Package ‘rmdcev’

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Type Package

Title Kuhn-Tucker and Multiple Discrete-Continuous Extreme Value Models

Version 1.2.5

Maintainer Patrick Lloyd-Smith <patrick.lloydsmith@usask.ca>

Description Estimates and simulates Kuhn-Tucker demand models with individual heterogeneity. The package implements the multiple-discrete continuous extreme value (MDCEV) model and the Kuhn-Tucker specification common in the environmental economics literature on recreation demand. Latent class and random parameters specifications can be implemented and the models are fit using maximum likelihood estimation or Bayesian estimation. All models are implemented in Stan, which is a C++ package for performing full Bayesian inference (see Stan Development Team, 2019) <https://mc-stan.org/>. The package also implements demand forecasting (Pinjari and Bhat (2011) <https://repositories.lib.utexas.edu/handle/2152/23880>) and welfare calculation (Lloyd-Smith (2018) <doi:10.1016/j.jocm.2017.12.002>) for policy simulation.

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Depends R (>= 4.0.0), Rcpp (>= 1.0.5), methods

Imports rstan (>= 2.21.0), rstantools (>= 2.3.0), RcppParallel (>= 5.0.1), dplyr (>= 0.7.8), purrr, tibble, tidyr, utils, stats

LinkingTo BH (>= 1.72.0), Rcpp, RcppEigen (>= 0.3.3.3.0), RcppParallel (>= 5.0.1), rstan (>= 2.21.0), StanHeaders (>= 2.21.0)

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LazyData true

Repository CRAN

SystemRequirements GNU make

NeedsCompilation yes

RoxygenNote 7.2.3

Biarch true

Suggests knitr, rmarkdown, testthat
CreateBlankPolicies

Description

Create 'zero effect' policies that can be modified

Usage

CreateBlankPolicies(npols, model, price_change_only = TRUE)

Arguments

npols Number of policies to simulate
model Estimated model from mdcev
price_change_only Logical value for whether to include policy changes to dat_psi. Defaults to TRUE. TRUE implies that only price changes are used in simulation.

Examples

data_rec <- mdcev.data(data_rec, subset = id <= 500, id.var = "id",
alt.var = "alt", choice = "quant")

mdcev_est <- mdcev(~0, data = data_rec,
model = "hybrid0", algorithm = "MLE",
std_errors = "mvn")
CreateBlankPolicies(npols = 2, mdcev_est)

---

### data_rec

**Recreation data from Value of Nature to Canadians Survey**

**Description**

Data from 2000 individuals from the Value of Nature to Canadians (VNC) survey. The travel costs are calculated using the approach described in Lloyd-Smith (2020).

**Usage**

```r
data(data_rec)
```

**Format**

A tibble with 34000 rows and 8 variables

**Source**

Canadian Nature Survey 2012

**References**


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### GenerateMDCEVData

**GenerateMDCEVData**

**Description**

Simulate data for KT models
Usage

GenerateMDCEVData(
  model,
  nobs = 1000,
  nalts = 10,
  income = stats::runif(nobs, 1e+05, 150000),
  price = matrix(stats::runif(nobs * nalts, 100, 500), nobs, nalts),
  alpha_parms = 0.5,
  scale_parms = 1,
  gamma_parms = stats::runif(nalts, 1, 10),
  psi_i_parms = c(-1.5, 2, -1),
  psi_j_parms = c(-5, 0.5, 2),
  phi_parms = c(-5, 0.5, 2),
  dat.psi_i = matrix(2 * stats::runif(nobs * length(psi_i_parms)), nobs, length(psi_i_parms)),
  dat.psi_j = cbind(matrix(stats::runif(nalts * (length(psi_j_parms))), nrow = nalts),
                    stats::runif(nalts)),
  dat.phi = cbind(matrix(stats::runif(nalts * (length(phi_parms))), nrow = nalts),
                  stats::runif(nalts)),
  nerrs = 1,
  tol = 1e-20,
  max_loop = 999
)

Arguments

model A string indicating which model specification is estimated. The options are
"alpha", "gamma", "hybrid" and "hybrid0" for the MDCEV model and "kt_ee"
for the environmental economics Kuhn-Tucker specification.

nobs Number of individuals

nalts Number of non-numeraire alts

income Vector of individual income

price Matrix of prices for non-numeraire alternatives.

alpha_parms Parameter value for alpha term

scale_parms Parameter value for scale term

gamma_parms Parameter value for gamma terms

psi_i_parms Parameter value for psi terms that vary by individual

psi_j_parms Parameter value for psi terms that vary by alt (all models except kt_ee)

phi_parms Parameter value for phi terms that vary by alt (kt_ee model only)

dat.psi_i (nobs X # psi_i_parms) matrix with individual-specific characteristics

dat.psi_j (nalts X # psi_j_parms) matrix with alternative-specific variables (all models
except kt_ee)

dat.phi (nalts X # phi_parms) matrix with alternative-specific variables (kt_ee model
only)
**Value**

A `mdcev.data` object, which is a `data.frame` in long format. Also includes `parms_true` with parameter values.

