Package ‘teachingApps’

Type Package
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Maintainer Jason Freels <auburngrads@live.com>
Description Contains apps and gadgets for teaching data analysis and statistics concepts along with how to implement them in R. Includes tools to make app development easier and faster by nesting apps together.
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BugReports https://github.com/Auburngrads/teachingApps/issues
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add_css

Add teachingApps CSS style rules to an app

Description

Add teachingApps CSS style rules to an app

Usage

add_css()

Details

This function should not be called directly but must be included within the body of an app’s ui
add_logo

Value
teachingApps style rules defined to an app

See Also
add_theme

Arguments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Argument</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>app_dir</td>
<td>character</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>git_user</td>
<td>character</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>icon</td>
<td>character</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>img</td>
<td>character</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Value
A fontAwesome icon or an image printed in the footer of a navbarPage app

See Also
create_logo
add_options

Pass objects and customization options to a shiny app

Description

Provides a general method for passing arguments to shiny apps allowing for dynamic customization.

Usage

add_options(
  opts,
  dir,
  theme = "flatly",
  icon = NULL,
  img = NULL,
  git_user = NULL
)

Arguments

- **opts**: A list of additional options or objects to pass to a shiny app
- **dir**: A character string indicating the path to the directory containing ui.R and server.R
- **theme**: A character string naming a Bootswatch color theme (used by shinythemes::shinytheme)
- **icon**: A character string naming a fontAwesome icon to be placed in the footer of a navbarPage app
- **img**: A character string for the path/url of an image to be placed in the footer of a navbarPage app
- **git_user**: A character string for github username used in the branding link

Details

Shiny apps are not functions. Thus, customization options cannot be passed to a shiny app as simply as arguments are passed between functions. Further, the manner in which objects are loaded prior to deploying an app differ if the app will be published as a stand-alone or embedded within an rmarkdown document. Assigning objects as shiny::shinyOptions ensures that these values are passed to a shiny app and can be deployed.

Value

A list of shiny options set with shinyOptions

See Also

- add_css
- add_logo
add_packages

Install and load an R package

Description

Install and load an R package

Usage

add_packages(pkg = NULL, repo = NULL, pub = FALSE)

Arguments

pkg character Name of a package to be installed/loaded
repo character Name of the repository from which the package should be installed.
pub logical variable indicating whether the app be published (see details)

Details

If repo = NULL the package will be installed from the CRAN. Otherwise, repo is a character string that referring to the GitHub account in which the package is located.

When publishing apps on shinyapps.io or shinyServer, attempting to install.packages will result in an error. Calls to install.packages should not be included within an app.

Value

A printed shiny app

add_rmd

Add an rmarkdown file to an app

Description

Run inline and stand-alone code chunks and include results as part of a shiny app. Include LaTeX-typeset equations with MathJax.

Usage

add_rmd(rmd, path)

Arguments

rmd character Name of an rmarkdown file saved in the app directory
path Path to a file outside of the app directory
add_server

Add the server of one app to the server of another app

Description
Sources a server.R file before parsing and evaluating its contents in a specified environment

Usage
add_server(app, path, env = NULL)

Arguments
app Name of the teachingApp from which the content of the server.R will be pulled
path Path to a directory containing the app from which the content of the server.R will be pulled
env Environment in which the call is made, typically environment()

Details
Currently, this function can be used to insert an server into a navbarPage app. The types of apps that can be inserted are:

- fluidPage
- bootstrapPage
- pageWithSidebar
- basicPage
- fixedPage

A server can be added as an entire tabPanel or as a row within within a tabPanel portion of a shiny app.

May be used with apps stored in packages other than teachingApps. However, apps are assumed be stored in the apps/ directory located at top level of the package.

Value
An Observer-class object resulting from evaluating a server.R file
add_theme

See Also

    add_ui, add_rmd

Examples

## Not run:

## server.R from app: 'maximum_likelihood'

server_ml <- system.file('apps',
                          'maximum_likelihood',
                          'server.R',
                          package = 'teachingApps')
browseURL(server_ml)

## server.R from app: 'distribution_weibull'

server_dw <- system.file('apps',
                          'distribution_weibull',
                          'server.R',
                          package = 'teachingApps')
browseURL(server_dw)

