Package ‘hereR’

October 13, 2022

Type       Package
Title      'sf'-Based Interface to the 'HERE' REST APIs
Version    0.9.0
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URL        https://munterfi.github.io/hereR/,
            https://github.com/munterfi/hereR/
BugReports https://github.com/munterfi/hereR/issues/

Description
Interface to the 'HERE' REST APIs <https://developer.here.com/develop/rest-apis>:
(1) geocode and autosuggest addresses or reverse geocode POIs using the 'Geocoder' API;
(2) route directions, travel distance or time matrices and isolines using the 'Routing', 'Matrix Routing' and 'Isoline Routing' APIs;
(3) request real-time traffic flow and incident information from the 'Traffic' API;
(4) find request public transport connections and nearby stations from the 'Public Transit' API;
(5) request intermodal routes using the 'Intermodal Routing' API;
(6) get weather forecasts, reports on current weather conditions, astronomical information and alerts at a specific location from the 'Destination Weather' API.
Locations, routes and isolines are returned as 'sf' objects.

Depends   R (>= 3.3.0)
Imports   curl (>= 4.3), data.table (>= 1.13.0),
          flexpolyline (>= 0.2.0), jsonlite (>= 1.7.0), sf (>= 0.9-0),
          stringr (>= 1.4.0)
Suggests  covr (>= 3.5.0), ggplot2 (>= 3.3.2), htmlwidgets (>= 1.5.1),
          knitr (>= 1.29), leafpop (>= 0.0.5), lwgeom (>= 0.2-5), mapview
          (>= 2.9.0), rmarkdown (>= 2.3), testthat (>= 2.3.2)
License    GPL-3
Encoding   UTF-8
LazyData   true
RoxygenNote 7.2.1
VignetteBuilder knitr
Example Areas of Interest

Some example Areas of Interest (AOIs): The boundary polygons of Switzerland and Liechtenstein.

data(aoi)

An object of class "sf", "data.frame".
autosuggest

Source

Made with Natural Earth. Free vector and raster map data @naturalearthdata.com

Examples

data(aoi)

autosuggest

HERE Geocoding & Search API: Autosuggest

Description

Completes addresses using the HERE 'Geocoder Autosuggest' API.

Usage

autosuggest(address, results = 5, url_only = FALSE)

Arguments

address character, address text to propose suggestions.
results numeric, maximum number of suggestions (Valid range: 1 and 100).
url_only boolean, only return the generated URLs (default = FALSE)?

Value

A data.frame object, containing the suggestions for the input addresses.

References

HERE Geocoder API: Autosuggest

Examples

# Provide an API Key for a HERE project
set_key("<YOUR API KEY>")

suggestions <- autosuggest(address = poi$city, url_only = TRUE)
connection

**Description**

Route public transport connections with geometries (LINESTRING) between pairs of points using the HERE 'Public Transit' API. Two modes are provided:

- **summary = FALSE**: The public transport connections are returned as multiple sections with the same vehicle and transport mode. Each section has a detailed route geometry.
- **summary = TRUE**: A summary of the connections is retrieved, where each connection is represented as one row with a unified and simplified geometry.

**Usage**

```r
connection(
    origin,  # sf object, the origin locations of geometry type POINT.
    destination,  # sf object, the destination locations of geometry type POINT.
    datetime = Sys.time(),  # POSIXct object, datetime for the departure (or arrival if arrival = TRUE).
    arrival = FALSE,  # boolean, calculate connections for arrival at the defined time.
    results = 3,  # numeric, maximum number of suggested public transport routes (Valid range: 1 and 6).
    transfers = -1,  # numeric, maximum number of transfers allowed per route (Valid range: -1 and 6, whereby the default = -1 allows for unlimited transfers).
    transport_mode = NULL,  # character, enable or disable ("-" prefix) transport modes. Note: Do not enable and disable modes at the same time (default = NULL).
    summary = FALSE,  # boolean, return a summary of the public transport connections instead of the sections of the routes (default = FALSE).
    url_only = FALSE  # boolean, only return the generated URLs (default = FALSE).
)
```

**Arguments**

- `origin` : sf object, the origin locations of geometry type POINT.
- `destination` : sf object, the destination locations of geometry type POINT.
- `datetime` : POSIXct object, datetime for the departure (or arrival if `arrival = TRUE`).
- `arrival` : boolean, calculate connections for arrival at the defined time (default = FALSE)?
- `results` : numeric, maximum number of suggested public transport routes (Valid range: 1 and 6).
- `transfers` : numeric, maximum number of transfers allowed per route (Valid range: -1 and 6, whereby the default = -1 allows for unlimited transfers).
- `transport_mode` : character, enable or disable ("-" prefix) transport modes. Note: Do not enable and disable modes at the same time (default = NULL).
- `summary` : boolean, return a summary of the public transport connections instead of the sections of the routes (default = FALSE)?
- `url_only` : boolean, only return the generated URLs (default = FALSE)?

