Package ‘ropenaq’

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Type Package

Title Accesses Air Quality Data from the Open Data Platform OpenAQ

Version 0.2.8

Description Allows access to air quality data from the API of the OpenAQ platform <https://docs.openaq.org/>, with the different services the API offers (getting measurements for a given query, getting latest measurements, getting lists of available countries/cities/locations).

License GPL (>= 2)

URL https://docs.roopensci.org/ropenaq,
http://github.com/roopensci/ropenaq

BugReports http://github.com/roopensci/ropenaq/issues

Imports crul, dplyr, jsonlite, lubridate, magrittr, rlang, tidyr

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R topics documented:

- aq_cities ................................................................. 2
- aq_countries .......................................................... 3
- aq_latest ................................................................. 4
- aq_locations ........................................................... 6
- aq_measurements ....................................................... 8

Description

Provides a simple listing of cities within the platform.

Usage

aq_cities(country = NULL, limit = 10000, page = NULL)

Arguments

- country: Limit results by a certain country – a two-letters code see countries() for finding code based on name.
- limit: Change the number of results returned, max is 10000 by page. If no page value, then all results or limit * 100 (maximal number of pages) is returned.
- page: The page of the results to query (max 100).

Details

For queries involving a city argument, the URL-encoded name of the city (as in cityURL), not its name, should be used.

Value

A results data.frame (dplyr "tbl_df") with 5 columns:

- city name ("city"), country code ("country"),
- number of measures in total for the city ("count"),
- number of locations ("locations"),
- and also an URL encoded string for the city ("cityURL") which can be useful for queries involving a city argument.

and 2 attributes, a meta data.frame (dplyr "tbl_df") with 1 line and 5 columns:

- the API name ("name"),
- the license of the data ("license"),
aq_countries

- the website url ("website"),
- the queried page ("page"),
- the limit on the number of results ("limit"),
- the number of results found on the platform for the query ("found")

and a timestamp data.frame (dplyr "tbl_df") with the query time and the last time at which the data was modified on the platform.

Examples

```r
## Not run:
cities <- aq_cities(country = "BA")
cities

## End(Not run)
```

aq_countries

Provides a simple listing of countries within the platform.

Description

Provides a simple listing of countries within the platform.

Usage

```r
aq_countries(limit = 10000, page = NULL)
```

Arguments

- **limit**  
  Change the number of results returned, max is 10000 by page. If no page value, then all results or \( \text{limit} \times 100 \) (maximal number of pages) is returned.

- **page**  
  The page of the results to query (max 100).

Details

For queries involving a country argument, the code of the country, not its name, should be used.

Value

A results data.frame (dplyr "tbl_df") with 3 columns:

- the number of measures for a country ("count"),
- the ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 code of the country ("code"),
- and its name ("name").

and 2 attributes, a meta data.frame (dplyr "tbl_df") with 1 line and 5 columns:

- the API name ("name"),
• the license of the data ("license"),
• the website url ("website"),
• the queried page ("page"),
• the limit on the number of results ("limit"),
• the number of results found on the platform for the query ("found")

and a timestamp data.frame (dplyr "tbl_df") with the query time and the last time at which the data was modified on the platform.

Examples

```r
## Not run:
countries <- aq_countries()
countries

## End(Not run)
```

### aq_latest

*Provides the latest value of each available parameter for every location in the system.*

#### Description

Provides the latest value of each available parameter for every location in the system.

#### Usage

```r
aq_latest(
  country = NULL,
  city = NULL,
  location = NULL,
  parameter = NULL,
  has_geo = NULL,
  limit = 10000,
  latitude = NULL,
  longitude = NULL,
  radius = NULL,
  page = NULL
)
```

#### Arguments

- **country**
  - Limit results by a certain country – a two-letters code see countries() for finding code based on name.
- **city**
  - Limit results by a certain city.
- **location**
  - Limit results by a certain location.
parameter Limit to only a certain parameter (valid values are 'pm25', 'pm10', 'so2', 'no2', 'o3', 'co' and 'bc'). If no parameter is given, all parameters are retrieved.
has_geo Filter out items that have or do not have geographic information.
limit Change the number of results returned, max is 10000 by page. If no page value, then all results or limit * 100 (maximal number of pages) is returned.
latitude Latitude of the center point (lat, lon) used to get measurements within a certain area.
longitude Longitude of the center point (lat, lon) used to get measurements within a certain area.
radius Radius (in meters) used to get measurements within a certain area, must be used with latitude and longitude
page The page of the results to query (max 100).