## End(Not run)

---

**add_theme**  

Add a bootswatch color theme to an app

**Description**

Add a bootswatch color theme to an app

**Usage**

```r
add_theme(theme = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

- `theme` character A bootswatch theme name (see details)

**Details**

This function should not be called directly but is invoked when an app is rendered. Themes are provided by calling `shinythemes::shinytheme`, therefore available theme names are those provided by the `shinythemes` package. By default, `theme = 'flatly'`
**add_ui**

*Add the UI of one app within the UI of another app*

---

**Description**

Sources a `ui.R` file before parsing and evaluating its contents in a specified environment.

**Usage**

```r
add_ui(app, path)
```

**Arguments**

- `app` Name of the app from which the content of the `ui.R` will be pulled.
- `path` Path to a directory containing the app from which the content of the `ui.R` will be pulled.

**Details**

Currently, this function can be used to insert an `server` into a `navbarPage` app. The types of apps that can be inserted are:

- `fluidPage`
- `bootstrapPage`
- `pageWithSidebar`
- `basicPage`
- `fixedPage`

A `server` can be added as an entire `tabPanel` or as a row within a `tabPanel` portion of a `shiny` app.

May be used with apps stored in packages other than teachingApps. However, apps are assumed be stored in the `apps/` directory located at top level of the package.

**Value**

A list of length 2

- `head` A sub list containing the HTML content within the `<head>` tag.
- `body` A sub list containing the HTML content within the `<body>` tag.

**See Also**

- `add_server`
- `add_rmd`
add_update

Examples

## Not run:
## ui.R from app: 'maximum_likelihood'

ui_ml <- system.file('apps',
                     'maximum_likelihood',
                     'server.R',
                     package = 'teachingApps')
browseURL(ui_ml)

## ui.R from app: 'distribution_weibull'

ui_dw <- system.file('apps',
                     'distribution_weibull',
                     'server.R',
                     package = 'teachingApps')
browseURL(ui_dw)

## End(Not run)

---

**add_update**

Add an update to a shiny app

### Description

Pass app updates from a local inst directory to an app in an installed package

### Usage

```r
add_update(local_pkg, ..., app_name, open_dir = FALSE, update_css = FALSE)
```

### Arguments

- `local_pkg` character Path to the local version of the package from which updates will be passed
- `...` Additional directory names passed to file.path() (see details)
- `app_name` character Name of the app to be updated
- `open_dir` logical If TRUE, browseURL() is called to view the files in the app directory
- `update_css` logical If TRUE the css file is updated
Details

This function enables ultra-fast updates to shiny apps without needing to rebuild the package. It is assumed that two versions of a package exist on the user’s machine. The first version is an installed package stored in the user’s library, while the second version is a pre-compiled (in-work) version of the package. This function allows users to pass updates to an app from the in-work version of the package to the installed version while ensuring that the app can be deployed/published. Because files in the `inst/` directory aren’t compiled when packages are built, updates can be passed to an installed package. This is useful for testing changes made to an app without re-building the package each time.

The `local_pkg` argument can be specified by providing a full file path to any file in the un-compiled version of the package. The root directory of the in-work package is located using `rprojroot::find_root`. The root directory of the installed version of the package is located using `devtools::inst()`. Any changes made to an app in the in-work package are passed to the app within the installed version of the package stored in the user’s package library.

The `...` arguments are passed `file.path()` and name the directories between the package root directory and the `app_name/` directory. Note: the `inst` has already been provided and should not be included. For `update_css=TRUE` the `...` argument specifies the directories between the package root and the directory in which the css files are stored.

Examples

```r
# In the \code{teachingApps} package, apps are stored in the
# \code{inst/apps/} directory.
## Not run:
teachingApps::add_update(local_pkg = file.choose(),
                         'apps',
                         app_name = 'maximum_likelihood')

## End(Not run)

# Open an app directory to make and push updates
## Not run:
teachingApps::add_update(local_pkg = file.choose(),
                         'apps',
                         app_name = 'maximum_likelihood',
                         open_dir = TRUE)

