Package ‘reactable’

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Description Interactive data tables for R, based on the 'React Table'
JavaScript library. Provides an HTML widget that can be used in 'R Markdown'
documents and 'Shiny' applications, or viewed from an R console.
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Author Greg Lin [aut, cre],
Tanner Linsley [ctb, cph] (React Table library),
Emotion team and other contributors [ctb, cph] (Emotion library)
Maintainer Greg Lin <glin@glin.io>
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Column definitions

Description

Use `colDef()` to customize the columns in a table.

Usage

```r
colDef(
    name = NULL,
    aggregate = NULL,
    sortable = NULL,
    resizable = NULL,
    filterable = NULL,
    searchable = NULL,
    filterMethod = NULL,
    show = TRUE,
    defaultSortOrder = NULL,
    sortNALast = FALSE,
    format = NULL,
    cell = NULL,
    grouped = NULL,
    aggregated = NULL,
    header = NULL,
    footer = NULL,
    details = NULL,
    filterInput = NULL,
    html = FALSE,
    na = "",
    rowHeader = FALSE,
    minWidth = 100,
    maxWidth = NULL,
    width = NULL,
    align = NULL,
    vAlign = NULL,
    headerVAlign = NULL,
    sticky = NULL,
    class = NULL,
)```
```r
style = NULL,
headerClass = NULL,
headerStyle = NULL,
footerClass = NULL,
footerStyle = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>name</td>
<td>Column header name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>aggregate</td>
<td>Aggregate function to use when rows are grouped. The name of a built-in aggregate function or a custom JS() aggregate function. Built-in aggregate functions are: &quot;mean&quot;, &quot;sum&quot;, &quot;max&quot;, &quot;min&quot;, &quot;median&quot;, &quot;count&quot;, &quot;unique&quot;, and &quot;frenquency&quot;. To enable row grouping, use the groupBy argument in reactable().</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sortable</td>
<td>Enable sorting? Overrides the table option.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>resizable</td>
<td>Enable column resizing? Overrides the table option.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>filterable</td>
<td>Enable or disable global table searching for this column. By default, global searching applies to all visible columns. Set this to FALSE to exclude a visible column from searching, or TRUE to include a hidden column in searching.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>searchable</td>
<td>Custom filter method to use for column filtering. A JS() function that takes an array of row objects, the column ID, and the filter value as arguments, and returns the filtered array of row objects.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>show</td>
<td>Show the column?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>If FALSE, this column will be excluded from global table searching by default. To include this hidden column in searching, set searchable to TRUE in colDef().</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>defaultSortOrder</td>
<td>Default sort order. Either &quot;asc&quot; for ascending order or &quot;desc&quot; for descending order. Overrides the table option.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sortNALast</td>
<td>Always sort missing values (NA or NaN) last?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>format</td>
<td>Column formatting options. A colFormat() object to format all cells, or a named list of colFormat() objects to format standard cells (&quot;cell&quot;) and aggregated cells (&quot;aggregated&quot;) separately.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cell</td>
<td>Custom cell renderer. An R function that takes the cell value, row index, and column name as arguments, or a JS() function that takes a cell info object and table state object as arguments.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>grouped</td>
<td>Custom grouped cell renderer. A JS() function that takes a cell info object and table state object as arguments.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>aggregated</td>
<td>Custom aggregated cell renderer. A JS() function that takes a cell info object and table state object as arguments.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>header</td>
<td>Custom header renderer. An R function that takes the header value and column name as arguments, or a JS() function that takes a column object and table state object as arguments.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Footer content or render function. Render functions can be an R function that takes the column values and column name as arguments, or a JS() function that takes a column object and table state object as arguments.

Additional content to display when expanding a row. An R function that takes the row index and column name as arguments, or a JS() function that takes a row info object and table state object as arguments. Cannot be used on a groupBy column.

Custom filter input or render function. Render functions can be an R function that takes the column values and column name as arguments, or a JS() function that takes a column object and table state object as arguments.

Render content as HTML? Raw HTML strings are escaped by default.

String to display for missing values (i.e. NA or NaN). By default, missing values are displayed as blank cells.

Mark up cells in this column as row headers? Set this to TRUE to help users navigate the table using assistive technologies. When cells are marked up as row headers, assistive technologies will read them aloud while navigating through cells in the table. Cells in the row names column are automatically marked up as row headers.

