Package ‘ptvapi’

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Title Access the ‘Public Transport Victoria’ Timetable API

Version 2.0.3

Description Access the ‘Public Transport Victoria’ Timetable API

with results returned as familiar R data structures. Retrieve information on
stops, routes, disruptions, departures, and more.

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Encoding UTF-8

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Imports httr, glue, digest, jsonlite, purrr, tibble, assertthat

Suggests testthat (>= 2.1.0), dplyr, lubridate

URL https://github.com/mdneuzerling/ptvapi

BugReports https://github.com/mdneuzerling/ptvapi/issues

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R topics documented:

departures .......................................................... 2
describe_route_type ........................................... 5
directions ......................................................... 5
directions_on_route .......................................... 6
disruptions ...................................................... 7
disruptions_at_stop .......................................... 9
disruptions_on_route ....................................... 10
disruption_information ..................................... 12
Departures from a given stop

**Description**

`departures` retrieves all upcoming departures for a given stop ID and route type.

**Usage**

```r
defaultures(
    stop_id,
    route_type,
    route_id = NULL,
    direction_id = NULL,
    platform_numbers = NULL,
    departs = Sys.time(),
    look_backwards = FALSE,
    max_results = 5,
    include_cancelled = FALSE,
    validate_results = TRUE,
    user_id = determine_user_id(),
    api_key = determine_api_key()
)```
Arguments

stop_id  An integer stop ID returned by the stops_on_route or stops_nearby functions.

route_type  A route type which can be provided either as a non-negative integer code, or as a character: "Tram", "Train", "Bus", "Vline" or "Night Bus". Character inputs are not case-sensitive. Use the route_types function to extract a vector of all route types.

route_id  Optionally filter by a route ID. These can be obtained with the routes function.

direction_id  Optionally filter by a direction ID. These can be obtained with the directions_on_route function.

platform_numbers  Character vector. Optionally filter results by platform number. Despite the name, these are characters.

departs  POSIXct or Character. Optionally filter results to departures on or after the given value, according to either scheduled or estimated departure time. Characters are automatically converted to datetimes, and are assumed to be given as Melbourne time. Defaults to the current system time.

look_backwards  Boolean. Whether to look before departs. Use with caution (see Details). Defaults to FALSE.

max_results  Integer. The maximum number of departures to return for each route_id. Departures are ordered by estimated departure time, when available, and scheduled departure time otherwise. When set to 0, all departures after the given departures for the entire day are shown, and potentially some in the early hours of the next morning. Defaults to 5.

include_cancelled  Logical. Whether results should be returned if they have been cancelled. Metropolitan train services only. Defaults to FALSE.

validate_results  Boolean. If TRUE (the default), will apply additional filters to ensure that the arguments to departs, max_results, and route_id are respected if given.

user_id  Integer or character. A user ID or devid provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to ?ptvapi for more details.

api_key  Character. An API key, with dashes, provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to ?ptvapi for more details.

Details

Filtering departures: The API supports filtering by departure time, to show the departures after the given time. However, its behaviour is unpredictable, returning departures around the given time, both before and after. We apply an additional filter once the results are retrieved to ensure that only departures at or after the given departs datetime are shown.

It’s not clear what functionality look_backwards has. It’s included here regardless. Moreover, it’s not clear how the API treats route_id or max_results. We filter the results after retrieval, to ensure that departs, max_results, and route_id are respected. This additional validation can be disabled by setting validate_results = TRUE.
Value

A tibble consisting of the following columns:

- `stop_id`
- `route_id`
- `run_id` (deprecated, use `run_ref` instead)
- `run_ref`
- `direction_id`
- `disruption_ids`
- `scheduled_departure`
- `estimated_departure`
- `at_platform`
- `platform_number`
- `flags`
- `departure_sequence`

Examples

```r
## Not run:
departures(stop_id = 1071, route_type = "Train")
departures(stop_id = 1071, route_type = 0)

departures(
  stop_id = 1071,
  route_type = "Train",
  platform_numbers = c(4, 5)
)

departures(
  stop_id = 1071,
  route_type = "Train",
  route_id = 6
)

departures(
  stop_id = 1071,
  route_type = "Train",
  departs = "2020-06-23 17:05:00"
)

## End(Not run)
```
**describe_route_type**  
*Convert a numeric route type to a human-friendly description*

**Description**

This function effectively wraps the results of `route_types` to translate a route type to a human-readable form, such as translating 0 to "Train". This function is *not* vectorised.

**Usage**

```r
describe_route_type(
  route_type,
  user_id = determine_user_id(),
  api_key = determine_api_key()
)
```

**Arguments**

- `route_type`: Atomic integer or character.
- `user_id`: Integer or character. A user ID or devid provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to `?ptvapi` for more details.
- `api_key`: Character. An API key, with dashes, provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to `?ptvapi` for more details.

**Value**

character

---

**directions**  
*Directions for a given direction ID*

**Description**

This function returns all directions with a given ID. Directions that share an ID are not necessarily related, especially if not filtering by route type. It’s advised to use to the `directions_on_route` function to search for directions of interest.

**Usage**

