Package ‘leidenbase’

December 1, 2023

Type Package

Title R and C/C++ Wrappers to Run the Leiden find_partition() Function

Version 0.1.27

Description An R to C/C++ interface that runs the Leiden community detection algorithm to find a basic partition (). It runs the equivalent of the 'leidenalg' find_partition() function, which is given in the 'leidenalg' distribution file 'leiden/src/functions.py'. This package includes the required source code files from the official 'leidenalg' distribution and functions from the R 'igraph' package. The 'leidenalg' distribution is available from <https://github.com/vtraag/leidenalg/> and the R 'igraph' package is available from <https://igraph.org/r/>.

The Leiden algorithm is described in the article by Traag et al. (2019) <doi:10.1038/s41598-019-41695-z>.

Leidenbase includes code from the packages:

- igraph version 0.9.8 with license GPL (>= 2),
- leidenalg version 0.8.10 with license GPL 3.

Imports igraph (>= 0.9.0)

License GPL-3

Encoding UTF-8

RoxygenNote 7.2.3

Depends R (>= 3.5.0)

Suggests rmarkdown, knitr, testthat (>= 3.1.0)

URL https://github.com/cole-trapnell-lab/leidenbase

BugReports https://github.com/cole-trapnell-lab/leidenbase/issues

NeedsCompilation yes

Maintainer Brent Ewing <bge@uw.edu>

VignetteBuilder knitr
**leiden_find_partition**

**Description**

R to C wrapper that runs the basic Leiden community detection algorithm, which is similar to the `find_partition()` function in the python Leidenalg distribution.

**Usage**

```r
leiden_find_partition(
  igraph,
  partition_type = c("CPMVertexPartition", "ModularityVertexPartition",
                     "RBConfigurationVertexPartition", "RBERVertexPartition",
                     "SignificanceVertexPartition", "SurpriseVertexPartition"),
  initial_membership = NULL,
  edge_weights = NULL,
  node_sizes = NULL,
  seed = NULL,
  resolution_parameter = 0.1,
  num_iter = 2,
  verbose = FALSE
)
```

**Arguments**

- **igraph** R igraph graph.
- **partition_type** String partition type name. Default is CPMVertexParition.
- **initial_membership** Numeric vector of initial membership assignments of nodes. These are 1-based indices. Default is one community per node.
leiden_find_partition

edge_weights  Numeric vector of edge weights. Default is 1.0 for all edges.
node_sizes  Numeric vector of node sizes. Default is 1 for all nodes.
seed  Numeric random number generator seed. The seed value must be either NULL for random seed values or greater than 0 for a fixed seed value. Default is NULL.
resolution_parameter  Numeric resolution parameter. The value must be greater than 0.0. Default is 0.1. The resolution_parameter is ignored for the partition_types ModularityVertexPartition, SignificanceVertexPartition, and SurpriseVertexPartition.
num_iter  Numeric number of iterations. Default is 2.
verbose  A logic flag to determine whether or not we should print run diagnostics.

Details

The Leiden algorithm is described in From Louvain to Leiden: guaranteeing well-connected communities. V. A. Traag and L. Waltman and N. J. van Eck Scientific Reports, 9(1) (2019) DOI: 10.1038/s41598-019-41695-z.

Significance is described in Significant Scales in Community Structure V. A. Traag, G. Krings, and P. Van Dooren Scientific Reports, 3(1) (2013) DOI: 10.1038/srep02930

Notes excerpted from leidenalg/src/VertexPartition.py

• CPMVertexPartition  Implements Constant Potts Model. This quality function uses a linear resolution parameter and is well-defined for both positive and negative edge weights.
• ModularityVertexPartition  Implements modularity. This quality function is well-defined only for positive edge weights.
• RBConfigurationVertexPartition  Implements Reichardt and Bornholdt’s Potts model with a configuration null model. This quality function uses a linear resolution parameter and is well-defined only for positive edge weights.
• RBERVertexPartition  Implements Reichardt and Bornholdt’s Potts model with an Erdos-Renyi null model. This quality function uses a linear resolution parameter and is well-defined only for positive edge weights.
• SignificanceVertexPartition  Implements Significance. This quality function is well-defined only for unweighted graphs.
• SurpriseVertexPartition  Implements (asymptotic) Surprise. This quality function is well-defined only for positive edge weights.

Value

A named list consisting of a numeric vector of the node community memberships (1-based indices), a numeric quality value, a numeric modularity, a numeric significance, a numeric vector of edge weights within each community, a numeric vector of edge weights from each community, a numeric vector of edge weights to each community, and total edge weight in the graph.
leiden_find_partition

References

Significant Scales in Community Structure V. A. Traag, G. Krings, and P. Van Dooren Scientific Reports, 3(1) (2013) DOI: 10.1038/srep02930

Examples
library(igraph)
opath <- system.file(', 'igraph_n1500_edgelist.txt.gz', package = ', 'leidenbase' )
zfp <- gzfile(opath)
igraph <- read_graph( file = zfp, format='edgelist', n=1500 )
res <- leiden_find_partition(igraph=igraph,
        partition_type='CPMVertexPartition',
        resolution_parameter=1e-5)
Index

leiden_find_partition, 2