Minimum width of the column in pixels. Defaults to 100.

Maximum width of the column in pixels.

Fixed width of the column in pixels. Overrides minWidth and maxWidth.

Horizontal alignment of content in the column. One of "left", "right", "center". By default, all numbers are right-aligned, while all other content is left-aligned.

Vertical alignment of content in data cells. One of "top" (the default), "center", "bottom".

Vertical alignment of content in header cells. One of "top" (the default), "center", "bottom".

Make the column sticky when scrolling horizontally? Either "left" or "right" to make the column stick to the left or right side.

If a sticky column is in a column group, all columns in the group will automatically be made sticky, including the column group header.

Additional CSS classes to apply to cells. Can also be an R function that takes the cell value, row index, and column name as arguments, or a JS() function that takes a row info object, column object, and table state object as arguments. Note that R functions cannot apply classes to aggregated cells.

Inline styles to apply to cells. A named list or character string. Can also be an R function that takes the cell value and row index as arguments, or a JS() function that takes a row info object, column object, and table state object as arguments. Note that R functions cannot apply styles to aggregated cells. If style is a named list, property names should be camelCased.

Additional CSS classes to apply to the header.

Inline styles to apply to the header. A named list or character string. Note that if headerStyle is a named list, property names should be camelCased.
colFormat

footerClass Additional CSS classes to apply to the footer.
footerStyle Inline styles to apply to the footer. A named list or character string.
Note that if footerStyle is a named list, property names should be camelCased.

Value
A column definition object that can be used to customize columns in reactable().

Examples
reactable(iris,
columns = list(
  Sepal.Length = colDef(name = "Sepal Length"),
  Sepal.Width = colDef(filterable = TRUE),
  Petal.Length = colDef(show = FALSE),
  Petal.Width = colDef(defaultSortOrder = "desc")
)
)

__colFormat__ Column formatting options

Description
Use colFormat() to add data formatting to a column.

Usage
colFormat(
  prefix = NULL,
  suffix = NULL,
  digits = NULL,
  separators = FALSE,
  percent = FALSE,
  currency = NULL,
  datetime = FALSE,
  date = FALSE,
  time = FALSE,
  hour12 = NULL,
  locales = NULL
)
Arguments

prefix  Prefix string.
suffix  Suffix string.
digits  Number of decimal digits to use for numbers.
separators  Whether to use grouping separators for numbers, such as thousands separators or thousand/lakh/crore separators. The format is locale-dependent.
percent  Format number as a percentage? The format is locale-dependent.
currency  Currency format. An ISO 4217 currency code such as "USD" for the US dollar, "EUR" for the euro, or "CNY" for the Chinese RMB. The format is locale-dependent.
datetime  Format as a locale-dependent date-time?
date  Format as a locale-dependent date?
time  Format as a locale-dependent time?
hour12  Whether to use 12-hour time (TRUE) or 24-hour time (FALSE). The default time convention is locale-dependent.
locales  Locales to use for number, date, time, and currency formatting. A character vector of BCP 47 language tags, such as "en-US" for English (United States), "hi" for Hindi, or "sv-SE" for Swedish (Sweden). Defaults to the locale of the user's browser. Multiple locales may be specified to provide a fallback language in case a locale is unsupported. When multiple locales are specified, the first supported locale will be used. See a list of common BCP 47 language tags for reference.

Value

A column format object that can be used to customize data formatting in colDef().

See Also

Custom cell rendering in colDef() to customize data formatting beyond what the built-in formatters provide.

Examples

data <- data.frame(  
  price_USD = c(123456.56, 132, 5650.12),  
  price_INR = c(350, 23208.552, 1773156.4),  
  number_FR = c(123456.56, 132, 5650.12),  
  temp = c(22, NA, 31),  
  percent = c(0.9525556, 0.5, 0.112),  
  date = as.Date(c("2019-01-02", "2019-03-15", "2019-09-22"))
)

