API.

At a high level, a ‘Build’ describes where to find source code, how to build it (for example, the builder image to run on the source), and where to store the built artifacts.

Value

Build object

Build Macros

Fields can include the following variables, which will be expanded when the build is created:-

- $PROJECT_ID: the project ID of the build.
- $BUILD_ID: the autogenerated ID of the build.
- $REPO_NAME: the source repository name specified by RepoSource.
• $BRANCH_NAME: the branch name specified by RepoSource.
• $TAG_NAME: the tag name specified by RepoSource.
• $REVISION_ID or $COMMIT_SHA: the commit SHA specified by RepoSource or resolved from the specified branch or tag.
• $SHORT_SHA: first 7 characters of $REVISION_ID or $COMMIT_SHA.

See Also
Other Cloud Build functions: RepoSource(), Source(), StorageSource(), cr_build_artifacts(), cr_build_list(), cr_build_logs(), cr_build_make(), cr_build_status(), cr_build_targets(), cr_build_upload_gcs(), cr_build_wait(), cr_build_write(), cr_build_yaml_artifact(), cr_build_yaml_secrets(), cr_build_yaml(), cr_build()

---

BuildTrigger BuildTrigger Object

Description
Configuration for an automated build in response to source repository changes.

Usage
BuildTrigger(
  filename = NULL,
  name = NULL,
  tags = NULL,
  build = NULL,
  ignoredFiles = NULL,
  github = NULL,
  substitutions = NULL,
  includedFiles = NULL,
  disabled = NULL,
  sourceToBuild = NULL,
  triggerTemplate = NULL,
  webhookConfig = NULL,
  description = NULL,
  pubsubConfig = NULL
)

Arguments
filename Path, from the source root, to a file whose contents is used for the build
name User assigned name of the trigger
tags Tags for annotation of a 'BuildTrigger'
built Contents of the build template
ignoredFiles  ignored_files and included_files are file glob matches extended with support for "**".

github  a GitHubEventsConfig object - mutually exclusive with triggerTemplate

substitutions  A named list of Build macro variables

includedFiles  If any of the files altered in the commit pass the ignored_files

disabled  If true, the trigger will never result in a build

sourceToBuild  A cr_buildtrigger_repo object (but no regex allowed for branch or tag) This field is currently only used by Webhook, Pub/Sub, Manual, and Cron triggers and is the source of the build will execute upon.

triggerTemplate  a RepoSource object - mutually exclusive with github

webhookConfig  WebhookConfig describes the configuration of a trigger that creates a build whenever a webhook is sent to a trigger’s webhook URL.

description  Human-readable description of this trigger

pubsubConfig  PubsubConfig describes the configuration of a trigger that creates a build whenever a Pub/Sub message is published.

Value  
BuildTrigger object

See Also  
https://cloud.google.com/build/docs/api/reference/rest/v1/projects.triggers

Other BuildTrigger functions: GitHubEventsConfig(), cr_buildtrigger_copy(), cr_buildtrigger_delete(), cr_buildtrigger_edit(), cr_buildtrigger_get(), cr_buildtrigger_list(), cr_buildtrigger_pubsub(), cr_buildtrigger_repo(), cr_buildtrigger_run(), cr_buildtrigger_webhook(), cr_buildtrigger()

---

cr_bucket_set  Get/Set the Cloud Storage bucket for your Cloud Build Service

Description  
Can also use environment arg GCS_DEFAULT_BUCKET

Usage  
cr_bucket_set(bucket)

cr_bucket_get()

Arguments  
bucket  The GCS bucket
Examples

cr_bucket_get()

---

**cr_build**

*Starts a build with the specified configuration.*

**Description**

This method returns a long-running ‘Operation’, which includes the buildID. Pass the build ID to `cr_build_status` to determine the build status (such as ‘SUCCESS’ or ‘FAILURE’).

**Usage**

```r
cr_build(
  x,
  source = NULL,
  timeout = NULL,
  images = NULL,
  substitutions = NULL,
  serviceAccount = NULL,
  artifacts = NULL,
  options = NULL,
  projectId = cr_project_get(),
  launch_browser = interactive()
)
```

**Arguments**

- **x**: A cloudbuild.yaml file location or an R object that will be turned into yaml via `as.yaml` or a Build object created by `cr_build_make` or from a previous build you want to rerun.
- **source**: A Source object specifying the location of the source files to build, usually created by `cr_build_source`.
- **timeout**: Amount of time that this build should be allowed to run, to second.
- **images**: A list of images to be pushed upon the successful completion of all build.
- **substitutions**: Substitutions data for `Build` resource.
- **serviceAccount**: service account email to be used for the build.
- **artifacts**: Artifacts produced by the build that should be uploaded upon.
- **options**: Special options for this build.
- **projectId**: ID of the project.
- **launch_browser**: Whether to launch the logs URL in a browser once deployed.
See Also

Google Documentation for Cloud Build

Other Cloud Build functions: `Build()`, `RepoSource()`, `Source()`, `StorageSource()`, `cr_build_artifacts()`, `cr_build_list()`, `cr_build_logs()`, `cr_build_make()`, `cr_build_status()`, `cr_build_targets()`, `cr_build_upload_gcs()`, `cr_build_wait()`, `cr_build_write()`, `cr_build_yaml_artifact()`, `cr_build_yaml_secrets()`, `cr_build_yaml()`

Examples

cr_project_set("my-project")
my_gcs_source <- cr_build_source(StorageSource("my_code.tar.gz",
  bucket = "gs://my-bucket"
))
my_gcs_source

my_repo_source <- cr_build_source(RepoSource("github_username_my-repo.com",
  branchName = "master"
))
my_repo_source

## Not run:
# build from a cloudbuild.yaml file
cloudbuild_file <- system.file("cloudbuild/cloudbuild.yaml",
  package = "googleCloudRunner"
)

# asynchronous, will launch log browser by default
b1 <- cr_build(cloudbuild_file)

# synchronous waiting for build to finish
b2 <- cr_build_wait(b1)

# the same results
cr_build_status(b1)
cr_build_status(b2)

# build from a cloud storage source
build1 <- cr_build(cloudbuild_file,
  source = my_gcs_source
)
# build from a git repository source
build2 <- cr_build(cloudbuild_file,
  source = my_repo_source
)

# you can send in results for previous builds to trigger
# the same build under a new Id
# will trigger build2 again
cr_build(build2)

# a build with substitutions (Cloud Build macros)
cr_build(build2, substitutions = list('_SUB' = "yo"))

## End(Not run)

cr_buildstep

Create a yaml build step

Description

Helper for creating build steps for upload to Cloud Build

Usage

```r
cr_buildstep(
  name,
  args = NULL,
  id = NULL,
  prefix = "gcr.io/cloud-builders/",
  entrypoint = NULL,
  dir = "",
  env = NULL,
  waitFor = NULL,
  volumes = NULL,
  secretEnv = NULL
)
```

Arguments

- **name**: name of docker image to call appended to `prefix`
- **args**: character vector of arguments
- **id**: Optional id for the step
- **prefix**: prefixed to name - set to "" to suppress. Will be suppressed if name starts with gcr.io or *-docker.pkg.dev
- **entrypoint**: change the entrypoint for the docker container
- **dir**: The directory to use, relative to /workspace e.g. /workspace/deploy/
- **env**: Environment variables for this step. A character vector for each assignment
- **waitFor**: Whether to wait for previous buildsteps to complete before running. Default it will wait for previous step.
- **volumes**: volumes to connect and write to
- **secretEnv**: A list of secrets stored in Secret Manager referred to in args via a $$var

Details

This uses R to make building steps for cloudbuild.yml files harder to make mistakes with, and also means you can program creation of cloud build steps for use in R or other languages. Various templates with common use cases of buildsteps are also available that wrap this function, refer to the "See Also" section.
**WaitFor**

By default each buildstep waits for the previous, but if you pass "-" then it will start immediately, or if you pass in a list of ids it will wait for previous buildsteps to finish who have that id. See [Configuring Build Step Order](#) for details.

**Build Macros**

Fields can include the following variables, which will be expanded when the build is created:

- $PROJECT_ID: the project ID of the build.
- $BUILD_ID: the autogenerated ID of the build.
- $REPO_NAME: the source repository name specified by RepoSource.
- $BRANCH_NAME: the branch name specified by RepoSource.
- $TAG_NAME: the tag name specified by RepoSource.
- $REVISION_ID or $COMMIT_SHA: the commit SHA specified by RepoSource or resolved from the specified branch or tag.
- $SHORT_SHA: first 7 characters of $REVISION_ID or $COMMIT_SHA.

Or you can add your own custom variables, set in the Build Trigger. Custom variables always start with $e.g. $MY_VAR

**secretEnv**

You can pass secrets that are stored in Secret Manager directly instead of using a dedicated buildstep via [cr_buildstep_secret](#)

Within the code passed to `args` those secrets are referred to via `$$SECRET_NAME`. If used then [cr_buildyaml](#) must also include the `availableSecrets` argument.

**See Also**

[Creating custom build steps how-to guide](#)

Other Cloud Buildsteps: [cr_buildstep_bash()](#), [cr_buildstep_decrypt()](#), [cr_buildstep_docker()](#), [cr_buildstep_edit()](#), [cr_buildstep_extract()](#), [cr_buildstep_gcloud()](#), [cr_buildstep_gitsetup()](#), [cr_buildstep_mailgun()](#), [cr_buildstep_nginx_setup()](#), [cr_buildstep_packagetest()](#), [cr_buildstep_pkgdown()](#), [cr_buildstep_run()](#), [cr_buildstep_r()](#), [cr_buildstep_secret()](#), [cr_buildstep_slack()](#), [cr_buildstep_targets()](#)

**Examples**

```r
# creating yaml for use in deploying cloud run
image <- "gcr.io/my-project/my-image:$BUILD_ID"

cr_build_yaml(
  steps = c(
    cr_buildstep("docker", c("build", "-t", image, ".")),
    cr_buildstep("docker", c("push", image)),
  )
)
```
cr_buildstep_bash

Run a bash script in a Cloud Build step

description
Helper to run a supplied bash script, that will be copied in-line

usage

```r
cr_buildstep_bash(
  bash_script,
  name = "ubuntu",
  bash_source = c("local", "runtime"),
  bash_command = "bash",
  bash_volume = list(name = "ssh", path = "/root/.ssh"))
```
escape_dollar = TRUE,

Arguments

bash_script  
bash code to run or a filepath to a file containing bash code that ends with .bash or .sh

name  
The image that will run the R code

bash_source  
Whether the code will be from a runtime file within the source or at build time copying over from a local file in your session

escape_dollar  
Default TRUE. This will turn $ into $$ within the script to avoid them being recognised as Cloud Build variables. Turn this off if you want that behaviour (e.g. my_project="$PROJECT_ID")

Details

If you need to escape build parameters in bash scripts, you need to escape CloudBuild’s substitution via $$ and bash’s substitution via \$ e.g. \$PARAM

See Also

Other Cloud Buildsteps: cr_buildstep_decrypt(), cr_buildstep_df(), cr_buildstep_docker(), cr_buildstep_edit(), cr_buildstep_extract(), cr_buildstep_gcloud(), cr_buildstep_gitsetup(), cr_buildstep_mailgun(), cr_buildstep_nginx_setup(), cr_buildstep_packagetests(), cr_buildstep_pkgdown(), cr_buildstep_run(), cr_buildstep_r(), cr_buildstep_secret(), cr_buildstep_slack(), cr_buildstep_targets(), cr_buildstep()

Examples

```r

```
cr_buildstep_compute_container

Usage

```r
cr_buildstep_compute_container(
  vm_name,
  container_image = "gcr.io/gcer-public/persistent-rstudio:latest",
  disk_name = paste0(vm_name, "-disk"),
  disk_mount_path = "/home",
  zone = "europe-west1-b",
  disk_size = "10GB",
  machine_type = "n1-standard-1",
  container_env = "",
  scopes = "cloud-platform",
  network = "default",
  gcloud_args = NULL
)
```

cr_buildstep_compute_rstudio(
  rstudio_user,
  rstudio_pw,
  vm_name = "rstudio",
  disk_name = "rstudio-disk",
  zone = "europe-west1-b",
  disk_size = "10GB",
  machine_type = "n1-standard-1",
  container_image = "gcr.io/gcer-public/persistent-rstudio:latest",
  network = "default"
)

Arguments

- `vm_name` Name of the VM you will create
- `container_image` The Docker image that will be launched in the VM
- `disk_name` Name of the disk that will be attached to the VM’s container image
- `disk_mount_path` Where the disk will be attached to the container in the VM
- `zone` Which zone the VM will launch within
- `disk_size` The size of the disk
- `machine_type` The type of VM that will be launched
- `container_env` Environment variables set within the VM’s container image
- `scopes` The GCE scopes that the VM will be launched with permission to use
- `network` The network the VM will use. The container will bridge into the same network
- `gcloud_args` Other gcloud arguments you send in e.g. `c("--boot-disk-device-name=boot-disk1","--boot-disk-size=10GB")`
- `rstudio_user` The username for the RStudio image the VM will launch
- `rstudio_pw` The password for the RStudio image the VM will launch
Examples

```r
bs <- cr_buildstep_compute_rstudio("mark", "securepassword1234")
build <- cr_build_yaml(bs)
build
## Not run:
cr_build(build)
## End(Not run)
```

**cr_buildstep_decrypt** Create a build step for decrypting files via KMS

**Description**

Create a build step to decrypt files using CryptoKey from Cloud Key Management Service. Usually you will prefer to use `cr_buildstep_secret`

**Usage**

```r
cr_buildstep_decrypt(cipher, plain, keyring, key, location = "global", ...)
```

**Arguments**

- `cipher`: The file that has been encrypted
- `plain`: The file location to decrypt to
- `keyring`: The KMS keyring to use
- `key`: The KMS key to use
- `location`: The KMS location
- `...`: Further arguments passed in to `cr_buildstep`

**Details**

Key Management Store can encrypt secret files for use within your later buildsteps.

**Setup**

You will need to set up the encrypted key using `gcloud` following the link from Google

**See Also**

Other Cloud Buildsteps: `cr_buildstep_bash()`, `cr_buildstep_df()`, `cr_buildstep_docker()`, `cr_buildstep_edit()`, `cr_buildstep_extract()`, `cr_buildstep_gcloud()`, `cr_buildstep_gitsetup()`, `cr_buildstep_mailgun()`, `cr_buildstep_nginx_setup()`, `cr_buildstep.packagetests()`, `cr_buildstep_pkgdown()`, `cr_buildstep_run()`, `cr_buildstep_r()`, `cr_buildstep_secret()`, `cr_buildstep_slack()`, `cr_buildstep_targets()`, `cr_buildstep()`
Examples

```r
cr_project_set("my-project")
cr_bucket_set("my-bucket")
cr_buildstep_decrypt("secret.json.enc",
  plain = "secret.json",
  keyring = "my_keyring",
  key = "my_key"
)
```

---

**cr_buildstep_df**  
*Convert a data.frame into cr_buildstep*

**Description**

Helper to turn a data.frame of buildsteps info into format accepted by `cr_build`

**Usage**

```r
cr_buildstep_df(x)
```

**Arguments**

- **x**: A data.frame of steps to turn into buildsteps, with at least name and args columns

**Details**

This helps convert the output of `cr_build` into valid `cr_buildstep` so it can be sent back into the API. If constructing arg list columns then `I` suppresses conversion of the list to columns that would otherwise break the yaml format.

**See Also**

Other Cloud Buildsteps: `cr_buildstep_bash()`, `cr_buildstep_decrypt()`, `cr_buildstep_docker()`, `cr_buildstep_edit()`, `cr_buildstep_extract()`, `cr_buildstep_gcloud()`, `cr_buildstep_gitsetup()`, `cr_buildstep_mailgun()`, `cr_buildstep_nginx_setup()`, `cr_buildstep_pakagetests()`, `cr_buildstep_pkgdown()`, `cr_buildstep_run()`, `cr_buildstep_r()`, `cr_buildstep_secret()`, `cr_buildstep_slack()`, `cr_buildstep_targets()`, `cr_buildstep()`

**Examples**

```r
y <- data.frame(
  name = c("docker", "alpine"),
  args = I(list(c("version"), c("echo", "Hello Cloud Build")));
  id = c("Docker Version", "Hello Cloud Build"),
  prefix = c(NULL, ""),
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE
)

cr_buildstep_df(y)
```
Create a build step to build and push a docker image

Usage

```r
cr_buildstep_docker(
  image,
  tag = c("latest", "$BUILD_ID"),
  location = ".",
  projectId = cr_project_get(),
  dockerfile = "Dockerfile",
  kaniko_cache = FALSE,
  build_args = NULL,
  push_image = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

- **image**: The image tag that will be pushed, starting with gcr.io or created by combining with `projectId` if not starting with gcr.io.
- **tag**: The tag or tags to be attached to the pushed image - can use Build macros.
- **location**: Where the Dockerfile to build is in relation to dir.
- **projectId**: The projectId.
- **dockerfile**: Specify the name of the Dockerfile found at `location`.
- **kaniko_cache**: If TRUE will use kaniko cache for Docker builds.
- **build_args**: additional arguments to pass to `docker build`, should be a character vector.
- **push_image**: if `kaniko_cache = FALSE` and `push_image = FALSE`, then the docker image is simply built and not pushed.
- **...**: Further arguments passed in to `cr_buildstep`.

Details

Setting `kaniko_cache = TRUE` will enable caching of the layers of the Dockerfile, which will speed up subsequent builds of that Dockerfile. See Using Kaniko cache.

If building multiple tags they don’t have to run sequentially - set `waitFor = "-"` to build concurrently.
See Also

Other Cloud Buildsteps: `cr_buildstep_bash()`, `cr_buildstep_decrypt()`, `cr_buildstep_df()`, `cr_buildstep_edit()`, `cr_buildstep_extract()`
`cr_buildstep_gcloud()`, `cr_buildstep_gitsetup()`,
`cr_buildstep_mailgun()`, `cr_buildstep_nginx_setup()`, `cr_buildstep_packagetests()`, `cr_buildstep_pkgdown()`,
`cr_buildstep_run()`, `cr_buildstep_r()`, `cr_buildstep_secret()`, `cr_buildstep_slack()`,
`cr_buildstep_targets()`, `cr_buildstep()`

Examples