**Examples**

```r
data <- GenerateMDCEVData(model = "gamma")
```

---

### Description

Fit a MDCEV model using MLE or Bayes

### Usage

```r
mdcev(
  formula = NULL,
  data,
  weights = NULL,
  model = c("alpha", "gamma", "hybrid", "hybrid0", "kt_ee"),
  n_classes = 1,
  fixed_scale1 = 0,
  single_scale = 0,
  trunc_data = 0,
  psi_ascs = NULL,
  gamma_ascs = 1,
  seed = "123",
  max_iterations = 2000,
  jacobian_analytical_grad = 1,
  initial.parameters = "random",
  hessian = TRUE,
  algorithm = c("MLE", "Bayes"),
  flat_priors = NULL,
  print_iterations = TRUE,
  prior_psi_sd = 10,
  prior_gamma_sd = 10,
  prior_phi_sd = 10,
  prior_alpha_shape = 1,
)```
prior_scale_sd = 1,
prior_delta_sd = 10,
gamma_nonrandom = 0,
alpha_nonrandom = 0,
std_errors = "deltamethod",
n_draws = 50,
keep_loglik = 0,
random_parameters = "fixed",
show_stan_warnings = TRUE,
n_iterations = 200,
n_chains = 4,
n_cores = 4,
max_tree_depth = 10,
adapt_delta = 0.8,
lkj_shape_prior = 4,
... )
## S3 method for class 'mdcev'
print( 
x,
digits = max(3, getOption("digits") - 3),
width = getOption("width"),
... )
## S3 method for class 'mdcev'
summary(object, printCI = FALSE, ...)
## S3 method for class 'summary.mdcev'
print(x, ...)

Arguments

formula Formula for the model to be estimated. The formula is divided in three parts, separated by the symbol |. The first part is reserved for alternative-specific and individual-specific variables in the psi parameters. Note that alternative-specific constants are handled by the psi_ascs argument. The second part corresponds for individual-specific variables that enter in the probability assignment in models with latent classes. The third part is reserved for the $q_k$ variables included in the $phi_k$ parameters in the KT model specification used in environmental economics model = "kt_eepr"
data The (IxJ) data to be passed to Stan of class mdcev.data including 1) id, 2) alt, 3) choice, 4) price, 5) income, and columns for alternative-specific and individual specific variables. Note: I is number of individuals and J is number of non-numeraire alternatives.weights an optional vector of weights. Default to 1.
model A string indicating which model specification is estimated. The options are
"alpha", "gamma", "hybrid" and "hybrid0" for the MDCEV model and "kt_ee" for the environmental economics Kuhn-Tucker specification.

**n_classes**  
The number of latent classes. Note that the LC model is automatically estimated as long as the prespecified number of classes is set greater than 1.

**fixed_scale1**  
Whether to fix scale at 1.

**single_scale**  
For lc models, whether to estimate a single scale parameter

**trunc_data**  
Whether the estimation should be adjusted for truncation of non-numeraire alternatives. This option is useful if the data only includes individuals with positive non-numeraire consumption levels such as recreation data collected on-site. To account for the truncation of consumption, the likelihood is normalized by one minus the likelihood of observing zero consumption for all non-numeraire alternatives (i.e. likelihood of positive consumption) following Englin, Boxall and Watson (1998) and von Haefen (2003).

**psi_ascs**  
Whether to include alternative-specific psi parameters. The first alternative is used as the reference category. Only specify to 1 for MDCEV models.

**gamma_ascs**  
Indicator to include alternative-specific gammas parameters.

**seed**  
Random seed.

**max_iterations**  
Maximum number of iterations in MLE.

**jacobian_analytical_grad**  
Indicator whether to use analytical gradient method for Jacobian (=1) or numerical gradient method (=0). For "kt_ee" model only,

**initial.parameters**  
The default for fixed and random parameter specifications is to use random starting values. (except for the scale parameter with a starting value set to 1). For LC models, the default is to use slightly adjusted MLE point estimates from the single class model. Initial parameter values should be included in a named list. For example, the LC "hybrid" specification initial parameters can be specified as: initial.parameters = list(psi = array(0, dim = c(K, num_psi)), gamma = array(1, dim = c(K, num_alt)), alpha = array(0.5, dim = c(K, 0)), scale = array(1, dim = c(K))) where K is the number of classes (i.e. K = 1 is used for single class models), num_psi is number of psi parameters, and num_alt is number of non-numeraire alternatives.

**hessian**  
Whether to keep the Hessian matrix

**algorithm**  
Either "Bayes" for Bayes or "MLE" for maximum likelihood estimation.

