

# Package ‘leaflet’

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**Type** Package

**Title** Create Interactive Web Maps with the JavaScript 'Leaflet'  
Library

**Version** 2.0.1

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**Description** Create and customize interactive maps using the 'Leaflet'  
JavaScript library and the 'htmlwidgets' package. These maps can be used  
directly from the R console, from 'RStudio', in Shiny applications and R Markdown  
documents.

**License** GPL-3

**URL** <http://rstudio.github.io/leaflet/>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/rstudio/leaflet/issues>

**Depends** R (>= 3.1.0)

**Imports** base64enc, crosstalk, htmlwidgets, htmltools, magrittr,  
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0.2.5), sp, stats, viridis

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addAwesomeMarkers	<i>Add Awesome Markers</i>
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## Description

Add Awesome Markers

## Usage

```
addAwesomeMarkers(map, lng = NULL, lat = NULL, layerId = NULL,
  group = NULL, icon = NULL, popup = NULL, popupOptions = NULL,
  label = NULL, labelOptions = NULL, options = markerOptions(),
  clusterOptions = NULL, clusterId = NULL, data = getMapData(map))
```

## Arguments

map	the map to add awesome Markers to.
lng	a numeric vector of longitudes, or a one-sided formula of the form $\sim x$ where $x$ is a variable in data; by default (if not explicitly provided), it will be automatically inferred from data by looking for a column named lng, long, or longitude (case-insensitively)
lat	a vector of latitudes or a formula (similar to the lng argument; the names lat and latitude are used when guessing the latitude column from data)
layerId	the layer id

group	the name of the group the newly created layers should belong to (for <code>clearGroup</code> and <code>addLayersControl</code> purposes). Human-friendly group names are permitted—they need not be short, identifier-style names. Any number of layers and even different types of layers (e.g. markers and polygons) can share the same group name.
icon	the icon(s) for markers;
popup	a character vector of the HTML content for the popups (you are recommended to escape the text using <code>htmlEscape()</code> )
popupOptions	A Vector of <code>popupOptions</code> to provide popups for security reasons)
label	a character vector of the HTML content for the labels
labelOptions	A Vector of <code>labelOptions</code> to provide label options for each label. Default NULL
options	a list of extra options for tile layers, popups, paths (circles, rectangles, polygons, ...), or other map elements
clusterOptions	if not NULL, markers will be clustered using <code>Leaflet.markercluster</code> ; you can use <code>markerClusterOptions()</code> to specify marker cluster options
clusterId	the id for the marker cluster layer
data	the data object from which the argument values are derived; by default, it is the data object provided to <code>leaflet()</code> initially, but can be overridden

---

 addControl

*Graphics elements and layers*


---

### Description

Add graphics elements and layers to the map widget.

Options to highlight shapes (polylines/polygons/circles/rectangles)

### Usage

```
addControl(map, html, position = c("topleft", "topright", "bottomleft",
  "bottomright"), layerId = NULL, className = "info legend",
  data = getMapData(map))
```

```
addTiles(map, urlTemplate = "://{s}.tile.openstreetmap.org/{z}/{x}/{y}.png",
  attribution = NULL, layerId = NULL, group = NULL,
  options = tileOptions(), data = getMapData(map))
```

```
addWMSTiles(map, baseUrl, layerId = NULL, group = NULL,
  options = WMSTileOptions(), attribution = NULL, layers = "",
  data = getMapData(map))
```

```
addPopups(map, lng = NULL, lat = NULL, popup, layerId = NULL,
  group = NULL, options = popupOptions(), data = getMapData(map))
```

```
addMarkers(map, lng = NULL, lat = NULL, layerId = NULL, group = NULL,  
  icon = NULL, popup = NULL, popupOptions = NULL, label = NULL,  
  labelOptions = NULL, options = markerOptions(), clusterOptions = NULL,  
  clusterId = NULL, data = getMapData(map))
```

```
addLabelOnlyMarkers(map, lng = NULL, lat = NULL, layerId = NULL,  
  group = NULL, icon = NULL, label = NULL, labelOptions = NULL,  
  options = markerOptions(), clusterOptions = NULL, clusterId = NULL,  
  data = getMapData(map))
```

```
addCircleMarkers(map, lng = NULL, lat = NULL, radius = 10,  
  layerId = NULL, group = NULL, stroke = TRUE, color = "#03F",  
  weight = 5, opacity = 0.5, fill = TRUE, fillColor = color,  
  fillOpacity = 0.2, dashArray = NULL, popup = NULL,  
  popupOptions = NULL, label = NULL, labelOptions = NULL,  
  options = pathOptions(), clusterOptions = NULL, clusterId = NULL,  
  data = getMapData(map))
```

```
highlightOptions(stroke = NULL, color = NULL, weight = NULL,  
  opacity = NULL, fill = NULL, fillColor = NULL, fillOpacity = NULL,  
  dashArray = NULL, bringToFront = NULL, sendToBack = NULL)
```

```
addCircles(map, lng = NULL, lat = NULL, radius = 10, layerId = NULL,  
  group = NULL, stroke = TRUE, color = "#03F", weight = 5,  
  opacity = 0.5, fill = TRUE, fillColor = color, fillOpacity = 0.2,  
  dashArray = NULL, popup = NULL, popupOptions = NULL, label = NULL,  
  labelOptions = NULL, options = pathOptions(), highlightOptions = NULL,  
  data = getMapData(map))
```

```
addPolylines(map, lng = NULL, lat = NULL, layerId = NULL, group = NULL,  
  stroke = TRUE, color = "#03F", weight = 5, opacity = 0.5,  
  fill = FALSE, fillColor = color, fillOpacity = 0.2, dashArray = NULL,  
  smoothFactor = 1, noClip = FALSE, popup = NULL, popupOptions = NULL,  
  label = NULL, labelOptions = NULL, options = pathOptions(),  
  highlightOptions = NULL, data = getMapData(map))
```

```
addRectangles(map, lng1, lat1, lng2, lat2, layerId = NULL, group = NULL,  
  stroke = TRUE, color = "#03F", weight = 5, opacity = 0.5,  
  fill = TRUE, fillColor = color, fillOpacity = 0.2, dashArray = NULL,  
  smoothFactor = 1, noClip = FALSE, popup = NULL, popupOptions = NULL,  
  label = NULL, labelOptions = NULL, options = pathOptions(),  
  highlightOptions = NULL, data = getMapData(map))
```

```
addPolygons(map, lng = NULL, lat = NULL, layerId = NULL, group = NULL,  
  stroke = TRUE, color = "#03F", weight = 5, opacity = 0.5,  
  fill = TRUE, fillColor = color, fillOpacity = 0.2, dashArray = NULL,  
  smoothFactor = 1, noClip = FALSE, popup = NULL, popupOptions = NULL,  
  label = NULL, labelOptions = NULL, options = pathOptions(),
```

```

highlightOptions = NULL, data = getMapData(map))

addGeoJSON(map, geojson, layerId = NULL, group = NULL, stroke = TRUE,
  color = "#03F", weight = 5, opacity = 0.5, fill = TRUE,
  fillColor = color, fillOpacity = 0.2, dashArray = NULL,
  smoothFactor = 1, noClip = FALSE, options = pathOptions(),
  data = getMapData(map))

addTopoJSON(map, topojson, layerId = NULL, group = NULL, stroke = TRUE,
  color = "#03F", weight = 5, opacity = 0.5, fill = TRUE,
  fillColor = color, fillOpacity = 0.2, dashArray = NULL,
  smoothFactor = 1, noClip = FALSE, options = pathOptions())

```

### Arguments

map	a map widget object created from <a href="#">leaflet()</a>
html	the content of the control. May be provided as string or as HTML generated with Shiny/htmltools tags
position	position of control: "topleft", "topright", "bottomleft", or "bottomright"
layerId	the layer id
className	extra CSS classes to append to the control, space separated
data	the data object from which the argument values are derived; by default, it is the data object provided to <a href="#">leaflet()</a> initially, but can be overridden
urlTemplate	a character string as the URL template
attribution	the attribution text of the tile layer (HTML)
group	the name of the group the newly created layers should belong to (for <a href="#">clearGroup</a> and <a href="#">addLayersControl</a> purposes). Human-friendly group names are permitted—they need not be short, identifier-style names. Any number of layers and even different types of layers (e.g. markers and polygons) can share the same group name.
options	a list of extra options for tile layers, popups, paths (circles, rectangles, polygons, ...), or other map elements
baseUrl	a base URL of the WMS service
layers	comma-separated list of WMS layers to show
lng	a numeric vector of longitudes, or a one-sided formula of the form $\sim x$ where $x$ is a variable in <code>data</code> ; by default (if not explicitly provided), it will be automatically inferred from <code>data</code> by looking for a column named <code>lng</code> , <code>long</code> , or <code>longitude</code> (case-insensitively)
lat	a vector of latitudes or a formula (similar to the <code>lng</code> argument; the names <code>lat</code> and <code>latitude</code> are used when guessing the latitude column from <code>data</code> )
popup	a character vector of the HTML content for the popups (you are recommended to escape the text using <a href="#">htmlEscape()</a> )
icon	the icon(s) for markers; an icon is represented by an R list of the form <code>list(iconUrl = "?", iconSize = ...)</code> and you can use <a href="#">icons()</a> to create multiple icons; note when you use an R list

that contains images as local files, these local image files will be base64 encoded into the HTML page so the icon images will still be available even when you publish the map elsewhere

popupOptions	A Vector of <a href="#">popupOptions</a> to provide popups for security reasons)
label	a character vector of the HTML content for the labels
labelOptions	A Vector of <a href="#">labelOptions</a> to provide label options for each label. Default NULL
clusterOptions	if not NULL, markers will be clustered using <a href="#">Leaflet.markercluster</a> ; you can use <a href="#">markerClusterOptions()</a> to specify marker cluster options
clusterId	the id for the marker cluster layer
radius	a numeric vector of radii for the circles; it can also be a one-sided formula, in which case the radius values are derived from the data (units in meters for circles, and pixels for circle markers)
stroke	whether to draw stroke along the path (e.g. the borders of polygons or circles)
color	stroke color
weight	stroke width in pixels
opacity	stroke opacity (or layer opacity for tile layers)
fill	whether to fill the path with color (e.g. filling on polygons or circles)
fillColor	fill color
fillOpacity	fill opacity
dashArray	a string that defines the stroke <b>dash pattern</b>
bringToFront	Whether the shape should be brought to front on hover.
sendToBack	whether the shape should be sent to back on mouse out.
highlightOptions	Options for highlighting the shape on mouse over.
smoothFactor	how much to simplify the polyline on each zoom level (more means better performance and less accurate representation)
noClip	whether to disable polyline clipping
lng1, lat1, lng2, lat2	latitudes and longitudes of the south-west and north-east corners of rectangles
geojson	a GeoJSON list, or character vector of length 1
topojson	a TopoJSON list, or character vector of length 1