```r
# setting up a build to trigger off a Git source:
my_image <- "gcr.io/my-project/my-image"
my_repo <- RepoSource("github_markedmondson1234_googlecloudrunner",
branchName = "master"
)
## Not run:
docker_yaml <- cr_build_yaml(steps = cr_buildstep_docker(my_image))
built_docker <- cr_build(docker_yaml, source = my_repo)
# make a build trigger so it builds on each push to master
# add a cache to your docker build to speed up repeat builds
# building using manual buildsteps to clone from git
bs <- c(
  cr_buildstep_gitsetup("github-ssh"),
  cr_buildstep_git(c("clone", "git@github.com:MarkEdmondson1234/googleCloudRunner", ".")),
  cr_buildstep_docker("gcr.io/gcer-public/packagetools",
    dir = "inst/docker/packages/"
  )
)
built <- cr_build(cr_build_yaml(bs))
## End(Not run)
```

**cr_buildstep_edit**  
Modify an existing buildstep with new parameters
**cr_buildstep_edit**

**Description**
Useful for editing existing buildsteps

**Usage**
```r
cr_buildstep_edit(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**
- `x` A buildstep created previously
- `...` Arguments passed on to `cr_buildstep`
- `name` name of docker image to call appended to prefix
- `args` character vector of arguments
- `prefix` prefixed to name - set to "" to suppress. Will be suppressed if name starts with `gcr.io` or `-docker.pkg.dev`
- `entrypoint` change the entrypoint for the docker container
- `dir` The directory to use, relative to `/workspace` e.g. `/workspace/deploy/
- `id` Optional id for the step
- `env` Environment variables for this step. A character vector for each assignment
- `volumes` volumes to connect and write to
- `waitFor` Whether to wait for previous buildsteps to complete before running. Default it will wait for previous step.
- `secretEnv` A list of secrets stored in Secret Manager referred to in args via a `$$var`

**See Also**
Other Cloud Buildsteps: `cr_buildstep_bash()`, `cr_buildstep_decrypt()`, `cr_buildstep_df()`, `cr_buildstep_docker()`, `cr_buildstep_extract()`, `cr_buildstep_gcloud()`, `cr_buildstep_gitsetup()`, `cr_buildstep_mailgun()`, `cr_buildstep_nginx_setup()`, `cr_buildstep_packagetests()`, `cr_buildstep_pkgdown()`, `cr_buildstep_run()`, `cr_buildstep_r()`, `cr_buildstep_secret()`, `cr_buildstep_slack()`, `cr_buildstep_targets()`, `cr_buildstep()`

**Examples**
```r
cr_buildstep_edit(edit_me, name = "blah")
cr_buildstep_edit(edit_me, name = "gcr.io/blah")
cr_buildstep_edit(edit_me, args = c("blah1", "blah2"), dir = "meh")
```
# to edit multiple buildsteps at once
bs <- c(cr_buildstep_extract(build, 1), cr_buildstep_extract(build, 2))
lapply(bs, function(x) cr_buildstep_edit(list(x), dir = "blah")[[1]])

---

**cr_buildstep_extract**  
*Extract a buildstep from a Build object*

**Description**

Useful if you have a step from an existing cloudbuild.yaml you want in another

**Usage**

```r
cr_buildstep_extract(x, step = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

- `x`: A Build object
- `step`: The numeric step number to extract

**See Also**

Other Cloud Buildsteps:  
- `cr_buildstep_bash()`, `cr_buildstep_decrypt()`, `cr_buildstep_df()`, `cr_buildstep_docker()`, `cr_buildstep_edit()`, `cr_buildstep_gcloud()`, `cr_buildstep_gitsetup()`, `cr_buildstep_mailgun()`, `cr_buildstep_nginx_setup()`, `cr_buildstep_packagetests()`, `cr_buildstep_pkgdown()`, `cr_buildstep_run()`, `cr_buildstep_r()`, `cr_buildstep_secret()`, `cr_buildstep_slack()`, `cr_buildstep_targets()`, `cr_buildstep()`

**Examples**

```r
package_build <- system.file("cloudbuild/cloudbuild.yaml",  
    package = "googleCloudRunner"
)
build <- cr_build_make(package_build)
build
cr_buildstep_extract(build, step = 1)
cr_buildstep_extract(build, step = 2)
```
cr_buildstep_gcloud

A buildstep template for gcloud

Description

This enables an optimised version of gcloud docker for your buildstep such as gcr.io/google.com/cloudsdktool/cloud-sdk:alpine

Usage

```r
cr_buildstep_gcloud(component = c("gcloud", "bq", "gsutil", "kubectl"), ...)
```

Arguments

- **component**: What gcloud service you need, such as "gcloud", "bq" or "gsutil"
- **...**: Arguments passed on to `cr_buildstep`
- **name**: name of docker image to call appended to prefix
- **args**: character vector of arguments
- **prefix**: prefixed to name - set to "" to suppress. Will be suppressed if name starts with gcr.io or *-docker.pkg.dev
- **entrypoint**: change the entrypoint for the docker container
- **dir**: The directory to use, relative to /workspace e.g. /workspace/deploy/
- **id**: Optional id for the step
- **env**: Environment variables for this step. A character vector for each assignment
- **volumes**: volumes to connect and write to
- **waitFor**: Whether to wait for previous buildsteps to complete before running. Default it will wait for previous step.
- **secretEnv**: A list of secrets stored in Secret Manager referred to in args via a $$var$

See Also

https://github.com/GoogleCloudPlatform/cloud-builders/tree/master/gcloud

Other Cloud Buildsteps: `cr_buildstep_bash()`, `cr_buildstep_decrypt()`, `cr_buildstep_df()`, `cr_buildstep_docker()`, `cr_buildstep_edit()`, `cr_buildstep_extract()`, `cr_buildstep_gitsetup()`, `cr_buildstep_mailgun()`, `cr_buildstep_nginx_setup()`, `cr_buildstep_package_tests()`, `cr_buildstep_pkgdown()`, `cr_buildstep_run()`, `cr_buildstep_r()`, `cr_buildstep_secret()`, `cr_buildstep_slack()`, `cr_buildstep_targets()`, `cr_buildstep()`
cr_buildstep_gitsetup  Create a build step for authenticating with Git

Description

This creates steps to configure git to use an ssh created key.
This creates steps to use git with an ssh created key.

Usage

```r
cr_buildstep_gitsetup(secret, post_setup = NULL)
cr_buildstep_git(
  git_args = c("clone", "git@github.com:[GIT-USERNAME]/[REPOSITORY]", "."),
  ...
)
git_volume()
```

Arguments

- `secret`  The name of the secret on Google Secret Manager for the git ssh private key
- `post_setup`  Steps that occur after git setup
- `git_args`  The arguments to send to git
- `...`  Further arguments passed in to `cr_buildstep`

Details

The ssh private key should be uploaded to Google Secret Manager first

Use `git_volume` to add the git credentials folder to other buildsteps

See Also

- Accessing private GitHub repositories using Cloud Build (google article)
- Other Cloud Buildsteps: `cr_buildstep_bash()`, `cr_buildstep_decrypt()`, `cr_buildstep_df()`, `cr_buildstep_docker()`, `cr_buildstep_edit()`, `cr_buildstep_extract()`, `cr_buildstep_gcloud()`, `cr_buildstep_mailgun()`, `cr_buildstep_nginx_setup()`, `cr_buildstep_packagetests()`, `cr_buildstep_pkgdown()`, `cr_buildstep_run()`, `cr_buildstep_r()`, `cr_buildstep_secret()`, `cr_buildstep_slack()`, `cr_buildstep_targets()`, `cr_buildstep()`
Examples

```r
cr_project_set("my-project")
cr_bucket_set("my-bucket")

# assumes you have previously saved git ssh key called "github-ssh"
cr_build_yaml(
  steps = c(
    cr_buildstep_gitsetup("github-ssh"),
    cr_buildstep_git(c(
      "clone",
      "git@github.com:github_name/repo_name"
    ))
  )
)
```

---

**cr_buildstep_mailgun**  
Send an email in a Cloud Build step via MailGun.org

**Description**

This uses Mailgun to send emails. It calls an R script that posts the message to MailGuns API.

**Usage**

```r
cr_buildstep_mailgun(
  message,  
  to,  
  subject,  
  from,  
  mailgun_url = "$_MAILGUN_URL",  
  mailgun_key = "$_MAILGUN_KEY",  
  ...  
)
```

**Arguments**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Argument</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>message</td>
<td>The message markdown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>to</td>
<td>to email</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>subject</td>
<td>subject email</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>from</td>
<td>from email</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mailgun_url</td>
<td>The Mailgun API base URL. Default assumes you set this in Build substitution macros</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mailgun_key</td>
<td>The Mailgun API key. Default assumes you set this in Build substitution macros</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>...</td>
<td>Other arguments passed to cr_buildstep_r</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Details

Requires an account at Mailgun: https://mailgun.com Pre-verification you can only send to a whitelist of emails you configure - see Mailgun website for details.

See Also

Other Cloud Buildsteps: cr_buildstep_bash(), cr_buildstep_decrypt(), cr_buildstep_df(), cr_buildstep_docker(), cr_buildstep_edit(), cr_buildstep_extract(), cr_buildstep_gcloud(), cr_buildstep_gitsetup(), cr_buildstep_nginx_setup(), cr_buildstep_packagetests(), cr_buildstep_pkgdown(), cr_buildstep_run(), cr_buildstep_r(), cr_buildstep_secret(), cr_buildstep_slack(), cr_buildstep_targets(), cr_buildstep()

Examples

cr_project_set("my-project")
cr_bucket_set("my-bucket")
mailgun_url <- "https://api.mailgun.net/v3/sandboxXXX.mailgun.org"
mailgun_key <- "key-XXXX"
## Not run:
# assumes you have verified the email
cr_build(
  cr_build_yaml(
    steps = cr_buildstep_mailgun(
      "Hello from Cloud Build",
      to = "me@verified_email.com",
      subject = "Hello",
      from = "googleCloudRunner@example.com"
    ),
    substitutions = list(
      `_MAILGUN_URL` = mailgun_url,
      `_MAILGUN_KEY` = mailgun_key
    )
  )
)
## End(Not run)

---

**cr_buildstep_nginx_setup**

Setup nginx for Cloud Run in a buildstep

Description

Setup nginx for Cloud Run in a buildstep

Usage

`cr_buildstep_nginx_setup(html_folder, ...)`
Arguments

html_folder  The folder that will hold the HTML for Cloud Run
This uses a premade bash script that sets up a Docker container ready for Cloud
Run running nginx

...  Other arguments passed to cr_buildstep_bash

See Also

Other Cloud Buildsteps: cr_buildstep_bash(), cr_buildstep_decrypt(), cr_buildstep_df(),
cr_buildstep_docker(), cr_buildstep_edit(), cr_buildstep_extract(), cr_buildstep_gcloud(),
cr_buildstep_gitsetup(), cr_buildstep_mailgun(), cr_buildstep_packagetests(), cr_buildstep_pkgdown(),
cr_buildstep_run(), cr_buildstep_r(), cr_buildstep_secret(), cr_buildstep_slack(),
cr_buildstep_targets(), cr_buildstep()

Examples

cr_project_set("my-project")
cr_bucket_set("my-bucket")
cr_region_set("europe-west1")

html_folder <- "my_html"
run_image <- "gcr.io/my-project/my-image-for-cloudrun"
cr_build_yaml(
  steps = c(
    cr_buildstep_nginx_setup(html_folder),
    cr_buildstep_docker(run_image, dir = html_folder),
    cr_buildstep_run(
      name = "running-nginx",
      image = run_image,
      concurrency = 80
    )
  )
)

Description

This lets you run R package tests and is intended to be used in a trigger when you push to a repository so you can monitor code quality.
Usage

```r
cr_buildstep_packagetests(
  test_script = NULL,
  codecov_script = NULL,
  codecov_token = "$_CODECOV_TOKEN",
  build_image = "gcr.io/gcer-public/packagetools:latest",
  env = c("NOT_CRAN=true")
)
```

Arguments

- `test_script`: The script that will call `rcmdcheck` to perform tests. If `NULL` a default script is used in `system.file("r_buildsteps","devtools_tests.R",package="googlecloudRunner")`
- `codecov_script`: The script that will call `codecov` to perform coverage. If `NULL` a default script is used in `system.file("r_buildsteps","codecov_tests.R",package="googleCloudRunner")`
- `codecov_token`: If using codecov, supply your codecov token here.
- `build_image`: The docker image that will be used to run the R code for the test scripts
- `env`: Environment arguments to be set during the test script runs

Details

If using codecov, these environment arguments are added to aid with the codecoverage:

- "CODECOV_TOKEN=$_CODECOV_TOKEN"
- "GCB_PROJECT_ID=$PROJECT_ID"
- "GCB_BUILD_ID=$BUILD_ID"
- "GCB_COMMIT_SHA=$COMMITHASH"
- "GCB_REPO_NAME=$REPO_NAME"
- "GCB_BRANCH_NAME=$BRANCH_NAME"
- "GCB_TAG_NAME=$TAG_NAME"
- "GCB_HEAD_BRANCH=$_HEAD_BRANCH"
- "GCB_BASE_BRANCH=$_BASE_BRANCH"
- "GCB_HEAD_REPO_URL=$_HEAD_REPO_URL"
- "GCB_PR_NUMBER=$_PR_NUMBER"

See Also

- [https://docs.codecov.com/reference](https://docs.codecov.com/reference)

Other Cloud Buildsteps: `cr_buildstep_bash()`, `cr_buildstep_decrypt()`, `cr_buildstep_df()`, `cr_buildstep_docker()`, `cr_buildstep_edit()`, `cr_buildstep_extract()`, `cr_buildstep_gcloud()`, `cr_buildstep_gitsetup()`, `cr_buildstep_mailgun()`, `cr_buildstep_nginx_setup()`, `cr_buildstep_pkgdown()`, `cr_buildstep_run()`, `cr_buildstep_r()`, `cr_buildstep_secret()`, `cr_buildstep_slack()`, `cr_buildstep_targets()`, `cr_buildstep()`

Examples

```r
cr_buildstep_packagetests()
```
Create buildsteps for deploying an R pkgdown website to GitHub

Usage

```r
cr_buildstep_pkgdown(
  github_repo,
  git_email,
  secret,
  env = NULL,
  build_image = "gcr.io/gcer-public/packagetools:latest",
  post_setup = NULL,
  post_clone = NULL
)
```

Arguments

- **github_repo**: The GitHub repo to deploy pkgdown website from and to.
- **git_email**: The email the git commands will be identifying as
- **secret**: The name of the secret on Google Secret Manager for the git ssh private key
- **env**: A character vector of env arguments to set for all steps
- **build_image**: A docker image with pkgdown installed
- **post_setup**: Steps that occur after git setup
- **post_clone**: A cr_buildstep that occurs after the repo is cloned

Details

It's convenient to set some of the above via Build macros, such as `github_repo=$_GITHUB_REPO` and `git_email=$_BUILD_EMAIL` in the Build Trigger web UI.

To commit the website to git, `cr_buildstep_gitsetup` is used for which you will need to add your git ssh private key to Google Secret Manager.

The R package is installed via `install` before running `build_site`.

See Also

Other Cloud Buildsteps: `cr_buildstep_bash()`, `cr_buildstep_decrypt()`, `cr_buildstep_df()`, `cr_buildstep_docker()`, `cr_buildstep_edit()`, `cr_buildstep_extract()`, `cr_buildstep_gcloud()`, `cr_buildstep_gitsetup()`, `cr_buildstep_mailgun()`, `cr_buildstep_nginx_setup()`, `cr_buildstep_packagetests()`, `cr_buildstep_run()`, `cr_buildstep_r()`, `cr_buildstep_secret()`, `cr_buildstep_slack()`, `cr_buildstep_targets()`, `cr_buildstep()`
Examples

```r
# set github repo directly to write it out via cr_build_write()
cr_buildstep_pkdown("MarkEdmondson1234/googleCloudRunner",
    git_email = "cloudbuild@google.com",
    secret = "github-ssh"
)

# github repo set via build trigger macro _GITHUB_REPO
cr_buildstep_pkdown("$_GITHUB_REPO",
    git_email = "cloudbuild@google.com",
    secret = "github-ssh"
)

# example including environment arguments for pkgdown build step
cr_buildstep_pkdown("$_GITHUB_REPO",
    git_email = "cloudbuild@google.com",
    secret = "github-ssh",
    env = c("MYVAR=$_MY_VAR", "PROJECT=$PROJECT_ID")
)
```

---

cr_buildstep_r  

Run an R script in a Cloud Build R step

**Description**

Helper to run R code within build steps, from either an existing local R file or within the source of the build.

**Usage**

```r
cr_buildstep_r(
    r,
    name = "r-base",
    r_source = c("local", "runtime"),
    prefix = "rocker/",
    escape_dollar = TRUE,
    rscript_args = NULL,
    r_cmd = c("Rscript", "R"),
    ...
)
```

**Arguments**

- `r` R code to run or a file containing R code ending with .R, or the gs:// location on Cloud Storage of the R file you want to run
name
r_source
prefix
escape_dollar
rscript_args
r_cmd
...
### Description

Create buildsteps to deploy to Cloud Run

### Usage

```r
cr_buildstep_run(
  name,
  image,
  allowUnauthenticated = TRUE,
  region = cr_region_get(),
  concurrency = 80,
  port = NULL,
  max_instances = "default",
)```

```r
# use a different Rocker image e.g. rocker/verse
```
memory = "256Mi",
cpu = 1,
env_vars = NULL,
gcloud_args = NULL,
...)

Arguments

name Name for deployment on Cloud Run
image The name of the image to create or use in deployment - gcr.io
allowUnauthenticated TRUE if can be reached from public HTTP address. If FALSE will configure a
                    service-email called (name)-cloudrun-invoker@(project-id).iam.gserviceaccount.com
region The endpoint region for deployment
concurrency How many connections each container instance can serve. Can be up to 80.
port Container port to receive requests at. Also sets the $PORT environment variable.
        Must be a number between 1 and 65535, inclusive. To unset this field, pass the
        special value "default".
max_instances the desired maximum number of container instances. "default" is 1000, you can
        get more if you requested a quota instance. For Shiny instances on Cloud Run,
        this needs to be 1.
memory The format for size is a fixed or floating point number followed by a unit: G,
        M, or K corresponding to gigabyte, megabyte, or kilobyte, respectively, or use
        the power-of-two equivalents: Gi, Mi, Ki corresponding to gibibyte, mebibyte
        or kibibyte respectively. The default is 256Mi
cpu 1 or 2 CPUs for your instance
env_vars Environment arguments passed to the Cloud Run container at runtime. Distinct
        from env that run at build time.
gcloud_args a character string of arguments that can be sent to the gcloud command not
        covered by other parameters of this function
... passed on to cr_buildstep

See Also

Docs for gcloud run deploy this buildstep invokes

Other Cloud Buildsteps: cr_buildstep_bash(), cr_buildstep_decrypt(), cr_buildstep_df(),
                        cr_buildstep_docker(), cr_buildstep_edit(), cr_buildstep_extract(), cr_buildstep_gcloud(),
                        cr_buildstep_gitsetup(), cr_buildstep_mailgun(), cr_buildstep_nginx_setup(), cr_buildstep_packagetests(),
                        cr_buildstep_pkgdown(), cr_buildstep_r(), cr_buildstep_secret(), cr_buildstep_slack(),
                        cr_buildstep_targets(), cr_buildstep()
Create a buildstep for using Secret Manager

Description
This is the preferred way to manage secrets for files, rather than cr_buildstep_decrypt, as it stores the encrypted file in the cloud rather than in your project workspace. For single environment values, cr_build_yaml_secrets may be more suitable.

Usage
```r
cr_buildstep_secret(
  secret,  
  decrypted, 
  version = "latest", 
  binary_mode = FALSE, 
  ... 
)
```

Arguments
- **secret**: The secret data name in Secret Manager
- **decrypted**: The name of the file the secret will be decrypted into
- **version**: The version of the secret
- **binary_mode**: Should the file be treated in binary/raw format?
- **...**: Other arguments sent to cr_buildstep_bash

Details
This is for downloading encrypted files from Google Secret Manager. You will need to add the Secret Accessor Cloud IAM role to the Cloud Build service account to use it. Once you have uploaded your secret file and named it, it is available for Cloud Build to use.

