Package ‘upstartr’

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begin_processing  Runs the pre-processing step on a startr project.

Description

The pre-processing step, run as part of upstartr::run_process during the process.R stage of a startr project, logs all variables currently in the global environment, which will then be removed during the post-processing step to keep the startr environment unpolluted.

Usage

begin_processing(should_clean_processing_variables = TRUE)

Arguments

should_clean_processing_variables

Either TRUE, FALSE, or pulled from the environment if set.

Value

A list of all environment variables present before the function was run

calc_index  Index values

Description

Index numeric vector to first value. By default, the index base will be 0, turning regular values into percentage change. In some cases, you may want to index to a different base, like 100, such as if you're looking at financial data.

Usage

calc_index(m, base = 0)

Arguments

m  Numeric vector to index to first value.

base  Base to index against. (Default: 0)

Value

An vector of indexed values.
**Examples**

```r
calc_index(c(5, 2, 8, 17, 7, 3, 1, -4))
calc_index(c(5, 2, 8, 17, 7, 3, 1, -4), base = 100)
```

---

**Description**

Calculates the mode of a given vector.

**Usage**

```r
calc_mode(x)
```

**Arguments**

- `x` Any kind of vector — numeric, character, logical.

**Value**

The mode(s) of that vector.

**Examples**

```r
calc_mode(c(1, 1, 2, 3, 4))
calc_mode(c('the', 'quick', 'brown', 'fox', 'jumped', 'over', 'the', 'lazy', 'dog'))
calc_mode(c(TRUE, TRUE, FALSE, FALSE, TRUE, FALSE, FALSE, FALSE))
```

---

**clean_columns**

**Clean up column names by forcing them into tidyverse style**

**Description**

Zero-configuration function that takes unwieldy column names and coerces them into tidyverse-styled column names.

**Usage**

```r
clean_columns(x)
```

**Arguments**

- `x` A vector of column names.
Value

A character vector of column names.

Examples

clean_columns(c("Date of Purchase", "Item No.", "description", ",
  "Transaction at Jane's Counter?", "Auditing - Worth it?"))

---

**combine_csvs**  
*Combine CSVs in a directory*

**Description**

Given a directory (and, optionally, a pattern to search against), concatenate all CSV files into a single tibble.

**Usage**

```r
combine_csvs(dir, pattern = "*.csv", ...)
```

**Arguments**

- `dir`  
  Path to the directory to look at for files.

- `pattern`  
  Pattern to use for detecting files. (Default: `"*.csv"`)

- `...`  
  Parameters to pass to `readr::read_csv`.

**Value**

A tibble of concatenated data from multiple CSV files.

---

**combine_excels**  
*Combine Excel files in a directory*

**Description**

Given a directory (and, optionally, a pattern to search against), concatenate all Excel files into a single tibble.

**Usage**

```r
combine_excels(dir, pattern = "*.xls[x]?", all_sheets = FALSE, ...)
```
Converts a character vector to logicals

Description
Takes a character vector and converts it to logicals, optionally using a vector of patterns to match against for truthy and falsy values.

Usage
convert_str_to_logical(
  x,
  truthy = c("T", "TRUE", "Y", "YES"),
  falsy = c("F", "FALSE", "N", "NO")
)

Arguments
x A character vector.
truthy A vector of case-insensitive truthy values to turn into TRUE.
falsy A vector of case-insensitive falsy values to turn into FALSE.

Value
A logical vector.

Examples
convert_str_to_logical(c("YES", "Y", "No", "N", "YES", "yes", "no", "Yes", "NO", "Y", "y"))
**dir_data_cache**

*Get path within cached data directory.*

**Description**

Constructs a path within startr’s data/cache/ directory.

**Usage**

```python
dir_data_cache(...)```

**Arguments**

... Any number of path strings, passed in the same fashion as here::here.

**Value**

A path string.

---

**dir_data_out**

*Get path within disposable data outputs directory.*

**Description**

Constructs a path within startr’s data/out/ directory.

**Usage**

```python
dir_data_out(...)```

**Arguments**

... Any number of path strings, passed in the same fashion as here::here.