```r
directions(
  direction_id,
  route_type = NULL,
  user_id = determine_user_id(),
  api_key = determine_api_key()
)
```
### Arguments

- **direction_id**: Integer.
- **route_type**: Optionally filter results by a route type. A route type can be provided either as a non-negative integer code, or as a character: "Tram", "Train", "Bus", "Vline" or "Night Bus". Character inputs are not case-sensitive. Use the `route_types` function to extract a vector of all route types.
- **user_id**: Integer or character. A user ID or devid provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to `?ptvapi` for more details.
- **api_key**: Character. An API key, with dashes, provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to `?ptvapi` for more details.

### Value

A tibble consisting of the following columns:

- direction_id
- direction_name
- route_id
- route_type
- route_type_description
- route_direction_description

### Examples

```r
## Not run:
directions(direction_id = 5)
directions(direction_id = 5, route_type = "Train")
directions(direction_id = 5, route_type = 0)
## End(Not run)
```


**Arguments**

- **route_id** Integer. These can be listed and described with the `routes` function.
- **user_id** Integer or character. A user ID or devid provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to `?ptvapi` for more details.
- **api_key** Character. An API key, with dashes, provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to `?ptvapi` for more details.

**Value**

A tibble consisting of the following columns:

- direction_id
- direction_name
- route_id
- route_type
- route_type_description
- route_direction_description

**Examples**

```r
## Not run:
directions_on_route(6)

## End(Not run)
```

---

**disruptions**  
*Information for all disruptions*

**Description**

Information for all disruptions

**Usage**

```r
disruptions(
  route_types = NULL,
  disruption_modes = NULL,
  disruption_status = NULL,
  user_id = determine_user_id(),
  api_key = determine_api_key()
)
```
Arguments

route_types  Integer or character vector. Optionally filter by a vector of route types. A route type can be provided either as a non-negative integer code, or as a character: "Tram", "Train", "Bus", "Vline" or "Night Bus". Character inputs are not case-sensitive. Use the route_types function to extract a vector of all route types. The filter is applied to the disruption mode, rather than the routes that are affected by the disruption. For example, filtering by the "train" route type will restrict the disruptions returned to those with a mode corresponding to "metro_train".

disruption_modes  Integer vector. Optionally filter by disruption modes. For a full list of modes and their corresponding descriptions, use the disruptions_modes function.

disruption_status  Character. Can be used to filter to either "current" or "planned" disruptions. Defaults to NULL, in which case no filter is applied.

user_id  Integer or character. A user ID or devid provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to ?ptvapi for more details.

api_key  Character. An API key, with dashes, provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to ?ptvapi for more details.

Value

A tibble with the following columns:

- disruption_mode
- disruption_mode_description
- disruption_id
- title
- url
- description
- disruption_status
- disruption_type
- published_on
- last_updated
- from_date
- to_date
- routes
- stops
- colour
- display_on_board
- display_status
Examples

```r
## Not run:
disruptions()
disruptions(route_types = c("Train", "Tram"))
disruptions(disruption_modes = c(0, 1))
disruptions(disruption_status = "current")

## End(Not run)
```

disruptions_at_stop  
*Disruptions at a given stop*

Description

Disruptions at a given stop

Usage

```r
disruptions_at_stop(
  stop_id,
  disruption_status = NULL,
  user_id = determine_user_id(),
  api_key = determine_api_key()
)
```

Arguments

- **stop_id**  
  Integer stop ID.
- **disruption_status**  
  Character. Can be used to filter to either "current" or "planned" disruptions. Defaults to NULL, in which case no filter is applied.
- **user_id**  
  Integer or character. A user ID or devid provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to `?ptvapi` for more details.
- **api_key**  
  Character. An API key, with dashes, provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to `?ptvapi` for more details.

Value

A tibble with the following columns:

- **disruption_mode**
- **disruption_mode_description**
- **disruption_id**
- **title**
- **url**
disruptions_on_route

Disruptions on a given route

Description

Disruptions on a given route

Usage

disruptions_on_route(
    route_id,
    stop_id = NULL,
    disruption_status = NULL,
    user_id = determine_user_id(),
    api_key = determine_api_key()
)

Examples

## Not run:
disruptions_at_stop(1071)
disruptions_at_stop(1071, disruption_status = "current")

## End(Not run)
Arguments

route_id Integer. These can be listed and described with the `routes` function.

stop_id Integer. Optionally filter results to a specific stop ID. These can be searched for with the `stops_on_route` and `stops_nearby` functions.

disruption_status Character. Can be used to filter to either "current" or "planned" disruptions. Defaults to NULL, in which case no filter is applied.

user_id Integer or character. A user ID or devid provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to `?ptvapi` for more details.

api_key Character. An API key, with dashes, provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to `?ptvapi` for more details.

Value

A tibble with the following columns:

- `disruption_mode`
- `disruption_mode_description`
- `disruption_id`
- `title`
- `url`
- `description`
- `disruption_status`
- `disruption_type`
- `published_on`
- `last_updated`
- `from_date`
- `to_date`
- `routes`
- `stops`
- `colour`
- `display_on_board`
- `display_status`

Examples