See Also
- How to set up secrets using Secret Manager
- cr_build_yaml_secrets let you directly support environment arguments in the buildsteps

Other Cloud Buildsteps: cr_buildstep_bash(), cr_buildstep_decrypt(), cr_buildstep_df(), cr_buildstep_docker(), cr_buildstep_edit(), cr_buildstep_extract(), cr_buildstep_gcloud(), cr_buildstep_gitsetup(), cr_buildstep_mailgun(), cr_buildstep_nginx_setup(), cr_buildstep_packagetests(), cr_buildstep_pkgdown(), cr_buildstep_run(), cr_buildstep_r(), cr_buildstep_slack(), cr_buildstep_targets(), cr_buildstep()

Examples
```r
cr_buildstep_secret("my_secret", decrypted = "/workspace/secret.json")
```
cr_buildstep_slack

Send a Slack message to a channel from a Cloud Build step

Description

This uses https://github.com/technosophos/slack-notify to send Slack messages

Usage

```r
cr_buildstep_slack(
  message,
  title = "CloudBuild - $BUILD_ID",
  channel = NULL,
  username = "googleCloudRunnerBot",
  webhook = "$_SLACK_WEBHOOK",
  icon = NULL,
  colour = "#efefef"
)
```

Arguments

- `message` The body of the message
- `title` The title of the message
- `channel` The channel to send the message to (if omitted, use Slack-configured default)
- `username` The name of the sender of the message. Does not need to be a "real" username
- `webhook` The Slack webhook to send to
- `icon` A URL to an icon (squares between 512px and 2000px)
- `colour` The RGB colour for message formatting

Details

You will need to set up a Slack webhook first, via this Slack guide on using incoming webhooks.

Once set, the default is to set this webhook to a Build macro called `_SLACK_WEBHOOK`, or supply it to the webhook argument.

See Also

Other Cloud Buildsteps: cr_buildstep_bash(), cr_buildstep_decrypt(), cr_buildstep_df(),
  cr_buildstep_docker(), cr_buildstep_edit(), cr_buildstep_extract(), cr_buildstep_gcloud(),
  cr_buildstep_gitsetup(), cr_buildstep_mailgun(), cr_buildstep_nginx_setup(), cr_buildstep_packagetests(),
  cr_buildstep_pkgdown(), cr_buildstep_run(), cr_buildstep_r(), cr_buildstep_secret(),
  cr_buildstep_targets(), cr_buildstep()
Examples

# send a message to googleAuthRverse Slack
webhook <-
  "https://hooks.slack.com/services/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"
cr_buildstep_slack("Hello Slack", webhook = webhook)
## Not run:

bs <- cr_build_yaml(steps = cr_buildstep_slack("Hello Slack"))
cr_build(bs, substitutions = list(`_SLACK_WEBHOOK` = webhook))
## End(Not run)

---

**cr_buildstep_targets**  
*Buildstep to run a targets pipeline on Cloud Build*

Description

This is a buildstep to help upload a targets pipeline, see `cr_build_targets` for examples and suggested workflow.

Usage

```r

cr_buildstep_targets(
  task_args = NULL,
  tar_make = "targets::tar_make()",
  task_image = "gcr.io/gcer-public/targets",
  id = "target pipeline"
)

cr_buildstep_targets_setup(bucket_folder)

cr_buildstep_targets_teardown(bucket_folder, last_id = NULL)
```

Arguments

- `task_args`: If not NULL, a named list of additional arguments to send to `cr_buildstep_r` when its executing the `tar_make` command (such as environment arguments or `waitFor` ids).
- `tar_make`: The R script that will run in the `tar_make()` step. Modify to include custom settings.
- `task_image`: An existing Docker image that will be used to run your targets workflow after the targets meta has been downloaded from Google Cloud Storage.
- `id`: The id of the buildstep. In `linkcr_buildstep_targets_multi` this is used along with `waitFor` to determine the order of execution.
bucket_folder  The Google Cloud Storage bucket and folder the target metadata will be saved to, e.g. gs://my-bucket/my_target_project You can also pass in build substitution variables such as "${_MY_BUCKET}".

last_id  The final buildstep that needs to complete before the upload. If left NULL then will default to the last tar_target step.

See Also
Other Cloud Buildsteps: cr_buildstep_bash(), cr_buildstep_decrypt(), cr_buildstep_df(), cr_buildstep_docker(), cr_buildstep_edit(), cr_buildstep_extract(), cr_buildstep_gcloud(), cr_buildstep_gitsetup(), cr_buildstep_mailgun(), cr_buildstep_nginx_setup(), cr_buildstep_packagetest(), cr_buildstep_pkgdown(), cr_buildstep_run(), cr_buildstep_r(), cr_buildstep_secret(), cr_buildstep_slack(), cr_buildstep()

---

**cr_buildtrigger**  Create a new BuildTrigger

**Description**
Build Triggers are a way to have your builds respond to various events, most commonly a git commit or a pubsub event.

**Usage**
```r
cr_buildtrigger(
  build,
  name,
  trigger,
  description = paste("cr_buildtrigger: ", Sys.time()),
  disabled = FALSE,
  substitutions = NULL,
  ignoredFiles = NULL,
  includedFiles = NULL,
  trigger_tags = NULL,
  projectId = cr_project_get(),
  sourceToBuild = NULL,
  overwrite = FALSE
)
```

**Arguments**
- **build**  The build to trigger created via cr_build_make, or the file location of the cloud-build.yaml within the trigger source
- **name**  User assigned name of the trigger
- **trigger**  The trigger source created via cr_buildtrigger_repo or a pubsub trigger made with cr_buildtrigger_pubsub or a webhook trigger made with cr_buildtrigger_webhook
description  Human-readable description of this trigger
disabled      If true, the trigger will never result in a build
substitutions A named list of Build macro variables
ignoredFiles  ignored_files and included_files are file glob matches extended with support for "**".
includedFiles If any of the files altered in the commit pass the ignored_files
trigger_tags  Tags for the buildtrigger listing
projectId     ID of the project for which to configure automatic builds
sourceToBuild A cr_buildtrigger_repo object (but no regex allowed for branch or tag) This field is currently only used by Webhook, Pub/Sub, Manual, and Cron triggers and is the source of the build will execute upon.
overwrite     If TRUE will overwrite an existing trigger with the same name

Details

Any source specified in the build will be overwritten to use the trigger as a source (GitHub or Cloud Source Repositories)

If you want multiple triggers for a build, then duplicate the build and create another build under a different name but with a different trigger. Its easier to keep track of.

See Also

Other BuildTrigger functions: BuildTrigger(), GitHubEventsConfig(), cr_buildtrigger_copy(), cr_buildtrigger_delete(), cr_buildtrigger_edit(), cr_buildtrigger_get(), cr_buildtrigger_list(), cr_buildtrigger_pubsub(), cr_buildtrigger_repo(), cr_buildtrigger_run(), cr_buildtrigger_webhook()

Examples

cr_project_set("my-project")
cr_bucket_set("my-bucket")
cloudbuild <- system.file("cloudbuild/cloudbuild.yaml", "googleCloudRunner")
  bb <- cr_build_make(cloudbuild)

# repo hosted on GitHub
github Trigger <- cr_buildtrigger_repo("MarkEdmondson1234/googleCloudRunner")

# repo mirrored to Cloud Source Repositories
cs_trigger <- cr_buildtrigger_repo("github_markedmondson1234_googlecloudrunner", "cloud_source")

## Not run:
# build with in-line build code
cr_buildtrigger(bb, name = "bt-github-inline", trigger = github Trigger)

# build with in-line build code using Cloud Source Repository
cr_buildtrigger(bb, name = "bt-github-inline", trigger = cs_trigger)
# build pointing to cloudbuild.yaml within the GitHub repo
```r
cr_buildtrigger("inst/cloudbuild/cloudbuild.yaml",
    name = "bt-github-file", trigger = gh_trigger
)
```

# build with repo mirror from file
```r
cr_buildtrigger("inst/cloudbuild/cloudbuild.yaml",
    name = "bt-cs-file", trigger = cs_trigger
)
```

## End(Not run)

# creating build triggers that respond to pubsub events
## Not run:
# create a pubsub topic either in webUI or via library(googlePubSubR)
library(googlePubSubR)
pubsub_auth()
topics_create("test-topic")

## End(Not run)

# create build trigger that will work from pub/subscription
```r
pubsub_trigger <- cr_buildtrigger_pubsub("test-topic")
pubsub_trigger
```

## Not run:
# create the build trigger with in-line build
```r
cr_buildtrigger(bb, name = "pubsub-triggered", trigger = pubsub_trigger)
```

# create scheduler that calls the pub/sub topic
```r
cr_schedule("cloud-build-pubsub",
    "15 5 * * *
    pubsubTarget = cr_schedule_pubsub("test-topic")
)
```

## End(Not run)

# create a pubsub trigger that uses github as a source of code to build upon
```r
gh <- cr_buildtrigger_repo("MarkEdmondson1234/googleCloudRunner")
blist <- cr_build_make(cr_build_yaml(cr_buildstep_r("/quotesingle.Var
list.files()")))
```

## Not run:
```r
cr_buildtrigger(blist,
    name = "pubsub-triggered-github-source",
    trigger = pubsub_trigger,
    sourceToBuild = gh)
```

## End(Not run)

---

**cr_buildtrigger_copy**  
*Copy a buildtrigger*
Description

This lets you use the response from `cr_buildtrigger_get` for an existing buildtrigger to copy over settings to a new buildtrigger.

Usage

```r
cr_buildtrigger_copy(
  buildTrigger,
  filename = NULL,
  name = NULL,
  tags = NULL,
  build = NULL,
  ignoredFiles = NULL,
  github = NULL,
  sourceToBuild = NULL,
  substitutions = NULL,
  includedFiles = NULL,
  disabled = NULL,
  triggerTemplate = NULL,
  projectId = cr_project_get()
)
```

Arguments

- **buildTrigger**: A `CloudBuildTriggerResponse` object from `cr_buildtrigger_get`
- **filename**: Path, from the source root, to a file whose contents is used for the build
- **name**: User assigned name of the trigger
- **tags**: Tags for annotation of a ‘BuildTrigger’
- **build**: Contents of the build template
- **ignoredFiles**: ignored_files and included_files are file glob matches extended with support for "**".
- **github**: a `GitHubEventsConfig` object - mutually exclusive with `triggerTemplate`
- **sourceToBuild**: A `cr_buildtrigger_repo` object (but no regex allowed for branch or tag) This field is currently only used by Webhook, Pub/Sub, Manual, and Cron triggers and is the source of the build will execute upon.
- **substitutions**: A named list of Build macro variables
- **includedFiles**: If any of the files altered in the commit pass the ignored_files
- **disabled**: If true, the trigger will never result in a build
- **triggerTemplate**: a `RepoSource` object - mutually exclusive with `github`
- **projectId**: The `projectId` you are copying to

Details

Overwrite settings for the build trigger you are copying by supplying it as one of the other arguments from `BuildTrigger`. 
See Also

Other BuildTrigger functions: `BuildTrigger()`, `GitHubEventsConfig()`, `cr_buildtrigger_delete()`, `cr_buildtrigger_edit()`, `cr_buildtrigger_get()`, `cr_buildtrigger_list()`, `cr_buildtrigger_pubsub()`, `cr_buildtrigger_repo()`, `cr_buildtrigger_run()`, `cr_buildtrigger_webhook()`, `cr_buildtrigger()`

Examples

```r
## Not run:
# copying a GitHub buildtrigger across projects and git repos
bt <- cr_buildtrigger_get("my-trigger", projectId = "my-project-1")

# a new GitHub project
gh <- GitHubEventsConfig("username/new-repo",
    event = "push",
    branch = "^master$"
)

# give 'Cloud Build Editor' role to your service auth key in new project
# then copy configuration across
cr_buildtrigger_copy(bt, github = gh, projectId = "my-new-project")
```

## End(Not run)

---

**cr_buildtrigger_delete**

*Deletes a ‘BuildTrigger’ by its project ID and trigger ID. This API is experimental.*

**Description**

Deletes a ‘BuildTrigger’ by its project ID and trigger ID. This API is experimental.

**Usage**

```r
cr_buildtrigger_delete(triggerId, projectId = cr_project_get())
```

**Arguments**

- **triggerId**: ID of the ‘BuildTrigger’ to get or a BuildTriggerResponse object
- **projectId**: ID of the project that owns the trigger

**See Also**

Other BuildTrigger functions: `BuildTrigger()`, `GitHubEventsConfig()`, `cr_buildtrigger_copy()`, `cr_buildtrigger_edit()`, `cr_buildtrigger_get()`, `cr_buildtrigger_list()`, `cr_buildtrigger_pubsub()`, `cr_buildtrigger_repo()`, `cr_buildtrigger_run()`, `cr_buildtrigger_webhook()`, `cr_buildtrigger()`
**cr_buildtrigger_edit**

*Updates a ‘BuildTrigger’ by its project ID and trigger ID. This API is experimental.*

---

**Description**

Seems not to work at the moment (issue #16)

**Usage**

`cr_buildtrigger_edit(BuildTrigger, triggerId, projectId = cr_project_get())`

**Arguments**

- **BuildTrigger**
  The `BuildTrigger` object to update to
- **triggerId**
  ID of the ‘BuildTrigger’ to edit or a previous `BuildTriggerResponse` object that will be edited
- **projectId**
  ID of the project that owns the trigger

**See Also**

Other `BuildTrigger` functions: `BuildTrigger()`, `GitHubEventsConfig()`, `cr_buildtrigger_copy()`, `cr_buildtrigger_delete()`, `cr_buildtrigger_get()`, `cr_buildtrigger_list()`, `cr_buildtrigger_pubsub()`, `cr_buildtrigger_repo()`, `cr_buildtrigger_run()`, `cr_buildtrigger_webhook()`, `cr_buildtrigger()`

**Examples**

```r
## Not run:
github <- GitHubEventsConfig("MarkEdmondson1234/googleCloudRunner",
  branch = "master"
)
bt2 <- cr_buildtrigger("trig2",
  trigger = github,
  build = "inst/cloudbuild/cloudbuild.yaml"
)
bt3 <- BuildTrigger(
  filename = "inst/cloudbuild/cloudbuild.yaml",
  name = "edited1",
  tags = "edit",
  github = github,
  disabled = TRUE,
  description = "edited trigger"
)

edited <- cr_buildtrigger_edit(bt3, triggerId = bt2)

## End(Not run)
```
Returns information about a ‘BuildTrigger’. This API is experimental.

**Usage**

```
cr_buildtrigger_get(triggerId, projectId = cr_project_get())
```

**Arguments**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Argument</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>triggerId</td>
<td>ID of the ‘BuildTrigger’ to get or a BuildTriggerResponse object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>projectId</td>
<td>ID of the project that owns the trigger</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**See Also**

Other BuildTrigger functions: `BuildTrigger()`, `GitHubEventsConfig()`, `cr_buildtrigger_copy()`, `cr_buildtrigger_delete()`, `cr_buildtrigger_edit()`, `cr_buildtrigger_list()`, `cr_buildtrigger_pubsub()`, `cr_buildtrigger_repo()`, `cr_buildtrigger_run()`, `cr_buildtrigger_webhook()`, `cr_buildtrigger()`

---

Lists existing ‘BuildTrigger’s. This API is experimental.

**Usage**

```
cr_buildtrigger_list(projectId = cr_project_get())
```

**Arguments**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Argument</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>projectId</td>
<td>ID of the project for which to list BuildTriggers</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**See Also**

`cr_build_list` which merges with this list

Other BuildTrigger functions: `BuildTrigger()`, `GitHubEventsConfig()`, `cr_buildtrigger_copy()`, `cr_buildtrigger_delete()`, `cr_buildtrigger_edit()`, `cr_buildtrigger_get()`, `cr_buildtrigger_pubsub()`, `cr_buildtrigger_repo()`, `cr_buildtrigger_run()`, `cr_buildtrigger_webhook()`, `cr_buildtrigger()`
Examples

## Not run:

```r
?cr_buildtrigger_list()
```

## End(Not run)

---

**cr_buildtrigger_pubsub**

*Create a buildtrigger pub/sub object*

### Description

Create a trigger from a Pub/Sub topic

### Usage

```r
?cr_buildtrigger_pubsub(
  topic,
  serviceAccountEmail = NULL,
  projectId = cr_project_get()
)
```

### Arguments

- `topic` The name of the Cloud Pub/Sub topic or a Topic object from `topics_get`
- `serviceAccountEmail` Service account that will make the push request.
- `projectId` The GCP project the topic is created within

### Details

When using a PubSub trigger, you can use data within your PubSub message in substitution variables within the build. The data from pubsub is available in the variable value: `$\text{body.message.data.x}$` when `x` is a field in the pubsub message.

### See Also

Other BuildTrigger functions: `BuildTrigger()`, `GitHubEventsConfig()`, `cr_buildtrigger_copy()`, `cr_buildtrigger_delete()`, `cr_buildtrigger_edit()`, `cr_buildtrigger_get()`, `cr_buildtrigger_list()`, `cr_buildtrigger_repo()`, `cr_buildtrigger_run()`, `cr_buildtrigger_webhook()`, `cr_buildtrigger()`
Examples

# create build object
cloudbuild <- system.file("cloudbuild/cloudbuild_substitutions.yml",
               package = "googleCloudRunner"
)
the_build <- cr_build_make(cloudbuild)

# this build includes substitution variables that read from pubsub message var1
the_build

# using googlePubSubR to create pub/sub topic if needed
## Not run:
library(googlePubsubR)
pubsub_auth()
topics_create("test-topic")
## End(Not run)

# create build trigger that will work from pub/subscription
pubsub_trigger <- cr_buildtrigger_pubsub("test-topic")
pubsub_trigger
## Not run:
cr_buildtrigger(the_build, name = "pubsub-triggered-subs", trigger = pubsub_trigger)
## End(Not run)

# make base64 encoded json for pubsub
library(jsonlite)
library(googlePubsubR)

# the message with the var1 that will be passed into the Cloud Build via substitution
message <- toJSON(list(var1 = "hello mum"))

# turning into JSON and encoding
send_me <- msg_encode(message)
## Not run:
# send a PubSub message with the encoded data message
topics_publish(PubsubMessage(send_me), "test-topic")

# did it work? After a while should see logs if it did
cr_buildtrigger_logs("pubsub-triggered-subs")
## End(Not run)
Description

Create a repository trigger object for use in build triggers

Usage

cr_buildtrigger_repo(
  repo_name,
  branch = ".*",
  tag = NULL,
  type = c("github", "cloud_source"),
  github_secret = NULL,
  ...
)

Arguments

repo_name Either the GitHub username/repo_name or the Cloud Source repo_name
branch Regex of the branches that will trigger a build. Ignore if tag is not NULL
tag Regex of tags that will trigger a build
type Whether trigger is GitHub or Cloud Source repository
github_secret If you need to pull from a private GitHub repo, add the github secret from Google Secret Manager which will be used via cr_buildstep_secret
... Other arguments passed to either GitHubEventsConfig or RepoSource

See Also

Other BuildTrigger functions: BuildTrigger(), GitHubEventsConfig(), cr_buildtrigger_copy(), cr_buildtrigger_delete(), cr_buildtrigger_edit(), cr_buildtrigger_get(), cr_buildtrigger_list(), cr_buildtrigger_pubsub(), cr_buildtrigger_run(), cr_buildtrigger_webhook(), cr_buildtrigger()

---

cr_buildtrigger_run Runs a ‘BuildTrigger’ at a particular source revision.