**flat_priors**  
Indicator if completely uninformative priors should be specified. Defaults to 1 if MLE used and 0 if Bayes used. If using MLE and set flat_priors = 0, penalized MLE is used and the optimizing objective is augmented with the priors.

**print_iterations**  
Whether to print iteration information

**prior_psi_sd**  
Standard deviation for normal prior with mean 0.

**prior_gamma_sd**  
Standard deviation for half-normal prior with mean 1.

**prior_phi_sd**  
Standard deviation for normal prior with mean 0.

**prior_alpha_shape**  
Shape parameter for beta distribution.
prior_scale_sd  standard deviation for half-normal prior with mean 0.
prior_delta_sd  standard deviation for normal prior with mean 0.
gamma_nonrandom  indicator set to 1 if gamma parameters should not be random (i.e. no standard deviation).
alpha_nonrandom  indicator set to 1 if alpha parameters should not be random (i.e. no standard deviation).
std_errors  Compute standard errors using the delta method ("deltamethod") or multivariate normal draws ("mvn"). The default is "deltamethod". Note that mvn parameter draws should be used to incorporate parameter uncertainty for demand and welfare simulation. For maximum likelihood estimation only.
n_draws  The number of multivariate normal draws for standard error calculations if "mvn" is specified.
keep_loglik  Whether to keep the log_lik calculations
random_parameters  The form of the covariance matrix for Bayes. Can be 'fixed' for no random parameters, 'uncorr' for uncorrelated random parameters, or 'corr' for correlated random parameters.
show_stan_warnings  Whether to show warnings from Stan.
n_iterations  The number of iterations to use in Bayesian estimation. The default is for the number of iterations to be split evenly between warmup and posterior draws. The number of warmup draws can be directly controlled using the warmup argument (see rstan::sampling).
n_chains  The number of independent Markov chains in Bayesian estimation.
n_cores  The number of cores used to execute the Markov chains in parallel in Bayesian estimation. Can set using options(mc.cores = parallel::detectCores()).
max_tree_depth  https://mc-stan.org/misc/warnings.html#maximum-treedepth-exceeded
adapt_delta  https://mc-stan.org/misc/warnings.html#divergent-transitions-after-warmup
lkj_shape_prior  Prior for Cholesky matrix
...
Additional parameters to pass on to rstan::stan and rstan::sampling.
x, object  an object of class 'mdcev'
digits  the number of digits,
width  the width of the printing,
printCI  set to TRUE to print 95% confidence intervals

Value

A object of class mdcev
Examples

data(data_rec, package = "rmdcev")

data_rec <- mdcev.data(data_rec, subset = id <= 500, id.var = "id",
                        alt.var = "alt", choice = "quant")

mdcev_est <- mdcev(~0,
data = data_rec,
model = "hybrid0",
algorithm = "MLE")

---

Description

shape a ‘data.frame’ in a suitable form for the use of the ‘mdcev’ function and complete some data checks

Usage

mdcev.data(
data,
id.var = "id",
alt.var = NULL,
choice = "choice",
price = "price",
income = "income",
alt.levels = NULL,
drop.index = FALSE,
subset = NULL,
...
)

Arguments

data a ‘data.frame’,
id.var the name of the variable that contains the individual index.
alt.var the name of the variable that contains the alternative index or the name under which the alternative index will be stored (the default name is ‘alt’),
choice the variable indicating the consumption of non-numeraire alternatives that is made: it has to be a numerical vector. Default is "choice".
price the variable indicating the price of the non-numeraire alternatives. Default is "price"
income the variable indicating the income of the individual. Default is "income".
alt.levels the name of the alternatives: if null, they are guessed from the 'alt.var' argument,
drop.index should the index variables be dropped from the 'data.frame',
subset a logical expression which defines the subset of observations to be selected,

Further arguments.

Value
A 'mdcev.data' object, which is a 'data.frame' in long format, *i.e.* one line for each alternative.
It has a 'index' attribute, which is a 'data.frame' that contains the index of the individual ('id') and
the index of the alternative ('alt').

Description
Simulate welfare or demand for MDCEV model

Usage
mdcev.sim(
  df_indiv,
  df_common,
  sim_options,
  sim_type = c("welfare", "demand"),
  nerrs = 30,
  cond_error = 1,
  draw_mlhs = 1,
  algo_gen = NULL,
  tol = 1e-20,
  max_loop = 999,
  suppressTime = FALSE,
  stan_seed = 3,
  ...
)

## S3 method for class 'mdcev.sim'
print(
  x,
  digits = max(3,getOption("digits") - 3),