reactable(data, columns = list(  
  price_USD = colDef(format = colFormat(prefix = "$", separators = TRUE, digits = 2)),  
  price_INR = colDef(format = colFormat(prefix = "", separators = TRUE, digits = 2)),  
  number_FR = colDef(format = colFormat(prefix = "", separators = TRUE, digits = 2)),  
  temp = colDef(format = colFormat(prefix = "°", separators = TRUE, digits = 2)),  
  percent = colDef(format = colFormat(prefix = "", separators = TRUE, digits = 2))  
))
### Date formatting

```r
data <- data.frame(  
datetime = datetimes,
  date = datetimes,
  time = datetimes,
  time_24h = datetimes,
  datetime_pt_BR = datetimes)

reactable(data, columns = list(  
datetime = colDef(format = colFormat(datetime = TRUE)),
  date = colDef(format = colFormat(date = TRUE)),
  time = colDef(format = colFormat(time = TRUE)),
  time_24h = colDef(format = colFormat(time = TRUE, hour12 = FALSE)),
  datetime_pt_BR = colDef(format = colFormat(datetime = TRUE, locales = "pt-BR"))
))
```

### Currency formatting

```r
data <- data.frame(  
  USD = c(12.12, 2141.213, 0.42, 1.55, 34414),
  EUR = c(10.68, 1884.27, 0.37, 1.36, 30284.32),
  INR = c(861.07, 152122.48, 29.84, 110, 2444942.63),
  JPY = c(1280, 226144, 4.01, 15, 328739.73),
  MAD = c(115.78, 20453.94, 4.01, 15, 328739.73)
)

reactable(data, columns = list(  
  USD = colDef(format = colFormat(currency = "USD", separators = TRUE, locales = "en-US")) )
  EUR = colDef(format = colFormat(currency = "EUR", separators = TRUE, locales = "de-DE"))
  INR = colDef(format = colFormat(currency = "INR", separators = TRUE, locales = "hi-IN"))
  JPY = colDef(format = colFormat(currency = "JPY", separators = TRUE, locales = "ja-JP"))
  MAD = colDef(format = colFormat(currency = "MAD", separators = TRUE, locales = "ar-MA"))
))
```

### Formatting aggregated cells
```r
data <- data.frame(
  States = state.name,
  Region = state.region,
  Area = state.area
)

reactable(
  data,
  groupBy = "Region",
  columns = list(
    States = colDef(
      aggregate = "count",
      format = list(
        aggregated = colFormat(suffix = " states")
      )
    ),
    Area = colDef(
      aggregate = "sum",
      format = colFormat(suffix = " mi\u00b2", separators = TRUE)
    )
  )
)
```

---

### colGroup

**Column group definitions**

**Description**

Use `colGroup()` to create column groups in a table.