**Value**

the new map object

**Functions**

- addControl: Add arbitrary HTML controls to the map
- addTiles: Add a tile layer to the map
- addWMSTiles: Add a WMS tile layer to the map

- addPopups: Add popups to the map
- addMarkers: Add markers to the map
- addLabelOnlyMarkers: Add Label only markers to the map
- addCircleMarkers: Add circle markers to the map
- highlightOptions: Options to highlight a shape on hover
- addCircles: Add circles to the map
- addPolylines: Add polylines to the map
- addRectangles: Add rectangles to the map
- addPolygons: Add polygons to the map
- addGeoJSON: Add GeoJSON layers to the map
- addTopoJSON: Add TopoJSON layers to the map

## References

The Leaflet API documentation: <http://leafletjs.com/reference-1.3.1.html>

## See Also

[tileOptions](#), [WMSTileOptions](#), [popupOptions](#), [markerOptions](#), [pathOptions](#)

---

addGraticule	<i>Add a Graticule on the map see <a href="https://github.com/turban/Leaflet.Graticule">https://github.com/turban/Leaflet.Graticule</a></i>
--------------	---

---

## Description

Add a Graticule on the map see <https://github.com/turban/Leaflet.Graticule>

## Usage

```
addGraticule(map, interval = 20, sphere = FALSE, style = list(color = "#333", weight = 1), layerId = NULL, group = NULL, options = pathOptions(pointerEvents = "none", clickable = FALSE))
```

## Arguments

map	a map widget object
interval	The spacing in map units between horizontal and vertical lines.
sphere	boolean. Default FALSE
style	path options for the generated lines. See <a href="http://leafletjs.com/reference-1.3.1.html#path-option">http://leafletjs.com/reference-1.3.1.html#path-option</a>
layerId	the layer id
group	the name of the group this layer belongs to.
options	the path options for the graticule layer



**Examples**

```
leaf <- leaflet() %>%
  addTiles() %>%
  addGraticule()
leaf
```

---

addLayersControl      *Add UI controls to switch layers on and off*

---

**Description**

Uses Leaflet's built-in **layers control** feature to allow users to choose one of several base layers, and to choose any number of overlay layers to view.

**Usage**

```
addLayersControl(map, baseGroups = character(0),
  overlayGroups = character(0), position = c("topright", "bottomright",
  "bottomleft", "topleft"), options = layersControlOptions(),
  data = getMapData(map))
```

```
layersControlOptions(collapsed = TRUE, autoZIndex = TRUE, ...)
```

```
removeLayersControl(map)
```

**Arguments**

map	the map to add the layers control to
baseGroups	character vector where each element is the name of a group. The user will be able to choose one base group (only) at a time. This is most commonly used for mostly-opaque tile layers.
overlayGroups	character vector where each element is the name of a group. The user can turn each overlay group on or off independently.
position	position of control: "topleft", "topright", "bottomleft", or "bottomright"
options	a list of additional options, intended to be provided by a call to <code>layersControlOptions</code>
data	the data object from which the argument values are derived; by default, it is the data object provided to <code>leaflet()</code> initially, but can be overridden
collapsed	if TRUE (the default), the layers control will be rendered as an icon that expands when hovered over. Set to FALSE to have the layers control always appear in its expanded state.
autoZIndex	if TRUE, the control will automatically maintain the z-order of its various groups as overlays are switched on and off.
...	other options for <code>layersControlOptions()</code>

## Examples

```
leaflet() %>%
  addTiles(group = "OpenStreetMap") %>%
  addProviderTiles("Stamen.Toner", group = "Toner by Stamen") %>%
  addMarkers(runif(20, -75, -74), runif(20, 41, 42), group = "Markers") %>%
  addLayersControl(
    baseGroups = c("OpenStreetMap", "Toner by Stamen"),
    overlayGroups = c("Markers")
  )
```

---

addLegend

*Add a color legend to a map*

---

## Description

When a color palette function is used in a map (e.g. [colorNumeric](#)), a color legend can be automatically derived from the palette function. You can also manually specify the colors and labels for the legend.

## Usage

```
addLegend(map, position = c("topright", "bottomright", "bottomleft",
  "topleft"), pal, values, na.label = "NA", bins = 7, colors,
  opacity = 0.5, labels = NULL, labFormat = labelFormat(), title = NULL,
  className = "info legend", layerId = NULL, group = NULL,
  data = getMapData(map))
```

```
labelFormat(prefix = "", suffix = "", between = " &ndash; ", digits = 3,
  big.mark = ",", transform = identity)
```

## Arguments

map	a map widget object created from <a href="#">leaflet()</a>
position	the position of the legend
pal	the color palette function, generated from <a href="#">colorNumeric()</a> , <a href="#">colorBin()</a> , <a href="#">colorQuantile()</a> , or <a href="#">colorFactor()</a>
values	the values used to generate colors from the palette function
na.label	the legend label for NAs in values
bins	an approximate number of tick-marks on the color gradient for the <a href="#">colorNumeric</a> palette if it is of length one; you can also provide a numeric vector as the pre-defined breaks (equally spaced)
colors	a vector of (HTML) colors to be used in the legend if pal is not provided

opacity	the opacity of colors
labels	a vector of text labels in the legend corresponding to colors
labFormat	a function to format the labels derived from pal and values (see Details below to know what labFormat() returns by default; you can either use the helper function labelFormat(), or write your own function)
title	the legend title
className	extra CSS classes to append to the control, space separated
layerId	the ID of the legend; subsequent calls to addLegend or addControl with the same layerId will replace this legend. The ID can also be used with removeControl.
group	group name of a leaflet layer group. Supplying this value will tie the legend to the leaflet layer group with this name and will auto add/remove the legend as the group is added/removed, for example via layerControl. You will need to set the group when you add a layer (e.g. <a href="#">addPolygons</a> ) and supply the same name here.
data	the data object from which the argument values are derived; by default, it is the data object provided to leaflet() initially, but can be overridden
prefix	a prefix of legend labels
suffix	a suffix of legend labels
between	a separator between $x[i]$ and $x[i + 1]$ in legend labels (by default, it is a dash)
digits	the number of digits of numeric values in labels
big.mark	the thousand separator
transform	a function to transform the label value

## Details

The labFormat argument is a function that takes the argument `type = c("numeric", "bin", "quantile", "factor")`, plus, arguments for different types of color palettes. For the `colorNumeric()` palette, labFormat takes a single argument, which is the breaks of the numeric vector, and returns a character vector of the same length. For `colorBin()`, labFormat also takes a vector of breaks of length  $n$  but should return a character vector of length  $n - 1$ , with the  $i$ -th element representing the interval  $c(x[i], x[i + 1])$ . For `colorQuantile`, labFormat takes two arguments, the quantiles and the associated probabilities (each of length  $n$ ), and should return a character vector of length  $n - 1$  (similar to the `colorBin()` palette). For `colorFactor()`, labFormat takes one argument, the unique values of the factor, and should return a character vector of the same length.

By default, labFormat is basically `format(scientific = FALSE, big.mark = ",")` for the numeric palette, `as.character()` for the factor palette, and a function to return labels of the form `'x[i] - x[i + 1]'` for bin and quantile palettes (in the case of quantile palettes,  $x$  is the probabilities instead of the values of breaks).

## Examples

```
# !formatR
library(leaflet)
# a manual legend
leaflet() %>% addTiles() %>% addLegend(
```

```

    position = "bottomright",
    colors = rgb(t(col2rgb(palette())) / 255),
    labels = palette(), opacity = 1,
    title = "An Obvious Legend"
  )

# an automatic legend derived from the color palette
df <- local({
  n <- 300; x <- rnorm(n); y <- rnorm(n)
  z <- sqrt(x ^ 2 + y ^ 2); z[sample(n, 10)] <- NA
  data.frame(x, y, z)
})
pal <- colorNumeric("OrRd", df$z)
leaflet(df) %>%
  addTiles() %>%
  addCircleMarkers(~x, ~y, color = ~pal(z), group = "circles") %>%
  addLegend(pal = pal, values = ~z, group = "circles", position = "bottomleft") %>%
  addLayersControl(overlayGroups = c("circles"))

# format legend labels
df <- data.frame(x = rnorm(100), y = rexp(100, 2), z = runif(100))
pal <- colorBin("PuOr", df$z, bins = c(0, .1, .4, .9, 1))
leaflet(df) %>%
  addTiles() %>%
  addCircleMarkers(~x, ~y, color = ~pal(z), group = "circles") %>%
  addLegend(pal = pal, values = ~z, group = "circles", position = "bottomleft") %>%
  addLayersControl(overlayGroups = c("circles"))

leaflet(df) %>%
  addTiles() %>%
  addCircleMarkers(~x, ~y, color = ~pal(z), group = "circles") %>%
  addLegend(pal = pal, values = ~z, labFormat = labelFormat(
    prefix = "(", suffix = "%)", between = ", ",
    transform = function(x) 100 * x
  ), group = "circles", position = "bottomleft" ) %>%
  addLayersControl(overlayGroups = c("circles"))

```

---

 addMapPane

*Add additional panes to leaflet map to control layer order*


---

## Description

map panes can be created by supplying a name and a `zIndex` to control layer ordering. We recommend a `zIndex` value between 400 (the default overlay pane) and 500 (the default shadow pane). You can then use this pane to render overlays (points, lines, polygons) by setting the pane argument in `leafletOptions`. This will give you control over the order of the layers, e.g. points always on

top of polygons. If two layers are provided to the same pane, overlay will be determined by order of adding. See examples below. See <http://www.leafletjs.com/reference-1.3.0.html#map-pane> for details.

If the error "Cannot read property 'appendChild' of undefined" occurs, make sure the pane being used for used for display has already been added to the map.

## Usage

```
addMapPane(map, name, zIndex)
```

## Arguments

map	A leaflet or mapview object.
name	The name of the new pane (refer to this in leafletOptions).
zIndex	The zIndex of the pane. Panes with higher index are rendered above panes with lower indices.