Description

Runs a ‘BuildTrigger’ at a particular source revision.

Usage

cr_buildtrigger_run(triggerId, RepoSource, projectId = cr_project_get())

Arguments

triggerId ID of the ‘BuildTrigger’ to get or a BuildTriggerResponse object
RepoSource The RepoSource object to pass to this method
projectId ID of the project
cr_buildtrigger_webhook

Create a buildtrigger webhook object

Description

Create a trigger from a webhook

Usage

```
cr_buildtrigger_webhook(secret)
```

Arguments

- **secret**: Resource name for the secret required as a URL parameter.

See Also

Other BuildTrigger functions: `BuildTrigger()`, `GitHubEventsConfig()`, `cr_buildtrigger_copy()`, `cr_buildtrigger_delete()`, `cr_buildtrigger_edit()`, `cr_buildtrigger_get()`, `cr_buildtrigger_list()`, `cr_buildtrigger_pubsub()`, `cr_buildtrigger_repo()`, `cr_buildtrigger_webhook()`, `cr_buildtrigger_run()`, `cr_buildtrigger()`

---

**cr_build_artifacts**  
Download artifacts from a build

Description

If a completed build includes artifact files this downloads them to local files

Usage

```
壮大 build_artifacts(
    build,
    download_folder = getwd(),
    overwrite = FALSE,
    path_regex = NULL
)
```
Arguments

- **build**: A Build object that includes the artifact location
- **download_folder**: Where to download the artifact files
- **overwrite**: Whether to overwrite existing local data
- **path_regex**: A regex of files to fetch from the artifact bucket location. This is due to not being able to support the path globs

Details

If your artifacts are using file glob (e.g. `myfolder/**`) to decide which workspace files are uploaded to Cloud Storage, you will need to create a path_regex of similar functionality ("^myfolder/"). This is not needed if you use absolute path names such as "myfile.csv"

See Also

- Storing images and artifacts
- Other Cloud Build functions: `Build()`, `RepoSource()`, `Source()`, `StorageSource()`, `cr_build_list()`, `cr_build_logs()`, `cr_build_make()`, `cr_build_status()`, `cr_build_targets()`, `cr_build_upload_gcs()`, `cr_build_wait()`, `cr_build_write()`, `cr_build_yaml_artifact()`, `cr_build_yaml_secrets()`, `cr_build_yaml()`, `cr_build()`

Examples

```r
## Not run:
# ' r <- "write.csv(mtcars,file = "artifact.csv")"
ba <- cr_build_yaml(
  steps = cr_buildstep_r(r),
  artifacts = cr_build_yaml_artifact("artifact.csv", bucket = "my-bucket")
)
b

build <- cr_build(ba)
built <- cr_build_wait(build)

cr_build_artifacts(built)
## End(Not run)
```

---

**cr_build_list**

Lists the build

Description

Get a list of builds within your project

`cr_build_list_filter` outputs valid filters for `cr_build_list`'s filter argument
Usage

```r
cr_build_list(
    filter = NULL,
    projectId = cr_project_get(),
    pageSize = 1000,
    data_frame_output = TRUE
)
```

```r
cr_build_list_filter(
    field,
    operator = c("=", "!=" , ">", ">=", "<", "<="),
    value
)
```

Arguments

**filter**  
Text filter for the list - use `cr_build_list_filter()` or a raw string

**projectId**  
ID of the project

**pageSize**  
How many builds to fetch per page

**data_frame_output**  
If TRUE will output a data.frame of a subset of info from the builds, merged with the list of triggers from `cr_buildtrigger_list`. Set to FALSE to return a list of Build objects similar to output from `cr_build_status`

**field**  
The field you want to filter on. Will validate.

**operator**  
The type of comparison for the filter

**value**  
The value for the filter's field. Auto-formats POSIXct and Date objects

Details

When `data_frame_output=TRUE` results are sorted with the latest buildStartTime in the first row

If filter is NULL then this will return all historic builds. To use filters, ensure you use "" and not to quote the fields e.g. 'status!="SUCCESS"' and 'status="SUCCESS"' - see Filtering build results docs. `cr_build_list_filter` helps you construct valid filters. More complex filters can be done using a combination of `paste` and `cr_build_list_filter()` - see examples

Use POSIXct via functions like `Sys.time` to have them formatted into valid timestamps for time related fields, or Date objects via functions like `Sys.Date`

See Also

- [https://cloud.google.com/build/docs/api/reference/rest/v1/projects.builds/list](https://cloud.google.com/build/docs/api/reference/rest/v1/projects.builds/list)

Other Cloud Build functions: `Build()`, `RepoSource()`, `Source()`, `StorageSource()`, `cr_build_artifacts()`, `cr_build_logs()`, `cr_build_make()`, `cr_build_status()`, `cr_build_targets()`, `cr_build_upload_gcs()`, `cr_build_wait()`, `cr_build_write()`, `cr_build_yaml_artifact()`, `cr_build_yaml_secrets()`, `cr_build_yaml()`, `cr_build()`
Examples

## Not run:

# merge with buildtrigger list
cr_build_list()

# output a list of build objects
cr_build_list(data_frame_output = FALSE)

# output a list of builds that failed using raw string
cr_build_list('status!="SUCCESS"')

# output builds for a specific trigger using raw string
cr_build_list('trigger_id="af2c7ddc-e4eb-4170-b938-a4babb53bac6"')

# use cr_build_list_filter to help validate filters
failed_builds <- cr_build_list_filter("status", "!="SUCCESS")
cr_build_list(failed_builds)

f1 <- cr_build_list_filter(
  "trigger_id", "=" "af2c7ddc-e4eb-4170-b938-a4babb53bac6"
)
cr_build_list(f1)

# do AND (and other) filters via paste() and cr_build_list_filter()
cr_build_list(paste(f1, "AND", failed_builds))

# builds in last 5 days
last_five <- cr_build_list_filter("create_time", ">", Sys.Date() - 5)
cr_build_list(last_five)

# builds in last 60 mins
last_hour <- cr_build_list_filter("create_time", ">", Sys.time() - 3600)
cr_build_list(last_hour)

# builds for this package's buildtrigger
gcr_trigger_id <- "0a3cade0-425f-4adc-b86b-14cde51af674"
gcr_bt <- cr_build_list_filter(
  "trigger_id",
  value = gcr_trigger_id
)
gcr_builds <- cr_build_list(gcr_bt)

# get logs for last build
last_build <- gcr_builds[1,]
last_build_logs <- cr_build_logs(log_url = last_build$bucketLogUrl)
tail(last_build_logs, 10)

## End(Not run)
**Description**

This lets you download the logs to your local R session, rather than viewing them in the Cloud Console.

**Usage**

```r
cr_build_logs(built = NULL, log_url = NULL)

cr_buildtrigger_logs(
  trigger_name = NULL,
  trigger_id = NULL,
  projectId = cr_project_get()
)
```

**Arguments**

- `built`: The built object from `cr_build_status` or `cr_build_wait`
- `log_url`: You can optionally instead of `built` provide the direct gs:// URI to the log here.
  It is in the format gs://{{bucket}}/log-{{buildId}}.txt
- `trigger_name`: The trigger name to check, will be used to look up `trigger_id`
- `trigger_id`: If supplied, `trigger_name` will be ignored
- `projectId`: The project containing the `trigger_id`

**Details**

By default, Cloud Build stores your build logs in a Google-created Cloud Storage bucket. You can view build logs store in the Google-created Cloud Storage bucket, but you cannot make any other changes to it. If you require full control over your logs bucket, store the logs in a user-created Cloud Storage bucket.

**See Also**

- `cr_build_logs_badger` to see logs for a badger created build

Other Cloud Build functions: `Build()`, `RepoSource()`, `Source()`, `StorageSource()`, `cr_build_artifacts()`, `cr_build_list()`, `cr_build_make()`, `cr_build_status()`, `cr_build_targets()`, `cr_build_upload_gcs()`, `cr_build_wait()`, `cr_build_write()`, `cr_build_yaml_artifact()`, `cr_build_yaml_secrets()`, `cr_build_yaml()`, `cr_build()`
Examples

```r
## Not run:
s_yaml <- cr_build_yaml(steps = cr_buildstep("gcloud", "version")))
build <- cr_build_make(s_yaml)
built <- cr_build_wait(build)
cr_build_logs(built)
# [1] "starting build \"6ce86e05-b0b1-4070-a849-05ec9020fd3b\""
# [2] 
# [3] "FETCHSOURCE"
# [4] "BUILD"
# [5] "Already have image (with digest): gcr.io/cloud-builders/gcloud"
# [6] "Google Cloud SDK 325.0.0"
# [7] "alpha 2021.01.22"
# [8] "app-engine-go 1.9.71"
# ...

## End(Not run)
## Not run:

# get your trigger name
ts <- cr_buildtrigger_list()
ts$buildTriggerName

my_trigger <- "package-checks"
lst_logs <- cr_buildtrigger_logs(my_trigger)

my_trigger_id <- "0a3cade0-425f-4adc-b86b-14cde51af674"
lst_logs <- cr_buildtrigger_logs(trigger_id = my_trigger_id)

## End(Not run)
```

---

### Description

This creates a Build object via the standard cloudbuild.yaml format

### Usage

```r
cr_build_make(
  yaml,
  source = NULL,
  timeout = NULL,
  images = NULL,
  artifacts = NULL,
  options = NULL,
  substitutions = NULL,
)```

Arguments

yaml  A Yaml object created from `cr_build_yaml` or a file location of a .yaml/.yml cloud build file

source  A `Source` object specifying the location of the source files to build, usually created by `cr_build_source`

timeout  Amount of time that this build should be allowed to run, to second

images  A list of images to be pushed upon the successful completion of all build

artifacts  Artifacts that may be built via `cr_build_yaml_artifact`

options  Options to pass to a Cloud Build

substitutions  Substitutions data for 'Build' resource

availableSecrets  Secret Manager objects built by `cr_build_yaml_secrets`

serviceAccount  service account email to be used for the build

logsBucket  The gs:// location of a bucket to put logs in

See Also

https://cloud.google.com/build/docs/build-config-file-schema

Other Cloud Build functions: `Build()`, `RepoSource()`, `Source()`, `StorageSource()`, `cr_build_artifacts()`, `cr_build_list()`, `cr_build_logs()`, `cr_build_status()`, `cr_build_targets()`, `cr_build_upload_gcs()`, `cr_build_wait()`, `cr_build_write()`, `cr_build_yaml_artifact()`, `cr_build_yaml_secrets()`, `cr_build_yaml()`, `cr_build()`

Examples

```r
cloudbuild <- system.file("cloudbuild/cloudbuild.yaml", package = "googleCloudRunner")
```

Description

This enables Cloud Scheduler to trigger Cloud Builds
Usage

cr_build_schedule_http(
    build,
    email = cr_email_get(),
    projectId = cr_project_get()
)

cr_schedule_http(build, email = cr_email_get(), projectId = cr_project_get())

cr_schedule_pubsub(
    topicName,
    PubsubMessage = NULL,
    data = NULL,
    attributes = NULL,
    projectId = cr_project_get()
)

cr_schedule(
    name,
    schedule = NULL,
    httpTarget = NULL,
    pubsubTarget = NULL,
    description = NULL,
    overwrite = FALSE,
    timeZone = Sys.timezone(),
    region = cr_region_get(),
    projectId = cr_project_get()
)

Arguments

- **build**: A Build object created via cr_build_make or cr_build
- **email**: The email that will authenticate the job set via cr_email_set
- **projectId**: The GCP project to run within usually set with cr_project_set
- **topicName**: The name of the Cloud Pub/Sub topic or a Topic object from topics_get
- **PubsubMessage**: A PubsubMessage object generated via PubsubMessage. If used, then do not send in ‘data’ or ‘attributes’ arguments as will be redundant since this variable will hold the information.
- **data**: The message payload for PubsubMessage. An R object that will be turned into JSON via [jsonlite] and then base64 encoded into the PubSub format.
- **attributes**: Attributes for PubsubMessage.
- **name**: Name to call your scheduled job
- **schedule**: A cron schedule e.g. "15 5 * * *"
- **httpTarget**: A HTTP target object HttpTarget
- **pubsubTarget**: A Pub/Sub target object PubsubTarget such as created via cr_schedule_pubsub
cr_build_schedule_http

description Optionally caller-specified in CreateJob or
overwrite If TRUE and an existing job with the same name exists, will overwrite it with
the new parameters
timeZone Specifies the time zone to be used in interpreting schedule. If set to NULL will
be "UTC". Note that some time zones include a provision for daylight savings
time.
region The region usually set with **cr_region_set**

Details

Ensure you have a service email with **cr_email_set** of format service-{project-number}@gcp-sa-cloudscheduler.iam.gserviceaccount.com
with Cloud Scheduler Service Agent role as per https://cloud.google.com/scheduler/docs/http-target-
auth#add

You can parametrise builds by sending in values within PubSub. To read the data in the message set
a substitution variable that picks up the data. For example _VAR1=$(body.message.data.var1)

If your schedule to PubSub fails with a permission error, try turning the Cloud Scheduler API off
and on again the Cloud Console, which will refresh the Google permissions.

Value

**cr_schedule_http** returns a **HttpTarget** object for use in **cr_schedule**
**cr_schedule_pubsub** returns a **PubsubTarget** object for use within **cr_schedule** or **cr_schedule_build**
A **gar_scheduleJob** class object

See Also

https://cloud.google.com/build/docs/api/reference/rest/v1/projects.builds/create

Google Documentation for Cloud Scheduler

Other Cloud Scheduler functions: **HttpTarget()**, **Job()**, **PubsubTarget()**, **cr_run_schedule_http()**, **cr_schedule_delete()**, **cr_schedule_get()**, **cr_schedule_list()**, **cr_schedule_pause()**, **cr_schedule_run()**

Other Cloud Scheduler functions: **HttpTarget()**, **Job()**, **PubsubTarget()**, **cr_run_schedule_http()**, **cr_schedule_delete()**, **cr_schedule_get()**, **cr_schedule_list()**, **cr_schedule_pause()**, **cr_schedule_run()**

Examples

```r
cloudbuild <- system.file("cloudbuild/cloudbuild.yaml", package = "googleCloudRunner")
build1 <- cr_build_make(cloudbuild)
build1
## Not run:
cr_schedule("cloud-build-test1",
    schedule = "15 5 * * *",
    httpTarget = cr_schedule_http(build1))
```

# a cloud build you would like to schedule
itworks <- cr_build("cloudbuild.yaml", launch_browser = FALSE)
# once working, pass in the build to the scheduler

```r
# once working, pass in the build to the scheduler
cr_schedule("itworks-schedule",
    schedule = "15 5 * * *",
    httpTarget = cr_schedule_http(itworks)
)
```

## End(Not run)

cr_project_set("my-project")
cr_bucket_set("my-bucket")
cloudbuild <- system.file("cloudbuild/cloudbuild.yaml",
    package = "googleCloudRunner"
)
bb <- cr_build_make(cloudbuild)

## Not run:

# create a pubsub topic either in Google Console webUI or library(googlePubSubR)
library(googlePubsubR)
pubsub_auth()
topics_create("test-topic")

## End(Not run)

# create build trigger that will watch for messages to your created topic
pubsub_trigger <- cr_buildtrigger_pubsub("test-topic")
pubsub_trigger

## Not run:

# create the build trigger with in-line build
cr_buildtrigger(bb, name = "pubsub-triggered", trigger = pubsub_trigger)

# create scheduler that calls the pub/sub topic

```r
cr_schedule("cloud-build-pubsub",
    "15 5 * * *
    pubsubTarget = cr_schedule_pubsub("test-topic")
)
```

## End(Not run)

## Not run:

# builds can be also parametrised to respond to parameters within your pubsub topic
# this cloudbuild echos back the value sent in 'var1'
cloudbuild <- system.file("cloudbuild/cloudbuild_substitutions.yml",
    package = "googleCloudRunner"
)
the_build <- cr_build_make(cloudbuild)

# var1 is sent via Pubsub to the buildtrigger
message <- list(var1 = "hello mum")
send_me <- jsonlite::base64_enc(jsonlite::toJSON(message))

# create build trigger that will work from pub/subscription
pubsub_trigger <- cr_buildtrigger_pubsub("test-topic")

## Not run:

cr_buildtrigger(the_build, name = "pubsub-triggeredsubs", trigger = pubsub_trigger)
# create scheduler that calls the pub/sub topic with a parameter
```R
#cr_schedule("cloud-build-pubsub",
"15 5 * * *",
pubsubTarget = cr_schedule_pubsub("test-topic",
data = send_me
)
)
```

## End(Not run)

## Not run:
```R
cr_project_set("my-project")
cr_region_set("europe-west1")
cr_schedule("test",
"* * * * *",
httpTarget = HttpTarget(uri="https://code.markedmondson.me"))
```

# schedule a cloud build (no source)
```R
build1 <- cr_build_make("cloudbuild.yaml")
cr_schedule("cloud-build-test", "15 5 * * *
httpTarget = cr_schedule_http(build1))
```

# schedule a cloud build with code source from GCS bucket
```R
my_gcs_source <- cr_build_upload_gcs("my_folder", bucket = cr_get_bucket())
build <- cr_build_make("cloudbuild.yaml", source = my_gcs_source)
cr_schedule("cloud-build-test2", "15 5 * * *
httpTarget = cr_schedule_http(build))
```

# update a schedule with the same name - only supply what you want to change
```R
cr_schedule("cloud-build-test2", "12 6 * * *
overwrite=TRUE)
```

# By default will use the timezone as specified by Sys.timezone() - change
# this by supplying it directly
```R
cr_schedule("timezone-utc", "12 2 * * *
timeZone = "UTC")
```

# schedule private Cloud Run app
# for authenticated Cloud Run apps - create with allowUnauthenticated=FALSE
cr_deploy_run("my-app", allowUnauthenticated = TRUE)

# deploying via R will help create a service email called my-app-invoker
```R
cr_run_email("my-app")
```

#> "my-app-invoker@your-project.iam.gserviceaccount.com"

# schedule the endpoint
```R
my_app <- cr_run_get("my-app")
```

endpoint <- paste0(my_app$status$url, "/fetch_stuff")
```R
app_sched <- cr_run_schedule_http(endpoint, http_method = "GET",
email = cr_run_email("my-app"))
```

```
cr_schedule("my-app-scheduled-1", schedule = "16 4 * * *
httpTarget = app_sched)
```
# creating build triggers that respond to pubsub events

```r
\dontrun{
# create a pubsub topic either in webUI or via library(googlePubSubR)
library(googlePubsubR)
pubsub_auth()
topics_create("test-topic")
}

