

Package ‘mitools’

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Title Tools for multiple imputation of missing data

Version 2.3

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Description Tools to perform analyses and combine results from multiple-imputation datasets.

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Suggests RODBC, DBI, foreign

License GPL-2

Repository CRAN

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imputationList	<i>Constructor for imputationList objects</i>
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Description

Create and update imputationList objects to be used as input to other MI routines.

Usage

```

imputationList(datasets,...)
## Default S3 method:
imputationList(datasets,...)
## S3 method for class 'character'
imputationList(datasets,dbtype,dbname,...)
## S3 method for class 'imputationList'
update(object,...)
## S3 method for class 'imputationList'
rbind(...)
## S3 method for class 'imputationList'
cbind(...)

```

Arguments

datasets	a list of data frames corresponding to the multiple imputations, or a list of names of database tables or views
dbtype	"ODBC" or a database driver name for <code>DBI::dbDriver()</code>
dbname	Name of the database
object	An object of class <code>imputationList</code>
...	Arguments <code>tag=expr</code> to update will create new variables <code>tag</code> by evaluating <code>expr</code> in each imputed dataset. Arguments to <code>imputationList()</code> are passed to the database driver

Details

When the arguments to `imputationList()` are character strings a database-based imputation list is created. This can be a database accessed through ODBC with the RODBC package or a database with a DBI-compatible driver. The `dbname` and `...` arguments are passed to `dbConnect()` or `odbcConnect()` to create a database connection. Data are read from the database as needed.

For a database-backed object the `update()` method creates variable definitions that are evaluated as the data are read, so that read-only access to the database is sufficient.

Value

An object of class `imputationList` or `DBimputationList`

Examples

```

## Not run:
## CRAN doesn't like this example
data.dir <- system.file("dta",package="mitools")
files.men <- list.files(data.dir,pattern="m\\.\\dta$",full=TRUE)
men <- imputationList(lapply(files.men, foreign::read.dta))
files.women <- list.files(data.dir,pattern="f\\.\\dta$",full=TRUE)
women <- imputationList(lapply(files.women, foreign::read.dta))
men <- update(men, sex=1)
women <- update(women,sex=0)

```

```

all <- rbind(men,women)
all <- update(all, drinkreg=as.numeric(drkfre)>2)
all

## End(Not run)

```

MIcombine

Multiple imputation inference

Description

Combines results of analyses on multiply imputed data sets. A generic function with methods for `imputationResultList` objects and a default method. In addition to point estimates and variances, `MIcombine` computes Rubin's degrees-of-freedom estimate and rate of missing information.

Usage

```

MIcombine(results, ...)
## Default S3 method:
MIcombine(results,variances,call=sys.call(),df.complete=Inf,...)
## S3 method for class 'imputationResultList'
MIcombine(results,call=NULL,df.complete=Inf,...)

```

Arguments

<code>results</code>	A list of results from inference on separate imputed datasets
<code>variances</code>	If <code>results</code> is a list of parameter vectors, <code>variances</code> should be the corresponding variance-covariance matrices
<code>call</code>	A function call for labelling the results
<code>df.complete</code>	Complete-data degrees of freedom
<code>...</code>	Other arguments, not used

Details

The `results` argument in the default method may be either a list of parameter vectors or a list of objects that have `coef` and `vcov` methods. In the former case a list of variance-covariance matrices must be supplied as the second argument.

The complete-data degrees of freedom are used when a complete-data analysis would use a t-distribution rather than a Normal distribution for confidence intervals, such as some survey applications.

Value

An object of class `MIresult` with `summary` and `print` methods

References

~put references to the literature/web site here ~

See Also

[MIextract](#), [with.imputationList](#)

Examples

```
data(smi)
models<-with(smi, glm(drinkreg~wave*sex,family=binomial()))
summary(MIcombine(models))

betas<-MIextract(models,fun=coef)
vars<-MIextract(models, fun=vcov)
summary(MIcombine(betas,vars))
```

MIextract

Extract a parameter from a list of results

Description

Used to extract parameter estimates and standard errors from lists produced by [with.imputationList](#).

Usage

```
MIextract(results, expr, fun)
```

Arguments

results	A list of objects
expr	an expression
fun	a function of one argument

Details

If expr is supplied, it is evaluated in each element of results. Otherwise each element of results is passed as an argument to fun.

Value

A list

See Also

[with.imputationList](#), [MIcombine](#)

Examples

```
data(smi)
models<-with(smi, glm(drinkreg~wave*sex,family=binomial()))

betas<-MIextract(models,fun=coef)
vars<-MIextract(models, fun=vcov)
summary(MIcombine(betas,vars))
```

smi	<i>Multiple imputations</i>
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Description

An `imputationList` object containing five imputations of data from the Victorian Adolescent Health Cohort Study.

Usage

```
data(smi)
```

Format

The underlying data are in a data frame with 1170 observations on the following 12 variables.

id a numeric vector

wave a numeric vector

mmetro a numeric vector

parsmk a numeric vector

drkfre a factor with levels Non drinker not in last wk <3 days last wk >=3 days last wk

alcdos a factor with levels Non drinker not in last wk av <5units/drink_day av =>5units/drink_day

alcdhi a numeric vector

smk a factor with levels non/ex-smoker <6 days 6/7 days

cistot a numeric vector

mdrkfre a numeric vector

sex a numeric vector

drinkreg a logical vector

Source

Carlin, JB, Li, N, Greenwood, P, Coffey, C. (2003) "Tools for analysing multiple imputed datasets" *The Stata Journal* 3; 3: 1-20.

Examples

```
data(smi)
with(smi, table(sex, drkfre))
model1<-with(smi, glm(drinkreg~wave*sex, family=binomial()))
MIcombine(model1)
summary(MIcombine(model1))
```

with.imputationList *Evaluate an expression in multiple imputed datasets*

Description

Performs a computation of each of imputed datasets in data

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'imputationList'
with(data, expr, fun, ...)
```

Arguments

data	An imputationList object
expr	An expression
fun	A function taking a data frame argument
...	Other arguments, passed to fun

Details

If expr is supplied, evaluate it in each dataset in data; if fun is supplied, it is evaluated on each dataset. If all the results inherit from "imputationResult" the return value is an imputationResultList object, otherwise it is an ordinary list.

Value

Either a list or an imputationResultList object

See Also

[imputationList](#)

Examples

```
data(smi)
models<-with(smi, glm(drinkreg~wave*sex,family=binomial()))
tables<-with(smi, table(drkfre,sex))
with(smi, fun=summary)
```

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