**Value**

An sf object containing the requested routes.
flow

References
HERE Public Transit API: Transit Route

Examples

# Provide an API Key for a HERE project
set_key("<YOUR API KEY>")

# Connection sections
sections <- connection(
  origin = poi[3:4, ], destination = poi[5:6, ],
  summary = FALSE, url_only = TRUE
)

# Connection summary
summary <- connection(
  origin = poi[3:4, ], destination = poi[5:6, ],
  summary = TRUE, url_only = TRUE
)

flow

HERE Traffic API: Flow

Description
Real-time traffic flow from the HERE 'Traffic' API in areas of interest (AOIs). The traffic flow data contains speed ("SP") and congestion (jam factor: "JF") information, which corresponds to the status of the traffic at the time of the query.

Usage
flow(aoi, min_jam_factor = 0, url_only = FALSE)

Arguments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Argument</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>aoi</td>
<td>sf object, Areas of Interest (POIs) of geometry type POLYGON.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>min_jam_factor</td>
<td>numeric, only retrieve flow information with a jam factor greater than the value provided (default = 0).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>url_only</td>
<td>boolean, only return the generated URLs (default = FALSE).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Value
An sf object containing the requested traffic flow information.
Note

The maximum width and height of the bounding box of the input AOIs is 10 degrees. This means that each polygon (= one row) in the AOI sf object should fit in a 10 x 10 degree bbox.

Explanation of the traffic flow variables:

- "PC": Point TMC location code.
- "DE": Text description of the road.
- "QD": Queuing direction. '+' or '-'. Note this is the opposite of the travel direction in the fully qualified ID. For example for location 107+03021 the QD would be '-'.
- "LE": Length of the stretch of road.
- "TY": Type information for the given Location Referencing container. This may be a freely defined string.
- "SP": Speed (based on UNITS) capped by speed limit.
- "FF": The free flow speed on this stretch of the road.
- "JF": The number between 0.0 and 10.0 indicating the expected quality of travel. When there is a road closure, the Jam Factor will be 10. As the number approaches 10.0 the quality of travel is getting worse. -1.0 indicates that a Jam Factor could not be calculated.
- "CN": Confidence, an indication of how the speed was determined. -1.0 road closed. 1.0=100%.

References

- HERE Traffic API: Flow
- Flow explanation, stackoverflow

Examples

# Provide an API Key for a HERE project
set_key("<YOUR API KEY>")

# Real-time traffic flow
flow <- flow(
  aoi = aoi[aoi$code == "LI", ],
  url_only = TRUE
)

geocode

**HERE Geocoding & Search API: Geocode**

**Description**

Geocodes addresses using the HERE 'Geocoding & Search API' API.

**Usage**

geocode(address, alternatives = FALSE, sf = TRUE, url_only = FALSE)
Arguments

address character, addresses to geocode or a list containing qualified queries with the keys "country", "state", "county", "city", "district", "street", "houseNumber" or "postalCode".

alternatives boolean, return also alternative results (default = FALSE)?

sf boolean, return an sf object (default = TRUE) or a data.frame?

url_only boolean, only return the generated URLs (default = FALSE)?

Value

If sf = TRUE, an sf object, containing the position coordinates geocoded addresses as geometry list column and the access coordinates as well-known text (WKT). If sf = FALSE, a data.frame containing the coordinates of the geocoded addresses as lng, lat columns.

According to the Geocoding and Search API Reference, the access coordinates are "[c]oordinates of the place you are navigating to (for example, driving or walking). This is a point on a road or in a parking lot." The position coordinates are "[t]he coordinates (latitude, longitude) of a pin on a map corresponding to the searched place."

References

HERE Geocoding & Search API: Geocode

Examples

# Provide an API Key for a HERE project
set_key("<YOUR API KEY>"

locs <- geocode(address = poi$city, url_only = TRUE)

 incident

HERE Traffic API: Incidents

Description

Traffic incident information from the HERE 'Traffic' API in areas of interest (AOIs). The incidents contain information about location, duration, severity, type, description and further details.

Usage

incident(aoi, from = Sys.time() - 60 * 60 * 24 * 7, url_only = FALSE)

Arguments

aoi sf object, Areas of Interest (POIs) of geometry type POLYGON.

from POSIXct object, datetime of the earliest traffic incidents (default = FALSE).

url_only boolean, only return the generated URLs (default = FALSE)?
Value

An sf object containing the traffic incidents.

