Package ‘reflectR’

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Type Package

Title Automatic Scoring of the Cognitive Reflection Test

Version 2.1.3

Imports stringr

Description
A tool for researchers and psychologists to automatically code open-ended responses to the Cognitive Reflection Test (CRT), a widely used class of tests in cognitive science and psychology for assessing an individual’s propensity to override an incorrect gut response and engage in further reflection to find a correct answer. This package facilitates the standardization of Cognitive Reflection Test responses analysis across large datasets in cognitive psychology, decision-making, and related fields. By automating the coding process, it not only reduces manual effort but also aims to reduce the variability introduced by subjective interpretation of open-ended responses, contributing to a more consistent and reliable analysis. ‘reflectR’ supports automatic coding and machine scoring for the original English-language version of CRT (Frederick, 2005) <doi:10.1257/089533005775196732>, as well as for CRT4 and CRT7, 4- and 7-item versions, respectively (Toplak et al., 2014) <doi:10.1080/13546783.2013.844729>, for the CRT-long version built via Item Response Theory by Primi and colleagues (2016) <doi:10.1002/bdm.1883>, and for CRT-2 by Thomson & Oppenheimer (2016) <doi:10.1017/s1930297500007622>.

Note: While ‘reflectR’ draws inspiration from the principles and scientific literature underlying the different versions of the Cognitive Reflection Test, it has been independently developed and does not hold any affiliation with any of the original authors. The development of this package benefited significantly from the kind insight and suggestions provided by Dr. Keela Thomson, whose contribution is gratefully acknowledged. Additional gratitude is extended to Dr. Paolo Giovanni Cicirelli, Prof. Marinella Paciello, Dr. Carmela Sportelli, and Prof. Francesca D’Errico, who not only contributed to the manual multi-rater coding of CRT-2 items but also profoundly influenced the understanding of the importance and practical relevance of cognitive reflection within personality, social, and cognitive psychology research.

Acknowledgment is also due to the European project STERHEOTYPES (STudying European Racial Hoaxes and sterEOTYPES) for funding the data collection that produced the datasets initially used for manual multi-rater coding of CRT-2 items.

URL https://github.com/g-corbelli/reflectR
Automatic coding for Cognitive Reflection Test (Frederick, 2005)
open-ended responses

Description

Applies coding logic to any number of provided CRT question responses and supports multiple
coding schemes. This function can output original coded responses, binary-coded responses, and
aggregate scores based on these binary codings.

Usage

```
CRT(
  item1 = NULL,
  item2 = NULL,
  item3 = NULL,
  codingscheme = "categ",
  na.rm = TRUE
)
```
Arguments

- **item1**: Vector of responses to the first CRT question, or NULL if not provided.
- **item2**: Vector of responses to the second CRT question, or NULL if not provided.
- **item3**: Vector of responses to the third CRT question, or NULL if not provided.
- **codingscheme**: A character string indicating the desired coding scheme. Options are "categ" for the original 1, 2, 3 coding, "sum" for a sum of binary-coded correct answers, or "mean" for an average of binary-coded correct answers. The default is "categ".
- **na.rm**: Logical, indicating whether to treat missing values as empty responses or preserve them as missing information. When TRUE, NAs are coded as "other" incorrect responses; when FALSE, NAs are preserved. Default is TRUE.

Value

A list containing the coded and, if applicable, binary-coded responses for each provided CRT question. For "sum" or "mean" coding schemes, additional vectors representing these aggregate scores are included.

Note

Developed by Giuseppe Corbelli, email: giuseppe.corbelli@uninettunouniversity.net, giuseppe.corbelli@uniroma1.it

Examples

- # Automated scoring for CRT responses using the categorical coding scheme:
  ```r
  reflectR::CRT(
    item1 = c("meh", "five", "10", "ten"),
    item2 = c("5", "one hundred", NA, "five"),
    item3 = c("47", "24", "forty-sevenn", "who knows"),
    codingscheme = "categ",
    na.rm = TRUE)
  ```

- # Compute the sum score for CRT responses based on binary-coded correctness:
  ```r
  reflectR::CRT(
    item1 = c("meh", "five", "10", "ten"),
    item2 = c("5", "one hundred", NA, "five"),
    item3 = c("47", "24", "forty-sevenn", "who knows"),
    codingscheme = "sum",
    na.rm = FALSE)$crt_sum
  ```

Description

Applies coding logic to any number of provided CRT question responses and supports multiple coding schemes. This function can output original coded responses, binary-coded responses, and aggregate scores based on these binary codings.
Usage

CRT4(
    item1 = NULL,
    item2 = NULL,
    item3 = NULL,
    item4 = NULL,
    codingscheme = "categ",
    na.rm = TRUE
)

Arguments

item1 Vector of responses to the first CRT question, or NULL if not provided.
item2 Vector of responses to the second CRT question, or NULL if not provided.
item3 Vector of responses to the third CRT question, or NULL if not provided.
item4 Vector of responses to the fourth CRT question, or NULL if not provided.
codingscheme A character string indicating the desired coding scheme. Options are "categ" for the original 1, 2, 3 coding, "sum" for a sum of binary-coded correct answers, or "mean" for an average of binary-coded correct answers. The default is "categ".
na.rm Logical, indicating whether to treat missing values as empty responses or preserve them as missing information. When TRUE, NAs are coded as "other" incorrect responses; when FALSE, NAs are preserved. Default is TRUE.