**Value**

A path string.
**dir_data_processed**  
Get path within processed data directory.

**Description**  
Constructs a path within startr’s data/processed/ directory.

**Usage**  
`dir_data_processed(...)`

**Arguments**  
... Any number of path strings, passed in the same fashion as here::here.

**Value**  
A path string.

---

**dir_data_raw**  
Get path within raw data directory.

**Description**  
Constructs a path within startr’s data/raw/ directory.

**Usage**  
`dir_data_raw(...)`

**Arguments**  
... Any number of path strings, passed in the same fashion as here::here.

**Value**  
A path string.
### dir_path

*Construct an arbitrary path.*

**Description**

Convenience function that constructs a path. Wraps `here::here`.

**Usage**

```r
dir_path(...)  
```

**Arguments**

`...`

Any number of path strings, passed in the same fashion as `here::here`.

**Value**

A path string.

---

### dir_plots

*Get path within plots directory.*

**Description**

Constructs a path within startr's plots/ directory.

**Usage**

```r
dir_plots(...)  
```

**Arguments**

`...`

Any number of path strings, passed in the same fashion as `here::here`.

**Value**

A path string.
dir_reports

Get path within reports directory.

Description
Constructs a path within startr's reports/ directory.

Usage
dir_reports(...)

Arguments
... Any number of path strings, passed in the same fashion as here::here.

Value
A path string.

dir_scrape

Get path within scrape directory.

Description
Constructs a path within startr's scrape/ directory.

Usage
dir_scrape(...)

Arguments
... Any number of path strings, passed in the same fashion as here::here.

Value
A path string.
dir_src

Get path within src directory

Description

Constructs a path within startr’s main R/ directory.

Usage

dir_src(...)

Arguments

... Any number of path strings, passed in the same fashion as here::here.

Value

A path string.

end_processing

Runs the post-processing step on a startr project.

Description

The post-processing step, run as part of upstartr::run_process during the process.R stage of a startr project, removes all variables saved by upstartr::begin_processing and then beeps to announce it’s finished.

Usage

end_processing(
    should_clean_processing_variables = TRUE,
    should_beep = TRUE,
    logged_vars = NULL
)

Arguments

should_clean_processing_variables Either TRUE, FALSE, or pulled from the environment if set.

should_beep Either TRUE, FALSE, or pulled from the environment if set.

logged_vars A list of variables that existed before the processing step began.

Value

No return value, called for side effects
initialize_startr

Initialize startr project

Description

Used to initialize a startr template for analysis. Will enforce some startr-required standards for analysis (such as removing scientific notation, setting timezones, and writing some project configs to ‘options’).

Usage

initialize_startr(
    author = "Firstname Lastname <firstlast@example.com>",
    title = "startr",
    scipen = 999,
    timezone = "America/Toronto",
    should_render_notebook = FALSE,
    should_process_data = TRUE,
    should_timestamp_output_files = FALSE,
    should_clean_processing_variables = TRUE,
    should_beep = TRUE,
    set_minimal_graphics_theme = TRUE,
    packages = c()
)

Arguments

author Name and email of the startr project author
title Title of the startr project
scipen Which level of scientific precision to use. (Default: 999)
timezone The timezone for analysis. (Default: 'America/Toronto')
should_render_notebook Whether the RMarkdown notebook should be rendered. (Default: FALSE)
should_process_data Whether startr’s process step should be run. (Default: TRUE)
should_timestamp_output_files Whether write_excel’s output files should be timestamped. (Default: FALSE)
should_clean_processing_variables Whether processing variables should be cleaned from the environment after processing is complete. (Default: TRUE)
should_beep Whether startr should beep after tasks like processing or knitting RMarkdown notebooks. (Default: TRUE)
set_minimal_graphics_theme Whether the minimal graphics theme should be used. (Default: TRUE)
packages

Vector of package names, from CRAN, Github or Bioconductor to be installed. If using GitHub, package names should be in the format 'user/repo', e.g. 'globe-andmail/upstartr'.