Note

The maximum width and height of the bounding box of the input AOIs is 10 degrees. This means that each polygon (= one row) in the AOI sf object should fit in a 10 x 10 degree bbox.

References

HERE Traffic API: Incidents

Examples

# Provide an API Key for a HERE project
set_key("<YOUR API KEY>")

# All traffic incidents from the beginning of 2018
incidents <- incident(
    aoi = aoi,
    from = as.POSIXct("2018-01-01 00:00:00"),
    url_only = TRUE
)

intermodal_route

HERE Intermodal Routing API: Calculate Route

Description

Calculates route geometries (LINESTRING) between given pairs of points using the HERE 'Intermodal Routing' API.

Usage

intermodal_route(
    origin,
    destination,
    datetime = Sys.time(),
    results = 3,
    transfers = -1,
    url_only = FALSE
)
Arguments

- **origin** sf object, the origin locations of geometry type POINT.
- **destination** sf object, the destination locations of geometry type POINT.
- **datetime** POSIXct object, datetime for the departure (default = Sys.time()).
- **results** numeric, maximum number of suggested route alternatives (Valid range: 1 and 7, default = 3).
- **transfers** numeric, maximum number of transfers allowed per route (Valid range: -1 and 6, default = -1).
- **url_only** boolean, only return the generated URLs (default = FALSE).

Value

An sf object containing the requested intermodal routes.

References

HERE Intermodal Routing API: Routes

Examples

```r
# Provide an API Key for a HERE project
cold_set_key("<YOUR API KEY>")

# Intermodal routing
routes <- intermodal_route(
  origin = poi[1:3, ],
  destination = poi[4:6, ],
  url_only = TRUE
)
```

isoline

**HERE Isoline Routing API: Calculate Isoline**

Description

Calculates isolines (POLYGON or MULTIPOLYGON) using the HERE 'Isoline Routing' API that connect the end points of all routes leaving from defined centers (POIs) with either a specified length, a specified travel time or consumption (only the default E-car available).

Usage

```r
isoline(
  poi,
  datetime = Sys.time(),
  arrival = FALSE,
  range = seq(5, 30, 5) * 60,
)```
range_type = "time",
routing_mode = "fast",
transport_mode = "car",
traffic = TRUE,
optimize = "balanced",
consumption_model = NULL,
aggregate = FALSE,
url_only = FALSE)
)

Arguments

poi sf object, Points of Interest (POIs) of geometry type POINT.
datetime POSIXct object, datetime for the departure (or arrival if arrival = TRUE).
arrival boolean, are the provided Points of Interest (POIs) the origin or destination locations (default = FALSE)?
range numeric, a vector of type integer containing the breaks for the generation of the isolines: (1) time in seconds; (2) distance in meters; (3) consumption in Wh.
range_type character, unit of the isolines: "distance", "time" or "consumption".
routing_mode character, set the routing mode: "fast" or "short".
transport_mode character, set the transport mode: "car", "pedestrian" or "truck".
traffic boolean, use real-time traffic or prediction in routing (default = TRUE)? If no traffic is selected, the datetime is set to "any" and the request is processed independently from time.
optimize, character, specifies how isoline calculation is optimized: "balanced", "quality" or "performance" (default = "balanced").
consumption_model character, specify the consumption model of the vehicle (default = NULL an average electric car is set).
aggregate boolean, aggregate (with function \texttt{min}) and intersect the isolines from geometry type POLYGON to geometry type MULTIPOLYGON (default = FALSE)?
url_only boolean, only return the generated URLs (default = FALSE)?

Value

An \texttt{sf} object containing the requested isolines.

References

HERE Isoline Routing API

Examples

# Provide an API Key for a HERE project
set_key("<YOUR API KEY>")
#Isochrone for 5, 10, 15, 20, 25 and 30 minutes driving time

```r
isolines <- isoline(
  poi = poi,
  range = seq(5, 30, 5) * 60,
  url_only = TRUE
)
```

---

## Example Points of Interest

### Description

Some example Points of Interest (POIs): Cities in Switzerland and Liechtenstein with more than 100'000 inhabitants.

### Usage

```r
data(poi)
```

### Format

An object of class "sf", "data.frame".

### Source

Made with Natural Earth. Free vector and raster map data @naturalearthdata.com

### Examples