## End(Not run)
```

---

Birnbaum-Saunders

The Birnbaum-Saunders Distribution

Description

Density, distribution function, quantile function and random generation for the BISA distribution with location `loc` and scale `scale`. 

---
Birnbaum-Saunders

Usage

qbisa(p, shape, scale = 1)
pbisa(q, shape, scale = 1)
dbisa(x, shape, scale = 1)
rbisa(n, shape, scale = 1)

Arguments

p Vector of probabilities
shape Shape parameter
scale Scale parameter
q Vector of quantiles
x Vector of quantiles
n Number of observations

Details

If shape is not specified, a default value of 1 is used.

The Birnbaum-Saunders distribution with shape $\beta$ and scale $\theta$ has density

$$f(x; \theta, \beta) = \frac{\sqrt{\theta} + \sqrt{x}}{2\beta x^2} \phi_{NOR}(z), \quad x \geq 0$$

where $\phi_{NOR}(z)$ is the density of the standard normal distribution and

$$z = \frac{1}{\beta} \left( \sqrt{\frac{x}{\theta}} - \sqrt{\frac{\theta}{x}} \right).$$

Value

dbisa gives the density, pbisa gives the distribution function, qbisa gives the quantile function, and rbisa generates random observations.

The length of the result is determined by n for rbisa, and is the maximum of the lengths of the numerical arguments for the other functions.

The numerical arguments other than n are recycled to the length of the result.

Source

create_logo

Create a branding logo for a teachingApp

Description

Create a branding logo for a teachingApp

Usage

create_logo(app_dir = NULL, git_user = NULL, icon = NULL, img = NULL)

Arguments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Argument</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>app_dir</td>
<td>character Directory in which the app files are located</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>git_user</td>
<td>character GitHub account username (see details)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>icon</td>
<td>character Name of a fontAwesome icon printed in the app footer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>img</td>
<td>character Path to an image printed in the app footer</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Details

This function should not be called directly, but is invoked by add_options when an app is rendered.

By default, the branding logo is the GitHub fontAwesome icon ('fa fa-github'). If img is specified, it takes precedence over icon.

Hovering over the logo will reveal a link to view the code used to create the app. This is helpful in a teaching environment, where students often are interested in understanding how an app functions. The URL for the link is of the form (https://github.com/git_user/app_pkg/blob/master/inst/apps) where app_pkg is created dynamically.

Value

HTML code for inserting a logo (icon or image) in the footer of a navbarPage app

See Also

add_options
add_logo
The Extended Generalized Gamma Distribution

**Description**

The Extended Generalized Gamma Distribution

**Usage**

degengl(x, mu, sigma, delta)

degengl(q, mu, sigma, delta)

degengl(p, mu, sigma, delta, smalldelta = 1e-04)

**Arguments**

- **x**: A numeric vector of observed values
- **mu**: The location parameter
- **sigma**: The scale parameter
- **delta**: The delta parameter
- **q**: A numeric vector of quantile values
- **p**: A numeric vector of probability values
- **smalldelta**: A numeric shift value

The Generalized Gamma Distribution

**Description**

The Generalized Gamma Distribution

**Usage**

dgeng(x, theta, delta, varrho)

dgeng(q, theta, delta, varrho)

dgeng(p, theta, delta, varrho, smalldelta = 1e-05)

dgeng(n, theta, delta, varrho)
The Generalized Threshold Distribution

Arguments

- `x`: A numeric vector of observations
- `theta`: The theta parameter
- `delta`: The delta parameter
- `varrho`: The varrho parameter
- `q`: A numeric vector of quantiles
- `p`: A numeric vector of probabilities
- `smalldelta`: A numeric shift value
- `n`: The number of random observations

Description

Compute values for members of the generalized threshold distribution family. Members include distributions based on the normal distribution ("nor-gets"), the smallest- extreme value distribution ("sev-gets"), and the largest- extreme value distribution ("lev-gets").

Usage

- `dgets(x, alpha, sigma, varzeta, distribution, smallsigma = 2e-05)`
- `pgets(q, alpha, sigma, varzeta, distribution, smallsigma = 2e-05)`
- `qgets(p, alpha, sigma, varzeta, distribution, smallsigma = 1e-05)`
- `sgets(x, alpha, sigma, varzeta, distribution, smallsigma = 2e-05)`

Arguments

- `x`: The x
- `alpha`: The alpha
- `sigma`: The sigma
- `varzeta`: The varzeta