**Usage**

```r
colGroup(
  name = NULL,
  columns = NULL,
  header = NULL,
  html = FALSE,
  align = NULL,
  headerVAlign = NULL,
  sticky = NULL,
  headerClass = NULL,
  headerStyle = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

- `name` : Column group header name.
- `columns` : Character vector of column names in the group.
header  Custom header renderer. An R function that takes the header value as an argument, or a JS() function that takes a column object and table state object as arguments.

html  Render header content as HTML? Raw HTML strings are escaped by default.

align  Horizontal alignment of content in the column group header. One of "left", "right", "center" (the default).

headerVAlign  Vertical alignment of content in the column group header. One of "top" (the default), "center", "bottom".

sticky  Make the column group sticky when scrolling horizontally? Either "left" or "right" to make the column group stick to the left or right side. If a column group is sticky, all columns in the group will automatically be made sticky.

headerClass  Additional CSS classes to apply to the header.

headerStyle  Inline styles to apply to the header. A named list or character string.
Note that if headerStyle is a named list, property names should be camelCased.

Value
A column group definition object that can be used to create column groups in reactable().

Examples
reactable(
  iris,
  columns = list(
    Sepal.Length = colDef(name = "Length"),
    Sepal.Width = colDef(name = "Width"),
    Petal.Length = colDef(name = "Length"),
    Petal.Width = colDef(name = "Width"
  ),
  columnGroups = list(
    colGroup(name = "Sepal", columns = c("Sepal.Length", "Sepal.Width")),
    colGroup(name = "Petal", columns = c("Petal.Length", "Petal.Width"))
  )
)

getReactableState  Get the state of a reactable instance

Description
getReactableState() gets the state of a reactable instance within a Shiny application.

Usage
getReactableState(outputId, name = NULL, session = NULL)
getReactableState

Arguments

outputId  The Shiny output ID of the reactable instance.
name  Name of a state value to get. One of "page", "pageSize", "pages", or "selected". If unspecified, all values will be returned in a named list.
session  The Shiny session object. Defaults to the current Shiny session.

Value

If name is specified, one of the following values:

- page: the current page
- pageSize: the page size
- pages: the number of pages
- selected: the selected rows - a numeric vector of row indices, or NULL if no rows are selected

If name is unspecified, getReactableState() returns a named list containing all values.

If the table has not been rendered yet, getReactableState() returns NULL.

Examples

# Run in an interactive R session
if (interactive()) {

library(shiny)
library(reactable)

ui <- fluidPage(
  actionButton("prev_page_btn", "Previous page"),
  actionButton("next_page_btn", "Next page"),
  reactableOutput("table"),
  verbatimTextOutput("table_state")
)

server <- function(input, output) {
  output$table <- renderReactable({
    reactable(
      iris,
      showPageSizeOptions = TRUE,
      selection = "multiple"
    )
  })

  output$table_state <- renderPrint({
    state <- req(getReactableState("table"))
    print(state)
  })

  observeEvent(input$prev_page_btn, {
    # Change to the previous page
    page <- getReactableState("table", "page")
  })
}
reactable

Create an interactive data table

Description

reactable() creates a data table from tabular data with sorting and pagination by default. The data table is an HTML widget that can be used in R Markdown documents and Shiny applications, or viewed from an R console.

Usage

reactable(
  data,
  columns = NULL,
  columnGroups = NULL,
  rownames = NULL,
  groupBy = NULL,
  sortable = TRUE,
  resizable = FALSE,
  filterable = FALSE,
  searchable = FALSE,
  searchMethod = NULL,
  defaultColDef = NULL,
  defaultColGroup = NULL,
  defaultSortOrder = "asc",
  defaultSorted = NULL,
  pagination = TRUE,
  defaultPageSize = 10,
  showPageSizeOptions = FALSE,
  pageSizeOptions = c(10, 25, 50, 100),
)
paginationType = "numbers",
showPagination = NULL,
showPageInfo = TRUE,
minRows = 1,
paginateSubRows = FALSE,
details = NULL,
defaultExpanded = FALSE,
selection = NULL,
selectionId = NULL,
defaultSelected = NULL,
onClick = NULL,
highlight = FALSE,
outlined = FALSE,
bordered = FALSE,
borderless = FALSE,
striped = FALSE,
compact = FALSE,
wrap = TRUE,
showSortIcon = TRUE,
showSortable = FALSE,
class = NULL,
style = NULL,
rowClass = NULL,
rowStyle = NULL,
fullWidth = TRUE,
width = "auto",
height = "auto",
theme = getOption("reactable.theme"),
language = getOption("reactable.language"),
elementId = NULL
)

Arguments

data A data frame or matrix.
Can also be a crosstalk::SharedData object that wraps a data frame.
columns Named list of column definitions. See colDef().
columnGroups List of column group definitions. See colGroup().
rownames Show row names? Defaults to TRUE if the data has row names.
To customize the row names column, use ".rownames" as the column name.
Cells in the row names column are automatically marked up as row headers for assistive technologies.