```r
## Not run:
disruptions_on_route(6)
disruptions_on_route(6, stop_id = 1071)
disruptions_on_route(6, disruption_status = "current")
## End(Not run)
```
disruption_information

Information on a particular disruption

Description
This function can be used when the integer disruption ID is already known. This can be searched for with either disruptions, disruptions_on_route, or disruptions_at_stop functions.

Usage
disruption_information(
  disruption_id,
  user_id = determine_user_id(),
  api_key = determine_api_key()
)

Arguments
  disruption_id  Integer.
  user_id        Integer or character. A user ID or devid provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to ?ptvapi for more details.
  api_key        Character. An API key, with dashes, provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to ?ptvapi for more details.

Value
A tibble with the following columns:
  • disruption_mode
  • disruption_mode_description
  • disruption_id
  • title
  • url
  • description
  • disruption_status
  • disruption_type
  • published_on
  • last_updated
  • from_date
  • to_date
  • routes
  • stops
disruption_modes

- colour
- display_on_board
- display_status

Examples

```r
## Not run:
disruption_information(206639)

## End(Not run)
```

disruption_modes

Retrieve a translation from description mode number to description mode name

Description

Disruption mode types (eg. "metro_train", "metro_tram", "school_bus", "taxi") have corresponding integer IDs. This function retrieves a named vector in which the values are the disruption mode descriptions, and the names of the vector are the description mode numbers. Note that disruption mode names are in snake case, that is, all lower case with underscores between words.

Usage

```r
disruption_modes(user_id = determine_user_id(), api_key = determine_api_key())
```

Arguments

- `user_id` Integer or character. A user ID or devid provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to ?ptvapi for more details.
- `api_key` Character. An API key, with dashes, provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to ?ptvapi for more details.

Value

A named vector in which the values are the disruption mode descriptions, and the names of the vector are the description mode numbers.

Examples

```r
## Not run: disruption_modes()
```
fare_estimate

Calculate a fare estimate between zones

Description

Retrieve fare information for a journey through the given zones. Also supports journey touch on and off times, to accommodate for discounts.

Usage

```r
fare_estimate(
  min_zone,
  max_zone,
  journey_touch_on = NULL,
  journey_touch_off = NULL,
  journey_in_free_tram_zone = FALSE,
  travelled_route_types = NULL,
  user_id = determine_user_id(),
  api_key = determine_api_key()
)
```

Arguments

- **min_zone** Integer. Minimum zone travelled through.
- **max_zone** Integer. Maximum zone travelled through.
- **journey_touch_on**, **journey_touch_off** POSIXct or Character. Optionally filter results to a journey time. Values to both must be provided. Characters are automatically converted to datetimes, and are assumed to be given as Melbourne time.
- **journey_in_free_tram_zone** Boolean. Defaults to FALSE.
- **travelled_route_types** Integer or character vector. Optionally filter by a vector of route types. A route type can be provided either as a non-negative integer code, or as a character: "Tram", "Train", "Bus", "Vline" or "Night Bus". Character inputs are not case-sensitive. Use the `route_types` function to extract a vector of all route types.
- **user_id** Integer or character. A user ID or devid provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to `ptvapi` for more details.
- **api_key** Character. An API key, with dashes, provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to `ptvapi` for more details.

Value

A data frame consisting of one row for each passenger_type, and the following columns:

- **min_zone**
fare_estimate

- max_zone
- unique_zones
- early_bird
- free_tram_zone
- weekend_journey
- passenger_type
- fare_2_hour_peak
- fare_2_hour_off_peak
- fare_daily_peak
- fare_daily_off_peak
- pass_7_days
- pass_28_to_69_day_per_day
- pass_70_plus_day_per_day
- weekend_cap
- holiday_cap

Examples

```r
## Not run:
fare_estimate(min_zone = 1, max_zone = 2)

fare_estimate(min_zone = 1, max_zone = 1, journey_in_free_tram_zone = TRUE)

fare_estimate(
  min_zone = 1,
  max_zone = 2,
  travelled_route_types = c("Train", "Tram")
)

fare_estimate(
  min_zone = 1,
  max_zone = 2,
  journey_touch_on = "2020-06-21 07:31:00",
  journey_touch_off = "2020-06-21 08:45:00"
)