# create build trigger that will work from pub/subscription
pubsub_trigger <- cr_buildtrigger_pubsub("test-topic")
pubsub_trigger

\dontrun{
# create the build trigger with in-line build

cr_buildtrigger(bb, name = "pubsub-triggered", trigger = pubsub_trigger)
# create scheduler that calls the pub/sub topic

cr_schedule("cloud-build-pubsub",
    "15 5 * * *
    pubsubTarget = cr_schedule_pubsub("test-topic")
)
}
```

## End(Not run)

---

**cr_build_source**

*Build a source object*

**Description**

This creates a source object for a build. Note you may instead want to use sources connected to a Build Trigger in which case see `cr_buildtrigger_repo`

**Usage**

```r
cr_build_source(x)
```

**Arguments**

- `x` A `RepoSource` or a `StorageSource` object
Examples

```r
repo <- RepoSource("my_repo", branchName = "master")
gcs <- StorageSource("my_code.tar.gz", "gs://my-bucket")

cr_build_source(repo)
cr_build_source(gcs)

my_gcs_source <- cr_build_source(gcs)
my_repo_source <- cr_build_source(repo)
## Not run:
build1 <- cr_build("cloudbuild.yaml", source = my_gcs_source)
build2 <- cr_build("cloudbuild.yaml", source = my_repo_source)
## End(Not run)
```

---

**cr_build_status**

*Returns information about a previously requested build.*

**Description**

The ‘Build’ that is returned includes its status (such as ‘SUCCESS’, ‘FAILURE’, or ‘WORKING’), and timing information.

**Usage**

```r
cr_build_status(id = .Last.value, projectId = cr_project_get())
```

**Arguments**

- **id**: ID of the build or a BuildOperationMetadata object
- **projectId**: ID of the project

**Value**

A `gti::Build` object `Build` or NULL if not found

**See Also**

- Other Cloud Build functions: Build(), RepoSource(), Source(), StorageSource(), cr_build_artifacts(), cr_build_list(), cr_build_logs(), cr_build_make(), cr_build_targets(), cr_build_upload_gcs(), cr_build_wait(), cr_build_write(), cr_build_yaml_artifact(), cr_build_yaml_secrets(), cr_build_yaml(), cr_build()
cr_build_targets  
**Set up Google Cloud Build to run a targets pipeline**

**Description**

Creates a Google Cloud Build yaml file so as to execute `tar_make` pipelines.

Historical runs accumulate in the configured Google Cloud Storage bucket, and the latest output is downloaded before `tar_make` executes so up-to-date steps do not rerun.

**Usage**

```r
cr_build_targets(
    buildsteps = cr_buildstep_targets_multi(),
    execute = c("trigger", "now"),
    path = "cloudbuild_targets.yaml",
    local = ".",
    predefinedAcl = "bucketLevel",
    bucket = cr_bucket_get(),
    download_folder = getwd(),
    ...
)

cr_build_targets_artifacts(
    build,
    bucket = cr_bucket_get(),
    target_folder = NULL,
    download_folder = NULL,
    target_subfolder = c("all", "meta", "objects", "user"),
    overwrite = TRUE
)

cr_buildstep_targets_single(
    target_folder = NULL,
    bucket = cr_bucket_get(),
    tar_config = NULL,
    task_image = "gcr.io/gcer-public/targets",
    task_args = NULL,
    tar_make = "targets::tar_make()"
)

cr_buildstep_targets_multi(
    target_folder = NULL,
    bucket = cr_bucket_get(),
    tar_config = NULL,
    task_image = "gcr.io/gcer-public/targets",
    task_args = NULL,
)```
Arguments

buildsteps
Generated buildsteps that create the targets build

execute
Whether to run the Cloud Build now or to write to a file for use within triggers or otherwise

path
File path to write the Google Cloud Build yaml workflow file. Set to NULL to write no file and just return the YAML object.

local
If executing now, the local folder that will be uploaded as the context for the target build

predefinedAcl
The ACL rules for the object uploaded. Set to "bucketLevel" for buckets with bucket level access enabled

bucket
The Google Cloud Storage bucket the target metadata will be saved to in folder 'target_folder'

download_folder
Set to NULL to overwrite local _target folder: _targets/*/ otherwise will write to download_folder/_targets/*

steps
A vector of cr_buildstep

timeout
How long the entire build will run. If not set will be 10mins

logsBucket
Where logs are written. If you don’t set this field, Cloud Build will use a default bucket to store your build logs.

options
A named list of options

substitutions
Build macros that will replace entries in other elements

tags
Tags for the build

secrets
A secrets object

images
What images will be build from this cloudbuild

artifacts
What artifacts may be built from this cloudbuild - create via cr_build_yaml_artifact

availableSecrets
What environment arguments from Secret Manager are available to the build - create via cr_build_yaml_secrets

serviceAccount
What service account should the build be run under?

build
A Build object that includes the artifact location

target_folder
Where target metadata will sit within the Google Cloud Storage bucket as a folder. If NULL defaults to RStudio project name or "targets_cloudbuild" if no RStudio project found.

target_subfolder
If you only want to download a specific folder from the _targets/ folder on Cloud Build then specify it here.

overwrite
Whether to overwrite existing local data

tar_config
An R script that will run before targets::tar_make() in the build e.g. "targets::tar_config_set(script = 'targets/_targets.R')"
task_image An existing Docker image that will be used to run your targets workflow after the targets meta has been downloaded from Google Cloud Storage.

task_args A named list of additional arguments to send to `cr_buildstep_r` when its executing the `tar_make` command (such as environment arguments).

tar_make The R script that will run in the `tar_make()` step. Modify to include custom settings such as "script".

last_id The final buildstep that needs to complete before the upload. If left NULL then will default to the last `tar_target` step.

Details

Steps to set up your target task in Cloud Build:

- Create your ‘targets’ workflow.
- Create a Dockerfile that holds the R and system dependencies for your workflow. You can test the image using `cr_deploy_docker`. Include library(targets) dependencies - a Docker image with targets installed is available at gcr.io/gcer-public/targets.
- Run `cr_build_targets` to create the cloudbuild yaml file.
- Run the build via `cr_build` or similar. Each build should only recompute outdated targets.
- Optionally create a build trigger via `cr_buildtrigger`.
- Trigger a build. The first trigger will run the targets pipeline, subsequent runs will only recompute the outdated targets.

Use `cr_build_targets_artifacts` to download the return values of a target Cloud Build, then `tar_read` to read the results. You can set the downloaded files as the target store via `targets::tar_config_set(store="_targets_cloudbuild")`.

Set `download_folder = "_targets"` to overwrite your local targets store.

Value

A Yaml object as generated by `cr_build_yaml` if `execute="trigger"` or the built object if `execute="now"`.

`cr_build_targets_artifacts` returns the file path to where the download occurred.

DAGs

If your target workflow has parallel processing steps then leaving this as default `cr_buildstep_targets_multi()` will create a build that uses `waitFor` and build ids to create a DAG. Setting this to `cr_buildstep_targets_single()` will be single thread but you can then customise the targets::tar_make script. Or add your own custom target buildsteps here using `cr_buildstep_targets` - for example you could create the docker environment targets runs within before the main pipeline.

See Also

- `cr_build_targets` if you want to customise the build
- Other Cloud Build functions: `Build()`, `RepoSource()`, `Source()`, `StorageSource()`, `cr_build_artifacts()`, `cr_build_list()`, `cr_build_logs()`, `cr_build_make()`, `cr_build_status()`, `cr_build_upload_gcs()`, `cr_build_wait()`, `cr_build_write()`, `cr_build_yaml_artifact()`, `cr_build_yaml_secrets()`, `cr_build_yaml()`, `cr_build()`
Examples

```r
write.csv(mtcars, file = "mtcars.csv", row.names = FALSE)

targets::tar_script(
  list(
    targets::tar_target(file1,
      "mtcars.csv", format = "file"),
    targets::tar_target(input1,
      read.csv(file1)),
    targets::tar_target(result1,
      sum(input1$mpg)),
    targets::tar_target(result2,
      mean(input1$mpg)),
    targets::tar_target(result3,
      max(input1$mpg)),
    targets::tar_target(result4,
      min(input1$mpg)),
    targets::tar_target(merge1,
      paste(result1, result2, result3, result4))
  ),
  ask = FALSE)

bs <- cr_buildstep_targets_multi()

# only create the yaml
par_build <- cr_build_targets(bs, path = NULL)
par_build

# clean up example
unlink("mtcars.csv")
unlink("_targets.R")

## Not run:
# run it immediately in cloud
cr_build_targets(bs, execute="now")

# create a yaml file for use in build triggers
cr_build_targets(bs)

## End(Not run)
```

---

**cr_build_upload_gcs**  
Create a StorageSource

**Description**

This creates a **StorageSource** object after uploading to Google Cloud Storage.
Usage

```r
cr_build_upload_gcs(
  local,
  remote = paste0(local, format(Sys.time(), "%Y%m%d%H%M%S"), ".tar.gz"),
  bucket = cr_bucket_get(),
  predefinedAcl = "bucketOwnerFullControl",
  deploy_folder = "deploy"
)

cr_buildstep_source_move(deploy_folder)
```

Arguments

- **local**: Local directory containing the Dockerfile etc. you wish to deploy
- **remote**: The name of the folder in your bucket
- **bucket**: The Google Cloud Storage bucket to upload to
- **predefinedAcl**: The ACL rules for the object uploaded. Set to "bucketLevel" for buckets with bucket level access enabled
- **deploy_folder**: Which folder to deploy from - this will mean the files uploaded will be by default in `/workspace/deploy/`

Details

`cr_build_upload_gcs` copies the files into the `deploy_folder` in your working directory, then tars it for upload. Files will be available on Cloud Build at `/workspace/deploy_folder/*`.

`cr_buildstep_source_move` is a way to move the StorageSource files in `/workspace/deploy_folder/*` into the root `/workspace/*` location, which is more consistent with `RepoSource` objects or GitHub build triggers created using `cr_buildtrigger_repo`. This means the same runtime code can run for both sources.

Value

A Source object

See Also

Other Cloud Build functions: `Build()`, `RepoSource()`, `Source()`, `StorageSource()`, `cr_build_artifacts()`, `cr_build_list()`, `cr_build_logs()`, `cr_build_make()`, `cr_build_status()`, `cr_build_targets()`, `cr_build_wait()`, `cr_build_write()`, `cr_build_yaml_artifact()`, `cr_build_yaml_secrets()`, `cr_build_yaml()`

Examples

```r
## Not run:
cr_project_set("my-project")
cr_bucket_set("my-bucket")
my_gcs_source <- cr_build_upload_gcs("my_folder")
bUILD <- cr_build("cloudbuild.yaml", source = my_gcs_source)
```
## End(Not run)
cr_buildstep_source_move("deploy")

cr_build_wait

*Wait for a Build to run*

### Description
This will repeatedly call `cr_build_status` whilst the status is STATUS_UNKNOWN, QUEUED or WORKING.

### Usage
```
cr_build_wait(op = .Last.value, projectId = cr_project_get())
```

### Arguments
- **op**
  - The operation build object to wait for
- **projectId**
  - The projectId

### Value
- A `gar_Build` object `Build`

### See Also
Other Cloud Build functions: `Build()`, `RepoSource()`, `Source()`, `StorageSource()`, `cr_build_artifacts()`, `cr_build_list()`, `cr_build_logs()`, `cr_build_make()`, `cr_build_status()`, `cr_build_targets()`, `cr_build_upload_gcs()`, `cr_build_write()`, `cr_build_yaml_artifact()`, `cr_build_yaml_secrets()`, `cr_build_yaml()`, `cr_build()`

---

### cr_build_write

*Write out a Build object to cloudbuild.yaml*

### Description
Write out a Build object to cloudbuild.yaml

### Usage
```
cr_build_write(x, file = "cloudbuild.yaml")
```
cr_build_yaml

Create a cloudbuild Yaml object in R

Description

This can be written to disk or used directly with functions such as cr_build
Usage

```r
cr_build_yaml(
  steps,
  timeout = NULL,
  logsBucket = NULL,
  options = NULL,
  substitutions = NULL,
  tags = NULL,
  secrets = NULL,
  availableSecrets = NULL,
  images = NULL,
  artifacts = NULL,
  serviceAccount = NULL
)
```

Arguments

- **steps**: A vector of `cr_buildstep`
- **timeout**: How long the entire build will run. If not set will be 10mins
- **logsBucket**: Where logs are written. If you don’t set this field, Cloud Build will use a default bucket to store your build logs.
- **options**: A named list of options
- **substitutions**: Build macros that will replace entries in other elements
- **tags**: Tags for the build
- **secrets**: A secrets object
- **availableSecrets**: What environment arguments from Secret Manager are available to the build - create via `cr_build_yaml_secrets`
- **images**: What images will be build from this cloudbuild
- **artifacts**: What artifacts may be built from this cloudbuild - create via `cr_build_yaml_artifact`
- **serviceAccount**: What service account should the build be run under?

See Also

- Build configuration overview for cloudbuild.yaml
- Other Cloud Build functions: `Build()`, `RepoSource()`, `Source()`, `StorageSource()`, `cr_build_artifacts()`, `cr_build_list()`, `cr_build_logs()`, `cr_build_make()`, `cr_build_status()`, `cr_build_targets()`, `cr_build_upload_gcs()`, `cr_build_wait()`, `cr_build_write()`, `cr_build_yaml_artifact()`, `cr_build_yaml_secrets()`, `cr_build()`

Examples

```r
cr_project_set("my-project")
image <- "gcr.io/my-project/my-image"
cri_build_yaml(
  steps = c(
```
cr_build_yaml_artifact

Add an artifact for cloudbuild.yaml

Description
Add artifact objects to a build

Usage
cr_build_yaml_artifact(paths, bucket_dir = NULL, bucket = cr_bucket_get())

Arguments
- **paths**: Which files from the working directory to upload to cloud storage once the build is finished. Can use globs but see details of `cr_build_artifacts` on how that affects downloads.
- **bucket_dir**: The directory in the bucket the files will be uploaded to.
- **bucket**: The bucket to send to.

See Also
Other Cloud Build functions: `Build()`, `RepoSource()`, `Source()`, `StorageSync()`, `cr_build_artifacts()`, `cr_build_list()`, `cr_build_logs()`, `cr_build_make()`, `cr_build_status()`, `cr_build_targets()`, `cr_build_upload_gcs()`, `cr_build_wait()`, `cr_build_write()`, `cr_build_yaml_secrets()`, `cr_build_yaml()`, `cr_build()`

Examples
```r
## Not run:
cr_project_set("my-project")
r <- "write.csv(mtcars,file = 'artifact.csv")"
cr_build_yaml(
    steps = cr_buildstep_r(r),
    artifacts = cr_build_yaml_artifact("artifact.csv", bucket = "my-bucket")
)
```
## End(Not run)
Create an availableSecrets entry for build yaml

**Description**

This creates the availableSecrets entry for Builds so they can use Secret Manager environment arguments in the builds.

**Usage**

```r
cr_build_yaml_secrets(
  secretEnv,
  secret,
  version = "latest",
  projectId = cr_project_get()
)
```

**Arguments**

- **secretEnv**: The name of the secretEnv that will be referred to in the build steps e.g. 'GH_TOKEN'
- **secret**: The secret data name in Secret Manager
- **version**: The version of the secret
- **projectId**: The project to get the Secret from

**See Also**

To download from Secret Manager to a file in a dedicated buildstep see `cr_buildstep_secret`

**Using secrets from Secret Manager**

Other Cloud Build functions: `Build()`, `RepoSource()`, `Source()`, `StorageSource()`, `cr_build_artifacts()`, `cr_build_list()`, `cr_build_logs()`, `cr_build_make()`, `cr_build_status()`, `cr_build_targets()`, `cr_build_upload_gcs()`, `cr_build_wait()`, `cr_build_write()`, `cr_build_yaml_artifact()`, `cr_build_yaml()`

**Examples**

```r
s1 <- cr_build_yaml_secrets("USERNAME", "my_username")
s2 <- cr_build_yaml_secrets("PASSWORD", "my_password")

# use one $ in scripts to use the secretEnv (will be replaced by $$)
steps = cr_buildstep(  
  "docker",  
  entrypoint = "bash",  
  args = c(
```
"-c",

"docker login --username=$USERNAME --password=$PASSWORD"
),
secretEnv = c("USERNAME", "PASSWORD")
),
availableSecrets = list(s1, s2)
)

---

**cr_deploy_badger**

*Deploy a Cloud Run app to display build badges*

### Description

This uses [https://github.com/kelseyhightower/badger](https://github.com/kelseyhightower/badger) to create badges you can display in README.md etc. showing the current status of a Cloud Build.

### Usage

```r

### Arguments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Argument</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><code>badger_image</code></td>
<td>The docker image from the badger project to use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>json</code></td>
<td>The <code>clientId</code> JSON file of the project to create within</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>region</code></td>
<td>The Cloud Run region</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>dir</code></td>
<td>The directory containing the README.md file</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>projectId</code></td>
<td>The <code>projectId</code> running the badger badge for a buildtrigger</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Details

`cr_build_logs_badger` is intended to be run from the root directory of an R package that holds a README.md file containing a ![Cloudbuild] badge as created by `cr_deploy_badger()`. The function will scan the README.md file for the correct triggerId to pass to `cr_buildtrigger_logs`.
cr_deploy_docker

Deploy a local Dockerfile to be built on ContainerRegistry

Description

Build a local Dockerfile in the cloud. See googleCloudRunner website for help how to generate Dockerfiles. If you want the docker to build on each commit, see also `cr_deploy_docker_trigger`

Usage

```r
cr_deploy_docker(
  local,
  image_name = remote,
  dockerfile = NULL,
  remote = basename(local),
  tag = c("latest", "$BUILD_ID"),
  timeout = 600L,
  bucket = cr_bucket_get(),
  projectId = cr_project_get(),
  launch_browser = interactive(),
  kaniko_cache = TRUE,
  predefinedAcl = "bucketOwnerFullControl",
  pre_steps = NULL,
  post_steps = NULL,
  ...
)
```

```r
cr_deploy_docker_construct(
  local,
  image_name = remote,
  dockerfile = NULL,
  remote = basename(local),
  tag = c("latest", "$BUILD_ID"),
  timeout = 600L,
  bucket = cr_bucket_get(),
  projectId = cr_project_get(),
  launch_browser = interactive(),
  kaniko_cache = TRUE,
  predefinedAcl = "bucketOwnerFullControl",
  pre_steps = NULL,
  post_steps = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

- `local` The folder containing the Dockerfile to build
image_name

The name of the docker image to be built either full name starting with gcr.io or constructed from the image_name and projectId via gcr.io/{projectId}/{image_name}

dockerfile

An optional Dockerfile built to support the script. Not needed if "Dockerfile" exists in folder. If supplied will be copied into deployment folder and called "Dockerfile" 

remote

The folder on Google Cloud Storage 

tag

The tag or tags to be attached to the pushed image - can use Build macros 

timeout

Amount of time that this build should be allowed to run, to second 

bucket

The GCS bucket that will be used to deploy code source 

projectId

The projectId 

launch_browser

Whether to launch the logs URL in a browser once deployed 

kaniko_cache

If TRUE will use kaniko cache for Docker builds. 

predefinedAcl

Access setting for the bucket used in deployed. Set to "bucketLevel" if using bucket level access 

pre_steps

Other cr_buildstep to run before the docker build 

post_steps

Other cr_buildstep to run after the docker build 

Arguments passed on to cr_buildstep_docker 

... 

image The image tag that will be pushed, starting with gcr.io or created by combining with projectId if not starting with gcr.io 

location Where the Dockerfile to build is in relation to dir 

build_args additional arguments to pass to docker build, should be a character vector. 

push_image if kaniko_cache = FALSE and push_image = FALSE, then the docker image is simply built and not pushed 

Details 

This lets you deploy local folders with Dockerfiles, automating saving the source on Google Cloud Storage. 