## Examples

```
rand_lng <- function(n = 10) rnorm(n, -93.65, .01)
rand_lat <- function(n = 10) rnorm(n, 42.0285, .01)

random_data <- data.frame(
  lng = rand_lng(50),
  lat = rand_lat(50),
  radius = runif(50, 50, 150),
  circleId = paste0("circle #", 1:50),
  lineId = paste0("circle #", 1:50)
)

# display circles (zIndex: 420) above the lines (zIndex: 410), even when added first
leaflet() %>%
  addTiles() %>%
  # move the center to Snedecor Hall
  setView(-93.65, 42.0285, zoom = 14) %>%
  addMapPane("ames_lines", zIndex = 410) %>% # shown below ames_circles
  addMapPane("ames_circles", zIndex = 420) %>% # shown above ames_lines
  # points above polygons
  addCircles(
    data = random_data, ~lng, ~lat, radius = ~radius, popup = ~circleId,
    options = pathOptions(pane = "ames_circles")
  ) %>%
  # lines in 'ames_lines' pane
  addPolylines(
    data = random_data, ~lng, ~lat, color = "#F00", weight = 20,
    options = pathOptions(pane = "ames_lines")
  )

# same example but circles (zIndex: 420) are below the lines (zIndex: 430)
leaflet() %>%
```

```

addTiles() %>%
# move the center to Snedecor Hall
setView(-93.65, 42.0285, zoom = 14) %>%
addMapPane("ames_lines", zIndex = 430) %>% # shown below ames_circles
addMapPane("ames_circles", zIndex = 420) %>% # shown above ames_lines
# points above polygons
addCircles(
  data = random_data, ~lng, ~lat, radius = ~radius, popup = ~circleId,
  options = pathOptions(pane = "ames_circles")
) %>%
# lines in 'ames_lines' pane
addPolylines(
  data = random_data, ~lng, ~lat, color = "#F00", weight = 20,
  options = pathOptions(pane = "ames_lines")
)

```

---

addMeasure

*Add a measure control to the map.*


---

## Description

Add a measure control to the map.

## Usage

```

addMeasure(map, position = "topright", primaryLengthUnit = "feet",
  secondaryLengthUnit = NULL, primaryAreaUnit = "acres",
  secondaryAreaUnit = NULL, activeColor = "#ABE67E",
  completedColor = "#C8F2BE", popupOptions = list(className =
  "leaflet-measure-resultpopup", autoPanPadding = c(10, 10)),
  captureZIndex = 10000, localization = "en", decPoint = ".",
  thousandsSep = ",")

```

## Arguments

map	a map widget object
position	standard <a href="#">Leaflet control position options</a> .
primaryLengthUnit, secondaryLengthUnit	units used to display length results. secondaryLengthUnit is optional. Valid values are "feet", "meters", "miles", and "kilometers".
primaryAreaUnit, secondaryAreaUnit	units used to display area results. secondaryAreaUnit is optional. Valid values are "acres", "hectares", "sqmeters", and "sqmiles".
activeColor	base color to use for map features rendered while actively performing a measurement. Value should be a color represented as a hexadecimal string.
completedColor	base color to use for features generated from a completed measurement. Value should be a color represented as a hexadecimal string.

popupOptions	list of options applied to the popup of the resulting measure feature. Properties may be any <a href="#">standard Leaflet popup options</a> .
captureZIndex	Z-index of the marker used to capture measure clicks. Set this value higher than the z-index of all other map layers to disable click events on other layers while a measurement is active.
localization	Locale to translate displayed text. Available locales include en (default), cn, de, es, fr, it, nl, pt, pt_BR, pt_PT, ru, and tr
decPoint	Decimal point used when displaying measurements. If not specified, values are defined by the localization.
thousandsSep	Thousands separator used when displaying measurements. If not specified, values are defined by the localization.

**Value**

modified map

**Examples**

```
leaf <- leaflet() %>%
  addTiles() %>%
  # central park
  fitBounds( -73.9, 40.75, -73.95, 40.8 ) %>%
  addMeasure()

leaf

# customizing
leaf %>% addMeasure(
  position = "bottomleft",
  primaryLengthUnit = "meters",
  primaryAreaUnit = "sqmeters",
  activeColor = "#3D535D",
  completedColor = "#7D4479",
  localization = "de"
)
```

---

addMiniMap      *Add a minimap to the Map* <https://github.com/Norkart/Leaflet-MiniMap>

---

**Description**

Add a minimap to the Map <https://github.com/Norkart/Leaflet-MiniMap>

**Usage**

```
addMiniMap(map, position = "bottomright", width = 150, height = 150,
  collapsedWidth = 19, collapsedHeight = 19, zoomLevelOffset = -5,
  zoomLevelFixed = FALSE, centerFixed = FALSE, zoomAnimation = FALSE,
  toggleDisplay = FALSE, autoToggleDisplay = FALSE, minimized = FALSE,
  aimingRectOptions = list(color = "#ff7800", weight = 1, clickable = FALSE),
  shadowRectOptions = list(color = "#000000", weight = 1, clickable = FALSE,
  opacity = 0, fillOpacity = 0), strings = list(hideText = "Hide MiniMap",
  showText = "Show MiniMap"), tiles = NULL, mapOptions = list())
```

**Arguments**

map	a map widget object
position	The standard Leaflet.Control position parameter, used like all the other controls. Defaults to "bottomright".
width	The width of the minimap in pixels. Defaults to 150.
height	The height of the minimap in pixels. Defaults to 150.
collapsedWidth	The width of the toggle marker and the minimap when collapsed, in pixels. Defaults to 19.
collapsedHeight	The height of the toggle marker and the minimap when collapsed, in pixels. Defaults to 19.
zoomLevelOffset	The offset applied to the zoom in the minimap compared to the zoom of the main map. Can be positive or negative, defaults to -5.
zoomLevelFixed	Overrides the offset to apply a fixed zoom level to the minimap regardless of the main map zoom. Set it to any valid zoom level, if unset zoomLevelOffset is used instead.
centerFixed	Applies a fixed position to the minimap regardless of the main map's view / position. Prevents panning the minimap, but does allow zooming (both in the minimap and the main map). If the minimap is zoomed, it will always zoom around the centerFixed point. You can pass in a LatLng-equivalent object. Defaults to false.
zoomAnimation	Sets whether the minimap should have an animated zoom. (Will cause it to lag a bit after the movement of the main map.) Defaults to false.
toggleDisplay	Sets whether the minimap should have a button to minimise it. Defaults to false.
autoToggleDisplay	Sets whether the minimap should hide automatically, if the parent map bounds does not fit within the minimap bounds. Especially useful when 'zoomLevelFixed' is set.
minimized	Sets whether the minimap should start in a minimized position.
aimingRectOptions	Sets the style of the aiming rectangle by passing in a Path.Options ( <a href="http://leafletjs.com/reference-1.3.1.html#path-options">http://leafletjs.com/reference-1.3.1.html#path-options</a> ) object. (Clickable will always be overridden and set to false.)



shadowRectOptions	Sets the style of the aiming shadow rectangle by passing in a Path.Options ( <a href="http://leafletjs.com/reference-1.3.1.html#path-option">http://leafletjs.com/reference-1.3.1.html#path-option</a> ) object. (Clickable will always be overridden and set to false.)
strings	Overrides the default strings allowing for translation.
tiles	URL for tiles or one of the pre-defined providers.
mapOptions	Sets Leaflet options for the MiniMap map. It does not override the MiniMap default map options but extends them.

**See Also**

[providers](#)

**Examples**

```
leaf <- leaflet() %>%
  addTiles() %>%
  addMiniMap()
leaf
```

---

addProviderTiles      *Add a tile layer from a known map provider*

---

**Description**

Add a tile layer from a known map provider

**Usage**

```
addProviderTiles(map, provider, layerId = NULL, group = NULL,
  options = providerTileOptions())

providerTileOptions(errorTileUrl = "", noWrap = FALSE, opacity = NULL,
  zIndex = NULL, updateWhenIdle = NULL, detectRetina = FALSE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

map	the map to add the tile layer to
provider	the name of the provider (see <a href="http://leaflet-extras.github.io/leaflet-providers/preview/">http://leaflet-extras.github.io/leaflet-providers/preview/</a> and <a href="https://github.com/leaflet-extras/leaflet-providers">https://github.com/leaflet-extras/leaflet-providers</a> )
layerId	the layer id to assign
group	the name of the group the newly created layers should belong to (for <a href="#">clearGroup</a> and <a href="#">addLayersControl</a> purposes). Human-friendly group names are permitted—they need not be short, identifier-style names.
options	tile options

errorTileUrl, noWrap, opacity, zIndex, updateWhenIdle, detectRetina  
 the tile layer options; see <http://leafletjs.com/reference-1.3.1.html#tilelayer>  
 ... named parameters to add to the options

**Value**

modified map object

**Examples**

```
leaflet() %>%
  addProviderTiles("Stamen.Watercolor") %>%
  addProviderTiles("Stamen.TonerHybrid")
```

---

addRasterImage	<i>Add a raster image as a layer</i>
----------------	--------------------------------------

---

**Description**

Create an image overlay from a RasterLayer object. *This is only suitable for small to medium sized rasters*, as the entire image will be embedded into the HTML page (or passed over the websocket in a Shiny context).

**Usage**

```
addRasterImage(map, x, colors = if (raster::is.factor(x)) "Set1" else
  "Spectral", opacity = 1, attribution = NULL, layerId = NULL,
  group = NULL, project = TRUE, method = c("auto", "bilinear", "ngb"),
  maxBytes = 4 * 1024 * 1024, data = getMapData(map))

projectRasterForLeaflet(x, method)
```

**Arguments**

map	a map widget object
x	a RasterLayer object—see <a href="#">raster</a>
colors	the color palette (see <a href="#">colorNumeric</a> ) or function to use to color the raster values (hint: if providing a function, set na.color to "#00000000" to make NA areas transparent)
opacity	the base opacity of the raster, expressed from 0 to 1
attribution	the HTML string to show as the attribution for this layer
layerId	the layer id
group	the name of the group this raster image should belong to (see the same parameter under <a href="#">addTiles</a> )

project	if TRUE, automatically project <code>x</code> to the map projection expected by Leaflet (EPSG:3857); if FALSE, it's the caller's responsibility to ensure that <code>x</code> is already projected, and that <code>extent(x)</code> is expressed in WGS84 latitude/longitude coordinates
method	the method used for computing values of the new, projected raster image. "bilinear" (the default) is appropriate for continuous data, "ngb" - nearest neighbor - is appropriate for categorical data. Ignored if <code>project = FALSE</code> . See <a href="#">projectRaster</a> for details.
maxBytes	the maximum number of bytes to allow for the projected image (before base64 encoding); defaults to 4MB.
data	the data object from which the argument values are derived; by default, it is the data object provided to <code>leaflet()</code> initially, but can be overridden

### Details

The `maxBytes` parameter serves to prevent you from accidentally embedding an excessively large amount of data into your `htmlwidget`. This value is compared to the size of the final compressed image (after the raster has been projected, colored, and PNG encoded, but before base64 encoding is applied). Set `maxBytes` to `Inf` to disable this check, but be aware that very large rasters may not only make your map a large download but also may cause the browser to become slow or unresponsive.

By default, the `addRasterImage` function will project the `RasterLayer` `x` to EPSG:3857 using the raster package's [projectRaster](#) function. This can be a time-consuming operation for even moderately sized rasters. Upgrading the raster package to 2.4 or later will provide a large speedup versus previous versions. If you are repeatedly adding a particular raster to your Leaflet maps, you can perform the projection ahead of time using `projectRasterForLeaflet()`, and call `addRasterImage` with `project = FALSE`.

### Examples