## End(Not run)
```
The outlet_name reported here is more accurately described as an outlet address. We keep the outlet_name column name as this is how the PTV API describes it.

The business hours are reported as characters. Usually they take on a format of "8.00AM - 10.00PM", but there variants such as "7.30AM - 11.00AM and 1.30PM - 6.00PM". For days on which an outlet is closed, the opening hours are usually reported as "CLOSED", but can also be an empty character. Some opening hours are "24 Hours". These fields are also filled with missing values and empty characters.

A tibble with the following columns:

- outlet_slid_spid
- outlet_name
- outlet_business
- outlet_latitude
- outlet_longitude
- outlet_suburb
- outlet_postcode
- outlet_business_hour_mon
- outlet_business_hour_tue
- outlet_business_hour_wed
- outlet_business_hour_thu
- outlet_business_hour_fri
outlets_nearby

• outlet_business_hour_sat
• outlet_business_hour_sun
• outlet_notes

Examples

## Not run:
outlets()

## End(Not run)

outlets_nearby

Information for outlets near a given location

Description

Information for outlets near a given location

Usage

outlets_nearby(
  latitude,
  longitude,
  max_distance = NULL,
  max_results = 30,
  user_id = determine_user_id(),
  api_key = determine_api_key()
)

Arguments

latitude Numeric. Latitude in decimal degrees. For example, Flinders Street Station is at approximately -37.8183 latitude.
longitude Numeric. Longitude in decimal degrees. For example, Flinders Street Station is at approximately 144.9671 longitude.
max_distance Integer. Optionally filter by maximum distance from the given location, in metres.
max_results Integer. Defaults to 30. Caps the number of results returned.
user_id Integer or character. A user ID or devid provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to ?ptvapi for more details.
api_key Character. An API key, with dashes, provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to ?ptvapi for more details.
Details

The outlet_name reported here is more accurately described as an outlet address. We keep the outlet_name column name as this is how the PTV API describes it.

The business hours are reported as characters. Usually they take on a format of "8.00AM - 10.00PM", but there variants such as "7.30AM - 11.00AM and 1.30PM - 6.00PM". For days on which an outlet is closed, the opening hours are usually reported as "CLOSED", but can also be an empty character. Some opening hours are "24 Hours". These fields are also filled with missing values and empty characters.

Value

A tibble with the following columns:

- outlet_slid_spid
- outlet_name
- outlet_business
- outlet_latitude
- outlet_longitude
- outlet_suburb
- outlet_postcode
- outlet_business_hour_mon
- outlet_business_hour_tue
- outlet_business_hour_wed
- outlet_business_hour_thu
- outlet_business_hour_fri
- outlet_business_hour_sat
- outlet_business_hour_sun
- outlet_notes

Examples

```r
## Not run:
outlets_nearby(latitude = -37.8183, longitude = 144.9671)
```

## End(Not run)
patterns

Stopping pattern for a given run

Description

A pattern consists of all departures, stops, routes, runs, directions and disruptions associated with a particular run ID. This is returned as a list of tibbles, with output corresponding to their respective API calls.

Usage

patterns(
  run_ref,
  route_type,
  stop_id = NULL,
  departs = Sys.time(),
  user_id = determine_user_id(),
  api_key = determine_api_key()
)

Arguments

run_ref A character run reference. This supersedes the integer run_id. For backwards compatibility and since most run references are integers, this function will attempt to convert an the argument to a character. Run references may be retrieved from the departures or runs_on_route functions.

route_type Optionally filter results by a route type. A route type can be provided either as a non-negative integer code, or as a character: "Tram", "Train", "Bus", "Vline" or "Night Bus". Character inputs are not case-sensitive. Use the route_types function to extract a vector of all route types.

stop_id Integer. Optionally filter results to a specific stop ID. These can be searched for with the stops_on_route and stops_nearby functions.

departs POSIXct or character. Optionally filter by date. See Details. Characters are automatically converted to departs, and are assumed to be given as Melbourne time. The behaviour of the API is unpredictable when using this argument — see details. Defaults to the current system time.

user_id Integer or character. A user ID or devid provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to ?ptvapi for more details.

api_key Character. An API key, with dashes, provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to ?ptvapi for more details.

Details

The stops tibble has an output similar to that returned by stops_on_route. The routes tibble does not contain service status information.
Departures: The API seems to return the earliest 7 departures. While the PTV Timetable API supports filtering patterns by datetimes, the behaviour of this argument is not reliable — it appears to filter by day only, returning the earliest 7 departures of a different day. It is recommended that departures are retrieved via the departures function.

**Value**

An object of class "ptvapi", which is effectively a list with the following names:

- departures
- stops
- routes
- runs
- directions
- disruptions

**Examples**