To deploy builds on git triggers and sources such as GitHub, see the examples of cr_buildstep_docker or the use cases on the website 

Note 

‘cr_deploy_docker_construct’ is a helper function to construct the arguments needed to deploy the docker, which may be combined with cr_deploy_r to combine Docker and R 

See Also 

If you want the docker to build on each commit, see cr_deploy_docker_trigger 

Other Deployment functions: cr_deploy_docker_trigger(), cr_deploy_packageTests(), cr_deploy_pkgdown(), cr_deploy_run_website(), cr_deploy_run(), cr_deploy_r()
Examples

```r
## Not run:
cr_project_set("my-project")
cr_region_set("europe-west1")
cr_email_set("123456@projectid.iam.gserviceaccount.com")
cr_bucket_set("my-bucket")

b <- cr_deploy_docker(system.file("example/", package = "googleCloudRunner"))

## End(Not run)
```

---

**cr_deploy_docker_trigger**

*Deploy Docker build from a Git repo*

Description

This helps the common use case of building a Dockerfile based on the contents of a GitHub repo, and sets up a build trigger so it will build on every commit.

Usage

```r
cr_deploy_docker_trigger(
    repo,
    image,
    trigger_name = paste0("docker-", image),
    image_tag = c("latest", "$SHORT_SHA", "$BRANCH_NAME"),
    ...,  # other arguments
    substitutions = NULL,
    ignoredFiles = NULL,
    includedFiles = NULL,
    timeout = NULL,
    projectId_target = cr_project_get()
)
```

Arguments

- **repo**: The git repo holding the Dockerfile from `cr_buildtrigger_repo`
- **image**: The name of the image you want to build
- **trigger_name**: The trigger name
- **image_tag**: What to tag the build docker image
- **...**: Arguments passed on to `cr_buildstep_docker`
  - **tag**: The tag or tags to be attached to the pushed image - can use Build macros
  - **location**: Where the Dockerfile to build is in relation to `dir`
  - **projectId**: The projectId
### cr_deploy_docker_trigger

dockerfile Specify the name of the Dockerfile found at location
kaniko_cache If TRUE will use kaniko cache for Docker builds.
build_args additional arguments to pass to docker build, should be a character vector.
push_image if kaniko_cache = FALSE and push_image = FALSE, then the docker image is simply built and not pushed

substitutions A named list of Build macro variables
ignoredFiles ignored_files and included_files are file glob matches extended with support for "***".
includedFiles If any of the files altered in the commit pass the ignored_files
timeout Timeout for build
projectId_target The project to publish the Docker image to. The image will be built under the project configured via cr_project_get. You will need to give the build project’s service email access to the target GCP project via IAM for it to push successfully.

#### Details

This creates a buildtrigger to do a kaniko cache enabled Docker build upon each commit, as defined by your repo settings via cr_buildtrigger_repo. It will build all tags concurrently.

#### See Also

- cr_deploy_docker which lets you build Dockerfiles for more generic use cases
- Other Deployment functions: cr_deploy_docker(), cr_deploy_packagetests(), cr_deploy_pkgdown(), cr_deploy_run_website(), cr_deploy_run(), cr_deploy_r()

#### Examples

```
## Not run:
repo <- cr_buildtrigger_repo("MarkEdmondson1234/googleCloudRunner")
# create trigger that will publish Docker image to gcr.io/your-project/test upon each GitHub commit
cr_deploy_docker_trigger(repo, "test", dir = "cloud_build")

# build in one project, publish the docker image to another project (gcr.io/another-project/test)
cr_deploy_docker_trigger(repo, "test", projectId_target = "another-project", dir = "cloud_build")

## End(Not run)
```
cr_deploy_gadget

Launch the googleCloudRunner deployment RStudio gadget

Description

You can assign a hotkey to the addin via Tools > Addins > Browse Addins > Keyboard shortcuts. CTRL+SHIFT+D is a suggested hotkey.

Usage

cr_deploy_gadget()

cr_deploy_packagetests

Deploy a cloudbuild.yml for R package tests and upload to Codecov

Description

This tests an R package each time you commit, and uploads the test coverage results to Codecov

Usage

cr_deploy_packagetests(
    steps = NULL,
    cloudbuild_file = "cloudbuild-tests.yml",
    env = c("NOT_CRAN=true"),
    test_script = NULL,
    codecov_script = NULL,
    codecov_token = "$\_CODECOV\_TOKEN",
    build_image = "gcr.io/gcer-public/packagetools:latest",
    create_trigger = c("file", "inline", "no"),
    trigger_repo = NULL,
    ...
)

Arguments

steps extra steps to run before the cr_buildstep_packagetests steps run (such as decryption of auth files)

cloudbuild_file The cloudbuild yaml file to write to. See create_trigger

env Environment arguments to be set during the test script runs

test_script The script that will call rcmdcheck to perform tests. If NULL a default script is used in system.file("r_buildsteps", "devtools_tests.R", package="googlecloudRunner")
codecov_script The script that will call `codecov` to perform coverage. If `NULL` a default script is used in `system.file("r_buildsteps","codecov_tests.R",package="googleCloudRunner")`.

codecov_token If using codecov, supply your codecov token here.

build_image The docker image that will be used to run the R code for the test scripts.

create_trigger If creating a trigger, whether to create it from the cloudbuild_file or inline.

trigger_repo If not `NULL`, a `cr_buildtrigger_repo` where a buildtrigger will be created via `cr_buildtrigger`.

... Arguments passed on to `cr_build_make`.

yaml A Yaml object created from `cr_build_yaml` or a file location of a .yaml/.yml cloud build file.

artifacts Artifacts that may be built via `cr_build_yaml_artifact`.

options Options to pass to a Cloud Build.

availableSecrets Secret Manager objects built by `cr_build_yaml_secrets`.

logsBucket The gs:// location of a bucket to put logs in.

source A `Source` object specifying the location of the source files to build, usually created by `cr_build_source`.

timeout Amount of time that this build should be allowed to run, to second.

images A list of images to be pushed upon the successful completion of all build.

substitutions Substitutions data for ‘Build’ resource.

serviceAccount service account email to be used for the build.

Details

The trigger repository needs to hold an R package configured to do tests upon.

For GitHub, the repository will need to be linked to the project you are building within, via `https://console.cloud.google.com/cloud-build/triggers/connect`.

If your tests need authentication details, add these via `cr_buildstep_secret` to the steps argument, which will prepend decrypting the authentication file before running the tests.

If you want codecov to ignore some files then also deploy a .covrignore file to your repository - see covr website at `https://covr.r-lib.org/` for details.

See Also

Create your own custom deployment using `cr_buildstep_packagetests` which this function uses with some defaults.

`cr_buildstep_packagetests`

Other Deployment functions: `cr_deploy_docker_trigger()`, `cr_deploy_docker()`, `cr_deploy_pkgdown()`, `cr_deploy_run_website()`, `cr_deploy_run()`, `cr_deploy_r()`
Examples

```r
# create a local cloudbuild.yml file for packagetests
doctest <- cr_deploy_packagetests(create_trigger = "no")
doctest

# add a decryption step for an auth file
cr_deploy_packagetests(
  steps = cr_buildstep_secret("my_secret", "auth.json"),
  env = c("NOT_CRAN=true", "MY_AUTH_FILE=auth.json"),
  timeout = 1200,
  create_trigger = "no"
)

# creating a buildtrigger repo for trigger_repo
repo <- cr_buildtrigger_repo("MarkEdmondson1234/googleCloudRunner",
  branch = "master"
)
## Not run:
  # will create the file in the repo, and point a buildtrigger at it
  cr_deploy_packagetests(create_trigger = "file", trigger_repo = repo)

# will make an inline build within a buildtrigger
cr_deploy_packagetests(create_trigger = "inline", trigger_repo = repo)

## End(Not run)

unlink("cloudbuild-tests.yml")
```

---

**cr_deploy_pkgdown**  
*Deploy a cloudbuild.yml for a pkgdown website of an R package*

**Description**

This builds a pkgdown website each time the trigger fires and deploys it to git

**Usage**

```r
cr_deploy_pkgdown(
  github_repo,
  secret,
  steps = NULL,
  create_trigger = c("file", "inline", "no"),
  cloudbuild_file = "cloudbuild-pkgdown.yml",
  git_email = "googlecloudrunner@r.com",
  env = NULL,
```

Arguments

github_repo The GitHub repo to deploy pkgdown website from and to.
secret The name of the secret on Google Secret Manager for the git ssh private key
steps extra steps to run before the pkgdown website steps run
create_trigger If not "no" then the buildtrigger will be setup for you via cr_buildtrigger.
cloudbuild_file will create a buildtrigger pointing at cloudbuild_file, if "inline" will put the
build inline within the trigger (no file created)
git_email The email the git commands will be identifying as
env A character vector of env arguments to set for all steps
build_image A docker image with pkgdown installed
post_setup Steps that occur after git setup
post_clone A cr_buildstep that occurs after the repo is cloned

details

The trigger repository needs to hold an R package configured to build a pkgdown website.
For GitHub, the repository will also need to be linked to the project you are building within, via
https://console.cloud.google.com/cloud-build/triggers/connect
The git ssh keys need to be deployed to Google Secret Manager for the deployment of the website
- see cr_buildstep_git - this only needs to be done once per Git account.

See Also

Create your own custom deployment using cr_buildstep_pkgdown which this function uses with
some defaults.

Other Deployment functions: cr_deploy_docker_trigger(), cr_deploy_docker(), cr_deploy_packagetests(),
cr_deploy_run_website(), cr_deploy_run(), cr_deploy_r()

Examples

pd <- cr_deploy_pkgdown("MarkEdmondson1234/googleCloudRunner",
                     secret = "my_git_secret",
                     create_trigger = "no"
                    )
pd
file.exists("cloudbuild-pkgdown.yml")
unlink("cloudbuild-pkgdown.yml")
cr_deploy_r

## Not run:
cr_deploy_pkgdown("MarkEdmondson1234/googleCloudRunner",
  secret = "my_git_secret",
  create_trigger = "inline"
)

## End(Not run)

---

**cr_deploy_r**

*Deploy an R script with an optional schedule*

**Description**

Will create a build to run an R script in Cloud Build with an optional schedule from Cloud Scheduler

**Usage**

```r
  cr_deploy_r(
    r,
    schedule = NULL,
    source = NULL,
    run_name = NULL,
    r_image = "rocker/verse",
    pre_steps = NULL,
    post_steps = NULL,
    timeout = 600L,
    
    schedule_type = c("pubsub", "http"),
    schedule_pubsub = NULL,
    email = cr_email_get(),
    region = cr_region_get(),
    projectid = cr_project_get(),
    serviceAccount = NULL,
    launch_browser = interactive()
  )
```

**Arguments**

- **r**: R code to run or a file containing R code ending with `.R`, or the gs:// location on Cloud Storage of the R file you want to run
- **schedule**: A cron schedule e.g. "15 5 * * *"
- **source**: A `Source` object specifying the location of the source files to build, usually created by `cr_build_source`
- **run_name**: What name the R code will identify itself as. If NULL one is autogenerated.
- **r_image**: The R docker environment executing the R code
pre_steps  Other cr_buildstep to run before the R code executes
post_steps  Other cr_buildstep to run after the R code executes
timeout  Amount of time that this build should be allowed to run, to second
...  Arguments passed on to cr_buildstep_r
name  The docker image that will run the R code, usually from rocker-project.org
r_source  Whether the R code will be from a runtime file within the source or at build time copying over from a local R file in your session
escape_dollar  Default TRUE. This will turn $ into $$ within the script to avoid them being recognised as Cloud Build variables. Turn this off if you want that behaviour (e.g. my_project="$PROJECT_ID")
rscript_args  Optional arguments for the R script run by Rscript.
r_cmd  should ‘Rscript’ be run or ‘R’?
prefix  prefixed to name - set to "" to suppress. Will be suppressed if name starts with gcr.io or *-docker.pkg.dev
schedule_type  If you have specified a schedule, this will select what strategy it will use to deploy it. See details
schedule_pubsub  If you have a custom pubsub message to send via an existing topic, use cr_schedule_pubsub to supply it here
email  The email that will authenticate the job set via cr_email_set
region  The region usually set with cr_region_set
projectId  ID of the project
serviceAccount  service account email to be used for the build
launch_browser  Whether to launch the logs URL in a browser once deployed

Details

The R script will execute within the root directory of whichever Source you supply, usually created via cr_build_source representing a Cloud Storage bucket or a GitHub repository that is copied across before code execution. Bear in mind if the source changes then the code scheduled may need updating.

The r_image dictates what R libraries the R environment executing the code of r will have, via the underlying Docker container usually supplied by rocker-project.org. If you want custom R libraries beyond the default, create a docker container with those R libraries installed (perhaps via cr_deploy_docker)

Value

If scheduling then a Job, if building immediately then a Build

Scheduling

If schedule=NULL then the R script will be run immediately on Cloud Build via cr_build.
If schedule carries a cron job string (e.g. "15 5 * * *") then the build will be scheduled via Cloud Scheduler
If `schedule_type="pubsub"` then you will need googlePubsubR installed and set-up and scheduling will involve:

1. Creating a PubSub topic called "\{run_name\}-topic" or subscribing to the one you provided in `schedule_pubsub`. It is assumed you have created the PubSub topic beforehand if you do supply your own.
2. Create a Build Trigger called "\{run_name\}-trigger" that will run when the PubSub topic is called
3. Create a Cloud Schedule called "\{run_name\}-trigger" that will send a pubsub message to the topic: either the default that contains just the name of the script, or the message you supplied in `schedule_pubsub`.

Type "pubsub" is recommended for more complex R scripts as you will have more visibility for debugging schedules via inspecting the PubSub topic, build trigger and build logs, as well as enabling triggering the script from other PubSub topics and allowing to pass dynamic parameters into your schedule scripts via the PubSub message.

If `schedule_type="http"` then scheduling will involve:

1. Create a Cloud Build API call with your build embedded within it via `cr_schedule_http`
2. Schedule the HTTP call using the authentication email supplied in `email` or the default `cr_email_get`

This is the old default and is suitable for smaller R scripts or when you don’t want to use the other GCP services. The authentication for the API call from Cloud Scheduler can cause opaque errors as it will give you invalid response codes whether its that or an error in your R script you wish to schedule.

See Also

If you want to run R code upon certain events like GitHub pushes, look at `cr_buildtrigger`

Other Deployment functions: `cr_deploy_docker_trigger()`, `cr_deploy_docker()`, `cr_deploy_package_tests()`, `cr_deploy_pkgdown()`, `cr_deploy_run_website()`, `cr_deploy_run()`

Examples

```r
r_lines <- c(
  "list.files()",
  "library(dplyr)",
  "mtcars %>% select(mpg)",
  "sessionInfo()"
)
source <- cr_build_source(RepoSource("googleCloudStorageR",
  branchName = "master"
))
## Not run:
cr_project_set("my-project")
cr_region_set("europe-west1")
cr_email_set("123456@projectid.iam.gserviceaccount.com")
```
# check the script runs ok
cr_deploy_r(r_lines, source = source)

# schedule the script
cr_deploy_r(r_lines, schedule = "15 21 * * *", source = source)

## End(Not run)

---

**cr_deploy_run**  
*Deploy to Cloud Run*

**Description**

Deploy R api plumber scripts, HTML files or other images create the Docker image, add the build to Cloud Build and deploy to Cloud Run.

**Usage**

```r
cr_deploy_run(
  local,
  remote = basename(local),
  dockerfile = NULL,
  image_name = remote,
  tag = "$BUILD_ID",
  region = cr_region_get(),
  bucket = cr_bucket_get(),
  projectId = cr_project_get(),
  launch_browser = interactive(),
  timeout = 600L,
  kaniko_cache = TRUE,
  pre_steps = NULL,
  post_steps = NULL,
  ...
)
```

```r
cr_deploy_html(
  html_folder,
  remote = basename(html_folder),
  image_name = remote,
  tag = "$BUILD_ID",
  region = cr_region_get(),
  bucket = cr_bucket_get(),
  projectId = cr_project_get(),
  launch_browser = interactive(),
  timeout = 600L,
  ...
)
```
cr_deploy_plumber(
    api,
    remote = basename(api),
    dockerfile = NULL,
    image_name = remote,
    tag = "$BUILD_ID",
    region = cr_region_get(),
    bucket = cr_bucket_get(),
    projectId = cr_project_get(),
    launch_browser = interactive(),
    timeout = 600L,
    ...
)

Arguments

local A folder containing the scripts and Dockerfile to deploy to Cloud Run
remote The folder on Google Cloud Storage, and the name of the service on Cloud Run
dockerfile An optional Dockerfile built to support the script. Not needed if 'Dockerfile' exists in folder. If supplied will be copied into deployment folder and called "Dockerfile"
image_name The gcr.io image name that will be deployed and/or built
tag The tag or tags to be attached to the pushed image - can use Build macros
region The Cloud Run endpoint set by CR_REGION env arg
bucket The Cloud Storage bucket that will hold the code
projectId The projectId where it all gets deployed to
launch_browser Whether to launch the logs URL in a browser once deployed
timeout Amount of time that this build should be allowed to run, to second
kaniko_cache If TRUE will use kaniko cache for Docker builds.
pre_steps Other cr_buildstep to run before the docker build
post_steps Other cr_buildstep to run after the docker build
... Arguments passed on to cr_buildstep_run
name Name for deployment on Cloud Run
image The name of the image to create or use in deployment - gcr.io
allowUnauthenticated TRUE if can be reached from public HTTP address. If FALSE will configure a service-email called (name)-cloudrun-invoker@(project-id).iam.gserviceaccount.com
concurrency How many connections each container instance can serve. Can be up to 80.
port Container port to receive requests at. Also sets the $PORT environment variable. Must be a number between 1 and 65535, inclusive. To unset this field, pass the special value "default".
max_instances the desired maximum number of container instances. "default" is 1000, you can get more if you requested a quota instance. For Shiny instances on Cloud Run, this needs to be 1.
memory The format for size is a fixed or floating point number followed by a unit: G, M, or K corresponding to gigabyte, megabyte, or kilobyte, respectively, or use the power-of-two equivalents: Gi, Mi, Ki corresponding to gibibyte, mebibyte or kibibyte respectively. The default is 256Mi

cpu 1 or 2 CPUs for your instance

env_vars Environment arguments passed to the Cloud Run container at runtime. Distinct from env that run at build time.
gcloud_args a character string of arguments that can be sent to the gcloud command not covered by other parameters of this function

html_folder the folder containing all the html

api A folder containing the R script using plumber called api.R and all its dependencies

Details

These deploy containers to Cloud Run, a scale 0-to-millions container-as-a-service on Google Cloud Platform.

cr_deploy_html

Deploy html files to a nginx server on Cloud Run.
Supply the html folder to host it on Cloud Run. Builds the dockerfile with the html within it, then deploys to Cloud Run
Will add a default.template file to the html folder that holds the nginx configuration

cr_deploy_plumber

The entrypoint for CloudRun will be via a plumber script called api.R - this should be included in your local folder to deploy. From that api.R you can source or call other resources in the same folder, using relative paths.

