# Package ‘reinsureR’

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**Type** Package  
**Title** Reinsurance Treaties Application  
**Version** 0.1.0  
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**Description** Application of reinsurance treaties to claims portfolios. The package creates a class Claims whose objective is to store claims and premiums, on which different treaties can be applied. A statistical analysis can then be applied to measure the impact of reinsurance, producing a table or graphical output. This package can be used for estimating the impact of reinsurance on several portfolios or for pricing treaties through statistical analysis. Documentation for the implemented methods can be found in "Reinsurance: Actuarial and Statistical Aspects" by Hansjöerg Albrecher, Jan Beirlant, Jozef L. Teugels (2017, ISBN: 978-0-470-77268-3) and "REINSURANCE: A Basic Guide to Facultative and Treaty Reinsurance" by Munich Re (2010) <https://www.munichre.com/site/mram/get/documents_E96160999/mram/assetpool.mr_america/PDFs/3_Procurement/Reinsurance_Basic_Guide.pdf>.  
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**apply_treaty**

**Description**

*apply_treaty* applies a treaty on an object of type *Claims* (*Claims-class*).

**Usage**

```r
apply_treaty(claims, treaty)
```

**Arguments**

- `claims` *Claims* (*Claims-class*) object
- `treaty` *Treaty* (*QS-class* or *XL-class* or *SL-class*) object

**Value**

The updated *Claims* object
Claims: User constructor function

Description

claims defines an object of class Claims (Claims-class).

Usage

claims(claims, premiums)

Arguments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Argument</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>claims</td>
<td>Data.frame. Claims table. Contains at least 2 columns, and may contain 2 optional columns:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• year: year associated with the considered claim;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• portfolio: Optional. Portfolio associated with the considered claim;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• simulId: Optional. Simulation id of the considered claim. Useful for stochastic modelling;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• amount: amount of the considered claim.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>premiums</td>
<td>Data.frame. Premiums table. Contains at least 2 columns, and may contain 1 optional column:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• year: year associated with the considered premium;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• portfolio: Optional. Portfolio associated with the considered premium;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• amount: amount of the considered premium.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Details

If portfolio or simulId are not given in the input tables, the default value is set to 0 in the Claims object.

Consistency needs to be insured between claims and premiums. For every year where a claim is entered, a premium must be registered. The same goes for the portfolios.

Portfolios differentiation is used to apply reinsurance treaties to different part of claims.
Simulation Ids are used in the case of stochastic simulations, in order to apply reinsurance treaties over simulated claims. Simulations Id are not used for premiums, which are mapped through year and portfolio. Be careful to have a unique premium for each couple year/portfolio. For a unique combination of year, portfolio and simulId can be associated multiple events that will be taken into account when applying Excess of Loss reinsurance.

Value

An object of class Claims (Claims-class), initialized with the values given in input. Its basic methods are:

- `show`
- `draw(draw)`: plotting function;
- `summy(summy)`: plotting function;
- `get_claims(get_claims)`: extract claim table from Claims object;
- `get_premiums(get_premiums)`: extract premium table from Claims object;
- `get_commissions(get_commissions)`: extract commissions table from Claims object;
- `get_reinstatements(get_reinstatements)`: extract reinstatements table from Claims object;
- `get_treaties(get_treaties)`: extract applied treaties list from Claims object.

Examples

```r
C <- data.frame(year = unlist(sapply(2000:2017, function(x) rep(x, rpois(1)))))
C$amount <- pmax(rnorm(nrow(C), 200000, 100000), 0)

p <- aggregate(amount ~ year, C, sum)

claims <- claims(c, p)
```

Description

An S4 class to represent Claims and Premiums for reinsurance computations.