  width = getOption("width"),
  ...
)

## S3 method for class 'mdcev.sim'
summary(object, ci = 0.95, ...)

## S3 method for class 'summary.mdcev.sim'
print(
  x,
  digits = max(3,getOption("digits") - 2),
  width = getOption("width"),
  ...
)

### Arguments

- `df_indiv`: Prepared individual level data from PrepareSimulationData
- `df_common`: Prepared common data from PrepareSimulationData
- `sim_options`: Prepared simulation options from PrepareSimulationData
- `sim_type`: Either "welfare" or "demand"
- `nerrs`: Number of error draws for welfare analysis
- `cond_error`: Choose whether to draw errors conditional on actual demand or not. Conditional error draws (=1) or unconditional error draws.
- `draw_mlhs`: Generate draws using Modified Latin Hypercube Sampling algorithm (=1) or uniform (=0)
- `algo_gen`: Type of algorithm for simulation. algo_gen = 0 for Hybrid Approach (i.e. constant alphas, only hybrid models) algo_gen = 1 for General approach (i.e. heterogeneous alpha’s, all models)
- `tol`: Tolerance level for simulations if using general approach
- `max_loop`: maximum number of loops for simulations if using general approach
- `suppressTime`: Suppress simulation time calculation
- `stan_seed`: Seed for pseudo-random number generator get_rng see help(get_rng, package = "rstan")
- ... Additional parameters to pass to mdcev.sim
- `x`, `object`: an object of class ‘mdcev.sim’
- `digits`: the number of digits,
- `width`: the width of the printing,
- `ci`: choose confidence interval for simulations. Default is 95 percent.

### Value

A object of class mdcev.sim which contains a list for each individual holding either 1) nsims x npols matrix of welfare changes if welfare is being simulated or 2) nsims number of lists of npols x # alternatives matrix of Marshallian demands is demand is being simulated.

### See Also

[mdcev()] for the estimation of mdcev models.
PrepareSimulationData

Examples

data(data_rec, package = "rmdcev")

data_rec <- mdcev.data(data_rec, subset = id <= 500, id.var = "id",
        alt.var = "alt", choice = "quant")

mdcev_est <- mdcev(~ 0, data = data_rec,
        model = "hybrid0", algorithm = "MLE",
        std_errors = "mvn")

policies <- CreateBlankPolicies(npols = 2,
        mdcev_est,
        price_change_only = TRUE)

df_sim <- PrepareSimulationData(mdcev_est, policies)

wtp <- mdcev.sim(df_sim$df_indiv,
        df_common = df_sim$df_common,
        sim_options = df_sim$sim_options,
        cond_err = 1, nerrs = 5, sim_type = "welfare")

Description

Prepare Data for WTP simulation

Usage

PrepareSimulationData(object, policies, nsims = 30, class = "class1")

Arguments

object an object of class `mdcev`
policies list containing price_p with additive price increases, and dat_psi_p with new psi
data
nsims Number of simulation draws to use for parameter uncertainty
class The class number for Latent Class models.

Value

A list with individual-specific data (df_indiv) and common data (df_common) and n_classes for number of classes and model_num for model type
Examples

data(data_rec, package = "rmdcev")

data_rec <- mdcev.data(data_rec, subset = id <= 500, id.var = "id",
alt.var = "alt", choice = "quant")

mdcev_est <- mdcev( ~ 0, data = data_rec,
model = "hybrid0", algorithm = "MLE",
std_errors = "mvn")

policies <- CreateBlankPolicies(npols = 2, mdcev_est,
price_change_only = TRUE)

df_sim <- PrepareSimulationData(mdcev_est, policies)

---

rmdcev

rmdcev: Estimating and simulating Kuhn-Tucker and multiple
discrete-continuous extreme value (MDCEV) demand models

Description

The rmdcev R package estimates and simulates Kuhn-Tucker demand models with individual heterogeneity. The models supported by rmdcev are the multiple-discrete continuous extreme value (MDCEV) model and Kuhn-Tucker specification common in the environmental economics literature on recreation demand. Latent class and random parameters specifications can be implemented and the models are fit using maximum likelihood estimation or Bayesian estimation. All models are implemented in Stan, which is a C++ package for performing full Bayesian inference (see Stan Development Team, 2019 <https://mc-stan.org/>). The rmdcev package also implements demand forecasting (Pinjari and Bhat (2011) <https://repositories.lib.utexas.edu/handle/2152/23880>) and welfare calculation (Lloyd-Smith (2018) <doi:10.1016/j.jocm.2017.12.002>) for policy simulation. More information on the package is provided in Lloyd-Smith (2020) <doi:10.32614/RJ2021015>.

Author(s)

Patrick Lloyd-Smith <patrick.lloydsmith@usask.ca>

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