```r
## Not run:
patterns(run_ref = "1", route_type = 0)
patterns(run_ref = "1", route_type = "Train")
## End(Not run)
```

---

**ptvapi:** A package for accessing the Public Transport Victoria Timetable API

**Description**


The user ID and API key can be entered directly into all functions. Alternatively, all functions will pick up on the PTV_USER_ID and API_KEY environment variables, if defined.

All API requests use SSL by default. To disable this, and to use the http API endpoints rather than the https API endpoints, set the option:

```r
options(use_insecure_ptv_connection = TRUE)
```

**Details**

This is an unofficial wrapper of the Public Transport Victoria Timetable API. The author(s) of this package are unaffiliated with Public Transport Victoria.
Examples

```r
## Not run:
# tibble of all routes
df <- routes()

# Search for routes by name (case insensitive, partial matching supported)
routes(route_name = "Frankston")

# All current disruptions
disruptions(disruption_status = "current")

# Train stops near Flinders Street Station
stops_nearby(
  latitude = -37.8183,
  longitude = 144.9671,
  route_types = "Train"
)

# Upcoming train departures from Flinders Street Station
departures(stop_id = 1071, route_type = "Train")

## End(Not run)
```

---

routes

Information for all routes

Description

Information for all routes

Usage

```r
routes(
  route_types = NULL,
  route_name = NULL,
  user_id = determine_user_id(),
  api_key = determine_api_key()
)
```

Arguments

- **route_types**: Integer or character vector. Optionally filter by a vector of route types. A route type can be provided either as a non-negative integer code, or as a character: "Tram", "Train", "Bus", "Vline" or "Night Bus". Character inputs are not case-sensitive. Use the `route_types` function to extract a vector of all route types.

- **route_name**: Character. Optionally filter by route name. Partial matches are accepted, and the matches are not case sensitive.
route_information

user_id  Integer or character. A user ID or devid provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to ?ptvapi for more details.
api_key  Character. An API key, with dashes, provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to ?ptvapi for more details.

Value

A tibble of routes, with the following columns:

- route_id
- route_gtfs_id
- route_name
- route_type
- route_type_description
- route_number
- geopath
- service_status
- service_status_timestamp

Examples

```r
## Not run:
routes()
routes(route_types = "Train")
routes(route_types = 0)
routes(route_types = c("Train", "Tram"))
routes(route_name = "Frankston")
routes(route_name = "Craigie")
routes(route_name = "werribee")
## End(Not run)
```

route_information  Information for a given route

Description

Information for a given route

Usage

```r
route_information(
  route_id,
  include_geopath = FALSE,
  geopath_utc = NULL,
  user_id = determine_user_id(),
  api_key = determine_api_key()
)
```
Arguments

- **route_id** Integer. These can be listed and described with the `routes` function.
- **include_geopath** Logical. Whether to populate the geopath column. Defaults to FALSE.
- **geopath_utc** Date, or character that can be converted to a date. The UTC date for which the geopaths are effective. Defaults to the current date. Has no effect if `include_geopath = FALSE`. It's uncertain how much historical or future-dated data is available.
- **user_id** Integer or character. A user ID or devid provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to `?ptvapi` for more details.
- **api_key** Character. An API key, with dashes, provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to `?ptvapi` for more details.

Value

A tibble of routes, with the following columns:

- route_id
- route_gtfs_id
- route_name
- route_type
- route_type_description
- route_number
- geopath
- service_status
- service_status_timestamp

Examples

```r
# Not run:
route_information(6)
route_information(6, include_geopath = TRUE)
route_information(6, include_geopath = TRUE, geopath_utc = "2020-07-01")
```

## End(Not run)

---

**route_types**

Retrieve a translation from route type number to name

Description

Route types (tram, train, etc.) are provided to the PTV API as an integer code. This function retrieves a named vector in which the values are the route type descriptions, and the names of the vector are the route type numbers. Note that "Night Bus" is a separate route type.
Usage

```
route_types(user_id = determine_user_id(), api_key = determine_api_key())
```

Arguments

- **user_id**: Integer or character. A user ID or devid provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to ?ptvapi for more details.
- **api_key**: Character. An API key, with dashes, provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to ?ptvapi for more details.

Value

A named integer vector in which the values are the route type descriptions, and the names of the vector are the route type numbers.

Examples

```r
## Not run:
route_types()