Value

A list containing the coded and, if applicable, binary-coded responses for each provided CRT question. For "sum" or "mean" coding schemes, additional vectors representing these aggregate scores are included.

Note

Developed by Giuseppe Corbelli, email: giuseppe.corbelli@uninettunouniversity.net, giuseppe.corbelli@uniroma1.it

Examples

# Automated scoring for CRT4 responses using the categorical coding scheme:
reflectR::CRT4(
    item1 = c("four", "nineeee", "maybe 4?"),
    item2 = c("29", "thirty", "30"),
    item3 = c("twentyyyyy", "ten I think", "dunno"),
    item4 = c("your behind", NA, "richer"),
    codingscheme = "categ",
    na.rm = TRUE)

# Compute the sum score for CRT4 responses based on binary-coded correctness:
reflectR::CRT4(
    item1 = c("four", "nineeee", "maybe 4?"),
    item2 = c("29", "thirty", "30"),
item3 = c("twentyyyyy", "ten I think", "dunno"),
item4 = c("your behind", NA, "richer"),
codingscheme = "sum",
na.rm = FALSE)$crt_sum

---

**Description**

Applies coding logic to any number of provided CRT question responses and supports multiple coding schemes. This function can output original coded responses, binary-coded responses, and aggregate scores based on these binary codings.