```
library(raster)

r <- raster(xmn = -2.8, xmx = -2.79, ymn = 54.04, ymx = 54.05, nrows = 30, ncols = 30)
values(r) <- matrix(1:900, nrow(r), ncol(r), byrow = TRUE)
crs(r) <- CRS("+init=epsg:4326")

if (requireNamespace("rgdal")) {
  leaflet() %>% addTiles() %>%
    addRasterImage(r, colors = "Spectral", opacity = 0.8)
}
```

---

addScaleBar

*Add or remove a scale bar*

---

### Description

Uses Leaflet's built-in [scale bar](#) feature to add a scale bar.

**Usage**

```
addScaleBar(map, position = c("topright", "bottomright", "bottomleft",
  "topleft"), options = scaleBarOptions())

scaleBarOptions(maxWidth = 100, metric = TRUE, imperial = TRUE,
  updateWhenIdle = TRUE)

removeScaleBar(map)
```

**Arguments**

map	the map to add the scale bar to
position	position of control: "topleft", "topright", "bottomleft", or "bottomright"
options	a list of additional options, intended to be provided by a call to scaleBarOptions
maxWidth	maximum width of the control in pixels (default 100)
metric	if TRUE (the default), show a scale bar in metric units (m/km)
imperial	if TRUE (the default), show a scale bar in imperial units (ft/mi)
updateWhenIdle	if FALSE (the default), the scale bar is always up-to-date (updated on move). If TRUE, the control is updated on moveend.

**Examples**

```
leaflet() %>%
  addTiles() %>%
  addScaleBar()
```

---

addSimpleGraticule     *Add a simple Graticule on the map see <https://github.com/ablakey/Leaflet.SimpleGraticule>*

---

**Description**

Add a simple Graticule on the map see <https://github.com/ablakey/Leaflet.SimpleGraticule>

**Usage**

```
addSimpleGraticule(map, interval = 20, showOriginLabel = TRUE,
  redraw = "move", hidden = FALSE, zoomIntervals = list(),
  layerId = NULL, group = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

map	a map widget object
interval	The spacing in map units between horizontal and vertical lines.
showOriginLabel	true Whether or not to show '(0,0)' at the origin.
redraw	on which map event to redraw the graticule. On move is default but moveend can be smoother.
hidden	hide on start
zoomIntervals	use different intervals in different zoom levels. If not specified, all zoom levels use value in interval option.
layerId	the layer id
group	the name of the group this layer belongs to.

**Examples**

```
leaflet() %>%
  addTiles() %>%
  addSimpleGraticule()
```

---

addTerminator	<i>Add a daylight layer on top of the map</i>
---------------	---

---

**Description**

See <https://github.com/joergdietrich/Leaflet.Terminator>

**Usage**

```
addTerminator(map, resolution = 2, time = NULL, layerId = NULL,
  group = NULL, options = pathOptions(pointerEvents = "none", clickable =
  FALSE))
```

**Arguments**

map	a map widget object
resolution	the step size at which the terminator points are computed. The step size is 1 degree/resolution, i.e. higher resolution values have smaller step sizes and more points in the polygon. The default value is 2.
time	Time
layerId	the layer id
group	the name of the group this layer belongs to.
options	the path options for the daynight layer

**Examples**

```
leaf <- leaflet() %>%
  addTiles() %>%
  addTerminator()
leaf
```

---

atlStorms2005	<i>Atlantic Ocean storms 2005</i>
---------------	-----------------------------------

---

**Description**

Atlantic Ocean storms 2005

**Format**

sp::SpatialLinesDataFrame

**Details**

This dataset contains storm tracks for selected storms in the Atlantic Ocean basin for the year 2005

---

awesomeIconList	<i>Make awesome-icon set</i>
-----------------	------------------------------

---

**Description**

Make awesome-icon set

**Usage**

```
awesomeIconList(...)
```

**Arguments**

... icons created from [makeAwesomeIcon\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
iconSet <- awesomeIconList(
  home = makeAwesomeIcon(icon = "Home", library = "fa"),
  flag = makeAwesomeIcon(icon = "Flag", library = "fa")
)

iconSet[c("home", "flag")]
```

---

awesomeIcons	Create a list of awesome icon data see <a href="https://github.com/lvoogdt/Leaflet.awesome-markers">https://github.com/lvoogdt/Leaflet.awesome-markers</a>
--------------	--

---

## Description

An icon can be represented as a list of the form `list(icon, library, ...)`. This function is vectorized over its arguments to create a list of icon data. Shorter argument values will be re-cycled. NULL values for these arguments will be ignored.

## Usage

```
awesomeIcons(icon = "home", library = "glyphicon", markerColor = "blue",
  iconColor = "white", spin = FALSE, extraClasses = NULL,
  squareMarker = FALSE, iconRotate = 0, fontFamily = "monospace",
  text = NULL)
```

## Arguments

icon	Name of the icon
library	Which icon library. Default "glyphicon", other possible values are "fa" (fontawesome) or "ion" (ionicons).
markerColor	Possible values are "red", "darkred", "lightred", "orange", "beige", "green", "darkgreen", "lightgreen", "blue", "darkblue", "lightblue", "purple", "darkpurple", "pink", "cadetblue", "white", "gray", "lightgray", "black"
iconColor	The color to use for the icon itself. Use any CSS-valid color (hex, rgba, etc.) or a named web color.
spin	If TRUE, make the icon spin (only works when library = "fa")
extraClasses	Additional css classes to include on the icon.
squareMarker	Whether to use a square marker.
iconRotate	Rotate the icon by a given angle.
fontFamily	Used when text option is specified.
text	Use this text string instead of an icon. argument of <code>addAwesomeMarkers()</code> .

## Value

A list of awesome-icon data that can be passed to the `icon`

---

 breweries91

*Selected breweries in Franconia*


---

**Description**

Selected breweries in Franconia (zip code starting with 91...)

**Format**

sp::SpatialPointsDataFrame

**Details**

This dataset contains selected breweries in Franconia. It is a subset of a larger database that was compiled by students at the University of Marburg for a seminar called "The Geography of Beer, sustainability in the food industry"

---

 colorNumeric

*Color mapping*


---

**Description**

Conveniently maps data values (numeric or factor/character) to colors according to a given palette, which can be provided in a variety of formats.

**Usage**

```
colorNumeric(palette, domain, na.color = "#808080", alpha = FALSE,
  reverse = FALSE)
```

```
colorBin(palette, domain, bins = 7, pretty = TRUE, na.color = "#808080",
  alpha = FALSE, reverse = FALSE, right = FALSE)
```

```
colorQuantile(palette, domain, n = 4, probs = seq(0, 1, length.out = n + 1),
  na.color = "#808080", alpha = FALSE, reverse = FALSE, right = FALSE)
```

```
colorFactor(palette, domain, levels = NULL, ordered = FALSE,
  na.color = "#808080", alpha = FALSE, reverse = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

palette      The colors or color function that values will be mapped to



domain	The possible values that can be mapped. For colorNumeric and colorBin, this can be a simple numeric range (e.g. <code>c(0, 100)</code> ); colorQuantile needs representative numeric data; and colorFactor needs categorical data. If NULL, then whenever the resulting color function is called, the x value will represent the domain. This implies that if the function is invoked multiple times, the encoding between values and colors may not be consistent; if consistency is needed, you must provide a non-NULL domain.
na.color	The color to return for NA values. Note that <code>na.color = NA</code> is valid.
alpha	Whether alpha channels should be respected or ignored. If TRUE then colors without explicit alpha information will be treated as fully opaque.
reverse	Whether the colors (or color function) in palette should be used in reverse order. For example, if the default order of a palette goes from blue to green, then <code>reverse = TRUE</code> will result in the colors going from green to blue.
bins	Either a numeric vector of two or more unique cut points or a single number (greater than or equal to 2) giving the number of intervals into which the domain values are to be cut.
pretty	Whether to use the function <code>pretty()</code> to generate the bins when the argument bins is a single number. When <code>pretty = TRUE</code> , the actual number of bins may not be the number of bins you specified. When <code>pretty = FALSE</code> , <code>seq()</code> is used to generate the bins and the breaks may not be "pretty".
right	parameter supplied to cut. See Details
n	Number of equal-size quantiles desired. For more precise control, use the <code>probs</code> argument instead.
probs	See <code>quantile</code> . If provided, the <code>n</code> argument is ignored.
levels	An alternate way of specifying levels; if specified, domain is ignored
ordered	If TRUE and domain needs to be coerced to a factor, treat it as already in the correct order

## Details

colorNumeric is a simple linear mapping from continuous numeric data to an interpolated palette.

colorBin also maps continuous numeric data, but performs binning based on value (see the `cut` function). colorBin defaults for the `cut` function are `include.lowest = TRUE` and `right = FALSE`.

colorQuantile similarly bins numeric data, but via the `quantile` function.

colorFactor maps factors to colors. If the palette is discrete and has a different number of colors than the number of factors, interpolation is used.

The palette argument can be any of the following:

1. A character vector of RGB or named colors. Examples: `palette()`, `c("#000000", "#0000FF", "#FFFFFF")`, `topo.colors(10)`
2. The name of an RColorBrewer palette, e.g. "BuPu" or "Greens".
3. The full name of a viridis palette: "viridis", "magma", "inferno", or "plasma".
4. A function that receives a single value between 0 and 1 and returns a color. Examples: `colorRamp(c("#000000", "#FFFFFF"), interpolate = "spline")`.

**Value**

A function that takes a single parameter `x`; when called with a vector of numbers (except for `colorFactor`, which expects factors/characters), `#RRGGBB` color strings are returned (unless `alpha = TRUE` in which case `#RRGGBBAA` may also be possible).