groupBy Character vector of column names to group by.
To aggregate data when rows are grouped, use the aggregate argument in colDef().
sortable Enable sorting? Defaults to TRUE.
reactable

resizable Enable column resizing?
filterable Enable column filtering?
searchable Enable global table searching?
searchMethod Custom search method to use for global table searching. A JS() function that takes an array of row objects, an array of column IDs, and the search value as arguments, and returns the filtered array of row objects.
defaultColDef Default column definition used by every column. See colDef().
defaultColGroup Default column group definition used by every column group. See colGroup().
defaultSortOrder Default sort order. Either "asc" for ascending order or "desc" for descending order. Defaults to "asc".
defaultSorted Character vector of column names to sort by default. Or to customize sort order, a named list with values of "asc" or "desc".
pagination Enable pagination? Defaults to TRUE.
defaultPageSize Default page size for the table. Defaults to 10.
showPageSizeOptions Show page size options?
pageSizeOptions Page size options for the table. Defaults to 10, 25, 50, 100.
paginationType Pagination control to use. Either "numbers" for page number buttons (the default), "jump" for a page jump, or "simple" to show 'Previous' and 'Next' buttons only.
showPagination Show pagination? Defaults to TRUE if the table has more than one page.
showPageInfo Show page info? Defaults to TRUE.
minRows Minimum number of rows to show per page. Defaults to 1.
paginateSubRows When rows are grouped, paginate sub rows? Defaults to FALSE.
details Additional content to display when expanding a row. An R function that takes the row index and column name as arguments, or a JS() function that takes a row info object as an argument. Can also be a colDef() to customize the details expander column.
defaultExpanded Expand all rows by default?
selection Enable row selection? Either "multiple" or "single" for multiple or single row selection.
To get the selected rows in Shiny, use getReactableState().
To customize the selection column, use ".selection" as the column name.
selectionId Shiny input ID for the selected rows. The selected rows are given as a numeric vector of row indices, or NULL if no rows are selected. NOTE: selectionId will be deprecated in a future release. Use getReactableState() to get the selected rows in Shiny instead.
defaultSelected
A numeric vector of default selected row indices.

onClick
Action to take when clicking a cell. Either "expand" to expand the row, "select" to select the row, or a JS() function that takes a row info object, column object, and table state object as arguments.

highlight
Highlight table rows on hover?

outlined
Add borders around the table?

bordered
Add borders around the table and every cell?

borderless
Remove inner borders from table?

striped
Add zebra-striping to table rows?

compact
Make tables more compact?

wrap
Enable text wrapping? If TRUE (the default), long text will be wrapped to multiple lines. If FALSE, text will be truncated to fit on one line.

showSortIcon
Show a sort icon when sorting columns?

showSortable
Show an indicator on sortable columns?

class
Additional CSS classes to apply to the table.

style
Inline styles to apply to the table. A named list or character string.
Note that if style is a named list, property names should be camelCased.

rowClass
Additional CSS classes to apply to table rows. A character string, a JS() function that takes a row info object and table state object as arguments, or an R function that takes a row index argument.

rowStyle
Inline styles to apply to table rows. A named list, character string, JS() function that takes a row info object and table state object as arguments, or an R function that takes a row index argument.
Note that if rowStyle is a named list, property names should be camelCased. If rowStyle is a JS() function, it should return a JavaScript object with camelCased property names.

fullWidth
Stretch the table to fill the full width of its container? Defaults to TRUE.

width
Width of the table in pixels. Defaults to "auto" for automatic sizing.
To set the width of a column, see colDef().

height
Height of the table in pixels. Defaults to "auto" for automatic sizing.

theme
Theme options for the table, specified by reactableTheme(). Defaults to the global reactable.theme option. Can also be a function that returns a reactableTheme() or NULL.

language
Language options for the table, specified by reactableLang(). Defaults to the global reactable.language option.

elementId
Element ID for the widget.

Value
A reactable HTML widget that can be used in R Markdown documents and Shiny applications, or viewed from an R console.
Note

See the online documentation for additional details and examples.

See Also

- `renderReactable()` and `reactableOutput()` for using reactable in Shiny applications or interactive R Markdown documents.
- `colDef()`, `colFormat()`, and `colGroup()` to customize columns.
- `reactableTheme()` and `reactableLang()` to customize the table.

Examples