```r
data(poi)
```

---

## reverse_geocode

### HERE Geocoding & Search API: Reverse Geocode

### Description

Get addresses from locations using the HERE 'Geocoder' API. The return value is an sf object, containing point geometries with suggestions for addresses near the provided POIs.

### Usage

```r
reverse_geocode(poi, results = 1, sf = TRUE, url_only = FALSE)
```
route

Arguments

- **poi** sf object, Points of Interest (POIs) of geometry type POINT.
- **results** numeric, maximum number of results (Valid range: 1 and 100).
- **sf** boolean, return an sf object (default = TRUE) or a data.frame?
- **url_only** boolean, only return the generated URLs (default = FALSE)?

Value

If sf = TRUE, an sf object, containing the position coordinates of the reverse geocoded POIs as geometry list column and the access coordinates as well-known text (WKT). If sf = FALSE, a data.frame containing the coordinates of the reverse geocoded POIs as lng, lat columns.

Note

If no addresses are found near a POI, NULL for this POI is returned. In this case the rows corresponding to this particular POI are missing and merging the POIs by row is not possible. However, in the returned sf object, the column "id" matches the rows of the input POIs. The "id" column can be used to join the original POIs.

References

HERE Geocoder API: Reverse Geocode

Examples

```r
# Provide an API Key for a HERE project
set_key("<YOUR API KEY>")

# Get addresses
addresses <- reverse_geocode(poi = poi, results = 3, url_only = TRUE)
```

route

**HERE Routing API: Calculate Route**

Description

Calculates route geometries (LINESTRING) between given pairs of points using the HERE 'Routing' API. Routes can be created for various transport modes, as for example 'car' or 'bicycle', incorporating current traffic information, if available. For routes using the transport mode "car" a vehicle consumption model can be specified, to obtain an estimate of the consumption.
route

Usage

route(
  origin,  
  destination,  
  datetime = Sys.time(),  
  arrival = FALSE,  
  results = 1,  
  routing_mode = "fast",  
  transport_mode = "car",  
  traffic = TRUE,  
  avoid_area = NULL,  
  avoid_feature = NULL,  
  consumption_model = NULL,  
  vignettes = TRUE,  
  url_only = FALSE
)

Arguments

origin sf object, the origin locations of geometry type POINT.
destination sf object, the destination locations of geometry type POINT.
datetime POSIXct object, datetime for the departure (or arrival if arrival = TRUE).
arrival boolean, calculate routes for arrival at the defined time (default = FALSE)?
results numeric, maximum number of suggested routes (Valid range: 1 and 7).
routing_mode character, set the routing type: "fast" or "short" (default = "fast").
transport_mode character, set the transport mode: "car", "truck", "pedestrian", "bicycle", "scooter", "taxi", "bus" or "privateBus" (default = "car").
traffic boolean, use real-time traffic or prediction in routing (default = TRUE)? If no traffic is selected, the datetime is set to "any" and the request is processed independently from time.
avoid_area, sf object, area (only bounding box is taken) to avoid in routes (default = NULL).
avoid_feature character, transport network features to avoid, e.g. "tollRoad" or "ferry" (default = NULL).
consumption_model character, specify the consumption model of the vehicle (default = NULL an average electric car is set).
vignettes boolean, include vignettes in the total toll cost of routes (default = TRUE).
url_only boolean, only return the generated URLs (default = FALSE)?

Value

An sf object containing the requested routes.

Tolls are requested for routes with transport mode "car", "truck" "taxi" or "bus". The currency defaults to the current system locale settings. A different currency can be set using set_currency and a currency code compliant to ISO 4217.
route_matrix

HERE Matrix Routing API: Calculate Matrix

Description

Calculates a matrix of M:N, M:1 or 1:N route summaries between given points of interest (POIs) using the HERE ‘Matrix Routing’ API. Various transport modes and traffic information at a provided timestamp are supported. The requested matrix is split into (sub-)matrices of dimension 15x100 to use the maximum matrix size per request and thereby minimize the number of overall needed requests. The result is one route summary matrix, that fits the order of the provided POIs: orig_id, dest_id.

Usage

route_matrix(
    origin,
    destination = origin,
    datetime = Sys.time(),
    routing_mode = "fast",
    transport_mode = "car",
    traffic = TRUE,
    url_only = FALSE
)
Arguments

origin sf object, the origin locations (M) of geometry type POINT.
destination sf object, the destination locations (N) of geometry type POINT.
datetime POSIXct object, datetime for the departure.
routing_mode character, set the routing type: "fast" or "short" (default = "fast").
transport_mode character, set the transport mode: "car", "truck", "pedestrian", "bicycle", "scooter", "taxi", "bus" or "privateBus" (default = "car").
traffic boolean, use real-time traffic or prediction in routing (default = TRUE)? If no traffic is selected, the datetime is set to "any" and the request is processed independently from time.
url_only boolean, only return the generated URLs (default = FALSE)?

Value

A data.frame, which is an edge list containing the requested M:N route combinations.

References

HERE Matrix Routing API

Examples

# Provide an API Key for a HERE project
set_key("<YOUR API KEY>")

# Create routes summaries between all POIs
mat <- route_matrix(
  origin = poi,
  url_only = TRUE
)

set_currency(currency = NULL)

Description

If the currency is not set using this function call, the currency defined in the monetary representations in the current locale is used. If the monetary formatting category "LC_MONETARY" of the C locale is not set, "USD" is set as default.

Usage

set_currency(currency = NULL)
Arguments

currency character, the currency code compliant to ISO 4217 to use in the requests (default = NULL, which defaults to the current system locale settings).

Value

None.

Examples

set_currency("CHF")

Description

If set to TRUE the hereR package limits the requests per second (RPS) sent to the APIs and routing matrices will be chopped up into submatrices of size 15x100. This option is necessary for freemium licenses to avoid hitting the rate limit of the APIs with status code 429. Deactivate this option to increase speed of requests for paid plans.

Usage

set_freemium(ans = TRUE)

Arguments

ans boolean, use limits or not (default = TRUE)?

Value

None.

Examples

set_freemium(FALSE)
**set_key**

*Set HERE Application Credentials*

**Description**

Provide an API Key for a HERE project of type 'REST'. The key is set for the current R session and is used to authenticate in the requests to the APIs.

**Usage**