Value

No return value, called for side effects

not.na

Opposite of is.na

Description

Given a vector, returns TRUE for all entities that aren’t NA.

Usage

not.na(x)

Arguments

x A vector to check for NAs against.

Value

A vector of elements that aren’t NA

Examples

not.na(c(1, NA, 2, NA))

not.null

Opposite of is.null

Description

Given a list, returns TRUE for all entities that aren’t NULL.

Usage

not.null(x)

Arguments

x A vector to check for NULLs against.
Value
Elements that aren't NULL

Examples
not.null(list(1, NULL, 2, NULL))

---

read_all_excel_sheets  Combine all sheets in an Excel file

Description
Reads all sheets in a single Excel file using readxl::read_excel and concatenates them into a single, long tibble.

Usage
read_all_excel_sheets(filepath, ...)

Arguments
filepath  Path to the Excel file.
...  Parameters to pass to readxl::read_excel.

Value
A tibble data concatenated from all sheets in an Excel file.

---

remove_non_utf8  Removes non-UTF-8 characters

Description
Removes non-UTF-8 characters in a given character vector.

Usage
remove_non_utf8(x)

Arguments
x  A character vector.

Value
A character vector of strings without non-UTF-8 characters.
Examples
non_utf8 <- 'fa\xE7ile'
Encoding(non_utf8) <- 'latin1'
remove_non_utf8(non_utf8)

---

render_notebook  
Renders out an RMarkdown notebook.

Description
Renders an RMarkdown notebook using upstartr::render_notebook and then beeps.

Usage
render_notebook(notebook_file, output_dir = dir_reports())

Arguments
- notebook_file: The path for the RMarkdown notebook you’re rendering.
- output_dir: The directory to write the outputs to.

Value
No return value, called for side effects

---

run_analyze  
Runs the analysis step for a startr project.

Description
Sources analyze.R.

Usage
run_analyze()

Value
No return value, called for side effects
run_config

*Configures an existing startr project*

**Description**

Sources config.R and functions.R in turn.

**Usage**

```r
run_config()
```

**Value**

No return value, called for side effects

---

run_notebook

*Runs the notebook rendering step for a startr project.*

**Description**

Renders an RMarkdown notebook using upstartr::render_notebook and then beeps.

**Usage**

```r
run_notebook(
  filename = "notebook.Rmd",
  should_beep = TRUE,
  should_render_notebook = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

- `filename` The filename for the RMarkdown notebook you want to render.
- `should_beep` Either TRUE, FALSE, or pulled from the environment if set.
- `should_render_notebook` Either TRUE, FALSE, or pulled from the environment if set.

**Value**

No return value, called for side effects
**run_process**

*Runs the processing step on a startr project.*

---

**Description**

Runs the pre-processing step (see `upstartr::begin_processing` for details), then sources `process.R`, then runs the post-processing step (see `upstartr::end_processing` for details).

**Usage**

```r
run_process(should_process_data = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

- `should_process_data`
  
  Either TRUE, FALSE, or pulled from the environment if set.

**Value**

No return value, called for side effects

---

**run_visualize**

*Runs the visualization step for a startr project.*

---

**Description**

Sources `visualize.R`.

**Usage**

```r
run_visualize()
```

**Value**

No return value, called for side effects
scale_x_percent  
Create a continuous x-axis scale using percentages

Description
Convenience function to return a scale_x_continuous function using percentage labels.

Usage
scale_x_percent(...)

Arguments
... All your usual continuous x-axis scale parameters.

Value
A scale object to be consumed by ggplot2.

scale_y_percent  
Create a continuous y-axis scale using percentages

Description
Convenience function to return a scale_y_continuous function using percentage labels.

Usage
scale_y_percent(...)

Arguments
... All your usual continuous y-axis scale parameters.