**Examples**

```
pal <- colorBin("Greens", domain = 0:100)
pal(runif(10, 60, 100))

# Exponential distribution, mapped continuously
previewColors(colorNumeric("Blues", domain = NULL), sort(rexp(16)))
# Exponential distribution, mapped by interval
previewColors(colorBin("Blues", domain = NULL, bins = 4), sort(rexp(16)))
# Exponential distribution, mapped by quantile
previewColors(colorQuantile("Blues", domain = NULL), sort(rexp(16)))

# Categorical data; by default, the values being colored span the gamut...
previewColors(colorFactor("RdYlBu", domain = NULL), LETTERS[1:5])
# ...unless the data is a factor, without droplevels...
previewColors(colorFactor("RdYlBu", domain = NULL), factor(LETTERS[1:5], levels = LETTERS))
# ...or the domain is stated explicitly.
previewColors(colorFactor("RdYlBu", levels = LETTERS), LETTERS[1:5])
```

---

createLeafletMap      *Legacy functions*

---

**Description**

These functions are provided for backwards compatibility with the first iteration of the leaflet bindings (<https://github.com/jcheng5/leaflet-shiny>).

**Usage**

```
createLeafletMap(session, outputId)

leafletMap(outputId, width, height,
  initialTileLayer = "http://{s}.tile.openstreetmap.org/{z}/{x}/{y}.png",
  initialTileLayerAttribution = NULL, options = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

```
session, outputId
      Deprecated
width, height, initialTileLayer, initialTileLayerAttribution, options
      Deprecated
```

---

derivePoints	<i>Given a data object and lng/lat arguments (which may be NULL [meaning infer from data], formula [which should be evaluated with respect to the data], or vector data [which should be used as-is]) return a lng/lat data frame.</i>
--------------	--

---

### Description

Given a data object and lng/lat arguments (which may be NULL [meaning infer from data], formula [which should be evaluated with respect to the data], or vector data [which should be used as-is]) return a lng/lat data frame.

### Usage

```
derivePoints(data, lng = NULL, lat = NULL, missingLng = missing(lng),
             missingLat = missing(lat), funcName = "f")
```

### Arguments

data	map data
lng	longitude
lat	latitude
missingLng	whether lng is missing
missingLat	whether lat is missing
funcName	Name of calling function (for logging)

---

derivePolygons	<i>Given a data object and lng/lat arguments (which may be NULL [meaning infer from data], formula [which should be evaluated with respect to the data], or vector data [which should be used as-is]) return a spatial object</i>
----------------	---

---

### Description

Given a data object and lng/lat arguments (which may be NULL [meaning infer from data], formula [which should be evaluated with respect to the data], or vector data [which should be used as-is]) return a spatial object

### Usage

```
derivePolygons(data, lng = NULL, lat = NULL, missingLng = missing(lng),
               missingLat = missing(lat), funcName = "f")
```

**Arguments**

data	map data
lng	longitude
lat	latitude
missingLng	whether lng is missing
missingLat	whether lat is missing
funcName	Name of calling function (for logging)

---

 dispatch

*Extension points for plugins*


---

**Description**

Extension points for plugins

**Usage**

```
dispatch(map, funcName, leaflet = stop(paste(funcName,
  "requires a map proxy object")), leaflet_proxy = stop(paste(funcName,
  "does not support map proxy objects"))
```

```
invokeMethod(map, data, method, ...)
```

**Arguments**

map	a map object, as returned from <a href="#">leaflet</a> or <a href="#">leafletProxy</a>
funcName	the name of the function that the user called that caused this dispatch call; for error message purposes
leaflet	an action to be performed if the map is from <a href="#">leaflet</a>
leaflet_proxy	an action to be performed if the map is from <a href="#">leafletProxy</a>
data	a data object that will be used when evaluating formulas in ...
method	the name of the JavaScript method to invoke
...	unnamed arguments to be passed to the JavaScript method

**Value**

dispatch returns the value of leaflet or leaflet\_proxy, or an error. invokeMethod returns the map object that was passed in, possibly modified.

---

easyButtonState	<i>Create an easyButton statestate</i>
-----------------	--

---

## Description

Create an easyButton statestate

Creates an easy button.

Add a EasyButton on the map see <https://github.com/CliffCloud/Leaflet.EasyButton>

Add a easyButton bar on the map see <https://github.com/CliffCloud/Leaflet.EasyButton>

## Usage

```
easyButtonState(stateName, icon, title, onClick)
```

```
easyButton(icon = NULL, title = NULL, onClick = NULL,  
           position = "topleft", id = NULL, states = NULL)
```

```
addEasyButton(map, button)
```

```
addEasyButtonBar(map, ..., position = "topleft", id = NULL)
```

## Arguments

stateName	a unique name for the state
icon	the button icon
title	text to show on hover
onClick	the action to take
position	topleft topright bottomleft bottomright
id	id for the button
states	the states
map	a map widget object
button	the button object created with <a href="#">easyButton</a>
...	a list of buttons created with <a href="#">easyButton</a>

## Functions

- `easyButtonState`: state of an `easyButton`.
- `addEasyButton`: add an `EasyButton` to the map
- `addEasyButtonBar`: add an `EasyButton` to the map

**See Also**[easyButton](#)<https://github.com/CliffCloud/Leaflet.EasyButton>[addEasyButton](#)**Examples**

```
leaf <- leaflet() %>%
  addTiles() %>%
  addEasyButton(easyButton(
    icon = htmltools::span(class = "star", htmltools::HTML("&starf;")),
    onClick = JS("function(btn, map){ map.setZoom(1);}"))
leaf
```

```
leaf <- leaflet() %>%
  addTiles() %>%
  addEasyButtonBar(
    easyButton(
      icon = htmltools::span(class = "star", htmltools::HTML("&starf;")),
      onClick = JS("function(btn, map){ alert(\"Button 1\");}")),
    easyButton(
      icon = htmltools::span(class = "star", htmltools::HTML("&target;")),
      onClick = JS("function(btn, map){ alert(\"Button 2\");}"))
leaf
```

---

 evalFormula

*Evaluate list members that are formulae, using the map data as the environment (if provided, otherwise the formula environment)*

---

**Description**

Evaluate list members that are formulae, using the map data as the environment (if provided, otherwise the formula environment)

**Usage**

```
evalFormula(list, data)
```

**Arguments**

list	with members as formulae
data	map data

---

expandLimits	<i>Notifies the map of new latitude/longitude of items of interest on the map</i>
--------------	---

---

**Description**

Notifies the map of new latitude/longitude of items of interest on the map

**Usage**

```
expandLimits(map, lat, lng)
```

**Arguments**

map	map object
lat	vector of latitudes
lng	vector of longitudes

---

expandLimitsBbox	<i>Same as expandLimits, but takes a polygon (that presumably has a bbox attr) rather than lat/lng.</i>
------------------	---

---

**Description**

Same as expandLimits, but takes a polygon (that presumably has a bbox attr) rather than lat/lng.

**Usage**

```
expandLimitsBbox(map, poly)
```

**Arguments**

map	map object
poly	A spatial object representing a polygon.

---

filterNULL	<i>remove NULL elements from a list</i>
------------	---

---

**Description**

remove NULL elements from a list

**Usage**

```
filterNULL(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    A list whose NULL elements will be filtered

---

gadmCHE	<i>Administrative borders of Switzerland (level 1)</i>
---------	--

---

**Description**

Administrative borders of Switzerland (level 1)

**Format**

```
sp::SpatialPolygonsDataFrame
```

**Details**

This dataset comes from <http://gadm.org>. It was downloaded using [getData](#).

**Source**

<http://gadm.org>



---

getMapData	<i>returns the map's data</i>
------------	-------------------------------

---

**Description**

returns the map's data

**Usage**

```
getMapData(map)
```

**Arguments**

map	the map
-----	---------

---

groupOptions	<i>Set options on layer groups</i>
--------------	------------------------------------

---

**Description**

Change options on layer groups. Currently the only option is to control what zoom levels a layer group will be displayed at. The `zoomLevels` option is not compatible with [layers control](#); do not both assign a group to zoom levels and use it with `addLayersControl`.

**Usage**

```
groupOptions(map, group, zoomLevels = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

map	the map to modify
group	character vector of one or more group names to set options on
zoomLevels	numeric vector of zoom levels at which group(s) should be visible, or TRUE to display at all zoom levels

**Examples**

```
pal <- colorQuantile("YlOrRd", quakes$mag)

leaflet() %>%
  # Basic markers
  addTiles(group = "basic") %>%
  addMarkers(data = quakes, group = "basic") %>%
  # When zoomed in, we'll show circles at the base of each marker whose
  # radius and color reflect the magnitude
  addProviderTiles(providers$Stamen.TonerLite, group = "detail") %>%
```

```
addCircleMarkers(data = quakes, group = "detail", fillOpacity = 0.5,
  radius = ~mag * 5, color = ~pal(mag), stroke = FALSE) %>%
# Set the detail group to only appear when zoomed in
groupOptions("detail", zoomLevels = 7:18)
```

---

 iconList

*Make icon set*


---

### Description

Make icon set

### Usage

```
iconList(...)
```

### Arguments

... icons created from [makeIcon\(\)](#)

### Examples

```
iconSet <- iconList(
  red = makeIcon("leaf-red.png", iconWidth = 32, iconHeight = 32),
  green = makeIcon("leaf-green.png", iconWidth = 32, iconHeight = 32)
)

iconSet[c("red", "green", "red")]
```

---

 icons

*Create a list of icon data*


---

### Description

An icon can be represented as a list of the form `list(iconUrl, iconSize, ...)`. This function is vectorized over its arguments to create a list of icon data. Shorter argument values will be re-cycled. NULL values for these arguments will be ignored.

### Usage

```
icons(iconUrl = NULL, iconRetinaUrl = NULL, iconWidth = NULL,
  iconHeight = NULL, iconAnchorX = NULL, iconAnchorY = NULL,
  shadowUrl = NULL, shadowRetinaUrl = NULL, shadowWidth = NULL,
  shadowHeight = NULL, shadowAnchorX = NULL, shadowAnchorY = NULL,
  popupAnchorX = NULL, popupAnchorY = NULL, className = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

`iconUrl` the URL or file path to the icon image  
`iconRetinaUrl` the URL or file path to a retina sized version of the icon image  
`iconWidth, iconHeight` size of the icon image in pixels  
`iconAnchorX, iconAnchorY` the coordinates of the "tip" of the icon (relative to its top left corner, i.e. the top left corner means `iconAnchorX = 0` and `iconAnchorY = 0`), and the icon will be aligned so that this point is at the marker's geographical location  
`shadowUrl` the URL or file path to the icon shadow image  
`shadowRetinaUrl` the URL or file path to the retina sized version of the icon shadow image  
`shadowWidth, shadowHeight` size of the shadow image in pixels  
`shadowAnchorX, shadowAnchorY` the coordinates of the "tip" of the shadow  
`popupAnchorX, popupAnchorY` the coordinates of the point from which popups will "open", relative to the icon anchor  
`className` a custom class name to assign to both icon and shadow images

**Value**

A list of icon data that can be passed to the `icon` argument of `addMarkers()`.