The function will create a local folder called "deploy" and a tar.gz of that folder which is what is being uploaded to Google Cloud Storage

See Also

For scheduling Cloud Run apps cr_run_schedule_http

Other Deployment functions: cr_deploy_docker_trigger(), cr_deploy_docker(), cr_deploy_packagetests(), cr_deploy_pkgdown(), cr_deploy_run_website(), cr_deploy_r()

Examples

## Not run:
cr_project_set("my-project")
cr_region_set("europe-west1")
cr_bucket_set("my-bucket")
## cr_deploy_run_website

`cr_deploy_run(system.file("example/", package = "googleCloudRunner"))`

### End(Not run)

### Not run:

```
cr_project_set("my-project")
cr_region_set("europe-west1")
cr_bucket_set("my-bucket")

cr_deploy_html("my_folder")
```

### End(Not run)

### Not run:

```
cr_project_set("my-project")
cr_region_set("europe-west1")
cr_bucket_set("my-bucket")

cr_deploy_plumber(system.file("example/", package = "googleCloudRunner"))
```

### End(Not run)

---

**cr_deploy_run_website  **  
*Deploy HTML built from a repo each commit*

---

**Description**

This lets you set up triggers that will update an R generated website each commit.

**Usage**

```
cr_deploy_run_website(
  repo,
  image = paste0("website-", format(Sys.Date(), "%Y%m%d")),
  rmd_folder = NULL,
  html_folder = NULL,
  image_tag = "$SHORT_SHA",
  timeout = 600L,
  edit_r = NULL,
  r_image = "gcr.io/gcr-public/packagetools:latest",
  allowUnauthenticated = TRUE,
  region = cr_region_get(),
  projectId = cr_project_get()
)
```

**Arguments**

- **repo**  
  A git repository defined in `cr_buildtrigger_repo`

- **image**  
  The name of the image you want to build
cr_deploy_run_website

rmd_folder: A folder of Rmd files within GitHub source that will be built into HTML for serving via render

html_folder: A folder of HTML to deploy within GitHub source. Will be ignored if rmd_folder is not NULL

image_tag: What to tag the build docker image

timeout: Timeout for the build

edit_r: If you want to change the R code to render the HTML, supply R code via a file or string of R as per cr_buildstep_r

r_image: The image that will run the R code from edit_r

allowUnauthenticated: TRUE if can be reached from public HTTP address. If FALSE will configure a service-email called (name)-cloudrun-invoker@(project-id).iam.gserviceaccount.com

region: The region for cloud run

projectId: The GCP projectId which will be deployed within

Details

This lets you render the Rmd (or other R functions that produce HTML) in a folder for your repo, which will then be hosted on a Cloud Run enabled with nginx. Each time you push to git with modified Rmd code, it will build the new HTML and push an update to the website.

This default R code is rendered in the rmd_folder:

dlapply(list.files('.', pattern = '.Rmd', full.names = TRUE), rmarkdown::render, output_format = 'html_document')

See Also

- cr_deploy_html that lets you deploy just HTML files and cr_deploy_pkgdown for running pkgdown websites.
- Other Deployment functions: cr_deploy_docker_trigger(), cr_deploy_docker(), cr_deploy_packagetests(), cr_deploy_pkgdown(), cr_deploy_run(), cr_deploy_r()

Examples

```
## Not run:
cr_project_set("my-project")
cr_region_set("europe-west1")
your_repo <- cr_buildtrigger_repo("MarkEdmondson1234/googleCloudRunner")

# change the Rmd rendering to pkgdown
r <- "devtools::install();pkgdown::build_site()"

cr_deploy_run_website(your_repo, rmd_folder = "vignettes")
```

```
cr_email_get

## End(Not run)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>cr_email_get</th>
<th>Get/Set cloud build email</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Description**

Needed so Cloud Scheduler can run Cloud Build jobs - can also set via environment argument CR_BUILD_EMAIL.

**Usage**

```text
cr_email_get()
```

```text
cr_email_set(cloudbuildEmail)
```

**Arguments**

- **cloudbuildEmail**

  The Cloud Build service email

**See Also**

https://console.cloud.google.com/cloud-build/settings

**Examples**

```text
cr_email_set("myemail@domain.com")
```

```text
cr_email_get()
```

---

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>cr_jwt_create</th>
<th>Create a JSON Web Token (JWT) from your service client and call Google services</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Description**

This can be used to call authenticated services such as Cloud Run.
Usage

```r
# Create JWT
jwt <- cr_jwt_create(the_url)

# Use JWT to get token
token <- cr_jwt_token(jwt, the_url)

# Use JWT with HTTR
req <- cr_jwt_with_httr(token)

# Use JWT with curl
h <- curl::new_handle()
h <- cr_jwt_with_curl(h, token)

# Use JWT asynchronously
urls <- cr_jwt_async(urls, token)
```

Arguments

- **the_url**: The URL of the service you want to call.
- **service_json**: The account service key JSON that will be used to generate the JWT.
- **signed_jwt**: A JWT created from `cr_jwt_create`.
- **req**: A `httr` request to the service running on `the_url`, using `httr` verbs such as `GET`.
- **token**: The token created via `cr_jwt_token`.
- **h**: A curl handle such as set with `new_handle`.
- **urls**: URLs to request asynchronously.
- **...**: Other arguments passed to `new_handle`.

Details

For certain Google services a JWT is needed to authenticate access, which is distinct from OAuth2. An example of this is authenticated Cloud Run such as deployed when using `cr_run` and parameter `allowUnauthenticated = FALSE`. These functions help you call your services by generating the JWT from your service account key.

The token is set to expire in 1 hour, so it will need refreshing before then by calling this function again.

See Also

- [Service-to-service authentication on GCP](#)
- [Other Cloud Run functions: `cr_plumber_pubsub()`, `cr_run_email()`, `cr_run_get()`, `cr_run_list()`, `cr_run_schedule_http()`, `cr_run()`](#)

Examples

```r
## Not run:

# The private authenticated access only Cloud Run service
the_url <- "https://authenticated-cloudrun-ewjogewawq-ew.a.run.app/"

# creating the JWT and token
jwt <- cr_jwt_create(the_url)
token <- cr_jwt_token(jwt, the_url)
```
# call Cloud Run app using token with any httr verb
library(httr)
res <- cr_jwt_with_httr(
  GET("https://authenticated-cloudrun-ewjogewawq-ew.a.run.app/hello"),
  token
)
content(res)

# call Cloud Run app with curl - you can pass in a curl handle
library(curl)
h <- new_handle()
handle_setopt(h, customrequest = "PUT")
h handle_setform(h, a = "1", b = "2")
h <- cr_jwt_with_curl(h, token = token)
r <- curl_fetch_memory("https://authenticated-cloudrun-ewjogewawq-ew.a.run.app/hello", h)
cat(rawToChar(r$content))

# use curls multi-asynch functions
many_urls <- paste0(
  "https://authenticated-cloudrun-ewjogewawq-ew.a.run.app/hello",
  paste0("?param="), 1:6
)
cr_jwt_async(many_urls, token = token)

## End(Not run)

---

**cr_plumber_pubsub**  
*Plumber - Pub/Sub parser*

**Description**

A function to use in plumber scripts to accept Pub/Sub messages

**Usage**

```
cr_plumber_pubsub(message = NULL, pass_f = function(x) x)
```

**Arguments**

- **message**
  - The pubsub message

- **pass_f**
  - An R function that will work with the data parsed out of the pubsub message$data field.
Details

This function is intended to be used within plumber API scripts. It needs to be annotated with a @post URL route and a @param message The pubsub message as per the plumber documentation.

pass_f should be a function you create that accepts one argument, the data from the pubsub message$\$data field. It is unencoded for you. Make sure the function returns a 200 response otherwise pub/sub will keep resending the message! return(TRUE) is adequate.

The Docker container for the API will need to include googleCloudRunner installed in its R environment to run this function. This is available in the public gcr.io/gcer-public/cloudrunner image.

Use cr_pubsub to test this function once deployed.

See Also

Google Pub/Sub tutorial for Cloud Run. You can set up Pub/Sub messages from Google Cloud Storage buckets via gcs_create_pubsub

Other Cloud Run functions: cr_jwt_create(), cr_run_email(), cr_run_get(), cr_run_list(), cr_run_schedule_http(), cr_run()

Examples

```r
## Not run:
#
# within a plumber api.R script:
#
# example function echos back pubsub message
pub <- function(x) {
  paste("Echo":, x)
}
#'
# Recieve pub/sub message
#' @post /pubsub #nolint
#' @param message a pub/sub message
function(message = NULL) {
  googleCloudRunner::cr_plumber_pubsub(message, pub)
}
## End(Not run)
```

cr_project_set

Get/Set the projectId for your CloudRun services

Description

Can also use environment argument GCE_DEFAULT_PROJECT_ID
Usage

`cr_project_set(projectId)`

`cr_project_get()`

Arguments

`projectId` The projectId

Examples

`cr_project_get()`

---

**cr_pubsub**

Send a message to pubsub

---

Description

Useful for testing Cloud Run pubsub deployments

Usage

`cr_pubsub(endpoint, payload = jsonlite::toJSON("hello"))`

Arguments

`endpoint` The url endpoint of the PubSub service

`payload` Will be base64 encoded and placed in `message$data`

---

**cr_regions**

Cloud Run Regions

---

Description

Cloud Run Regions

Usage

`cr_regions`

Format

A character vector of valid Cloud Run region names
**cr_region_set**  
*Get/Set the endpoint for your CloudRun services*

**Description**
Can also use environment argument CR_REGION

**Usage**
```
cr_region_set(region = googleCloudRunner::cr_regions)
cr_region_get()
```

**Arguments**
- **region**  
  Region for the endpoint

**Examples**
```
cr_region_get()
```

---

**cr_run**  
*Create a CloudRun service.*

**Description**
Deploys an existing gcr.io image.

**Usage**
```
cr_run(
  image,
  name = basename(image),
  allowUnauthenticated = TRUE,
  concurrency = 1,
  port = NULL,
  max_instances = "default",
  memory = "256Mi",
  cpu = 1,
  timeout = 600L,
  region = cr_region_get(),
  projectId = cr_project_get(),
  launch_browser = interactive(),
  env_vars = NULL,
  gcloud_args = NULL,
  ...
)
```
**Arguments**

- **image**: The name of the image to create or use in deployment - gcr.io
- **name**: Name for deployment on Cloud Run
- **allowUnauthenticated**: TRUE if can be reached from public HTTP address. If FALSE will configure a service-email called (name)-cloudrun-invoker@(project-id).iam.gserviceaccount.com
- **concurrency**: How many connections each container instance can serve. Can be up to 80.
- **port**: Container port to receive requests at. Also sets the $PORT environment variable. Must be a number between 1 and 65535, inclusive. To unset this field, pass the special value "default".
- **max_instances**: the desired maximum number of container instances. "default" is 1000, you can get more if you requested a quota instance. For Shiny instances on Cloud Run, this needs to be 1.
- **memory**: The format for size is a fixed or floating point number followed by a unit: G, M, or K corresponding to gigabyte, megabyte, or kilobyte, respectively, or use the power-of-two equivalents: Gi, Mi, Ki corresponding to gibibyte, mebibyte or kibibyte respectively. The default is 256Mi
- **cpu**: 1 or 2 CPUs for your instance
- **timeout**: Amount of time that this build should be allowed to run, to second
- **region**: The endpoint region for deployment
- **projectId**: The GCP project from which the services should be listed
- **launch_browser**: Whether to launch the logs URL in a browser once deployed
- **env_vars**: Environment arguments passed to the Cloud Run container at runtime. Distinct from env that run at build time.
- **gcloud_args**: a character string of arguments that can be sent to the gcloud command not covered by other parameters of this function
- **...**: Arguments passed on to `cr_buildstep_run`

**Details**

Uses Cloud Build to deploy an image to Cloud Run

**See Also**

- [Google Documentation for Cloud Run](#)
- Use `cr_deploy_docker` or similar to create image, `cr_deploy_run` to automate building and deploying, `cr_deploy_plumber` to deploy plumber APIs.

**Deploying Cloud Run using Cloud Build**

Other Cloud Run functions: `cr_jwt_create()`, `cr_plumber_pubsub()`, `cr_run_email()`, `cr_run_get()`, `cr_run_list()`, `cr_run_schedule_http()`
Examples

## Not run:

```r
# Not run:
cr_project_set("my-project")
cr_region_set("europe-west1")
cr_run("gcr.io/my-project/my-image")
cr_run("gcr.io/cloud-tagging-10302018/gtm-cloud-image:stable",
    env_vars = c("CONTAINER_CONFIG=xxxxxx")
)
## End(Not run)
```

---

**cr_run_email**  
Create an invoker email for use within authenticated Cloud Run

### Description

Create an invoker email for use within authenticated Cloud Run

### Usage

```r
cr_run_email(name, projectId = cr_project_get())
```

### Arguments

- **name**
  - Name of the Cloud Run service
- **projectId**
  - The projectId where the Cloud Run service will run - set to NULL to only return the processed service name

### See Also

Other Cloud Run functions: `cr_jwt_create()`, `cr_plumber_pubsub()`, `cr_run_get()`, `cr_run_list()`, `cr_run_schedule_http()`, `cr_run()`

### Examples

```r
cr_run_email("my-run-app", "my-project")
```
**cr_run_get**  
Get information about a Cloud Run service.

**Description**
Get information about a Cloud Run service.

**Usage**

```r
cr_run_get(name, projectId = cr_project_get())
```

**Arguments**

- **name**
  The name of the service to retrieve
- **projectId**
  The projectId to get from

**Details**
This returns details on a particular deployed Cloud Run service.

**See Also**

- [Google Documentation on namespaces.services.get](#)
- Other Cloud Run functions: `cr_jwt_create()`, `cr_plumber_pubsub()`, `cr_run_email()`, `cr_run_list()`, `cr_run_schedule_http()`, `cr_run()`

---

**cr_run_list**  
List CloudRun services.

**Description**
List the Cloud Run services you have access to.

**Usage**

```r
cr_run_list(
    projectId = cr_project_get(),
    labelSelector = NULL,
    limit = NULL,
    summary = TRUE
)
```
cr_run_schedule_http

Arguments

projectId The GCP project from which the services should be listed
labelSelector Allows to filter resources based on a label
limit The maximum number of records that should be returned
summary If TRUE will return only a subset of info available, set to FALSE for all metadata

See Also

Google Documentation for Cloud Run

Other Cloud Run functions: cr_jwt_create(), cr_plumber_pubsub(), cr_run_email(), cr_run_get(), cr_run_schedule_http(), cr_run()

---

**cr_run_schedule_http**  
Create a Cloud Scheduler HTTP target for a private Cloud Run URI

Description

This enables Cloud Scheduler to trigger Cloud Run endpoints when they are not public.

Usage

```r
cr_run_schedule_http(uri, email, http_method = "GET", body = NULL)
```

Arguments

uri The URI of your Cloud Run application
email The service email that has invoke access to the Cloud Run application. If using cr_run and derivatives to make the email this will include (name)-cloudrun-invoker@(project-id).iam.gserviceaccount.com - see cr_run_email to help make the email.
http_method The HTTP verb you have set up your Cloud Run application to receive
body (optional) An R list object that will be turned into JSON via toJSON and turned into a base64-encoded string if you are doing a POST, PUT or PATCH request.

Details

Ensure you have a service email with cr_email_set of format service-{project-number}@gcp-sa-cloucscheduler.iam.gserviceaccount.com with Cloud Scheduler Service Agent role as per https://cloud.google.com/scheduler/docs/http-target-auth#add

Value

A HttpTarget object for use in cr_schedule
See Also

https://cloud.google.com/run/docs/triggering/using-scheduler

**cr_schedule_http** and **cr_run** and **cr_deploy_run**

Other Cloud Scheduler functions: **HttpTarget()**, **Job()**, **PubsubTarget()**, **cr_build_schedule_http()**, **cr_schedule_delete()**, **cr_schedule_get()**, **cr_schedule_list()**, **cr_schedule_pause()**, **cr_schedule_run()**

Other Cloud Run functions: **cr_jwt_create()**, **cr_plumber_pubsub()**, **cr_run_email()**, **cr_run_get()**, **cr_run_list()**, **cr_run()**

Examples

```r
## Not run:
# for unauthenticated apps create a HttpTarget
run_me <- HttpTarget(
  http_method = "GET"
)
cr_schedule("cloud-run-scheduled",
  schedule = "16 4 * * *",
  httpTarget = run_me
)

# for authenticated Cloud Run apps - create with allowUnauthenticated=FALSE
cr_deploy_run("my-app", allowUnauthenticated = TRUE)

## End(Not run)

# deploying via R will help create a service email called my-app-cloudrun-invoker
cr_run_email("my-app")

## Not run:
# use that email to schedule the Cloud Run private micro-service

# schedule the endpoint
my_run_name <- "my-app"
my_app <- cr_run_get(my_run_name)
email <- cr_run_email(my_run_name)
endpoint <- paste0(my_app$status$url, "/fetch_stuff")

app_sched <- cr_run_schedule_http(endpoint,
  http_method = "GET",
  email = email
)
cr_schedule("cloud-run-scheduled-1",
  schedule = "4 16 * * *",
  httpTarget = app_sched
)

## End(Not run)
```
**cr_schedule_build**  
*Schedule a Build object via HTTP or PubSub*

**Description**
Schedule a Build object via HTTP or PubSub

**Usage**

```r
cr_schedule_build(
  build,
  schedule,
  schedule_type = c("http", "pubsub"),
  email = cr_email_get(),
  projectId = cr_project_get(),
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**
- `build`: A Build object
- `schedule`: A cron schedule e.g. "15 5 * * *"
- `schedule_type`: Whether to use HTTP or PubSub styled schedules
- `email`: The email that will authenticate the job set via `cr_email_set`
- `projectId`: The GCP project to run within usually set with `cr_project_set`
- `...`: Arguments passed on to `cr_schedule`
- `region`: The region usually set with `cr_region_set`
- `overwrite`: If TRUE and an existing job with the same name exists, will overwrite it with the new parameters
- `name`: Name to call your scheduled job
- `httpTarget`: A HTTP target object `HttpTarget`
- `pubsubTarget`: A Pub/Sub target object `PubsubTarget` such as created via `cr_schedule_pubsub`
- `description`: Optionally caller-specified in CreateJob or
- `timeZone`: Specifies the time zone to be used in interpreting schedule. If set to `NULL` will be "UTC". Note that some time zones include a provision for daylight savings time.