## End(Not run)
```

---

**runs_on_route**

Runs on a given route

**Description**

Runs on a given route

Usage

```
runs_on_route(
  route_id,
  route_type = NULL,
  date_utc = NULL,
  user_id = determine_user_id(),
  api_key = determine_api_key()
)
```

Arguments

- **route_id**: Integer. These can be listed and described with the `routes` function.
- **route_type**: Optionally filter results by a route type. A route type can be provided either as a non-negative integer code, or as a character: "Tram", "Train", "Bus", "Vline" or "Night Bus". Character inputs are not case-sensitive. Use the `route_types` function to extract a vector of all route types.
runs_on_route

### Arguments

- **date_utc** Date, or character that can be converted to a date. The UTC date for which the results are effective. Defaults to the current date. It’s uncertain how much historical or future-dated data is available. This argument is experimental and seems to not be functioning.

- **user_id** Integer or character. A user ID or devid provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to `ptvapi` for more details.

- **api_key** Character. An API key, with dashes, provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to `ptvapi` for more details.

### Value

A tibble with the following columns:

- run_id (deprecated, use run_ref instead)
- run_ref
- route_id
- route_type
- route_type_description
- direction_id
- run_sequence
- final_stop_id
- destination_name
- status
- express_stop_count
- vehicle_position
- vehicle_descriptor
- geopath

### Examples

```r
## Not run:
runs_on_route(6)
runs_on_route(6, route_type = "Train")
runs_on_route(6, route_type = 0)
```

## End(Not run)
**run_information**  
*Information for a given run*

---

**Description**

Run IDs are not unique across the network. If you are interested in a specific run, consider supplying a value to the optional `route_type` argument.

**Usage**

```r
run_information(
  run_ref,
  route_type = NULL,
  include_geopath = FALSE,
  geopath_utc = NULL,
  date_utc = NULL,
  user_id = determine_user_id(),
  api_key = determine_api_key()
)
```

**Arguments**

- **run_ref**: A character run reference. This supersedes the integer `run_id`. For backwards compatibility and since most run references are integers, this function will attempt to convert an the argument to a character. Run references may be retrieved from the `departures` or `runs_on_route` functions.

- **route_type**: Optionally filter results by a route type. A route type can be provided either as a non-negative integer code, or as a character: "Tram", "Train", "Bus", "Vline" or "Night Bus". Character inputs are not case-sensitive. Use the `route_types` function to extract a vector of all route types.

- **include_geopath**: Logical. Whether to populate the `geopath` column. Defaults to `FALSE`.

- **geopath_utc**: Date, or character that can be converted to a date. The UTC date for which the geopaths are effective. Defaults to the current date. Has no effect if `include_geopath = FALSE`. It’s uncertain how much historical or future-dated data is available.

- **date_utc**: Date, or character that can be converted to a date. The UTC date for which the results are effective. Defaults to the current date. It’s uncertain how much historical or future-dated data is available. This argument is experimental and seems to not be functioning.

- **user_id**: Integer or character. A user ID or devid provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to `?ptvapi` for more details.

- **api_key**: Character. An API key, with dashes, provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to `?ptvapi` for more details.
Value

A tibble with the following columns:

- run_id (deprecated, use run_ref instead)
- run_ref
- route_id
- route_type
- route_type_description
- direction_id
- run_sequence
- final_stop_id
- destination_name
- status
- express_stop_count
- vehicle_position
- vehicle_descriptor
- geopath

Examples