**Examples**

```

library(leaflet)

# adapted from http://leafletjs.com/examples/custom-icons.html

iconData <- data.frame(
  lat = c(rnorm(10, 0), rnorm(10, 1), rnorm(10, 2)),
  lng = c(rnorm(10, 0), rnorm(10, 3), rnorm(10, 6)),
  group = rep(sort(c("green", "red", "orange")), each = 10),
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE
)

leaflet() %>% addMarkers(
  data = iconData,
  icon = ~ icons(
    iconUrl = sprintf("http://leafletjs.com/examples/custom-icons/leaf-%s.png", group),
    shadowUrl = "http://leafletjs.com/examples/custom-icons/leaf-shadow.png",
    iconWidth = 38, iconHeight = 95, shadowWidth = 50, shadowHeight = 64,
    iconAnchorX = 22, iconAnchorY = 94, shadowAnchorX = 4, shadowAnchorY = 62,
    popupAnchorX = -3, popupAnchorY = -76
  )
)

```

```

# use point symbols from base R graphics as icons
pchIcons <- function(pch = 0:14, width = 30, height = 30, ...) {
  n <- length(pch)
  files <- character(n)
  # create a sequence of png images
  for (i in seq_len(n)) {
    f <- tempfile(fileext = ".png")
    png(f, width = width, height = height, bg = "transparent")
    par(mar = c(0, 0, 0, 0))
    plot.new()
    points(.5, .5, pch = pch[i], cex = min(width, height) / 8, ...)
    dev.off()
    files[i] <- f
  }
  files
}

iconData <- matrix(rnorm(500), ncol = 2)
res <- kmeans(iconData, 10)
iconData <- cbind(iconData, res$cluster)
colnames(iconData) <- c("lat", "lng", "group")
iconData <- as.data.frame(iconData)

# 10 random point shapes for the 10 clusters in iconData
shapes <- sample(0:14, 10)
iconFiles <- pchIcons(shapes, 40, 40, col = "steelblue", lwd = 2)

# note the data has 250 rows, and there are 10 icons in iconFiles; they are
# connected by the `group` variable: the i-th row of iconData uses the
# group[i]-th icon in the icon list
leaflet() %>% addMarkers(
  data = iconData,
  icon = ~ icons(
    iconUrl = iconFiles[group],
    popupAnchorX = 20, popupAnchorY = 0
  ),
  popup = ~ sprintf(
    "lat = %.4f, long = %.4f, group = %s, pch = %s", lat, lng, group, shapes[group]
  )
)

unlink(iconFiles) # clean up the tmp png files that have been embedded

```

## Description

This function creates a Leaflet map widget using **htmlwidgets**. The widget can be rendered on HTML pages generated from R Markdown, Shiny, or other applications.

Options for Map creation

creates a custom CRS Refer to <https://kartena.github.io/Proj4Leaflet/api/> for details.

## Usage

```
leaflet(data = NULL, width = NULL, height = NULL, padding = 0,
  options = leafletOptions(), elementId = NULL,
  sizingPolicy = leafletSizingPolicy(padding = padding))
```

```
leafletOptions(minZoom = NULL, maxZoom = NULL, crs = leafletCRS(),
  worldCopyJump = NULL, preferCanvas = NULL, ...)
```

```
leafletCRS(crsClass = "L.CRS.EPSG3857", code = NULL, proj4def = NULL,
  projectedBounds = NULL, origin = NULL, transformation = NULL,
  scales = NULL, resolutions = NULL, bounds = NULL, tileSize = NULL)
```

## Arguments

data	a data object. Currently supported objects are matrices, data frames, spatial objects from the <b>sp</b> package (SpatialPoints, SpatialPointsDataFrame, Polygon, Polygons, SpatialPolygons, SpatialPolygonsDataFrame, Line, Lines, SpatialLines, and SpatialLinesDataFrame), and spatial data frames from the <b>sf</b> package.
width	the width of the map
height	the height of the map
padding	the padding of the map
options	the map options
elementId	Use an explicit element ID for the widget (rather than an automatically generated one).
sizingPolicy	htmlwidgets sizing policy object. Defaults to <code>leafletSizingPolicy()</code>
minZoom	Minimum zoom level of the map. Overrides any minZoom set on map layers.
maxZoom	Maximum zoom level of the map. This overrides any maxZoom set on map layers.
crs	Coordinate Reference System to use. Don't change this if you're not sure what it means.
worldCopyJump	With this option enabled, the map tracks when you pan to another "copy" of the world and seamlessly jumps to the original one so that all overlays like markers and vector layers are still visible.
preferCanvas	Whether leaflet.js Paths should be rendered on a Canvas renderer.
...	other options used for leaflet.js map creation.
crsClass	One of L.CRS.EPSG3857, L.CRS.EPSG4326, L.CRS.EPSG3395, L.CRS.Simple, L.Proj.CRS

code	CRS identifier
proj4def	Proj4 string
projectedBounds	DEPRECATED! Use the bounds argument.
origin	Origin in projected coordinates, if set overrides transformation option.
transformation	to use when transforming projected coordinates into pixel coordinates
scales	Scale factors (pixels per projection unit, for example pixels/meter) for zoom levels; specify either scales or resolutions, not both
resolutions	factors (projection units per pixel, for example meters/pixel) for zoom levels; specify either scales or resolutions, not both
bounds	Bounds of the CRS, in projected coordinates; if defined, Proj4Leaflet will use this in the getSize method, otherwise defaulting to Leaflet's default CRS size
tileSize	DEPRECATED! Specify the tileSize in the <code>tileOptions()</code> argument.

### Details

The data argument is only needed if you are going to reference variables in this object later in map layers. For example, data can be a data frame containing columns `latitude` and `longitude`, then we may add a circle layer to the map by `leaflet(data) %>% addCircles(lat = ~latitude, lng = ~longitude)`, where the variables in the formulae will be evaluated in the data.

### Value

A HTML widget object, on which we can add graphics layers using `%>%` (see examples).

### Functions

- `leafletOptions`: Options for map creation
- `leafletCRS`: class to create a custom CRS

### See Also

[leafletCRS](#) for creating a custom CRS.

See <http://leafletjs.com/reference-1.3.1.html#map-option> for details and more options.

### Examples

```
# !formatR
library(leaflet)
m <- leaflet() %>% addTiles()
m # a map with the default OSM tile layer

# set bounds
m %>% fitBounds(0, 40, 10, 50)

# move the center to Snedecor Hall
```

```

m <- m %>% setView(-93.65, 42.0285, zoom = 17)
m

# popup
m %>% addPopups(-93.65, 42.0285, "Here is the <b>Department of Statistics</b>, ISU")
rand_lng <- function(n = 10) rnorm(n, -93.65, .01)
rand_lat <- function(n = 10) rnorm(n, 42.0285, .01)

# use automatic bounds derived from lng/lat data
m <- m %>% clearBounds()

# popup
m %>% addPopups(rand_lng(), rand_lat(), "Random popups")

# marker
m %>% addMarkers(rand_lng(), rand_lat())
m %>% addMarkers(
  rand_lng(), rand_lat(), popup = paste("A random letter", sample(LETTERS, 10))
)

Rlogo <- file.path(R.home("doc"), "html", "logo.jpg")
m %>% addMarkers(
  174.7690922, -36.8523071, icon = list(
    iconUrl = Rlogo, iconSize = c(100, 76)
  ), popup = "R was born here!"
)

m %>% addMarkers(rnorm(30, 175), rnorm(30, -37), icon = list(
  iconUrl = Rlogo, iconSize = c(25, 19)
))

m %>% addMarkers(
  c(-71.0382679, -122.1217866), c(42.3489054, 47.6763144), icon = list(
    iconUrl = "http://www.rstudio.com/wp-content/uploads/2014/03/blue-125.png"
  ), popup = c("RStudio @ Boston", "RStudio @ Seattle")
)

# circle (units in metres)
m %>% addCircles(rand_lng(50), rand_lat(50), radius = runif(50, 50, 150))

# circle marker (units in pixels)
m %>% addCircleMarkers(rand_lng(50), rand_lat(50), color = "#ff0000")
m %>% addCircleMarkers(rand_lng(100), rand_lat(100), radius = runif(100, 5, 15))

# rectangle
m %>% addRectangles(
  rand_lng(), rand_lat(), rand_lng(), rand_lat(),
  color = "red", fill = FALSE, dashArray = "5,5", weight = 3
)

# polyline
m %>% addPolylines(rand_lng(50), rand_lat(50))

```

```
# polygon
m %>% addPolygons(rand_lng(), rand_lat(), layerId = "foo")

# geoJSON
seattle_geojson <- list(
  type = "Feature",
  geometry = list(
    type = "MultiPolygon",
    coordinates = list(list(list(
      c(-122.36075812146, 47.6759920119894),
      c(-122.360781646764, 47.6668890126755),
      c(-122.360782108665, 47.6614990696722),
      c(-122.366199035722, 47.6614990696722),
      c(-122.366199035722, 47.6592874248973),
      c(-122.364582509469, 47.6576254522105),
      c(-122.363887331445, 47.6569107302038),
      c(-122.360865528129, 47.6538418253251),
      c(-122.360866157644, 47.6535254473167),
      c(-122.360866581103, 47.6533126275176),
      c(-122.362526540691, 47.6541872926348),
      c(-122.364442114483, 47.6551892850798),
      c(-122.366077719797, 47.6560733960606),
      c(-122.368818463838, 47.6579742346694),
      c(-122.370115159943, 47.6588730808334),
      c(-122.372295967029, 47.6604350102328),
      c(-122.37381369088, 47.660582362063),
      c(-122.375522972109, 47.6606413027949),
      c(-122.376079703095, 47.6608793094619),
      c(-122.376206315662, 47.6609242364243),
      c(-122.377610811371, 47.6606160735197),
      c(-122.379857378879, 47.6610306942278),
      c(-122.382454873022, 47.6627496239169),
      c(-122.385357955057, 47.6638573778241),
      c(-122.386007328104, 47.6640865692306),
      c(-122.387186331506, 47.6654326177161),
      c(-122.387802656231, 47.6661492860294),
      c(-122.388108244121, 47.6664548739202),
      c(-122.389177800763, 47.6663784774359),
      c(-122.390582858689, 47.6665072251861),
      c(-122.390793942299, 47.6659699214511),
      c(-122.391507906234, 47.6659200946229),
      c(-122.392883050767, 47.6664166747017),
      c(-122.392847210144, 47.6678696739431),
      c(-122.392904778401, 47.6709016021624),
      c(-122.39296705153, 47.6732047491624),
      c(-122.393000803496, 47.6759322346303),
      c(-122.37666945305, 47.6759896300663),
      c(-122.376486363943, 47.6759891899754),
      c(-122.366078869215, 47.6759641734893),
      c(-122.36075812146, 47.6759920119894)
    )))
),
```



```

properties = list(
  name = "Ballard",
  population = 48000,
  # You can inline styles if you want
  style = list(
    fillColor = "yellow",
    weight = 2,
    color = "#000000"
  )
),
id = "ballard"
)
m %>% setView(-122.36075812146, 47.6759920119894, zoom = 13) %>% addGeoJSON(seattle_geojson)

# use the Dark Matter layer from CartoDB
leaflet() %>% addTiles("http://{s}.basemaps.cartocdn.com/dark_all/{z}/{x}/{y}.png",
  attribution = paste(
    "&copy; <a href='\"http://openstreetmap.org\"'>OpenStreetMap</a> contributors",
    "&copy; <a href='\"http://cartodb.com/attributions\"'>CartoDB</a>"
  )
) %>% setView(-122.36, 47.67, zoom = 10)

# provide a data frame to leaflet()
categories <- LETTERS[1:10]
df <- data.frame(
  lat = rand_lat(100), lng = rand_lng(100), size = runif(100, 5, 20),
  category = factor(sample(categories, 100, replace = TRUE), levels = categories),
  value = rnorm(100)
)
m <- leaflet(df) %>% addTiles()
m %>% addCircleMarkers(~lng, ~lat, radius = ~size)
m %>% addCircleMarkers(~lng, ~lat, radius = runif(100, 4, 10), color = c("red"))

# Discrete colors using the "RdYlBu" colorbrewer palette, mapped to categories
RdYlBu <- colorFactor("RdYlBu", domain = categories)
m %>% addCircleMarkers(~lng, ~lat, radius = ~size,
  color = ~RdYlBu(category), fillOpacity = 0.5)

# Continuous colors using the "Greens" colorbrewer palette, mapped to value
greens <- colorNumeric("Greens", domain = NULL)
m %>% addCircleMarkers(~lng, ~lat, radius = ~size,
  color = ~greens(value), fillOpacity = 0.5)