Value
A scale object to be consumed by ggplot2.
**simplify_string**

Simplifies strings for analysis

**Description**

Takes a character vector and "simplifies" it by uppercasing, removing most non-alphabetic (or alphanumeric) characters, removing accents, forcing UTF-8 encoding, removing excess spaces, and optionally removing stop words. Useful in cases where you have two large vector of person or business names you need to compare, but where misspellings may be common.

**Usage**

```r
simplify_string(
    x,
    alpha = TRUE,
    digits = FALSE,
    unaccent = TRUE,
    utf8_only = TRUE,
    case = "upper",
    trim = TRUE,
    stopwords = NA
)
```

**Arguments**

- **x** A character vector.
- **alpha** Should alphabetic characters be included in the cleaned up string? (Default: TRUE)
- **digits** Should digits be included in the cleaned up string? (Default: FALSE)
- **unaccent** Should characters be de-accented? (Default: TRUE)
- **utf8_only** Should characters be UTF-8 only? (Default: TRUE)
- **case** What casing should characters use? Can be one of 'upper', 'lower', 'sentence', 'title', or 'keep' for the existing casing (Default: 'upper')
- **trim** Should strings be trimmed of excess spaces? (Default: TRUE)
- **stopwords** An optional vector of stop words to be removed.

**Value**

A character vector of simplified strings.

**Examples**

```r
simplify_string(c('J. Jonah Jameson', 'j jonah jameson',
                   'j  jonah 123  jameson', 'J Jónah Jameson...'))
simplify_string(c('123 Business Inc.', '123 business incorporated',
                   '123 ... Business ... Inc.'), digits = TRUE, stopwords = c('INC', 'INCORPORATED'))
```
unaccent  De-accents strings

Description
Replace accented characters with their non-accented versions. Useful when dealing with languages like French, Spanish or Portuguese, where accents can lead to compatibility issues during data analysis.

Usage
unaccent(x, remove.nonconverted = FALSE, ...)

Arguments
x  A character vector.
remove.nonconverted
Should the function remove unmapped encodings? (Default: FALSE)
...
Parameters passed to textclean::replace_non_ascii

Value
A character vector of strings without accents.

Examples
unaccent('façile')
unaccent('Montréal')

write_excel  Write out an Excel file with minimal configuration

Description
Takes a tibble or dataframe variable and saves it out as an Excel file using the variable name as the filename.

Usage
write_excel(
  variable,
  output_dir = dir_data_out(),
  should_timestamp_output_files = FALSE
)
write_plot

Arguments

variable A tibble or dataframe object.
output_dir The directory to save the file out to.

should_timestamp_output_files Either TRUE, FALSE, or pulled from the environment if set.

Value

No return value, called for side effects

write_plot

Write out a ggplot2 graphic with minimal configuration

Description

Takes a ggplot2 object and writes it to disk via ggplot2::ggsave using the variable name as the filename.

Usage

write_plot(variable, format = "png", output_dir = dir_plots(), ...)

Arguments

variable A tibble or dataframe object.
format The desired format for the plot, be it 'png', 'pdf', etc. Accepts formats you’d pass to ggplot2::ggsave’s 'device' parameter.
output_dir The directory to save the plot out to.
...

Value

No return value, called for side effects
**write_shp**

**Write a shapefile to disk**

**Description**

Utility function that wraps `sf::st_write`, but first removes a previous version of the shapefile if it exists (by default, `sf::st_write` will throw an error.)

**Usage**

```r
write_shp(shp, path, ...)
```

**Arguments**

- `shp`: A spatial object.
- `path`: The desired filepath for the shapefile.
- `...`: Other settings to pass to `st_write`, such as format, width, height or dpi.

**Value**

No return value, called for side effects

---

**%not_in%**

**Opposite of %in%**

**Description**

Given vectors A and B, returns only the entities from vector A that don’t occur in vector B.

**Usage**

```r
x %not_in% table
```

**Arguments**

- `x`: The vector you want to check.
- `table`: Table in which to do lookups against x.

**Value**

Same form of return as `%in%` — except it will return only elements on the lhs that aren’t present on the rhs

**Examples**

```r
c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5) %not_in% c(4, 5, 6, 7, 8)
```
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