```r
set_key(api_key)
```

**Arguments**

- **api_key** character, the API key from a HERE project.

**Details**

No login yet? Get a login and key here: [klick](#)

**Value**

None.

**Examples**

```r
set_key("<YOUR API KEY>"
```

---

**set_verbose**

*Verbose API usage of hereR*

**Description**

If set to TRUE the hereR package is messaging information about the amount of requests sent to the APIs and data size received.

**Usage**

```r
set_verbose(ans = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

- **ans** boolean, verbose or not (default = FALSE)?

**Value**

None.
Examples

    set_verbose(TRUE)

station HERE Public Transit API: Find Stations Nearby

Description

Retrieve stations with the corresponding line information around given locations using the HERE 'Public Transit' API.

Usage

    station(poi, radius = 500, results = 50, url_only = FALSE)

Arguments

    poi sf object, Points of Interest (POIs) of geometry type POINT.
    radius numeric, the search radius in meters (default = 500).
    results numeric, maximum number of suggested public transport stations (Valid range: 1 and 50, default = 50).
    url_only boolean, only return the generated URLs (default = FALSE)?

Value

An sf object containing the requested stations with the corresponding line information.

References

    HERE Public Transit API: Station Search

Examples

    # Provide an API Key for a HERE project
    set_key("<YOUR API KEY>")

    # Stations
    stations <- station(poi = poi, url_only = TRUE)
### unset_key

**Remove HERE Application Credentials**

**Description**

Remove previously set HERE API key from the current R session.

**Usage**

```r
unset_key()
```

**Value**

None.

**Examples**

```r
unset_key()
```

---

### weather

**HERE Destination Weather API: Observations, Forecasts, Astronomy and Alerts**

**Description**

Weather forecasts, reports on current weather conditions, astronomical information and alerts at a specific location (coordinates or location name) based on the HERE 'Destination Weather' API. The information comes from the nearest available weather station and is not interpolated.

**Usage**

```r
weather(poi, product = "observation", url_only = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

- **poi**: sf object or character, Points of Interest (POIs) of geometry type POINT or location names (e.g. cities or regions).
- **product**: character, weather product of the 'Destination Weather API'. Supported products: "observation", "forecast_hourly", "forecast_astronomy" and "alerts".
- **url_only**: boolean, only return the generated URLs (default = FALSE)?

**Value**

An sf object containing the requested weather information at the nearest weather station. The point geometry in the sf object is the location of the weather station.
References

HERE Destination Weather API: Observation

Examples

# Provide an API Key for a HERE project
set_key("<YOUR API KEY>")

# Observation
observation <- weather(poi = poi, product = "observation", url_only = TRUE)

# Forecast
forecast <- weather(poi = poi, product = "forecast_hourly", url_only = TRUE)

# Astronomy
astronomy <- weather(poi = poi, product = "forecast_astronomy", url_only = TRUE)

# Alerts
alerts <- weather(poi = poi, product = "alerts", url_only = TRUE)
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