Package ‘structree’

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Description

The data set contains results of an achievement test that measures different objectives and subskills of subjects in mathematics and science. Inter alia, the students had to respond to 56 multiple-choice items (31 mathematics, 25 science). For the original description, see Section 5.6 of Chapter 5 in De Boeck and Wilson (2004).

Usage

data(CTB)

Format

A data frame containing 1211 observations on 9 variables:

- **score**: number of correctly solved items (metric)
- **school**: school ID (nominal)
- **size**: number of students in the school, in hundreds (metric)
- **bachelor**: transformed and standardized percentage of adults with BA degree or higher in area with school zip code (metric)
- **born**: transformed and standardized percentage of adults in the school area who were born in the state where they now reside (metric)
- **mortgage**: transformed and standardized median of the monthly mortgage in the school area (metric)
- **language**: transformed and standardized percentage of foreign language households in the school area (metric)
- **type**: type of school (1: catholic, 2: private, 3: public)
- **gender**: gender (0: male, 1: female)

References


Examples

data(CTB)

```r
y <- CTB$score
x <- CTB$gender

hist(y)
table(x)
```


**guPrenat**

Prenatal Care in Guatemala

**Description**

A data set derived from the National Survey of Maternal and Child Health in Guatemala in 1987. The data contains observations of children that were born in the 5-year period before the survey.

**Usage**

data(guPrenat)

**Format**

A data frame containing 1211 observations on 9 variables:

- **cluster** community (nominal)
- **prenat** prenatal care (0: traditional, 1: modern)
- **motherAge** mother 25 years or older (0: no, 1: yes)
- **indig** mother’s ethnicity (nominal)
- **momEd** mother’s level of education (nominal)
- **husEd** husband’s level of education (nominal)
- **husEmpl** husband’s employment status (nominal)
- **toilet** modern toilet in house (0: no, 1: yes)
- **TV** frequency of TV usage (nominal)