Usage

```r
## S4 method for signature 'Claims'
show(object)
```

Arguments

- `object` The object to display
Methods (by generic)

• show: show method

Slots

clm Data.table. Claims table. Contains at least 4 columns:

• year: year associated with the considered claim;
• portfolio: portfolio associated with the considered claim;
• simulid: simulation id of the considered claim. Useful for stochastic modelling;
• amount: amount of the considered claim.

prm Data.table. Premiums table. Contains at least 3 columns:

• year: year associated with the considered premium;
• portfolio: portfolio associated with the considered premium;
• amount: amount of the considered premium.

rns Data.table. Reinstatement amount table, that only concerns excess of loss treaties. Contains at least 2 columns:

• year: year associated with the considered reinstatements;
• simulid: simulation id of the considered reinstatement amount. Useful for stochastic modelling.

com Data.table. Commissions amount table, that only concerns quota share treaties. Contains at least 2 columns:

• year: year associated with the considered commission amount;
• portfolio: portfolio associated with the considered commission.

trt Vector. List of treaties applied to the Claims object.

draw

claims: Plot function

Description

draw produces a graphical representation of an object Claims (Claims-class).

Usage

draw(x, value = "all", moment = "gain", output = "boxplot")

# S4 method for signature 'Claims'
draw(x, value = "all", moment = "gain",
output = "boxplot")
Arguments

x The Claims object to represent.
value Character. The value to consider plot, among:
- claims
- premiums
- reinstatements
- commissions
- all: default value. Compute the profit.
moment Character. Moment for analysis:
- before: before reinsurance;
- after: after reinsurance;
- gain: default value. Difference in values by application of reinsurance.
output Character. Type of graph to produce:
- boxplot: default value. Boxplot by year
- histogram: histogram over all years

Details

For boxplots, a red dot represent the mean value for each year.

Value

a plot

Examples

```r
c <- data.frame(year = unlist(sapply(2000:2017, function(x) rep(x, rpois(1,3))))
c$amount <- pmax(rnorm(nrow(c), 200000, 100000), 0)
p <- aggregate(amount ~ year, c, sum)
claims <- claims(c, p)
treaty_1 <- xl(ded = 10000, lim = 20000, aad = 5000, 
aal = 200000, prm = 0.01, rns = 1)
claims <- apply_treaty(claims, treaty_1)
draw(claims)
```

get_claims  Get claims

Description

get_claims gets the claims table of a Claims (Claims-class) object.
Usage

get_claims(object)

## S4 method for signature 'Claims'
get_claims(object)

Arguments

object The object to display

Examples

c <- data.frame(year = unlist(sapply(2000:2017, function(x) rep(x, rpois(1,3)))))
c$amount <- pmax(rnorm(nrow(c), 200000, 100000), 0)
p <- aggregate(amount ~ year, c, sum)
claims <- claims(c, p)
get_claims(claims)

get_commissions

Description

get_commissions gets the commissions induced by QS treaties applied to Claims (Claims-class) object.

Usage

get_commissions(object)

## S4 method for signature 'Claims'
get_commissions(object)

Arguments

object The object to display

Examples

c <- data.frame(year = unlist(sapply(2000:2017, function(x) rep(x, rpois(1,3)))))
c$amount <- pmax(rnorm(nrow(c), 200000, 100000), 0)
p <- aggregate(amount ~ year, c, sum)
claims <- claims(c, p)
treaty_1 <- qs(0.8, com = 0.25)
claims <- apply_treaty(claims, treaty_1)
get_commissions(claims)
get_premiums

Description

get_premiums gets the premiums table of a Claims (Claims-class) object.

Usage

get_premiums(object)

## S4 method for signature 'Claims'
get_premiums(object)

Arguments

object The object to display

Examples

c <- data.frame(year = unlist(sapply(2000:2017, function(x) rep(x, rpois(1,3)))))
c$amount <- pmax(rnorm(nrow(c), 200000, 100000), 0)
p <- aggregate(amount ~ year, c, sum)
claims <- claims(c, p)
get_premiums(claims)

get_reinstatements

Description

get_reinstatements gets the reinstatements induced by XL treaties applied to Claims (Claims-class) object.