**Details**
See also `cr_schedule` which you can use by to customise your schedule.

**Value**

`cr_schedule_build` returns a cloud scheduler `Job` object
cr_schedule_delete

Deletes a scheduled job.

### Description

Deletes a scheduled job.

### Usage

```r
cr_schedule_delete(
  x,
  region = cr_region_get(),
  projectId = cr_project_get(),
  pubsub_cleanup = FALSE
)
```

### Arguments

- **x**: The name of the scheduled job or a `Job` object
- **region**: The region to run within
- **projectId**: The projectId
- **pubsub_cleanup**: If the Cloud Scheduler is pointing at a Build Trigger/PubSub as deployed by `cr_deploy_r` will attempt to clean up those resources too.

### Value

- TRUE if job not found or its deleted
- FALSE if it couldn’t delete the job

### See Also

- `cloudscheduler.projects.locations.jobs.delete`
- Other Cloud Scheduler functions: `HttpTarget()`, `Job()`, `PubsubTarget()`, `cr_build_schedule_http()`, `cr_run_schedule_http()`, `cr_schedule_get()`, `cr_schedule_list()`, `cr_schedule_pause()`, `cr_schedule_run()`

### Examples

```r
## Not run:
cr_project_set("my-project")
cr_region_set("europe-west1")
cr_schedule_delete("cloud-build-test1")

## End(Not run)
```
cr_schedule_get  

*Gets a scheduler job.*

**Description**

Gets a scheduler job.

**Usage**

```
cr_schedule_get(name, region = cr_region_get(), projectId = cr_project_get())
```

**Arguments**

- **name**  
  Required - a string or a schedule Job object
- **region**  
  The region to run within
- **projectId**  
  The projectId

**See Also**

- [Google Documentation](#)
- Other Cloud Scheduler functions: `HttpTarget()`, `Job()`, `PubsubTarget()`, `cr_build_schedule_http()`, `cr_run_schedule_http()`, `cr_schedule_delete()`, `cr_schedule_list()`, `cr_schedule_pause()`, `cr_schedule_run()`

**Examples**

```r
## Not run:
cr_project_set("my-project")
cr_region_set("europe-west1")
cr_schedule_get("cloud-build-test1")
## End(Not run)
```

---

**cr_schedule_list**

*Lists Cloud Scheduler jobs.*

**Description**

Lists Cloud Scheduler jobs including targeting, schedule and authentication.

**Usage**

```
cr_schedule_list(region = cr_region_get(), projectId = cr_project_get())
```
Arguments

region The region to run within
projectId The projectId

See Also

Google Documentation

Other Cloud Scheduler functions: `HttpTarget()`, `Job()`, `PubsubTarget()`, `cr_build_schedule_http()`, `cr_run_schedule_http()`, `cr_schedule_delete()`, `cr_schedule_get()`, `cr_schedule_pause()`, `cr_schedule_run()`

Examples

```r
## Not run:
cr_project_set("my-project")
cr_region_set("europe-west1")
cr_schedule_list()

## End(Not run)
```

---

cr_schedule_pause  
*Pauses and resumes a scheduled job.*

Description

If a job is paused then the system will stop executing the job until it is re-enabled via `cr_schedule_resume`.

Usage

```r
cr_schedule_pause(x, region = cr_region_get(), projectId = cr_project_get())
cr_schedule_resume(x, region = cr_region_get(), projectId = cr_project_get())
```

Arguments

- `x` The name of the scheduled job or a `Job` object
- `region` The region to run within
- `projectId` The projectId

Details

The state of the job is stored in `state`; if paused it will be set to `Job.State.PAUSED`. A job must be in `Job.State.ENABLED` to be paused.
See Also

- `cloudscheduler.projects.locations.jobs.pause`
- `cloudscheduler.projects.locations.jobs.resume`

Other Cloud Scheduler functions: `HttpTarget()`, `Job()`, `PubsubTarget()`, `cr_build_schedule_http()`, `cr_run_schedule_http()`, `cr_schedule_delete()`, `cr_schedule_get()`, `cr_schedule_list()`, `cr_schedule_pause()`

Examples

```r
## Not run:
cr_project_set("my-project")
cr_region_set("europe-west1")
cr_schedule_pause("cloud-build-test1")
cr_schedule_resume("cloud-build-test1")
## End(Not run)
```

---

`cr_schedule_run`     Forces a job to run now.

Description

When this method is called, Cloud Scheduler will dispatch the job, even if the job is already running.

Usage

```r
cr_schedule_run(x, region = cr_region_get(), projectId = cr_project_get())
```

Arguments

- `x`     The name of the scheduled job or a `Job` object
- `region`     The region to run within
- `projectId`     The projectId

See Also

- `cloudscheduler.projects.locations.jobs.run`

Other Cloud Scheduler functions: `HttpTarget()`, `Job()`, `PubsubTarget()`, `cr_build_schedule_http()`, `cr_run_schedule_http()`, `cr_schedule_delete()`, `cr_schedule_get()`, `cr_schedule_list()`, `cr_schedule_pause()`
### Examples

```r
## Not run:
cr_project_set("my-project")
cr_region_set("europe-west1")
cr_schedule_run("cloud-build-test1")
## End(Not run)
```

---

**cr_setup**

*A helper setup function for setting up use with googleCloudRunner*

**Description**

A helper setup function for setting up use with googleCloudRunner

**Usage**

```r
cr_setup()
```

**See Also**

Other setup functions: `cr_setup_auth()`, `cr_setup_service()`, `cr_setup_test()`

---

**cr_setup_auth**

*Create a service account for googleCloudRunner*

**Description**

This will use your Google OAuth2 user to create a suitable service account

**Usage**

```r
cr_setup_auth(
  email = Sys.getenv("GARGLE_EMAIL"),
  file = "googlecloudrunner-auth-key.json",
  session_user = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

- **email**
  - What email to open OAuth2 with
- **file**
  - Where to save the authentication file
- **session_user**
  - 1 for user level, 2 for project level, leave NULL to be prompted
Value

TRUE if the file is ready to be setup by `cr_setup`, FALSE if need to stop

See Also

Other setup functions: `cr_setup_service()`, `cr_setup_test()`, `cr_setup()`

cr_setup_service
Give a service account the right permissions for googleCloudRunner operations

Description

Give a service account the right permissions for googleCloudRunner operations

Usage

```r
cr_setup_service(
  account_email,
  roles = cr_setup_role_lookup("local"),
  json = Sys.getenv("GAR_CLIENT_JSON"),
  email = Sys.getenv("GARGLE_EMAIL")
)
```

```r
cr_setup_role_lookup(
  type = c("local", "cloudrun", "bigquery", "secrets", "cloudbuild", "cloudstorage",
           "schedule_agent", "run_agent", "compute")
)
```

Arguments

- `account_email` The service account email e.g. `accountId@projectid.iam.gserviceaccount.com` or `12345678@cloudbuild.gserviceaccount.com`
- `roles` The roles to grant access - default is all googleCloudRunner functions
- `json` The project clientId JSON
- `email` The email of an Owner/Editor for the project
- `type` The role

See Also

Other setup functions: `cr_setup_auth()`, `cr_setup_test()`, `cr_setup()`
**cr_setup_test**

*Run tests over your setup*

**Description**

This allows you to check if your setup works - run `cr_setup` first.

**Usage**

```
cr_setup_test(
    option = c("menu", "all", "docker", "plumber", "r_script", "r_schedule")
)
```

**Arguments**

- **option**: Default will use an interactive menu, select other option to run that test without a menu

**See Also**

Other setup functions: `cr_setup_auth()`, `cr_setup_service()`, `cr_setup()`

**Examples**

```r
## Not run:
# start the menu for interactive use
cr_setup_test()

# skip menu and run all tests
cr_setup_test("all")

# run just the plumber deployment test
cr_setup_test("plumber")

## End(Not run)
```

---

**cr_sourcerepo_list**

*List source repositories available under a project*

**Description**

List source repositories available under a project

**Usage**

```
cr_sourcerepo_list(projectId = cr_project_get())
```
GitHubEventsConfig

Arguments

   projectId    The projectId that holds the repositories

GitHubEventsConfig Object

Description

GitHubEventsConfig Object

Usage

GitHubEventsConfig(
   x,  
   event = c("push", "pull"),  
   branch = ".*",  
   tag = NULL,  
   commentControl = c("COMMENTS_DISABLED", "COMMENTS_ENABLED")
)

Arguments

   x           The repository in format owner/repo e.g. MarkEdmondson1234/googleCloudRunner
   event       Whether to trigger on push or pull GitHub events
   branch      Regex of branches to match
   tag          If a push request, regexes matching what tags to build. If not NULL then argument branch will be ignored
   commentControl       If a pull request, whether to require comments before builds are triggered.

Details

   The syntax of the regular expressions accepted is the syntax accepted by RE2 and described at https://github.com/google/re2/wiki/Syntax

Value

   GitHubEventsConfig object

See Also

   Other BuildTrigger functions: BuildTrigger(), cr_buildtrigger_copy(), cr_buildtrigger_delete(),
   cr_buildtrigger_edit(), cr_buildtrigger_get(), cr_buildtrigger_list(), cr_buildtrigger_pubsub(),
   cr_buildtrigger_repo(), cr_buildtrigger_run(), cr_buildtrigger_webhook(), cr_buildtrigger()
**googleCloudRunner**

*Launch R scripts into the Google Cloud via Cloud Build, Cloud Run and Cloud Scheduler*

---

**Description**

See website for more details: [https://code.markedmondson.me/googleCloudRunner/](https://code.markedmondson.me/googleCloudRunner/)

---

**HttpTarget**

*HttpTarget Object*

---

**Description**

HttpTarget Object

---

**Usage**

```r
HttpTarget(
  headers = NULL,
  body = NULL,
  oauthToken = NULL,
  uri = NULL,
  oidcToken = NULL,
  httpMethod = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

- **headers**: A named list of HTTP headers e.g. `list(Blah = "yes", Boo = "no")`
- **body**: HTTP request body. Just send in the R object/list, which will be base64-encoded correctly
- **oauthToken**: If specified, an OAuth token will be generated and attached as an Authorization header in the HTTP request. This type of authorization should be used when sending requests to a GCP endpoint.
- **uri**: Required
- **oidcToken**: If specified, an OIDC token will be generated and attached as an Authorization header in the HTTP request. This type of authorization should be used when sending requests to third party endpoints or Cloud Run.
- **httpMethod**: Which HTTP method to use for the request

**Value**

HttpTarget object
See Also

https://cloud.google.com/scheduler/docs/reference/rest/v1/projects.locations.jobs#HttpTarget

Other Cloud Scheduler functions: Job(), PubsubTarget(), cr_build_schedule_http(), cr_run_schedule_http(),
cr_schedule_delete(), cr_schedule_get(), cr_schedule_list(), cr_schedule_pause(), cr_schedule_run()

---

**Job**

*Job Schedule Object*

---

**Description**

Job Schedule Object

**Usage**

```java
Job(
    name = NULL,
    description = NULL,
    schedule = NULL,
    timeZone = NULL,
    userUpdateTime = NULL,
    state = NULL,
    status = NULL,
    scheduleTime = NULL,
    lastAttemptTime = NULL,
    retryConfig = NULL,
    attemptDeadline = NULL,
    pubsubTarget = NULL,
    appEngineHttpTarget = NULL,
    httpTarget = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

- **name**
  - Name to call your scheduled job

- **description**
  - Optionally caller-specified in CreateJob or

- **schedule**
  - A cron schedule e.g. "15 5 ***"

- **timeZone**
  - Specifies the time zone to be used in interpreting schedule. If set to NULL will be "UTC". Note that some time zones include a provision for daylight savings time.

- **userUpdateTime**
  - Output only

- **state**
  - Output only

- **status**
  - Output only

- **scheduleTime**
  - Output only
PubsubConfig

lastAttemptTime
Output only

topic
The deadline for job attempts

retryConfig
Settings that determine the retry behavior

attemptsDeadline
A Pub/Sub target object PubsubTarget such as created via cr_schedule_pubsub

pubsubTarget
App Engine HTTP target

appEngineHttpTarget
A HTTP target object HttpTarget

httpTarget

Details
Configuration for a job. The maximum allowed size for a job is 100KB.

Value
Job object

See Also
Other Cloud Scheduler functions:

HttpTarget(), PubsubTarget(), cr_build_schedule_http(),
.cr_run_schedule_http(), cr_schedule_delete(), cr_schedule_get(), cr_schedule_list(),
.cr_schedule_pause(), cr_schedule_run()

PubsubConfig
Pubsub Config (Build Trigger)

Description
PubsubConfig describes the configuration of a trigger that creates a build whenever a Pub/Sub message is published.

Usage
PubsubConfig(
    subscription = NULL,
    topic = NULL,
    serviceAccountEmail = NULL,
    state = NULL
)

Arguments

subscription
Output only. Name of the subscription.

topic
The name of the topic from which this subscription is receiving messages.

serviceAccountEmail
Service account that will make the push request.

state
Potential issues with the underlying Pub/Sub subscription configuration. Only populated on get requests.
PubsubTarget

Value

A PubsubConfig object

See Also

‘https://cloud.google.com/build/docs/api/reference/rest/v1/projects.locations.triggers#BuildTrigger.PubsubConfig’

---

| PubsubTarget | Pubsub Target Object (Cloud Scheduler) |

Description

Pubsub Target Object (Cloud Scheduler)

Usage

PubsubTarget(topicName = NULL, data = NULL, attributes = NULL)

Arguments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>topicName</th>
<th>The name of the Cloud Pub/Sub topic to which messages will be published when a job is delivered.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>data</td>
<td>The message payload for PubsubMessage. An R object that will be turned into JSON via [jsonlite] and then base64 encoded into the PubSub format.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>attributes</td>
<td>Attributes for PubsubMessage.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Details

Pub/Sub target. The job will be delivered by publishing a message to the given Pub/Sub topic.

Value

PubsubTarget object

See Also

Other Cloud Scheduler functions: HttpTarget(), Job(), cr_build_schedule_http(), cr_run_schedule_http(), cr_schedule_delete(), cr_schedule_get(), cr_schedule_list(), cr_schedule_pause(), cr_schedule_run()
**RepoSource**

**Description**

RepoSource Object

**Usage**

```r
RepoSource(
  repoName = NULL,
  tagName = NULL,
  commitSha = NULL,
  branchName = NULL,
  dir = NULL,
  projectId = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

- **repoName**: Name of the Cloud Source Repository
- **tagName**: Regex matching tags to build
- **commitSha**: Explicit commit SHA to build
- **branchName**: Regex matching branches to build e.g. ".*"
- **dir**: Directory, relative to the source root, in which to run the build
- **projectId**: ID of the project that owns the Cloud Source Repository

**Details**

Location of the source in a Google Cloud Source Repository. Only one of commitSha, branchName or tagName are allowed. If you want to use GitHub or BitBucket repos, you need to setup mirroring them via Cloud Source Repositories [https://source.cloud.google.com/](https://source.cloud.google.com/)

**Value**

RepoSource object

**See Also**

Other Cloud Build functions: `Build()`, `Source()`, `StorageSource()`, `cr_build_artifacts()`, `cr_build_list()`, `cr_build_logs()`, `cr_build_make()`, `cr_build_status()`, `cr_build_targets()`, `cr_build_upload_gcs()`, `cr_build_wait()`, `cr_build_write()`, `cr_build_yaml_artifact()`, `cr_build_yaml_secrets()`, `cr_build_yaml()`, `cr_build()`
### Examples

```r
# Project and bucket configuration
cr_project_set("my-project")
cr_bucket_set("my-bucket")

## Not run:

my_repo <- cr_build_source(
  RepoSource("github_markedmondson1234_googlecloudrunner",
             branchName = "master")
)

build <- cr_build(
  cr_build_yaml(
    steps =
      cr_buildstep("gcloud", c(\"-c\", \"ls -la\"),
                   entrypoint = "bash",
                   dir = ""
      ),
                   source = my_repo
  ),
  source = my_repo
)

## End(Not run)
```

### Description

It is suggested to use `cr_build_source` instead to build sources.

### Usage

```r
Source(storageSource = NULL, repoSource = NULL)
```

### Arguments

- **storageSource**: If provided via `StorageSource`, get the source from this location in Google Cloud Storage.
- **repoSource**: If provided via `RepoSource`, get the source from this location in a Cloud Source.

### Details

Location of the source in a supported storage service.

### Value

Source object
See Also

Other Cloud Build functions: Build(), RepoSource(), StorageSource(), cr_build_artifacts(), cr_build_list(), cr_build_logs(), cr_build_make(), cr_build_status(), cr_build_targets(), cr_build_upload_gcs(), cr_build_wait(), cr_build_write(), cr_build_yaml_artifact(), cr_build_yaml_secrets(), cr_build_yaml(), cr_build()

Examples

    cr_project_set("my-project")
    cr_bucket_set("my-bucket")
    my_gcs_source <- Source(storageSource = StorageSource(
        "my_code.tar.gz",
        "gs://my-bucket"
    ))
    my_repo_source <- Source(repoSource = RepoSource("https://my-repo.com",
        branchName = "master"
    ))
    ## Not run:
    build1 <- cr_build("cloudbuild.yaml", source = my_gcs_source)
    build2 <- cr_build("cloudbuild.yaml", source = my_repo_source)
    ## End(Not run)

---

**StorageSource**

**StorageSource Object**

**Description**

StorageSource Object

**Usage**

StorageSource(object, bucket = NULL, generation = NULL)

**Arguments**

- `object`: Google Cloud Storage object containing the source. This object must be a gzipped archive file (.tar.gz) containing source to build.
- `bucket`: Google Cloud Storage bucket containing the source
- `generation`: Google Cloud Storage generation for the object. If the generation is omitted, the latest generation will be used.

**Details**

Location of the source in an archive file in Google Cloud Storage.
WebhookConfig

Value

StorageSource object

See Also

Other Cloud Build functions: `Build()`, `RepoSource()`, `Source()`, `cr_build_artifacts()`, `cr_build_list()`, `cr_build_logs()`, `cr_build_make()`, `cr_build_status()`, `cr_build_targets()`, `cr_build_upload_gcs()`, `cr_build_wait()`, `cr_build_write()`, `cr_build_yaml_artifact()`, `cr_build_yaml_secrets()`, `cr_build_yaml()`, `cr_build()`

Examples

```r
## Not run:
cr_project_set("my-project")
cr_bucket_set("my-bucket")
# construct Source object
my_gcs_source <- Source(storageSource = StorageSource(
  "my_code.tar.gz",
  "gs://my-bucket"
))
build1 <- cr_build("cloudbuild.yaml", source = my_gcs_source)

# helper that tars and adds to Source() for you
my_gcs_source2 <- cr_build_upload_gcs("my_folder")
build2 <- cr_build("cloudbuild.yaml", source = my_gcs_source2)

## End(Not run)
```

WebhookConfig (Build Triggers)

Description

WebhookConfig describes the configuration of a trigger that creates a build whenever a webhook is sent to a trigger’s webhook URL.

Usage

```r
WebhookConfig(secret, state = NULL)
```

Arguments

- `secret`: Resource name for the secret required as a URL parameter.
- `state`: Potential issues with the underlying Pub/Sub subscription configuration. Only populated on get requests.

Value

A WebhookConfig object
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