- `distribution`: The distribution on which the gets values are based. Either 'normal', 'lev', or 'sev'
- `smalldelta`: The small sigma value
- `q`: The q
- `p`: The p
The Gompertz Makeham Distribution

Usage

dgoma(x, shape, shape2, scale = 1)

dgoma(x, shape, shape2, scale = 1)

Arguments

x A numeric vector of observations
shape A shape parameter
shape2 Another shape parameter
scale The scale parameter
q A numeric vector of quantiles
p A numeric vector of probabilities

The Inverse Gaussian Distribution

Usage

digau(x, shape, scale = 1)

Arguments

x A numeric vector of observations
shape A shape parameter
scale The scale parameter
q A numeric vector of quantiles
p A numeric vector of probabilities
Arguments

- **x**: A numeric vector of observations
- **shape**: The shape parameter
- **scale**: The scale parameter
- **q**: A numeric vector of quantiles
- **p**: A numeric vector of probabilities

**Four Parameter Beta**

*The Four Parameter Beta Distribution*

Description

Density, distribution function, quantile function and random generation for the four parameter Beta distribution with minimum value `min` and scale `scale`.

Usage

- `dbeta4(x, min, max, shape1, shape2, gap = 0)`
- `pbeta4(q, min, max, shape1, shape2, gap = 0)`
- `qbeta4(p, min, max, shape1, shape2)`
- `rbeta4(n, min, max, shape1, shape2, seed = 42)`

Arguments

- **x**: Vector of quantiles
- **min**: The minimum value on which the distribution is defined
- **max**: The maximum value on which the distribution is defined
- **shape1**: Shape parameter
- **shape2**: Shape parameter
- **gap**: Spacing from `min` and `max`
- **q**: Vector of quantiles
- **p**: Vector of probabilities
- **n**: Number of observations
- **seed**: A numeric value for the seed of the random number generator
Details

If shape is not specified, a default value of 1 is used.

The Birnbaum-Saunders distribution with shape $\beta$ and scale $\theta$ has density

$$f(x; \theta, \beta) = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x}{\theta}} + \sqrt{\frac{\theta}{x}}}{2\beta x} \phi_{NOR}(z), \quad x \geq 0$$

where $\phi_{NOR}(z)$ is the density of the standard normal distribution and

$$z = \frac{1}{\beta} \left( \sqrt{\frac{x}{\theta}} - \sqrt{\frac{\theta}{x}} \right).$$

Value

dbeta4 gives the density, pbeta4 gives the distribution function, qbeta4 gives the quantile function, and rbeta4 generates random observations.

The length of the result is determined by n for rbeta4, and is the maximum of the lengths of the numerical arguments for the other functions.

The numerical arguments other than n are recycled to the length of the result.

Source


Description

Shiny gadget used to visually inspect columns in a data set and select columns to remove

Usage

gadget_clean_columns(
  data,
  rownames = TRUE,
  theme = "flatly",
  width = "100%",
  height = "600px",
  css = NULL
)
Arguments

data A data set
rownames logical Should rownames be included?
theme character A bootswatch theme provided to shinythemes::shinytheme
width character Width of the gadget (in valid css units)
height character Height of the gadget (in valid css units)
css character Path to a custom css file

Value

A list of length 2

data A data.frame containing the columns that were not removed
script A line of code that can be used to replicate cleaning performed in the gadget

A printed shiny app

Examples

## Not run: clean_columns(mtcars)

gadget_lm

Function Title

description

Usage

gadget_lm(
  data,
  xvar,
  yvar,
  theme = "flatly",
  width = "100%",
  css = NULL,
  height = "600px",
  ...
)

Arguments

- **data**: A `data.frame` object
- **xvar**: Column title (as a character-string) from data to display on the x-axis
- **yvar**: Column title (as a character-string) from data to display on the y-axis
- **theme**: Character string naming a color theme bootswatch color theme. Must be one of the themes that can be used in `shinythemes::shinytheme()`
- **width**: Width of the printed app.
- **css**: Path to a custom css file. If NULL the default css file is used
- **height**: Height of the printed app.
- **...**: Additional options passed to `shiny::shinyAppDir()`

---

**inst**  
*Get the installation path of a package*

Description

Given the name of a package, this returns a path to the installed copy of the package, which can be passed to other functions.

Usage

`inst(name)`

Arguments

- **name**: the name of a package.

Details

It searches for the package in `.libPaths()`. If multiple dirs are found, it will return the first one.

Source

Deprecated function from the `devtools` package

Examples