Details
For queries involving a city or location argument, the URL-encoded name of the city/location (as in cityURL/locationURL), not its name, should be used. You can query any nested combination of country/location/city (level 1, 2 and 3), with only one value for each argument. If you write inconsistent combination such as city="Paris" and country="IN", an error message will be returned. If you write city="Delhi", you do not need to write the code of the country, unless one day there is a city with the same name in another country.

Value
A results data.frame (dplyr "tbl_df") with 11 columns:
• the name of the location ("location"),
• the city it is in ("city"),
• the code of country it is in ("country"),
• its longitude ("longitude") and latitude if available ("latitude"),
• the parameter ("parameter")
• the value of the measurement ("value")
• the last time and date at which the value was updated ("lastUpdated"),
• the unit of the measure ("unit")
• and finally an URL encoded version of the city name ("cityURL")
• and of the location name ("locationURL").

and two attributes, a meta data.frame (dplyr "tbl_df") with 1 line and 5 columns:
• the API name ("name"),
• the license of the data ("license"),
• the website url ("website"),
• the queried page ("page"),
• the limit on the number of results ("limit"),
• the number of results found on the platform for the query ("found")

and a timestamp data.frame (dplyr "tbl_df") with the query time and the last time at which the data was modified on the platform.
Examples

```r
## Not run:
latest_chennai <- aq_latest(country="IN", city="Chennai")
latest_chennai
attr(latest_chennai, "meta")
attr(latest_chennai, "timestamp")
aq_latest(parameter="co")

## End(Not run)
```

**aq_locations**

Providing data about distinct measurement locations.

**Description**

Providing data about distinct measurement locations.

**Usage**

```r
aq_locations(
    country = NULL,
    city = NULL,
    location = NULL,
    parameter = NULL,
    has_geo = NULL,
    limit = 10000,
    latitude = NULL,
    longitude = NULL,
    radius = NULL,
    page = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

- **country**: Limit results by a certain country – a two-letters code see countries() for finding code based on name.
- **city**: Limit results by a certain city.
- **location**: Limit results by a certain location.
- **parameter**: Limit to only a certain parameter (valid values are ‘pm25’, ‘pm10’, ‘so2’, ‘no2’, ‘o3’, ‘co’ and ‘bc’). If no parameter is given, all parameters are retrieved.
- **has_geo**: Filter out items that have or do not have geographic information.
- **limit**: Change the number of results returned, max is 10000 by page. If no page value, then all results or limit * 100 (maximal number of pages) is returned.
- **latitude**: Latitude of the center point (lat, lon) used to get measurements within a certain area.
Longitud of the center point (lat, lon) used to get measurements within a certain area.

Radius (in meters) used to get measurements within a certain area, must be used with latitude and longitude.

The page of the results to query (max 100).

Details

For queries involving a city or location argument, the URL-encoded name of the city/location (as in cityURL/locationURL), not its name, should be used. You can query any nested combination of country/location/city (level 1, 2 and 3), with only one value for each argument. If you write inconsistent combination such as city="Paris" and country="IN", an error message will be returned. If you write city="Delhi", you do not need to write the code of the country, unless one day there is a city with the same name in another country.

Value

A results data.frame (dplyr "tbl_df") with 12 columns:

- the name of the location ("location"),
- the city it is in ("city"),
- the code of country it is in ("country"),
- the name of the source of the information ("sourceName"),
- the number of measures for this location in the platform ("count"),
- the last time and date at which measures were updated for this location ("lastUpdated"),
- the first time and date at which measures were updated for this location ("firstUpdated"),
- the parameters available for this location ("parameters"),
- its longitude ("longitude") and latitude if available ("latitude"),
- and finally an URL encoded version of the city name ("cityURL")
- and of the location name ("locationURL").

and two attributes, a meta data.frame (dplyr "tbl_df") with 1 line and 5 columns:

- the API name ("name"),
- the license of the data ("license"),
- the website url ("website"),
- the queried page ("page"),
- the limit on the number of results ("limit"),
- the number of results found on the platform for the query ("found")

and a timestamp data.frame (dplyr "tbl_df") with the query time and the last time at which the data was modified on the platform.
Examples