```r
## Not run:
run_information("100")
run_information("100", include_geopath = TRUE)
run_information("100", include_geopath = TRUE, geopath_utc = "2020-07-01")
run_information("100", date_utc = "2020-07-01")
```

## End(Not run)

---

Search for outlets using text

Description

This function will search outlets in which the search term can be found in either the outlet name, outlet business or outlet suburb. The search is case-insensitive. The search term must contain at least 3 characters, and cannot be numeric.
search_outlets

Usage

search_outlets(
  search_term,
  latitude = NULL,
  longitude = NULL,
  max_distance = NULL,
  route_types = NULL,
  user_id = determine_user_id(),
  api_key = determine_api_key()
)

Arguments

search_term Character. Term used to perform search.
latitude Numeric. Latitude in decimal degrees. For example, Flinders Street Station is
  at approximately -37.8183 latitude.
longitude Numeric. Longitude in decimal degrees. For example, Flinders Street Station is
  at approximately 144.9671 longitude.
max_distance Integer. Optionally filter by maximum distance from the given location, in me-
  tres.
route_types Integer or character vector. Optionally filter by a vector of route types. A route
type can be provided either as a non-negative integer code, or as a character: "Tram", "Train", "Bus", "Vline" or "Night Bus". Character inputs are not case-
sensitive. Use the route_types function to extract a vector of all route types.
user_id Integer or character. A user ID or devid provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to
  ?ptvapi for more details.
api_key Character. An API key, with dashes, provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to
  ?ptvapi for more details.

Value

A tibble with the following columns:
  • outlet_slid_spid
  • outlet_name
  • outlet_business
  • outlet_latitude
  • outlet_longitude
  • outlet_suburb
  • outlet_postcode
  • outlet_business_hour_mon
  • outlet_business_hour_tue
  • outlet_business_hour_wed
  • outlet_business_hour_thu
• outlet_business_hour_fri
• outlet_business_hour_sat
• outlet_business_hour_sun
• outlet_notes

Examples

## Not run:
search_outlets("St Kilda")
search_outlets("St Kilda", route_types = c("Train", "Tram"))
search_outlets("St Kilda", route_types = 1)

search_outlets(
  "St Kilda",
  latitude = -37.867647,
  longitude = 144.976809
)
search_outlets(
  "St Kilda",
  latitude = -37.867647,
  longitude = 144.976809,
  max_distance = 100
)

## End(Not run)

---

search_routes  

Search for routes using text

Description

This function will search routes in which the search term can be found in one of many fields, such as route_id, route_gtfs_id, or route_name. The search is case-insensitive. Unlike search_stops and search_outlets, this function supports searching for numerics, and has no minimum character requirement for search_term.

Usage

search_routes(
  search_term,
  latitude = NULL,
  longitude = NULL,
  max_distance = NULL,
  route_types = NULL,
  user_id = determine_user_id(),
  api_key = determine_api_key()
)
search_routes

Arguments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Argument</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>search_term</td>
<td>Character. Term used to perform search.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>latitude</td>
<td>Numeric. Latitude in decimal degrees. For example, Flinders Street Station is at approximately -37.8183 latitude.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>longitude</td>
<td>Numeric. Longitude in decimal degrees. For example, Flinders Street Station is at approximately 144.9671 longitude.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>max_distance</td>
<td>Integer. Optionally filter by maximum distance from the given location, in metres.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>route_types</td>
<td>Integer or character vector. Optionally filter by a vector of route types. A route type can be provided either as a non-negative integer code, or as a character: &quot;Tram&quot;, &quot;Train&quot;, &quot;Bus&quot;, &quot;Vline&quot; or &quot;Night Bus&quot;. Character inputs are not case-sensitive. Use the route_types function to extract a vector of all route types.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>user_id</td>
<td>Integer or character. A user ID or devid provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to ?ptvapi for more details.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>api_key</td>
<td>Character. An API key, with dashes, provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to ?ptvapi for more details.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Value

A tibble of routes, with the following columns:

- route_id
- route_gtfs_id
- route_name
- route_type
- route_type_description
- route_number
- geopath
- service_status
- service_status_timestamp

Examples

```r
## Not run:
search_routes("Pakenham")
search_routes("Pakenham", route_types = c("Train", "Tram"))
search_routes("Pakenham", route_types = 1)
```

```r
search_routes(
  "Pakenham",
  latitude = -38.077877,
  longitude = 145.484751
)
search_routes(
  "Pakenham",
```
## end

### search_stops

**search_stops**

**Search for stops using text**

**Description**

This function will search stops in which the search term can be found in either the stop name or the stop suburb. The search is case-insensitive. The search term must contain at least 3 characters, and cannot be numeric.

**Usage**

```r
search_stops(
    search_term,
    latitude = NULL,
    longitude = NULL,
    max_distance = NULL,
    route_types = NULL,
    user_id = determine_user_id(),
    api_key = determine_api_key()
)
```

**Arguments**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Argument</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>search_term</td>
<td>Character. Term used to perform search.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>latitude</td>
<td>Numeric. Latitude in decimal degrees. For example, Flinders Street Station is at approximately -37.8183 latitude.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>longitude</td>
<td>Numeric. Longitude in decimal degrees. For example, Flinders Street Station is at approximately 144.9671 longitude.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>max_distance</td>
<td>Integer. Optionally filter by maximum distance from the given location, in metres.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>route_types</td>
<td>Integer or character vector. Optionally filter by a vector of route types. A route type can be provided either as a non-negative integer code, or as a character: &quot;Tram&quot;, &quot;Train&quot;, &quot;Bus&quot;, &quot;Vline&quot; or &quot;Night Bus&quot;. Character inputs are not case-sensitive. Use the route_types function to extract a vector of all route types.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>user_id</td>
<td>Integer or character. A user ID or devid provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to ?ptvapi for more details.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>api_key</td>
<td>Character. An API key, with dashes, provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to ?ptvapi for more details.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Value

A tibble with the following columns:

- stop_id
- stop_name
- stop_suburb
- route_type
- route_type_description
- stop_sequence
- stop_latitude
- stop_longitude
- disruption_ids

Examples

```r
## Not run:
search_stops("Ascot Vale")
search_stops("Ascot Vale", route_types = c("Train", "Tram"))
search_stops("Ascot Vale", route_types = 1)

search_stops(
  "Ascot Vale",
  latitude = -37.774240,
  longitude = 144.915518
)
search_stops(
  "Ascot Vale",
  latitude = -37.774240,
  longitude = 144.915518,
  max_distance = 100
)
## End(Not run)
```

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>stops_nearby</th>
<th>Stops near a given location</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Description

Stops near a given location
**Usage**