Usage

get_reinstatements(object)

## S4 method for signature 'Claims'
get_reinstatements(object)

Arguments

object The object to display
get_treaties

Examples

c <- data.frame(year = unlist(sapply(2000:2017, function(x) rep(x, rpois(1,3)))))
c$amount <- pmax(rnorm(nrow(c), 200000, 1000000), 0)
p <- aggregate(amount ~ year, c, sum)
claims <- claims(c, p)
treaty_1 <- xl(ded = 100000, lim = 200000, aad = 5000,
aal = 200000, prm = 0.01, rns = 1)
claims <- apply_treaty(claims, treaty_1)
get_reinstatements(claims)

get_treaties

Description

get_treaties gets the characteristics of treaties applied to Claims (Claims-class) object.

Usage

get_treaties(object)

## S4 method for signature 'Claims'
get_treaties(object)

Arguments

object The object to display

Examples

c <- data.frame(year = unlist(sapply(2000:2017, function(x) rep(x, rpois(1,3)))))
c$amount <- pmax(rnorm(nrow(c), 200000, 1000000), 0)
p <- aggregate(amount ~ year, c, sum)
claims <- claims(c, p)
treaty_1 <- qsl(ded = 100000, lim = 200000, aad = 5000,
aal = 200000, prm = 0.01, rns = 1)
claims <- apply_treaty(claims, treaty_1)
get_treaties(claims)
**qs**  
*Quota Share Treaty: User constructor function*

**Description**

qs defines an object of class QS (*QS-class*).

**Usage**

```r
qs(csn_clm, csn_prm = "auto", com = 0, ptf = "all")
```

**Arguments**

- **csn_clm**: Numeric. Cession rate on claims. Should be between 0 and 1.
- **csn_prm**: Numeric. Cession rate on premiums. Should be between 0 and 1. Default value set to csn_clm.
- **com**: Numeric. Commission rate, applied on the part of premiums given to the reinsurer. Should be between 0 and 1. Default value set to 0.
- **ptf**: Vector. List of portfolios on which the treaty is to be applied on. Default value set to all.

**Value**

An object of class QS (*QS-class*), initialized with the values given in input. Its basic methods are:

- show

**Examples**

```r
treaty_1 <- qs(0.8, com = 0.25)
treaty_1
```

---

**QS-class**  
*Quota Share Treaty*

**Description**

An S4 class to represent a Quota Share Treaty

**Usage**

```r
## S4 method for signature 'QS'
show(object)
```
Arguments

object the object to display

Methods (by generic)

• show: Quota Share Treaty: show method

Slots

csn_clm Numeric. Cession rate on claims. Should be between 0 and 1.
csn_prm Numeric. Cession rate on premiums. Should be between 0 and 1.
com Numeric. Commission rate, applied on the part of premiums given to the reinsurer. Should be between 0 and 1.
ptf Vector. List of portfolios on which the treaty is to be applied on.
trt Character. Always equal to "QS". Identifier for the type of treaty.

sl Stop Loss Treaty: User constructor function

Description

sl defines an object of class SL (SL-class), which represents a Stop Loss treaty.

Usage

sl(ded = Inf, lim = Inf, prm = 0, ptf = "all")

Arguments

ded Numeric. Deductible amount of the treaty. Should be superior to 0.
lim Numeric. Limit amount for the treaty. Should be superior to 0. May be equal to Inf.
prm Numeric. Premium rate, which represents the proportion of the premium given to the reinsurer as price for the treaty. Should be between 0 and 1.
ptf Vector. List of portfolios on which the treaty is to be applied on. Default value set to all.

Value

An object of class SL (SL-class), initialized with the values given in input. Its basic methods are:

• show

Examples

treaty_1 <- sl(ded = 100000, lim = 20000, prm = 0.01, ptf = "all")
treaty_1
### SL-class

| Stop Loss Treaty |

**Description**

An S4 class to represent a Stop Loss Treaty

**Usage**

```r
## S4 method for signature 'SL'
show(object)
```

**Arguments**

- `object` the object to display

**Methods (by generic)**

- `show`: Stop Loss Treaty: show method

**Slots**

- `ded` Numeric. Deductible amount of the treaty. Should be superior to 0.
- `lim` Numeric. Limit amount for the treaty. Should be superior to 0. May be equal to Inf.
- `prm` Numeric. Premium rate, which represents the proportion of the premium given to the reinsurer as price for the treaty. Should be between 0 and 1.
- `ptf` Vector. List of portfolios on which the treaty is to be applied on.
- `trt` Character. Always equal to "SL". Identifier for the type of treaty

---

### summy

| Claims: Summary function |

**Description**

`summy` summarizes the data contained in the object `Claims` (Claims-class).