```r
## Not run:
aq_locations(city = 'Delhi', parameter = 'co')
## End(Not run)
```

### aq_measurements

Function for getting measurements table from the openAQ API

#### Description

Function for getting measurements table from the openAQ API

#### Usage

```r
aq_measurements(
  country = NULL,
  city = NULL,
  location = NULL,
  parameter = NULL,
  has_geo = NULL,
  date_from = NULL,
  date_to = NULL,
  limit = 10000,
  value_from = NULL,
  latitude = NULL,
  longitude = NULL,
  radius = NULL,
  attribution = FALSE,
  averaging_period = FALSE,
  source_name = FALSE,
  value_to = NULL,
  page = NULL
)
```

#### Arguments

- **country**: Limit results by a certain country – a two-letters code see `countries()` for finding code based on name.
- **city**: Limit results by a certain city.
- **location**: Limit results by a certain location.
- **parameter**: Limit to only a certain parameter (valid values are 'pm25', 'pm10', 'so2', 'no2', 'o3', 'co' and 'bc'). If no parameter is given, all parameters are retrieved.
- **has_geo**: Filter out items that have or do not have geographic information.
date_from Show results after a certain date. (character year-month-day, ex. ‘2015-12-20’). Note, since November 2017 the API only provides access to the last three months so if you need more data you need to fetch it via Amazon S3 (https://medium.com/@openaq/changes-to-the-openaq-api-and-how-to-access-the-full-archive-of-data-3324b136da8c), potentially using the aws.s3 package.

date_to Show results before a certain date. (character year-month-day, ex. ‘2015-12-20’)

limit Change the number of results returned, max is 10000 by page. If no page value, then all results or limit * 100 (maximal number of pages) is returned.

value_from Show results above value threshold, useful in combination with parameter.

latitude Latitude of the center point (lat, lon) used to get measurements within a certain area.

longitude Longitude of the center point (lat, lon) used to get measurements within a certain area.

radius Radius (in meters) used to get measurements within a certain area, must be used with latitude and longitude.

attribution Logical, whether to add a column with attribution information

averaging_period Logical, whether to add a column with averaging_period information

source_name Logical, whether to add a column with source_name information

value_to Show results below value threshold, useful in combination with parameter.

page The page of the results to query (max 100).

Details

For queries involving a city or location argument, the URL-encoded name of the city/location (as in cityURL/locationURL), not its name, should be used. You can query any nested combination of country/location/city (level 1, 2 and 3), with only one value for each argument. If you write inconsistent combination such as city="Paris" and country="IN", an error message will be returned. If you write city="Delhi", you do not need to write the code of the country, unless one day there is a city with the same name in another country.

If you choose to get the attribution in the output, lines might be repeated as there might be several attributions.

Value

A results data.frame (dplyr "tbl_df") with at least 12 columns:

- the name of the location ("location"),
- the parameter ("parameter")
- the value of the measurement ("value")
- the unit of the measure ("unit")
- the code of country the location is in ("country")
- the city it is in ("city"),
• and finally an URL encoded version of the city name ("cityURL")
• and of the location name ("locationURL"),
• the UTC POSIXct time ("dateUTC"),
• the local POSIXct time ("dateLocal"),
• its longitude ("longitude") and latitude if available ("latitude").

and two attributes, a meta data.frame (dplyr "tbl_df") with 1 line and 5 columns:

• the API name ("name"),
• the license of the data ("license"),
• the website url ("website"),
• the queried page ("page"),
• the limit on the number of results ("limit"),
• the number of results found on the platform for the query ("found")

and a timestamp data.frame (dplyr "tbl_df") with the query time and the last time at which the data
was modified on the platform.

Examples

```r
## Not run:
output <- aq_measurements(country="IN", limit=9, city="Chennai",
page = 1)
output
attr(output, "meta")
attr(output, "timestamp")

## End(Not run)
```
Index

aq_cities, 2
aq_countries, 3
aq_latest, 4
aq_locations, 6
aq_measurements, 8