```r
stops_nearby(
    latitude,
    longitude,
    max_distance = NULL,
    route_types = NULL,
    user_id = determine_user_id(),
    api_key = determine_api_key()
)
```

**Arguments**

- **latitude**
  Numeric. Latitude in decimal degrees. For example, Flinders Street Station is at approximately -37.8183 latitude.

- **longitude**
  Numeric. Longitude in decimal degrees. For example, Flinders Street Station is at approximately 144.9671 longitude.

- **max_distance**
  Integer. Optionally filter by maximum distance from the given location, in metres.

- **route_types**
  Integer or character vector. Optionally filter by a vector of route types. A route type can be provided either as a non-negative integer code, or as a character: "Tram", "Train", "Bus", "Vline" or "Night Bus". Character inputs are not case-sensitive. Use the `route_types` function to extract a vector of all route types.

- **user_id**
  Integer or character. A user ID or devid provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to `?ptvapi` for more details.

- **api_key**
  Character. An API key, with dashes, provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to `?ptvapi` for more details.

**Value**

A tibble with the following columns:

- stop_id
- stop_name
- stop_suburb
- route_type
- route_type_description
- stop_sequence
- stop_latitude
- stop_longitude
- disruption_ids
## Example

```r
## Not run:
stops_nearby(latitude = -37.8183, longitude = 144.9671)
stops_nearby(latitude = -37.8183, longitude = 144.9671, max_distance = 1000)
stops_nearby(
  latitude = -37.8183,
  longitude = 144.9671,
  route_types = c("Train", "Tram")
)

## End(Not run)
```

### Description

Stops on a given route and route type

#### Usage

```r
stops_on_route(
  route_id,
  route_type,
  direction_id = NULL,
  user_id = determine_user_id(),
  api_key = determine_api_key()
)
```

#### Arguments

- `route_id`: Integer. These can be listed and described with the `routes` function.
- `route_type`: A route type which can be provided either as a non-negative integer code, or as a character: "Train", "Train", "Bus", "Vline" or "Night Bus". Character inputs are not case-sensitive. Use the `route_types` function to extract a vector of all route types.
- `direction_id`: Optionally filter by a direction ID. These can be obtained with the `directions_on_route` function.
- `user_id`: Integer or character. A user ID or devid provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to `?ptvapi` for more details.
- `api_key`: Character. An API key, with dashes, provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to `?ptvapi` for more details.
Value

A tibble with the following columns:

• stop_id
• stop_name
• stop_suburb
• route_type
• route_type_description
• stop_sequence
• stop_latitude
• stop_longitude
• disruption_ids

Examples

```r
## Not run:
stops_on_route(6, route_type = "Train")
stops_on_route(6, route_type = 0)
## End(Not run)
```

---

**stop_information**  
Information for a given stop (metropolitan and V/Line stations only)

Description

This function can be used when integer stop ID is already known. This can be searched for with either the `stops_on_route` or `stops_nearby` functions.

Usage

```r
stop_information(
  stop_id,
  route_type,
  user_id = determine_user_id(),
  api_key = determine_api_key()
)
```
Arguments

stop_id  Integer stop ID.
route_type  A route type which can be provided either as a non-negative integer code, or as a character: "Tram", "Train", "Bus", "Vline" or "Night Bus". Character inputs are not case-sensitive. Use the route_types function to extract a vector of all route types.
user_id  Integer or character. A user ID or devid provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to ?ptvapi for more details.
api_key  Character. An API key, with dashes, provided by Public Transport Victoria. Refer to ?ptvapi for more details.

Value

A single-row tibble with the following columns:

- stop_id
- stop_name
- route_type
- route_type_description
- station_details_id
- station_type
- station_description
- point_id
- mode_id
- operating_hours
- flexible_stop_opening_hours
- stop_contact
- stop_ticket
- stop_location
- stop_amenities
- stop_accessibility
- stop_staffing
- disruption_ids
Index

* Internal
  - describe_route_type, 5

departures, 2, 19, 20, 26
describe_route_type, 5
directions, 5
directions_on_route, 3, 5, 6, 34
disruption_information, 12
disruption_modes, 13
disruptions, 7
disruptions_at_stop, 9
disruptions_on_route, 10

fare_estimate, 14

outlets, 16
outlets_nearby, 17

patterns, 19
ptvapi, 20

route_information, 22
route_types, 3, 5, 6, 8, 14, 19, 21, 23, 24, 26,
  28, 30, 31, 33, 34, 36
routes, 7, 11, 21, 23, 24, 34
run_information, 26
runs_on_route, 19, 24, 26

search_outlets, 27, 29
search_routes, 29
search_stops, 29, 31
stop_information, 35
stops_nearby, 32, 35
stops_on_route, 19, 34, 35