**Usage**

```r
CRT7(
  item1 = NULL,
  item2 = NULL,
  item3 = NULL,
  item4 = NULL,
  item5 = NULL,
  item6 = NULL,
  item7 = NULL,
  codingscheme = "categ",
  na.rm = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

- `item1` Vector of responses to the first CRT question, or NULL if not provided.
- `item2` Vector of responses to the second CRT question, or NULL if not provided.
- `item3` Vector of responses to the third CRT question, or NULL if not provided.
- `item4` Vector of responses to the fourth CRT question, or NULL if not provided.
- `item5` Vector of responses to the fifth CRT question, or NULL if not provided.
- `item6` Vector of responses to the sixth CRT question, or NULL if not provided.
- `item7` Vector of responses to the seventh CRT question, or NULL if not provided.
- `codingscheme` A character string indicating the desired coding scheme. Options are "categ" for the original 1, 2, 3 coding, "sum" for a sum of binary-coded correct answers, or "mean" for an average of binary-coded correct answers. The default is "categ".
- `na.rm` Logical, indicating whether to treat missing values as empty responses or preserve them as missing information. When TRUE, NAs are coded as "other" incorrect responses; when FALSE, NAs are preserved. Default is TRUE.
Value

A list containing the coded and, if applicable, binary-coded responses for each provided CRT question. For "sum" or "mean" coding schemes, additional vectors representing these aggregate scores are included.

Note

Developed by Giuseppe Corbelli, email: giuseppe.corbelli@uninettunouniversity.net, giuseppe.corbelli@uniroma1.it

Examples

# Automated scoring for CRT7 responses using the categorical coding scheme:
reflectR::CRT7(
  item1 = c("five", "5 cents", "10"),
  item2 = c("5", "one hundred", "100"),
  item3 = c("47", "24", "forty seven"),
  item4 = c("four", "nineee", "maybe 4?")
  item5 = c("29", "thirty", "30"),
  item6 = c("twentyyyy", "ten I think", NA),
  item7 = c("your behind", "poorer", "richer"),
  codingscheme = "categ",
  na.rm = TRUE)

# Compute the sum score for CRT7 responses based on binary-coded correctness:
reflectR::CRT7(
  item1 = c("five", "5 cents", "10"),
  item2 = c("5", "one hundred", "100"),
  item3 = c("47", "24", "forty seven"),
  item4 = c("four", "nineee", "maybe 4?")
  item5 = c("29", "thirty", "30"),
  item6 = c("twentyyyy", "ten I think", NA),
  item7 = c("your behind", "poorer", "richer"),
  codingscheme = "sum",
  na.rm = FALSE)$crt_sum

---

CRTLong

Automatic coding for Cognitive Reflection Test LONG (Primi et al., 2016) open-ended responses

Description

Applies coding logic to any number of provided CRT question responses and supports multiple coding schemes. This function can output original coded responses, binary-coded responses, and aggregate scores based on these binary codings.
Usage

 CRTlong(
   item1 = NULL,
   item2 = NULL,
   item3 = NULL,
   item4 = NULL,
   item5 = NULL,
   item6 = NULL,
   codingscheme = "categ",
   na.rm = TRUE
)

Arguments

  item1     Vector of responses to the first CRT question, or NULL if not provided.
  item2     Vector of responses to the second CRT question, or NULL if not provided.
  item3     Vector of responses to the third CRT question, or NULL if not provided.
  item4     Vector of responses to the fourth CRT question, or NULL if not provided.
  item5     Vector of responses to the fifth CRT question, or NULL if not provided.
  item6     Vector of responses to the sixth CRT question, or NULL if not provided.
  codingscheme A character string indicating the desired coding scheme. Options are "categ" for
                 the original 1, 2, 3 coding, "sum" for a sum of binary-coded correct answers, or
                 "mean" for an average of binary-coded correct answers. The default is "categ".
  na.rm     Logical, indicating whether to treat missing values as empty responses or pre-
            serve them as missing information. When TRUE, NAs are coded as "other"
            incorrect responses; when FALSE, NAs are preserved. Default is TRUE.

Value

A list containing the coded and, if applicable, binary-coded responses for each provided CRT ques-
  tion. For "sum" or "mean" coding schemes, additional vectors representing these aggregate scores
  are included.

Note

Developed by Giuseppe Corbelli, email: giuseppe.corbelli@uninettunouniversity.net, giuseppe.corbelli@uniroma1.it

Examples

# Automated scoring for CRTlong responses using the categorical coding scheme:
reflectR::CRTlong(
  item1 = c("five", "5 cents", "10"),
  item2 = c("5", "one hundred", "100"),
  item3 = c("47", "24", "forty seven"),
  item4 = c("3 elves", "dunno", "six"),
  item5 = c(NA, "thirty", "30"),
  item6 = c("15", "fifteen", "0"),
)
```r
codingscheme = "categ",
na.rm = TRUE)
# Compute the sum score for CRTlong responses based on binary-coded correctness:
reflectR::CRTlong(
  item1 = c("five", "5 cents", "10"),
  item2 = c("5", "one hundred", "100"),
  item3 = c("47", "24", "forty seven"),
  item4 = c("3 elves", "dunno", "six"),
  item5 = c(NA, "thirty", "30"),
  item6 = c("15", "fifteen", "0"),
codingscheme = "sum",
na.rm = FALSE)$crt_sum
```

---

**CRTtwo**  
*Automatic coding for Cognitive Reflection Test 2 (Thomson & Oppenheimer, 2016) open-ended responses*

**Description**

Applies coding logic to any number of provided CRT question responses and supports multiple coding schemes. This function can output original coded responses, binary-coded responses, and aggregate scores based on these binary codings.

**Usage**

```r
CRTtwo(
  item1 = NULL,
  item2 = NULL,
  item3 = NULL,
  item4 = NULL,
  codingscheme = "categ",
  na.rm = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

- **item1**: Vector of responses to the first CRT question, or NULL if not provided.
- **item2**: Vector of responses to the second CRT question, or NULL if not provided.
- **item3**: Vector of responses to the third CRT question, or NULL if not provided.
- **item4**: Vector of responses to the fourth CRT question, or NULL if not provided.
- **codingscheme**: A character string indicating the desired coding scheme. Options are "categ" for the original 1, 2, 3 coding, "sum" for a sum of binary-coded correct answers, or "mean" for an average of binary-coded correct answers. The default is "categ".
- **na.rm**: Logical, indicating whether to treat missing values as empty responses or preserve them as missing information. When TRUE, NAs are coded as "other" incorrect responses; when FALSE, NAs are preserved. Default is TRUE.
itaCRTtwo

Value

A list containing the coded and, if applicable, binary-coded responses for each provided CRT question. For "sum" or "mean" coding schemes, additional vectors representing these aggregate scores are included.