```r
# Basic usage
reactable(iris)

# Grouping and aggregation
reactable(iris,
  groupBy = "Species",
  columns = list(
    Sepal.Length = colDef(aggregate = "count"),
    Sepal.Width = colDef(aggregate = "mean"),
    Petal.Length = colDef(aggregate = "sum"),
    Petal.Width = colDef(aggregate = "max"))
)

# Row details
reactable(iris, details = function(index) {
  htmltools::div(
    "Details for row: ", index,
    htmltools::tags$pre(paste(capture.output(iris[index, ]), collapse = "\n"))
  )
})

# Conditional styling
reactable(sleep, columns = list(
  extra = colDef(style = function(value) {
    if (value > 0) {
      color <- "green"
    } else if (value < 0) {
      color <- "red"
    } else {
      color <- "#777"
    }
    list(color = color, fontWeight = "bold")
  )
))
```
reactable-shiny  

Shiny bindings for reactable

Description

Output and render functions for using reactable within Shiny applications and interactive R Mark-down documents.

Usage

```r
reactableOutput(outputId, width = "auto", height = "auto", inline = FALSE)
```

```r
renderReactable(expr, env = parent.frame(), quoted = FALSE)
```

Arguments

- `outputId` Output variable to read from.
- `width, height` A valid CSS unit (like "100\%", "400px", "auto") or a number, which will be coerced to a string and have "px" appended.
- `inline` Use an inline element for the table’s container?
- `expr` An expression that generates a reactable widget.
- `env` The environment in which to evaluate `expr`.
- `quoted` Is `expr` a quoted expression (with `quote()`)? This is useful if you want to save an expression in a variable.

Value

- `reactableOutput()` returns a reactable output element that can be included in a Shiny UI.
- `renderReactable()` returns a reactable render function that can be assigned to a Shiny output slot.

Note

See the online demo for additional examples of using reactable in Shiny.

See Also

- `updateReactable()` for updating a reactable instance in Shiny.
- `getReactableState()` for getting the state of a reactable instance in Shiny.
Examples

```r
# Run in an interactive R session
if (interactive()) {

  library(shiny)
  library(reactable)

  ui <- fluidPage(
    titlePanel("reactable example"),
    reactableOutput("table")
  )

  server <- function(input, output, session) {
    output$table <- renderReactable({
      reactable(iris)
    })
  }

  shinyApp(ui, server)
}
```

reactableLang  
Language options

Description

Use reactableLang() to customize the language strings in a table. Language strings include both visible text and accessible labels that can be read by assistive technology, such as screen readers.

To set the default language strings for all tables, use the global reactable.language option.

Usage

```r
reactableLang(
  sortLabel = "Sort {name}",
  filterPlaceholder = "",
  filterLabel = "Filter {name}",
  searchPlaceholder = "Search",
  searchLabel = "Search",
  noData = "No rows found",
  pageNext = "Next",
  pagePrevious = "Previous",
  pageNumbers = "{page} of {pages}",
  pageInfo = "{rowStart}\u2013{rowEnd} of {rows} rows",
  pageSizeOptions = "Show {rows}"
)
```
pageJumpLabel = "Go to page",
pageSizeOptionsLabel = "Rows per page",
groupExpandLabel = "Toggle group",
detailsExpandLabel = "Toggle details",
selectAllRowsLabel = "Select all rows",
selectAllSubRowsLabel = "Select all rows in group",
selectAllRowsLabel = "Select row",
defaultGroupHeader = NULL,
detailsCollapseLabel = NULL,
deselectAllRowsLabel = NULL,
deselectAllSubRowsLabel = NULL,
deselectRowLabel = NULL
)

Arguments

sortLabel Accessible label for column sort buttons. Takes a {name} parameter for the column name.

filterPlaceholder Placeholder for column filter inputs.

filterLabel Accessible label for column filter inputs. Takes a {name} parameter for the column name.

searchPlaceholder Placeholder for the table search input.

searchLabel Accessible label for the table search input.

noData Placeholder text when the table has no data.

pageNext Text for the next page button.

pagePrevious Text for the previous page button.

pageNumbers Text for the page numbers info. Only used with the "jump" and "simple" pagination types. Takes the following parameters:
  • {page} for the current page
  • {pages} for the total number of pages

pageInfo Text for the page info. Takes the following parameters:
  • {rowStart} for the starting row of the page
  • {rowEnd} for the ending row of the page
  • {rows} for the total number of rows

pageSizeOptions Text for the page size options input. Takes a {rows} parameter for the page size options input.

pageNextLabel Accessible label for the next page button.

pagePreviousLabel Accessible label for the previous page button.

pageNumberLabel Accessible label for the page number buttons. Only used with the the "numbers" pagination type. Takes a {page} parameter for the page number.
pageJumpLabel  Accessible label for the page jump input. Only used with the "jump" pagination type.

pageSizeOptionsLabel  Accessible label for the page size options input.

groupExpandLabel  Accessible label for the row group expand button.

detailsExpandLabel  Accessible label for the row details expand button.

selectAllRowsLabel  Accessible label for the select all rows checkbox.

selectAllSubRowsLabel  Accessible label for the select all sub rows checkbox.

selectAllRowLabel  Accessible label for the select row checkbox.

defaultGroupHeader  Deprecated and no longer used.

detailsCollapseLabel  Deprecated and no longer used.

deselectAllRowsLabel  Deprecated and no longer used.

deselectAllSubRowsLabel  Deprecated and no longer used.

deselectRowLabel  Deprecated and no longer used.

Value

A language options object that can be used to customize the language strings in reactable().

Examples