**Usage**

```r
summy(object, op = "mean")
```

```r
## S4 method for signature 'Claims'
summy(object, op = "mean")
```
Arguments

- **object**
  The Claims object to represent.

- **op**
  Character. The aggregation operation over the simulIds, among:
  - mean: default value.
  - sd
  - median
  - min
  - max

Value

The summarized data

Examples

c <- data.frame(year = unlist(sapply(2000:2017, function(x) rep(x, rpois(1,3)))))
c$amount <- pmax(rnorm(nrow(c), 200000, 100000), 0)
p <- aggregate(amount ~ year, c, sum)
claims <- claims(c, p)
treaty_1 <- xl(ded = 100000, lim = 20000, aad = 5000,
aal = 200000, prm = 0.01, rns = 1)
claims <- apply_treaty(claims, treaty_1)
summary(claims)

---

**xl**

*Excess of Loss Treaty: User constructor function*

Description

xl defines an object of class **XL (XL-class)**, which represents an Excess of Loss treaty.

Usage

```
xl(ded = Inf, lim = Inf, aal = Inf, aad = Inf, prm = 0,
   rns = "none", ptf = "all")
```

Arguments

- **ded**
  Numeric. Deductible amount of the treaty. Should be superior to 0.

- **lim**
  Numeric. Limit amount for the treaty. Should be superior to 0. May be equal to Inf.

- **aal**
  Numeric. Annual Aggregate Deductible amount of the treaty. Should be superior to 0.

- **aad**
  Numeric. Annual Aggregate Limit amount for the treaty. Should be superior to 0. May be equal to Inf.
xl-class

prm Numeric. Premium rate, which represents the proportion of the premium given to the reinsurer as price for the treaty. Should be between 0 and 1.

rns Numeric vector. Reinstatement prices. Vector of length equals to the number of reinstatements with each value equals the price of the reinstatement.

ptf Vector. List of portfolios on which the treaty is to be applied on. Default value set to all.

Details

Reinstatements are the number of time the limit can be reconstructed. The vector given for this parameter will be an indication of the price for each reinstatement. For example, a rns value of c(0, 1) will give one free reinstatement and one reinstatement paid 100% of the premium before totally consuming the limit.

Value

An object of class XL (XL-class), initialized with the values given in input. Its basic methods are:

• show

Examples

treaty_1 <- xl(ded = 200000L, lim = 20000L, aad = 0, aal = 10000L, prm = 0.01, rns = c(0, 1))
treaty_1

---

XL-class Excess of Loss Treaty

Description

An S4 class to represent an Excess of Loss Treaty

Usage

## S4 method for signature 'XL'

show(object)

Arguments

object the object to display

Methods (by generic)

• show: Excess of Loss Treaty: show method
**Slots**

- **ded** Numeric. Deductible amount of the treaty. Should be superior to 0.
- **lim** Numeric. Limit amount for the treaty. Should be superior to 0. May be equal to Inf.
- **aad** Numeric. Annual Aggregate Deductible amount of the treaty. Should be superior to 0.
- **aal** Numeric. Annual Aggregate Limit amount for the treaty. Should be superior to 0. May be equal to Inf.
- **rns** Numeric vector. Reinstatement prices. Vector of length equals to the number of reinstatements with each value equals the price of the reinstatement.
- **prm** Numeric. Premium rate, which represents the proportion of the premium given to the reinsurer as price for the treaty. Should be between 0 and 1.
- **ptf** Vector. List of portfolios on which the treaty is to be applied on.
- **trt** Character. Always equal to "SL". Identifier for the type of treaty
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