Description

Sparklines are small plots (about one line of text high), made popular by Edward Tufte. This package is the interface from R to the LaTeX package sparklines by Andreas Loeffer and Dan Luecking (<http://www.ctan.org/pkg/sparklines>). It can work with Sweave or knitr or other engines that produce TeX. The package can be used to plot vectors, matrices, data frames, time series (in ts or zoo format).

Details

The DESCRIPTION file:

---

Package: ltxsparklines
Type: Package
Title: Lightweight Sparklines for a LaTeX Document
Version: 1.1.2
Authors@R: c(person("Boris", "Veytsman", role = c("aut", "cre"), email = "borisv@lk.net"))
Date: 2017-01-05
Description: Sparklines are small plots (about one line of text high), made popular by Edward Tufte. This package is the interface from R to the LaTeX package sparklines by Andreas Loeffer and Dan Luecking (<http://www.ctan.org/pkg/sparklines>). It can work with Sweave or knitr or other engines that produce TeX. The package can be used to plot vectors, matrices, data frames, time series (in ts or zoo format).
Suggests: zoo
License: GPL-2 | GPL-3
URL: https://github.com/borisveytsman/ltxsparklines
Author: Boris Veytsman [aut, cre]
Maintainer: Boris Veytsman <borisv@lk.net>
---

Index of help topics:

- ltxsparklines-package  Lightweight Sparklines for a LaTeX Document
- sparkline  Create a Sparkline

Further information is available in the following vignettes:

- ltxsparklines  sparklines (source, pdf)

There are several packages that produce sparklines in R: SparkTable by Alexander Kowarik, Bernhard Meindl, Matthias Templ (https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=sparkTable), sparklines by Bart (https://github.com/Bart6114/sparklines). However, they either provide HTML-only output, or require Java libraries. This is a lightweight and easy to use package for LaTeX users.

The package provides one function, sparkline, which outputs LaTeX code compatible with LaTeX

Package options and setup

Do not forget to add \usepackage{sparklines} to the preamble of your TeX document.

There are two sets of options for sparklines in LaTeX: those which are set from TeX, and those which are set from R. The TeX options should be set with \renewcommand, \definecolor or \setlength, for example,

\begin{verbatim}
% The height of the sparklines in ex units
\renewcommand\sparklineheight{1.75}
% The line width
\setlength\sparklinethickness{0.4pt}
% The color of the sparkline
\definecolor{sparklinecolor}{named}{blue}
% The color of the sparkline rectangle when present
\definecolor{sparkrectanglecolor}{gray}{0.8}
% The dot width
\setlength\sparkdotwidth{2pt}
% The color of the spikes
\definecolor{sparkspikecolor}{named}{red}
% The color of the bottom line when present
\definecolor{bottomlinecolor}{gray}{0.2}
% The thickness of the bottom line
\setlength\sparkbottomlinethickness{0.2pt}
% The clipping separation (need sparklines v1.7 or later)
\setlength\sparklineclipsep{2pt}
\end{verbatim}

See the documentation for the LaTeX sparklines package.

Most options set from R define the defaults for \sparkline command. They can be overriden by the corresponding argument of \sparkline, for example, \sparkline(. \ldots, width=20).

\texttt{ltxsparklines.width} The width of the sparkline (10).
\texttt{ltxsparklines.clip} Whether to clip the sparklines in the drawing region (\texttt{FALSE}). You need LaTeX \texttt{sparklines} package at least v1.7 for \texttt{clip=TRUE}.
\texttt{ltxsparklines.na.rm} Whether to delete NA lines from the sparkline data (\texttt{TRUE}).
\texttt{ltxsparklines.bottomline} Whether to add the bottom line (\texttt{FALSE}). You need LaTeX \texttt{sparklines} package at least v1.6 to draw bottom line.
\texttt{ltxsparklines.bottomlinex} The dimensions of the extended bottom line (by default \texttt{c(NA, NA)}, which means no extended bottom line). You need LaTeX \texttt{sparklines} package at least v1.7 to draw extended bottom line.
\texttt{ltxsparklines.startdotcolor} The color of the dot at the start of the sparkline. If NA (the default), do not draw the dot.
\texttt{ltxsparklines.enddotcolor} The color of the dot at the end of the sparkline. If NA (the default), do not draw the dot.
\texttt{ltxsparklines.dotcolor} The color of dots in the sparkline (\texttt{blue}).
\texttt{ltxsparklines.output} The output format (\texttt{knitr}).
Author(s)