```
reactable(
  iris[1:30, ],
  searchable = TRUE,
  paginationType = "simple",
  language = reactableLang(
    searchPlaceholder = "Search...",
    noData = "No entries found",
    pageInfo = "\{rowStart\}\u2013\{rowEnd\} of \{rows\} entries",
    pagePrevious = "\u276e",
    pageNext = "\u276f",

    # Accessible labels for assistive technology, such as screen readers
    pagePreviousLabel = "Previous page",
    pageNextLabel = "Next page"
  )
)

# Set the default language for all tables
options(reactable.language = reactableLang(  
  searchPlaceholder = "Search...",  
  noData = "No entries found",  
  pageInfo = "{rowStart} to {rowEnd} of {rows} entries"
))

reactable(iris[1:30, ], searchable = TRUE)

---

**reactableTheme**

**Theme options**

**Description**

Use `reactableTheme()` to customize the default styling of a table. You can set theme variables to change the default styles, or add custom CSS to specific elements of the table.

The color variables are specified as character strings of CSS color values. The width and padding variables are specified as either character strings of CSS width and padding values, or numeric pixel values. The style arguments take custom CSS as named lists of camelCased properties.

To set the default theme for all tables, use the global `reactable.theme` option.

**Usage**

```r
reactableTheme(  
  color = NULL,  
  backgroundColor = NULL,  
  borderColor = NULL,  
  borderWidth = NULL,  
  stripedColor = NULL,  
  highlightColor = NULL,  
  cellPadding = NULL,  
  style = NULL,  
  tableStyle = NULL,  
  headerStyle = NULL,  
  groupHeaderStyle = NULL,  
  tableBodyStyle = NULL,  
  rowGroupStyle = NULL,  
  rowStyle = NULL,  
  rowStripedStyle = NULL,  
  rowHighlightStyle = NULL,  
  rowSelectedStyle = NULL,  
  cellStyle = NULL,  
  footerStyle = NULL,  
  inputStyle = NULL,  
  filterInputStyle = NULL,  
  searchInputStyle = NULL,  
  selectStyle = NULL,
)```
reactableTheme

paginationStyle = NULL,
pageButtonStyle = NULL,
pageButtonHoverStyle = NULL,
pageButtonActiveStyle = NULL,
pageButtonCurrentStyle = NULL
)

Arguments

color Default text color.
backgroundColor Default background color.
borderColor Default border color.
borderWidth Default border width.
stripedColor Default row stripe color.
highlightColor Default row highlight color.
cellPadding Default cell padding.
style Additional CSS for the table.
tableStyle Additional CSS for the table element (excludes the pagination bar and search input).
headerStyle Additional CSS for header cells.
groupHeaderStyle Additional CSS for group header cells.
tableBodyStyle Additional CSS for the table body element.
rowGroupStyle Additional CSS for row groups.
rowStyle Additional CSS for rows.
rowStripedStyle Additional CSS for striped rows.
rowHighlightStyle Additional CSS for highlighted rows.
rowSelectedStyle Additional CSS for selected rows.
cellStyle Additional CSS for cells.
footerStyle Additional CSS for footer cells.
inputStyle Additional CSS for inputs.
filterInputStyle Additional CSS for filter inputs.
searchInputStyle Additional CSS for the search input.
selectStyle Additional CSS for table select controls.
paginationStyle Additional CSS for the pagination bar.
pageButtonStyle, pageButtonHoverStyle, pageButtonActiveStyle, pageButtonCurrentStyle Additional CSS for page buttons, page buttons with hover or active states, and the current page button.
Details

You can use nested CSS selectors in style arguments to target the current element, using & as the selector, or other child elements (just like in Sass). This is useful for adding pseudo-classes like &:hover, or adding styles in a certain context like .outer-container &.

Value

A theme options object that can be used to customize the default styling in reactable().

Examples

```r
reactable(
  iris[1:30, ],
  searchable = TRUE,
  striped = TRUE,
  highlight = TRUE,
  bordered = TRUE,
  theme = reactableTheme(
    borderColor = "#dfe2e5",
    stripedColor = "#f6f8fa",
    highlightColor = "#f0f5f9",
    cellPadding = "8px 12px",
    style = list(
      fontFamily = "-apple-system, BlinkMacSystemFont, Segoe UI, Helvetica, Arial, sans-serif"
    ),
    searchInputStyle = list(width = "100%")
  )
)

