# Package ‘refinr’

October 14, 2022

**Title**  Cluster and Merge Similar Values Within a Character Vector

**Version**  0.3.2

**Description**  These functions take a character vector as input, identify and cluster similar values, and then merge clusters together so their values become identical. The functions are an implementation of the key collision and ngram fingerprint algorithms from the open source tool Open Refine <https://openrefine.org/> . More info on key collision and ngram fingerprint can be found here <https://docs.openrefine.org/next/technical-reference/clustering-in-depth/> .

**Depends**  R (>= 3.0.2)

**License**  GPL-3

**Encoding**  UTF-8

**Imports**  Rcpp, stringdist (>= 0.9.5.1), stringi

**RoxygenNote**  7.1.1

**LinkingTo**  Rcpp, stringdist (>= 0.9.5.1)

**URL**  https://github.com/ChrisMuir/refinr

**BugReports**  https://github.com/ChrisMuir/refinr/issues

**Suggests**  testthat, knitr, markdown, dplyr

**VignetteBuilder**  knitr

**NeedsCompilation**  yes

**Author**  Chris Muir [aut, cre]

**Maintainer**  Chris Muir <chrismuirRVA@gmail.com>

**Repository**  CRAN

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key_collision_merge

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key_collision_merge Value merging based on Key Collision

Description

This function takes a character vector and makes edits and merges values that are approximately equivalent yet not identical. It clusters values based on the key collision method, described here https://docs.openrefine.org/next/technical-reference/clustering-in-depth/.

Usage

key_collision_merge(
  vect,
  ignore_strings = NULL,
  bus_suffix = TRUE,
  dict = NULL
)

Arguments

vect Character vector, items to be potentially clustered and merged.
ignore_strings Character vector, these strings will be ignored during the merging of values within vect. Default value is NULL.
bus_suffix Logical, indicating whether the merging of records should be insensitive to common business suffixes or not. Default value is TRUE.
dict Character vector, meant to act as a dictionary during the merging process. If any items within vect have a match in dict, then those items will always be edited to be identical to their match in dict. Default value is NULL.

Value

Character vector with similar values merged.

Examples

x <- c("Acme Pizza, Inc.", "ACME PIZZA COMPANY", "pizza, acme llc", "Acme Pizza, Inc.")
key_collision_merge(vect = x)

# Use parameter "dict" to influence how clustered values are edited.
key_collision_merge(vect = x, dict = c("Nicks Pizza", "acme PIZZA inc"))

# Use parameter 'ignore_strings' to ignore specific strings during merging
# of values.
x <- c("Bakersfield Highschool", "BAKERSFIELD high", "high school, bakersfield")
key_collision_merge(x, ignore_strings = c("high", "school", "highschool"))
**n_gram_merge**

Value merging based on ngram fingerprints

### Description

This function takes a character vector and makes edits and merges values that are approximately equivalent yet not identical. It uses a two step process, the first is clustering values based on their ngram fingerprint (described here [https://docs.openrefine.org/next/technical-reference/clustering-in-depth/](https://docs.openrefine.org/next/technical-reference/clustering-in-depth/)). The second step is merging values based on approximate string matching of the ngram fingerprints, using the [sd_lower_tri()] C function from the package stringdist.

### Usage

```r
n_gram_merge(
  vect,
  numgram = 2,
  ignore_strings = NULL,
  bus_suffix = TRUE,
  edit_threshold = 1,
  weight = c(d = 0.33, i = 0.33, s = 1, t = 0.5),
  ...)
```

### Arguments

- **vect**: Character vector, items to be potentially clustered and merged.
- **numgram**: Numeric value, indicating the number of characters that will occupy each ngram token. Default value is 2.
- **ignore_strings**: Character vector, these strings will be ignored during the merging of values within vect. Default value is NULL.
- **bus_suffix**: Logical, indicating whether the merging of records should be insensitive to common business suffixes or not. Default value is TRUE.
- **edit_threshold**: Numeric value, indicating the threshold at which a merge is performed, based on the sum of the edit values derived from param weight. Default value is 1. If this parameter is set to 0 or NA, then no approximate string matching will be done, and all merging will be based on strings that have identical ngram fingerprints.
- **weight**: Numeric vector, indicating the weights to assign to the four edit operations (see details below), for the purpose of approximate string matching. Default values are c(d = 0.33, i = 0.33, s = 1, t = 0.5). This parameter gets passed along to the stringdist function. Must be either a numeric vector of length four, or NA.
- **...**: additional args to be passed along to the stringdist function. The acceptable args are identical to those of [stringdistmatrix()].
Details

The values of arg weight are edit distance values that get passed to the stringdist edit distance function. The param takes four arguments, each one is a specific type of edit, with default penalty value.

- d: deletion, default value is 0.33
- i: insertion, default value is 0.33
- s: substitution, default value is 1
- t: transposition, default value is 0.5

Value

Character vector with similar values merged.

Examples

```r
x <- c("Acme Pizza, Inc.", "ACME PIZA COMPANY", "Acme Pizzazz LLC")
n_gram_merge(vect = x)

# The performance of the approximate string matching can be adjusted using
# parameters 'weight' or 'edit_threshold'
n_gram_merge(vect = x,
               weight = c(d = 0.4, i = 1, s = 1, t = 1))

# Use parameter 'ignore_strings' to ignore specific strings during merging
# of values.
x <- c("Bakersfield Highschool", "BAKERSFIELD high",
       "high school, bakersfield")
n_gram_merge(vect = x, ignore_strings = c("high", "school", "highschool"))
```

refinr  
Cluster and Merge Similar Values Within a Character Vector

Description

These functions take a character vector as input, identify and cluster similar values, and then merge clusters together so their values become identical. The functions are an implementation of the key collision and ngram fingerprint algorithms from the open source tool Open Refine.

Documentation for Open Refine

- Open Refine Site [https://openrefine.org/](https://openrefine.org/)
- Details on Open Refine clustering algorithms [https://docs.openrefine.org/next/technical-reference/clustering-in-depth/](https://docs.openrefine.org/next/technical-reference/clustering-in-depth/)
Development links

- https://github.com/ChrisMuir/refinr
- Report bugs at https://github.com/ChrisMuir/refinr/issues

refinr features the following functions

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