**References**


**Examples**

data(guPrenat)

```r
y <- guPrenat$prenat
community <- guPrenat$cluster

table(y)
hist(table(community))```
plot.structree

Plotting Results of Tree-Structured Clustering

Description

Takes a fitted structree object and plots the results of the tree component of the model.

Usage

## S3 method for class 'structree'
plot(x, select = NULL, paths = FALSE,
     result = FALSE, ask = FALSE, xlab = NULL, ylab = NULL,
     main = NULL, lwd = 1, cex.txt = 1, cex.axis = 1, cex.lab = 1,
     cex.main = 1, ...)  

Arguments

x Object of class structree.

select Elements of the tree component that are plotted; if select is not specified, by default all components are pictured in one plot.

paths If true, the coefficient paths are plotted.

result If true, the resulting partition is displayed.

ask If true, each element chosen by select is plotted separately.

xlab Label of x-axis.

ylab Label of y-axis.

main Title of the plot.

lwd Linewidth.

cex.txt Size of the text.

cex.axis Size of the axis.

cex.lab Size of the labels.

cex.main Size of title.

... Further arguments passed to or from other methods.

Details

By default the function pictures the estimated trees against all splits. If select=NULL the trees for all the predictors will be plotted.

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References


See Also

structree

Examples

data(rent)

## Not run:
mod <- structree(nmqm~tr(bez)+tr(bj)+tr(rooms)+badkach0,data=rent, family=gaussian,stop_criterion="CV")
plot(mod, paths=TRUE)
## End(Not run)

---

rent  

Munich Rent Data

Description

The data set is part of the Munich rent index in 2003. It is available from the data archive of the Department of Statistics at the University of Munich (http://www.statistik.lmu.de/service/datenarchiv).

Usage

data(rent)

Format

A data frame containing 2053 observations on 11 variables:

- **nmqm**: net rent per square meter (metric)
- **wfl**: floor space (metric)
- **rooms**: number of rooms (ordinal)
- **bj**: year of construction (ordinal)
- **bez**: residential area (nominal)
- **ww0**: hot water supply (1: no, 0: yes)
- **zh0**: central heating (1: no, 0: yes)
badkach0 tiled bathroom (1: no, 0: yes)
badextra supplementary equipment in bathroom (1: yes, 0: no)
kueche well equipped kitchen (1: yes, 0: no)
quality quality of residential area (ordinal)

References

Examples
data(rent)
y <- rent$nmqm
X <- rent[, -1]
boxplot(y)
summary(X)

---

structree

*Tree-Structured Clustering*

**Description**
Fusion of categories of ordinal or nominal predictors or fusion of measurement units by tree-structured clustering.

**Usage**

structree(formula, data, family = gaussian, stop_criterion = c("AIC", "BIC", "CV", "pvalue"), splits_max = NULL, fold = 5, alpha = 0.05, grid_value = NULL, min_border = NULL, ridge = FALSE, constant_covs = FALSE, trace = TRUE, plot = TRUE, k = 10, weights = NULL, offset = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'structree'
print(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'structree'
coef(object, ...)
Arguments

formula Object of class formula: a symbolic description of the model to be fitted. See detail.
data Data.frame of class data.frame containing the variables of the model.
family a description of the error distribution and link function to be used in the model. This can be a character string naming a family function, a family function or the result of a call to a family function. See family for details of family functions.
stop_criterion Criterion to determine the optimal number of splits in the tree component of the model; one out of "AIC", "BIC", "CV" and "pvalue".
splits_max Maximal number of splits in the tree component.
fold Number of folds; only for stop criterion "CV".
alpha Significance level; only for stop criterion "pvalue".
grid_value An optional parameter; grid_value is a scalar giving the minimal distance between two adjacent observation units that are used as candidates for splitting; only for repeated measurements.
min_border An optional parameter; min_border is a integer giving the minimal size of the outer nodes of the tree; only for repeated measurements.
ridge If true, a small ridge penalty is added to obtain the order of measurement units; only for repeated measurements.
constant_covs Must be set to true, if constant covariates are available; only for repeated measurements (currently only available for Gaussian response).
trace If true, information about the estimation progress is printed.
plot If true, the smooth components of the model are plotted; only for categorical predictors.
k Dimension of the B-spline basis that is used to fit smooth components. For details see s; only for categorical predictors.
weights An optional vector of prior weights to be used in the fitting process; see also glm.
offset An a priori known component to be included in the linear predictor during fitting; see also glm.
... Further arguments passed to or from other methods.
x, object Object of class "structree".

Details

A typical formula has the form response ~ predictors, where response is the name of the response variable and predictors is a series of terms that specify the predictor of the model.

For an ordinal or nominal predictors z one has to enter tr(x) into the formula.

For smooth components x one has to enter s(x) into the formula; currently not implemented for repeated measurements.

For fixed effects z of observation units u one has to enter tr(z|u) into the formula. An unit-specific intercept is specified by tr(1|u).

The framework only allows for categorical predictors or observations units in the tree component, but not both. All other predictors with a linear term are entered as usual by x1+...+xp.
Value

Object of class "structree". An object of class "structree" is a list containing the following components:

- `coefs_end`: all coefficients of the estimated model
- `partitions`: list of matrices containing the partitions of the predictors in the tree component including all iterations
- `beta_hat`: list of matrices with the fitted coefficients in the tree component including all iterations
- `which_opt`: number of the optimal model (total number of splits-1)
- `opts`: number of splits per predictor in the tree component
- `order`: list of ordered split-points of the predictors in the tree component
- `tune_values`: value of the stopping criterion that determine the optimal model
- `group_ID`: list of the group IDs for each observations
- `coefs_group`: list of coefficients of the estimated model
- `y`: Response vector
- `DM_kov`: Design matrix

Author(s)

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References


See Also

`plot.structree`

Examples

data(rent)

## Not run:
mod <- structree(nmqm~tr(bez)+tr(bj)+tr(rooms)+badkach0,data=rent,
                 family=gaussian,stop_criterion="CV")
print(mod)
coef(mod)

## End(Not run)
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