Note

Developed by Giuseppe Corbelli, email: giuseppe.corbelli@uninettunouniversity.net, giuseppe.corbelli@uniroma1.it

Examples

# Automated scoring for CRTtwo responses using the categorical coding scheme:
reflectR::CRTtwo(
  item1 = c("first place", "second place", "1", "seconddd", "meh"),
  item2 = c("7", "eightt", "seven", NA, "8"),
  item3 = c("emily", "i think emily", "JUNEE", "maybe june", "the name is emily"),
  item4 = c("nothing", "27 sqmt", "0", "it's empty", "i suck at math"),
  codingscheme = "categ",
  na.rm = TRUE)

# Compute the sum score for CRTtwo responses based on binary-coded correctness:
reflectR::CRTtwo(
  item1 = c("first place", "second place", "1", "seconddd", "meh"),
  item2 = c("7", "eightt", "seven", NA, "8"),
  item3 = c("emily", "i think emily", "JUNEE", "maybe june", "the name is emily"),
  item4 = c("nothing", "27 sqmt", "0", "it's empty", "i suck at math"),
  codingscheme = "sum",
  na.rm = FALSE)$crt_sum

ariaCRTtwo

Automatic coding for Cognitive Reflection Test 2 (Thomson & Oppenheimer, 2016) open-ended responses (Italian language)

Description

Applies coding logic to any number of provided CRT question responses and supports multiple coding schemes. This function can output original coded responses, binary-coded responses, and aggregate scores based on these binary codings.

Usage

itaCRTtwo(
  item1 = NULL,
  item2 = NULL,
  item3 = NULL,
  item4 = NULL,
  codingscheme = "categ",
  na.rm = TRUE
)
Arguments

item1 Vector of responses to the first CRT question, or NULL if not provided.
item2 Vector of responses to the second CRT question, or NULL if not provided.
item3 Vector of responses to the third CRT question, or NULL if not provided.
item4 Vector of responses to the fourth CRT question, or NULL if not provided.
codingscheme A character string indicating the desired coding scheme. Options are "categ" for the original 1, 2, 3 coding, "sum" for a sum of binary-coded correct answers, or "mean" for an average of binary-coded correct answers. The default is "categ".
na.rm Logical, indicating whether to treat missing values as empty responses or preserve them as missing information. When TRUE, NAs are coded as "other" incorrect responses; when FALSE, NAs are preserved. Default is TRUE.

Value

A list containing the coded and, if applicable, binary-coded responses for each provided CRT question. For "sum" or "mean" coding schemes, additional vectors representing these aggregate scores are included.

Note

Developed by Giuseppe Corbelli, email: giuseppe.corbelli@ uninettunouniversity.net, giuseppe.corbelli@uniroma1.it

Examples

# Automated scoring for itaCRTtwo responses using the categorical coding scheme:
reflectR::itaCRTtwo(
  item1 = c("al primo", "secondo", "1", NA),
  item2 = c("7", "non so", "sette", "otto"),
  item3 = c("pprimo", "carlo", "CARLOO", "si chiama boh"),
  item4 = c("nulla", "27 metri cubi", "mille", "zero"),
  codingscheme = "categ",
  na.rm = TRUE)

# Compute the sum score for itaCRTtwo responses based on binary-coded correctness:
reflectR::itaCRTtwo(
  item1 = c("al primo", "secondo", "1", NA),
  item2 = c("7", "non so", "sette", "otto"),
  item3 = c("pprimo", "carlo", "CARLOO", "si chiama boh"),
  item4 = c("nulla", "27 metri cubi", "mille", "zero"),
  codingscheme = "sum",
  na.rm = FALSE)$crt_sum
Description

The reflectR package provides automated coding tools for open-ended responses to various forms of the Cognitive Reflection Test (CRT). This package facilitates the standardization of Cognitive Reflection Test responses analysis across large datasets in cognitive psychology, decision-making, and related fields. By automating the coding process, it not only reduces manual effort but also aims to reduce the variability introduced by subjective interpretation of open-ended responses, contributing to a more consistent and reliable analysis.

Details

The package includes functions to code responses from:

- **CRT**: Original CRT version by Frederick (2005)
- **CRT4**: 4-item CRT version by Toplak et al. (2014)
- **CRT7**: 7-item expanded CRT version by Toplak et al. (2014)
- **CRTlong**: CRT LONG version by Primi et al. (2016)
- **CRTtwo**: CRT version 2 by Thomson & Oppenheimer (2016)
- **itaCRTtwo**: Italian version of CRT version 2 by Thomson & Oppenheimer (2016)

Note

While reflectR draws inspiration from the scientific literature on the CRT, it has been independently developed and does not hold any affiliation with the original authors of these tests.

Acknowledgments

The development of this package benefited significantly from the kind insight and suggestion provided by Dr. Keela Thomson, whose contribution is gratefully acknowledged. Special thanks are also due to Dr. Paolo Giovanni Cicirelli, Prof. Marinella Paciello, Dr. Carmela Sportelli, and Prof. Francesca D’Errico. Acknowledgment is also due to the European project STERHEOTYPES for funding the data collection that produced the datasets initially used for manual multi-rater coding of CRT-2 items.

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References


See Also

Useful links:

- [https://github.com/g-corbelli/reflectR](https://github.com/g-corbelli/reflectR)
- Report bugs at [https://github.com/g-corbelli/reflectR/issues](https://github.com/g-corbelli/reflectR/issues)
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