Boris Veytsman
Maintainer: <borisv@lk.net>

References


See Also

sparkline vignette(ltxsparklines)

Examples

## Not run:
sparkline(x=c(1,3,6),
y=c(5,8,9),
startdotcolor='blue',
enddotcolor='red')

## End(Not run)

## Not run:
sparkline(Nile)

## End(Not run)

sparkline Create a Sparkline

Description

The function creates a TeX expression for a sparkline from the data supplied.

Usage

sparkline(x = NULL, y = NULL, xspikes = NULL, yspikes = NULL, xdots = NULL, ydots = NULL, dotcolor = NULL, width =getOption("ltxsparklines.width"),
rectangle = c(NA, NA),
xlim = c(NA, NA), ylim = c(NA, NA),
clip =getOption("ltxsparklines.clip"),
na.rm =getOption("ltxsparklines.na.rm"),
bottomline =getOption("ltxsparklines.bottomline"),
bottomlinelength = NA,
bottomlinex =getOption("ltxsparklines.bottomlinex"),
startdotcolor =getOption("ltxsparklines.startdotcolor"),
enddotcolor =getOption("ltxsparklines.enddotcolor"),
output =getOption("ltxsparklines.output"))
Arguments

x
The data for sparkline. If both x and y are present, they must be vectors of the same length, and interpreted as x and y coordinates for a sparkline. If only x or y is present, then the result depends on its class:

- If it is a matrix or data frame, then its first column is assumed to be the x coordinate, and its second column is assumed to be the y coordinate.
- If it is a time series (either ts or zoo), then it is assumed to be the y coordinate, and time(x) is assumed to be the x coordinate.
- Otherwise it is assumed to be the y coordinate, and the sequence 1:length(x) is assumed to be x coordinate.

y
See x.

xspikes
The data for spikes: small bar chart similar to sparklines. If both xspikes and yspikes are present, they are x and y coordinates for spike. If only one is present, it is interpreted as x above.

yspikes
See xspikes above.

xdots
The data for dots: small dot chart similar to sparklines. If both xdots and ydots are present, they are x and y coordinates for dots. If only one is present, it is interpreted as x above with one addition: if xdots is a data frame, and has three or more columns, and dotcolor is not set, the third column is interpreted as the dot color.

ydots
See ydots above

doncolor
The color of dots as a LaTeX color. A vector like c(‘red’, ‘blue’, ‘green’). If it is larger than the number of dots, it will be truncated. If it is shorted than the number of dots, it will be recycled.

If it is not set, and data do not provide it, option(‘ltxsparklines.defaultdotcolor’) is used.

width
The width of the sparline in ex of the current font. By default 10. To change the default, use option(ltxsparklines.width=...).

rectangle
A vector c(min, max) for the bottom and top of the background rectangle (for example, to show IQR of the data). If NA, no rectangle is drawn.

xlim
A vector c(min, max) of the x range of the data mapped to the c(0,1) interval. If any of its components is NA, the default, the actual range is used.

ylim
A vector c(min, max) of the y range of the data mapped to the c(0,1) interval. If any of its components is NA, the default, the actual range is used.

clip
Whether to clip the sparkline to the drawing region. The default is not clipping. To change the default, use option(ltxsparklines.clip=TRUE). You need LaTeX package at least v1.7 for clipping.

na.rm
Whether to delete NA lines from the spark data. If TRUE (the default), the sparkline is drawn over the gaps in the data. Otherwise gaps in the data lead to gaps in the line, so it is presented as a number of chunks. Note that continuous chunks of data must have at least two data points to be drawn.