```

**Description**

These objects are imported from other packages. Follow the links to their documentation.

**htmlwidgets** [JS](#)

**magrittr** [%>%](#)

---

leafletDependencies    *Various leaflet dependency functions for use in downstream packages*

---

**Description**

Various leaflet dependency functions for use in downstream packages

**Usage**

```
leafletDependencies
```

**Format**

An object of class `list` of length 13.

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
addBootstrap <- function(map) {
  map$dependencies <- c(map$dependencies, leafletDependencies$bootstrap())
  map
}

## End(Not run)
```

---

leafletOutput    *Wrapper functions for using **leaflet** in **shiny***

---

**Description**

Use `leafletOutput()` to create a UI element, and `renderLeaflet()` to render the map widget.

**Usage**

```
leafletOutput(outputId, width = "100%", height = 400)
```

```
renderLeaflet(expr, env = parent.frame(), quoted = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

outputId	output variable to read from
width, height	the width and height of the map (see <a href="#">shinyWidgetOutput</a> )
expr	An expression that generates an HTML widget
env	The environment in which to evaluate expr.
quoted	Is expr a quoted expression (with <code>quote()</code> )? This is useful if you want to save an expression in a variable.

**Examples**

```
# !formatR
library(shiny)
app <- shinyApp(
  ui = fluidPage(leafletOutput('myMap')),
  server = function(input, output) {
    map = leaflet() %>% addTiles() %>% setView(-93.65, 42.0285, zoom = 17)
    output$myMap = renderLeaflet(map)
  }
)

if (interactive()) app
```

---

leafletProxy

*Send commands to a Leaflet instance in a Shiny app*


---

**Description**

Creates a map-like object that can be used to customize and control a map that has already been rendered. For use in Shiny apps and Shiny docs only.

**Usage**

```
leafletProxy(mapId, session = shiny::getDefaultReactiveDomain(),
  data = NULL, deferUntilFlush = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

mapId	single-element character vector indicating the output ID of the map to modify (if invoked from a Shiny module, the namespace will be added automatically)
session	the Shiny session object to which the map belongs; usually the default value will suffice
data	a data object; see Details under the <a href="#">leaflet</a> help topic
deferUntilFlush	indicates whether actions performed against this instance should be carried out right away, or whether they should be held until after the next time all of the outputs are updated; defaults to TRUE

## Details

Normally, you create a Leaflet map using the `leaflet` function. This creates an in-memory representation of a map that you can customize using functions like `addPolygons` and `setView`. Such a map can be printed at the R console, included in an R Markdown document, or rendered as a Shiny output.

In the case of Shiny, you may want to further customize a map, even after it is rendered to an output. At this point, the in-memory representation of the map is long gone, and the user's web browser has already realized the Leaflet map instance.

This is where `leafletProxy` comes in. It returns an object that can stand in for the usual Leaflet map object. The usual map functions like `addPolygons` and `setView` can be called, and instead of customizing an in-memory representation, these commands will execute on the live Leaflet map instance.

## Examples

```
library(shiny)

ui <- fluidPage(
  leafletOutput("map1")
)

map <- leaflet() %>% addCircleMarkers(
  lng = runif(10),
  lat = runif(10),
  layerId = paste0("marker", 1:10))
server <- function(input, output, session) {
  output$map1 <- renderLeaflet(map)

  observeEvent(input$map1_marker_click, {
    leafletProxy("map1", session) %>%
      removeMarker(input$map1_marker_click$id)
  })
}

app <- shinyApp(ui, server)
if (interactive()) app
```

---

leafletSizingPolicy    *Leaflet sizing policy*

---

## Description

Sizing policy used withing leaflet htmlwidgets. All arguments are passed directly to `htmlwidgets::sizingPolicy`

## Usage

```
leafletSizingPolicy(defaultWidth = "100%", defaultHeight = 400,
  padding = 0, browser.fill = TRUE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

defaultWidth	defaults to "100%" of the available width
defaultHeight	defaults to 400px tall
padding	defaults to 0px
browser.fill	defaults to TRUE
...	all other arguments supplied to <code>htmlwidgets::sizingPolicy</code>

**Value**

An `htmlwidgets::sizingPolicy` object

---

makeAwesomeIcon	<i>Make Awesome Icon</i>
-----------------	--------------------------

---

**Description**

Make Awesome Icon

**Usage**

```
makeAwesomeIcon(icon = "home", library = "glyphicon",
  markerColor = "blue", iconColor = "white", spin = FALSE,
  extraClasses = NULL, squareMarker = FALSE, iconRotate = 0,
  fontFamily = "monospace", text = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

icon	Name of the icon
library	Which icon library. Default "glyphicon", other possible values are "fa" (fontawesome) or "ion" (ionicons).
markerColor	Possible values are "red", "darkred", "lightred", "orange", "beige", "green", "darkgreen", "lightgreen", "blue", "darkblue", "lightblue", "purple", "darkpurple", "pink", "cadetblue", "white", "gray", "lightgray", "black"
iconColor	The color to use for the icon itself. Use any CSS-valid color (hex, rgba, etc.) or a named web color.
spin	If TRUE, make the icon spin (only works when library = "fa")
extraClasses	Additional css classes to include on the icon.
squareMarker	Whether to use a square marker.
iconRotate	Rotate the icon by a given angle.
fontFamily	Used when text option is specified.
text	Use this text string instead of an icon. argument of <a href="#">addAwesomeMarkers()</a> .

---

 makeIcon

*Define icon sets*


---

**Description**

Define icon sets

**Usage**

```
makeIcon(iconUrl = NULL, iconRetinaUrl = NULL, iconWidth = NULL,
         iconHeight = NULL, iconAnchorX = NULL, iconAnchorY = NULL,
         shadowUrl = NULL, shadowRetinaUrl = NULL, shadowWidth = NULL,
         shadowHeight = NULL, shadowAnchorX = NULL, shadowAnchorY = NULL,
         popupAnchorX = NULL, popupAnchorY = NULL, className = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

iconUrl	the URL or file path to the icon image
iconRetinaUrl	the URL or file path to a retina sized version of the icon image
iconWidth	size of the icon image in pixels
iconHeight	size of the icon image in pixels
iconAnchorX	the coordinates of the "tip" of the icon (relative to its top left corner, i.e. the top left corner means iconAnchorX = 0 and iconAnchorY = 0), and the icon will be aligned so that this point is at the marker's geographical location
iconAnchorY	the coordinates of the "tip" of the icon (relative to its top left corner, i.e. the top left corner means iconAnchorX = 0 and iconAnchorY = 0), and the icon will be aligned so that this point is at the marker's geographical location
shadowUrl	the URL or file path to the icon shadow image
shadowRetinaUrl	the URL or file path to the retina sized version of the icon shadow image
shadowWidth	size of the shadow image in pixels
shadowHeight	size of the shadow image in pixels
shadowAnchorX	the coordinates of the "tip" of the shadow
shadowAnchorY	the coordinates of the "tip" of the shadow
popupAnchorX	the coordinates of the point from which popups will "open", relative to the icon anchor
popupAnchorY	the coordinates of the point from which popups will "open", relative to the icon anchor
className	a custom class name to assign to both icon and shadow images

---

mapOptions	<i>Set options on a leaflet map object</i>
------------	--

---

**Description**

Set options on a leaflet map object

**Usage**

```
mapOptions(map, zoomToLimits = c("always", "first", "never"))
```

**Arguments**

map	A map widget object created from <a href="#">leaflet()</a>
zoomToLimits	Controls whether the map is zooms to the limits of the elements on the map. This is useful for interactive applications where the map data is updated. If "always" (the default), the map always re-zooms when new data is received; if "first", it zooms to the elements on the first rendering, but does not re-zoom for subsequent data; if "never", it never re-zooms, not even for the first rendering.

**Examples**

```
# Don't auto-zoom to the objects (can be useful in interactive applications)
leaflet() %>%
  addTiles() %>%
  addPopups(174.7690922, -36.8523071, "R was born here!") %>%
  mapOptions(zoomToLimits = "first")
```

---

previewColors	<i>Color previewing utility</i>
---------------	---------------------------------

---

**Description**

Color previewing utility

**Usage**

```
previewColors(pal, values)
```

**Arguments**

pal	A color mapping function, like those returned from <a href="#">colorNumeric</a> , et al
values	A set of values to preview colors for

**Value**

An HTML-based list of the colors and values

---

providers

*Providers*

---

**Description**

List of all providers with their variations

**Usage**

providers

**Format**

A list of characters

**Source**

<https://github.com/leaflet-extras/leaflet-providers/blob/master/leaflet-providers.js>

---

providers.details

*Providers Details*

---

**Description**

List of all providers with their variations and additional info

**Usage**

providers.details

**Format**

A list of lists (JSON)

**Source**

<https://github.com/leaflet-extras/leaflet-providers/blob/master/leaflet-providers.js>



---

removeControl	<i>Remove elements from a map</i>
---------------	-----------------------------------

---

**Description**

Remove one or more features from a map, identified by layerId; or, clear all features of the given type or group.