```r
inst("devtools")
inst("grid")
## Not run:
# Can be passed to other devtools functions
unload(inst("ggplot2"))

## End(Not run)
```
### jkf.par

**Custom par function**

**Description**

Custom par function

**Usage**

`jkf.par(...)`

**Arguments**

... Parameter passed to `par` in addition to those defined

---

### Largest Extreme Value

**The Largest Extreme Value Distribution**

**Description**

Density, distribution function, quantile function and random generation for the LEV distribution with location `loc` and scale `scale`.

**Usage**

```r
qlev(p, loc = 0, scale = 1)
plev(q, loc = 0, scale = 1)
dlev(x, loc = 0, scale = 1)
rladv(n, loc = 0, scale = 1)
```

**Arguments**

- `p` Vector of probabilities
- `loc` Location parameter
- `scale` Scale parameter
- `q` Vector of quantiles
- `x` Vector of quantiles
- `n` Number of observations
Details

If loc is not specified, a default value of 0 is used. If scale is not specified, a default value of 1 is used.

The largest extreme value distribution with location parameter $\mu$ and scale $\sigma$ has density

$$f(x; \mu, \sigma) = \frac{1}{\sigma} \phi_{LEV} \left(\frac{x - \mu}{\sigma}\right), \quad -\infty < x < \infty$$

where $\phi_{LEV}(z)$ exp[-z - exp(-z)] is the density of the standard LEV distribution.

Value

dlev gives the density, plev gives the distribution function, qlev gives the quantile function, and rlev generates random observations.

The length of the result is determined by n for rlev, and is the maximum of the lengths of the numerical arguments for the other functions.

The numerical arguments other than n are recycled to the length of the result.
The Smallest Extreme Value Distribution

Description

Density, distribution function, quantile function and random generation for the SEV distribution with location `loc` and scale `scale`.

Usage

```r
qsev(p, loc = 0, scale = 1)
psev(q, loc = 0, scale = 1)
dsev(x, loc = 0, scale = 1)
rsev(n, loc = 0, scale = 1)
ssev(x, loc = 0, scale = 1)
```

Arguments

- `p` Vector of probabilities
- `loc` Location parameter
- `scale` Scale parameter
- `q` Vector of quantiles
- `x` Vector of quantiles
- `n` Number of observations

Details

If `loc` is not specified, a default value of 0 is used. If `scale` is not specified, a default value of 1 is used.

The smallest extreme value distribution with location parameter `μ` and scale `σ` has density

\[
f(x; \mu, \sigma) = \frac{1}{\sigma \phi_{SEV}} \left( \frac{x - \mu}{\sigma} \right), \quad -\infty < x < \infty
\]

where \( \phi_{SEV}(z) \exp[z - \exp(z)] \) is the density of the standard LEV distribution.
Value

dsev gives the density, psev gives the distribution function, qsev gives the quantile function, and rsev generates random observations.

The length of the result is determined by n for rsev, and is the maximum of the lengths of the numerical arguments for the other functions.

The numerical arguments other than n are recycled to the length of the result.

spgeng

R interface for GENG cdf;

spmlgeng

R interface for gng log(1-cdf)

Description

R interface for GENG cdf;

R interface for gng log(1-cdf)

Usage

spmlgeng(tvec, gamme, maxlen, answer)

Arguments

tvec A numeric vector of observations

gamme A numeric matrix containing the parameter values

maxlen The number of columns in gamme

answer A numeric vector containing the return values
teachingApp

Render a teachingApp With Options

Description

Renders a teachingApp as a stand-alone shiny app or as an element within an rmarkdown document.

Usage

teachingApp(
  app_name = NULL,
  theme = "flatly",
  width = "100%",
  height = "800px",
  icon = "fa fa-github",
  img = NULL,
  git_user = "Auburngrads",
  more_opts = list(NA),
  launch.browser = TRUE,
  ...
)

Arguments

app_name character Name of the app to be rendered
theme character Name of a bootswatch color theme (provided by shinythemes::shinytheme)
width character The width of the printed app (in pixels)
height character The height of the printed app (in pixels)
icon character A fontAwesome icon to be placed in the footer of a navbarPage app
img character A path (or URL) to an image to be placed in the footer of a navbarPage app
git_user character GitHub username used in the branding logo
more_opts A list of additional options/objects that can be passed to the app (see Details)
lunch.browser logical If TRUE The app launches in the user's default browser
...

Details

The teachingApps package provides an infrastructure that allows users to dynamically change the appearance and function of shiny apps. R users a familiar with writing functions to dynamically alter some output - in this case the output is a app. Normally,

Value

A printed shiny app
teachingApp

See Also
codelinkcreate_logo
codelinkadd_logo

Examples

```r
## Not run:
teachingApps(app_name = 'distribution_weibull',
              theme = 'spacelab',
              height = '800px')

teachingApps(app_name = 'maximum_likelihood_simulation',
              theme = 'flatly',
              height = '600px')

## End(Not run)
```
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