# Set the default theme for all tables
options(reactable.theme = reactableTheme(
  color = "hsl(233, 9%, 87%)",
  backgroundColor = "hsl(233, 9%, 19%)",
  borderColor = "hsl(233, 9%, 22%)",
  stripedColor = "hsl(233, 12%, 22%)",
  highlightColor = "hsl(233, 12%, 24%)",
  inputStyle = list(backgroundColor = "hsl(233, 9%, 25%)"),
  selectStyle = list(backgroundColor = "hsl(233, 9%, 25%)"),
  pageButtonHoverStyle = list(backgroundColor = "hsl(233, 9%, 25%)"),
  pageButtonActiveStyle = list(backgroundColor = "hsl(233, 9%, 28%)")
))

reactable(
  iris[1:30, ],
  filterable = TRUE,
  showPageSizeOptions = TRUE,
  striped = TRUE,
  highlight = TRUE,
  details = function(index) paste("Details for row", index)
)

# Use nested selectors to highlight headers when sorting
```
updateReactable

`reactable(
  iris[1:30,],
  columns = list(Sepal.Length = colDef(sortable = FALSE)),
  showSortable = TRUE,
  theme = reactableTheme(
    headerStyle = list(
      "&:hover[aria-sort]" = list(background = "hsl(0, 0%, 96%)"),
      "&[aria-sort='ascending'], &[aria-sort='descending']" = list(background = "hsl(0, 0%, 96%)"),
      borderColor = "#555"
    )
  )
)

updateReactable

*Update a reactable instance*

**Description**

`updateReactable()` updates a reactable instance within a Shiny application.

**Usage**

```r
updateReactable(
  outputId, 
  data = NULL, 
  selected = NULL, 
  expanded = NULL, 
  page = NULL, 
  session = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

- **outputId**  
  The Shiny output ID of the reactable instance.

- **data**  
  Table data. A data frame or matrix.
  data should have the same columns as the original table data. When updating data, the selected rows, expanded rows, and current page will reset unless explicitly specified. All other state will persist, including sorting, filtering, and grouping state.

- **selected**  
  Selected rows. Either a numeric vector of row indices, or NA to deselect all rows.

- **expanded**  
  Expanded rows. Either TRUE to expand all rows, or FALSE to collapse all rows.

- **page**  
  The current page. A single, positive integer.

- **session**  
  The Shiny session object. Defaults to the current Shiny session.

**Value**

None
Examples

# Run in an interactive R session
if (interactive()) {

library(shiny)
library(reactable)

data <- MASS::Cars93[, 1:7]

ui <- fluidPage(
  actionButton("select_btn", "Select rows"),
  actionButton("clear_btn", "Clear selection"),
  actionButton("expand_btn", "Expand rows"),
  actionButton("collapse_btn", "Collapse rows"),
  actionButton("page_btn", "Change page"),
  selectInput("filter_type", "Filter type", unique(data$Type), multiple = TRUE),
  reactableOutput("table")
)

server <- function(input, output) {
  output$table <- renderReactable(
    reactable(
      data,
      filterable = TRUE,
      searchable = TRUE,
      selection = "multiple",
      details = function(index) paste("Details for row:", index)
    )
  )
  observeEvent(input$select_btn, {
    # Select rows
    updateReactable("table", selected = c(1, 3, 5))
  })
  observeEvent(input$clear_btn, {
    # Clear row selection
    updateReactable("table", selected = NA)
  })
  observeEvent(input$expand_btn, {
    # Expand all rows
    updateReactable("table", expanded = TRUE)
  })
  observeEvent(input$collapse_btn, {
    # Collapse all rows
    updateReactable("table", expanded = FALSE)
  })
  observeEvent(input$page_btn, {
    # Change current page
  })
}
updateReactable("table", page = 3)
})

observe({
  # Filter data
  filtered <- if (length(input$filter_type) > 0) {
    data[data$Type %in% input$filter_type,]
  } else {
    data
  }
  updateReactable("table", data = filtered)
})

shinyApp(ui, server)
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