**Usage**

```
removeControl(map, layerId)
clearControls(map)
clearGroup(map, group)
removeImage(map, layerId)
clearImages(map)
removeTiles(map, layerId)
clearTiles(map)
removePopup(map, layerId)
clearPopups(map)
removeMarker(map, layerId)
clearMarkers(map)
removeMarkerCluster(map, layerId)
clearMarkerClusters(map)
removeMarkerFromCluster(map, layerId, clusterId)
removeShape(map, layerId)
clearShapes(map)
removeGeoJSON(map, layerId)
clearGeoJSON(map)
removeMeasure(map)
```

```
removeTopoJSON(map, layerId)
```

```
clearTopoJSON(map)
```

### Arguments

map	a map widget object, possibly created from <code>leaflet()</code> but more likely from <code>leafletProxy()</code>
layerId	character vector; the layer id(s) of the item to remove
group	the name of the group whose members should be removed
clusterId	the id of the marker cluster layer

### Value

the new map object

### Note

When used with a `leaflet()` map object, these functions don't actually remove the features from the map object, but simply add an operation that will cause those features to be removed after they are added. In other words, if you add a polygon "foo" and the call `removeShape("foo")`, it's not smart enough to prevent the polygon from being added in the first place; instead, when the map is rendered, the polygon will be added and then removed.

For that reason, these functions aren't that useful with `leaflet` map objects and are really intended to be used with `leafletProxy` instead.

WMS tile layers are extensions of tile layers, so they can also be removed or cleared via `removeTiles()` or `clearTiles()`.

---

setView

*Methods to manipulate the map widget*

---

### Description

A series of methods to manipulate the map.

### Usage

```
setView(map, lng, lat, zoom, options = list())
```

```
flyTo(map, lng, lat, zoom, options = list())
```

```
fitBounds(map, lng1, lat1, lng2, lat2, options = list())
```

```
flyToBounds(map, lng1, lat1, lng2, lat2, options = list())
```

```
setMaxBounds(map, lng1, lat1, lng2, lat2)
```

```
clearBounds(map)
```

### Arguments

map	a map widget object created from <code>leaflet()</code>
lng	The longitude of the map center
lat	The latitude of the map center
zoom	the zoom level
options	a list of zoom/pan options (see <a href="http://leafletjs.com/reference-1.3.1.html#zoom/pan-options">http://leafletjs.com/reference-1.3.1.html#zoom/pan-options</a> )
lng1, lat1, lng2, lat2	the coordinates of the map bounds

### Value

The modified map widget.

### Functions

- `setView`: Set the view of the map (center and zoom level)
- `flyTo`: Flys to a given location/zoom-level using smooth pan-zoom.
- `fitBounds`: Set the bounds of a map
- `flyToBounds`: Flys to given bound using smooth pan/zoom.
- `setMaxBounds`: Restricts the map view to the given bounds
- `clearBounds`: Clear the bounds of a map, and the bounds will be automatically determined from latitudes and longitudes of the map elements if available (otherwise the full world view is used)

### References

<http://leafletjs.com/reference-1.3.1.html#map-methods-for-modifying-map-state>

### Examples

```
m <- leaflet() %>% addTiles() %>% setView(-71.0382679, 42.3489054, zoom = 18)
m # the RStudio 'headquarter'
m %>% fitBounds(-72, 40, -70, 43)
m %>% clearBounds() # world view
```

---

showGroup	<i>Show or hide layer groups</i>
-----------	----------------------------------

---

**Description**

Hide groups of layers without removing them from the map entirely. Groups are created using the group parameter that is included on most layer adding functions.

**Usage**

```
showGroup(map, group)
```

```
hideGroup(map, group)
```

**Arguments**

map	the map to modify
group	character vector of one or more group names to show or hide

**See Also**

[addLayersControl](#) to allow users to show/hide layer groups interactively

---

tileOptions	<i>Extra options for map elements and layers</i>
-------------	--

---

**Description**

The rest of all possible options for map elements and layers that are not listed in the layer functions.

**Usage**

```
tileOptions(minZoom = 0, maxZoom = 18, maxNativeZoom = NULL,
  tileSize = 256, subdomains = "abc", errorTileUrl = "", tms = FALSE,
  noWrap = FALSE, zoomOffset = 0, zoomReverse = FALSE, opacity = 1,
  zIndex = 1, unloadInvisibleTiles = NULL, updateWhenIdle = NULL,
  detectRetina = FALSE, ...)
```

```
WMSTileOptions(styles = "", format = "image/jpeg", transparent = FALSE,
  version = "1.1.1", crs = NULL, ...)
```

```
popupOptions(maxWidth = 300, minWidth = 50, maxHeight = NULL,
  autoPan = TRUE, keepInView = FALSE, closeButton = TRUE,
  zoomAnimation = NULL, closeOnClick = NULL, className = "", ...)
```

```

labelOptions(interactive = FALSE, clickable = NULL, noHide = NULL,
  permanent = FALSE, className = "", direction = "auto", offset = c(0,
  0), opacity = 1, textsize = "10px", textOnly = FALSE, style = NULL,
  zoomAnimation = NULL, sticky = TRUE, ...)

markerOptions(interactive = TRUE, clickable = NULL, draggable = FALSE,
  keyboard = TRUE, title = "", alt = "", zIndexOffset = 0,
  opacity = 1, riseOnHover = FALSE, riseOffset = 250, ...)

markerClusterOptions(showCoverageOnHover = TRUE, zoomToBoundsOnClick = TRUE,
  spiderfyOnMaxZoom = TRUE, removeOutsideVisibleBounds = TRUE,
  spiderLegPolylineOptions = list(weight = 1.5, color = "#222", opacity =
  0.5), freezeAtZoom = FALSE, ...)

pathOptions(lineCap = NULL, lineJoin = NULL, clickable = NULL,
  interactive = TRUE, pointerEvents = NULL, className = "", ...)

```

### Arguments

minZoom, maxZoom, maxNativeZoom, tileSize, subdomains, errorTileUrl, tms, noWrap, zoomOffset, zoomR	the tile layer options; see <a href="http://leafletjs.com/reference-1.3.1.html#tilelayer">http://leafletjs.com/reference-1.3.1.html#tilelayer</a>
opacity	Tooltip container opacity. Ranges from 0 to 1. Default value is 1 (different from leaflet.js 0.9); see <a href="http://leafletjs.com/reference-1.3.1.html#tooltip-opacity">http://leafletjs.com/reference-1.3.1.html#tooltip-opacity</a>
...	extra options passed to underlying Javascript object constructor.
styles	comma-separated list of WMS styles
format	WMS image format (use "image/png" for layers with transparency)
transparent	if TRUE, the WMS service will return images with transparency
version	version of the WMS service to use
crs	Coordinate Reference System to use for the WMS requests, defaults.
maxWidth, minWidth, maxHeight, autoPan, keepInView, closeButton, closeOnClick	popup options; see <a href="http://leafletjs.com/reference-1.3.1.html#popup-option">http://leafletjs.com/reference-1.3.1.html#popup-option</a>
zoomAnimation	deprecated. See <a href="https://github.com/Leaflet/Leaflet/blob/master/CHANGELOG.md#api-changes-5">https://github.com/Leaflet/Leaflet/blob/master/CHANGELOG.md#api-changes-5</a>
className	a CSS class name set on an element
interactive	whether the element emits mouse events
clickable	DEPRECATED! Use the interactive option.
noHide, direction, offset, permanent	label options; see <a href="http://leafletjs.com/reference-1.3.1.html#tooltip-option">http://leafletjs.com/reference-1.3.1.html#tooltip-option</a>
textsize	Change the text size of a single tooltip
textOnly	Display only the text, no regular surrounding box.
style	list of css style to be added to the tooltip
sticky	If true, the tooltip will follow the mouse instead of being fixed at the feature center. Default value is TRUE (different from leaflet.js FALSE); see <a href="http://leafletjs.com/reference-1.3.1.html#tooltip-sticky">http://leafletjs.com/reference-1.3.1.html#tooltip-sticky</a>

draggable, keyboard, title, alt, zIndexOffset, riseOnHover, riseOffset	marker options; see <a href="http://leafletjs.com/reference-1.3.1.html#marker-option">http://leafletjs.com/reference-1.3.1.html#marker-option</a>
showCoverageOnHover	when you mouse over a cluster it shows the bounds of its markers
zoomToBoundsOnClick	when you click a cluster we zoom to its bounds
spiderfyOnMaxZoom	when you click a cluster at the bottom zoom level we spiderfy it so you can see all of its markers
removeOutsideVisibleBounds	clusters and markers too far from the viewport are removed from the map for performance
spiderLegPolylineOptions	Allows you to specify PolylineOptions ( <a href="http://leafletjs.com/reference-1.3.1.html#polyline-option">http://leafletjs.com/reference-1.3.1.html#polyline-option</a> ) to style spider legs. By default, they are weight: 1.5, color: "#222", opacity: 0.5
freezeAtZoom	Allows you to freeze cluster expansion to a zoom level. Can be a zoom level e.g. 10, 12 or "max" or "maxKeepSpiderify" See <a href="https://github.com/ghybs/Leaflet.MarkerCluster.Freezable#api-reference">https://github.com/ghybs/Leaflet.MarkerCluster.Freezable#api-reference</a>
lineCap	a string that defines <b>shape to be used at the end</b> of the stroke
lineJoin	a string that defines <b>shape to be used at the corners</b> of the stroke
pointerEvents	sets the pointer-events attribute on the path if SVG backend is used

## Functions

- tileOptions: Options for tile layers
- WMSTileOptions: Options for WMS tile layers
- popupOptions: Options for popups
- labelOptions: Options for labels
- markerOptions: Options for markers
- markerClusterOptions: Options for marker clusters
- pathOptions: Options for vector layers (polylines, polygons, rectangles, and circles, etc)

## See Also

[leafletCRS](#) to map CRS (don't change this if you're not sure what it means)

---

validateCoords	<i>Utility function to check if a coordinates is valid</i>
----------------	--

---

**Description**

Utility function to check if a coordinates is valid

**Usage**

```
validateCoords(lng, lat, funcName, warn = TRUE, mode = c("point",  
  "polygon"))
```

**Arguments**

lng	vector with longitude values
lat	vector with latitude values
funcName	Name of calling function
warn	A boolean. Whether to generate a warning message if there are rows with missing/invalid data
mode	if "point" then warn about any NA lng/lat values; if "polygon" then NA values are expected to be used as polygon delimiters

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