This parameter does not affect spikes or dots.
Whether to draw a bottom line. By default, \texttt{FALSE}. To change the default, use \texttt{option(ltxsparklines.bottomline=\ldots)}. You need \LaTeX{} package at least v1.6 for bottom lines.

\textit{bottomlinelength}  
The length of bottom line. If \texttt{NA} (the default), the bottom line extends to the end of the spark rectangle.

\textit{bottomlinex} 
The dimensions of the extended bottom line. If \texttt{c(NA, NA)} (the default), the extended bottom line is not drawn. You need \LaTeX{} package at least v1.7 for extended bottom lines.

\textit{startdotcolor} 
The color of the dot at the beginning of the spark line. If \texttt{NA} (the default), no dot is drawn. To change the default, use \texttt{option(ltxsparklines.startdotcolor=\ldots)}.

\textit{enddotcolor} 
The color of the dot at the end of the spark line. If \texttt{NA} (the default), no dot is drawn. To change the default, use \texttt{option(ltxsparklines.enddotcolor=\ldots)}.

\textit{output} 
The format of the output. \Sweave{} uses special processing for inline (\texttt{Sexpr}) code. Thus you need to set \texttt{output} to \texttt{inlinesweave} if you use \Sweave{} and \texttt{Sexpr}. If you use \texttt{knitr} or a \Sweave{} chunk, set \texttt{output} to \texttt{knitr}. This is the default, to change it, use \texttt{option(ltxsparklines.output='inlinesweave')}. See Details below.

\textbf{Details}

Most of the parameters of the sparkline are defined by the \TeX{} code. Thus all color values must be understandable to \LaTeX{}. For example, you can put in the \TeX{} file

\begin{verbatim}
definecolor{startdot}{named}{red}
\end{verbatim}

and then use it like \texttt{sparkline(Nile, startdotcolor="startdot").

You should use \LaTeX{} command to change sparkline parameters, for example,

\begin{verbatim}
\setlength\sparklinethickness{0.3pt}
\end{verbatim}

The output of \texttt{sparkline} is also a \TeX{} command, so you want to put it inside \texttt{Sexpr} or a code chunk. Note that \Sweave{} use special processing for \texttt{Sexpr}, so you need to set \texttt{output="inlinesweave"} for inline \Sweave{} output. Use \texttt{output="knitr"} for \texttt{knitr} (both inline and chunks) and \Sweave{} chunks.

The parameters \texttt{xlim} and \texttt{ylim} define the mapping between the data and the sparkline rectangle. If there are data points outside the rectangle, they may overplot the text. You may set \texttt{clip} to \texttt{TRUE} to prevent this.

\textbf{Value}

The function returns a string executable by \TeX{}, to be used in \texttt{Sexpr}, for example \texttt{\texttt{Nile level changed over the years: \sexpr{sparkline(nile)}}}.

Do not forget to add \texttt{\usepackage{sparklines}} to the preamble of your \TeX{} document.

\textbf{Author(s)}

Boris Veytsman
**sparkline**

**See Also**

`ltxsparklines-package`, `vignette{ltxsparklines}`

**Examples**

```r
## Not run:
sparkline(x=c(1,3,6),
          y=c(5,8,9),
          startdotcolor="blue",
          enddotcolor="red")

## End(Not run)
## Not run:
sparkline(Nile)

## End(Not run)
```
Index

*Topic **hplot**
  sparkline, 4

*Topic **package**
  ltxsparklines-package, 2

ltxsparklines (ltxsparklines-package), 2
ltxsparklines-package, 2

sparkline, 2, 4, 4