Package ‘weatherData’

June 5, 2017

Type Package
Title Get Weather Data from the Web
Description Functions that help in fetching weather data from websites. Given a location and a date range, these functions help fetch weather data (temperature, pressure etc.) for any weather related analysis.

URL http://ram-n.github.io/weatherData/
BugReports https://github.com/ram-n/weatherData/issues
Version 0.5.0
Date 2017-05-16
Suggests testthat
Depends R (>= 2.10)
Imports curl, plyr, utils
LazyData TRUE
License GPL
RoxygenNote 6.0.1
NeedsCompilation no
Author Ram Narasimhan [aut, cre]
Maintainer Ram Narasimhan <ramnarasimhan@gmail.com>
Repository CRAN
Date/Publication 2017-06-05 21:55:33 UTC

R topics documented:

weatherData-package ........................................ 2
checkDataAvailability ................................ 3
checkDataAvailabilityForDateRange ..................... 3
checkSummarizedDataAvailability ...................... 4
currentTemperature .................................. 5
gdailyMinMaxTemp ...................................... 6
The package has functions that can fetch weather data.

Details

Package: weatherData
Type: Package
Version: 0.5.0
Date: 2017-06-05
License: GPL

These functions don’t use APIs. They rely on reading URL’s instead. Given a valid city and a date (or date range), the functions in weatherData can fetch them as a clean R data frame.

These functions are useful for anyone interested in doing analysis using weather data.

Author(s)

Ram Narasimhan

Maintainer: Ram Narasimhan <ramnarasimhan@gmail.com>
checkDataAvailability  

**Check if WeatherUnderground has Data for given station and date**

**Description**

Use this function to check if data is available for station and date. If the station code or the date is invalid, function will return 0.

**Usage**

```r
checkDataAvailability(station_id, check_date, station_type = "airportCode")
```

**Arguments**

- `station_id` is a valid airport code or a valid Weather Station ID.
- `check_date` is a valid string representing a date in the past (string “YYYY-MM-DD”).
- `station_type` is either `airportcode` or `id`.

**Value**

1 if the station does have weather records for input date, 0 if no records were found.

**References**

For a list of valid Weather Stations, try this format: 

```r
http://www.wunderground.com/weatherstation/ListStations.asp?selectedCountry=United+States
```

and replace with your country of interest.

**Examples**

```r
## Not run:
data_okay <- checkDataAvailability("HECA", "2014-01-01")
```

```r
## End(Not run)
```

---

checkDataAvailabilityForDateRange

**Quick Check to see if WeatherUnderground has Weather Data for given station for a range of dates**

**Description**

Before we attempt to fetch the data for a big time interval of dates, this function is useful to see if the data even exists. @details This functions checks for just the first and the last date in the interval, not the days in between.
checkSummarizedDataAvailability

Usage

checkDataAvailabilityForDateRange(station_id, start_date, end_date, station_type = "airportCode")

Arguments

station_id is a valid 3-letter airport code or a valid Weather Station ID
start_date is a valid string representing a date in the past (YYYY-MM-DD, all numeric)
end_date is a a valid string representing a date in the past (YYYY-MM-DD, all numeric) and is greater than start_date
station_type is either airportCode or id

Value

1 if the Station did have weather records, 0 if nothing was found

Examples

## Not run:
dataokay <- checkDataAvailabilityForDateRange("BOS", "2011-01-01", "2011-03-31")

## End(Not run)

checkSummarizedDataAvailability

Quick Check to see if WeatherUnderground has Summarized Weather Data for given station for a custom range of dates

Description

Before we attempt to fetch the data for a big time interval of dates, this function is useful to see if the data even exists. @details This functions build a custom URL and checks for the data. If available, it will find one row for each date in the date range.

Usage

checkSummarizedDataAvailability(station_id, start_date, end_date = NULL, station_type = "airportCode")
**GetCurrentTemperature**

**Arguments**

- `station_id` is a valid 3-letter airport code or a valid Weather Station ID
- `start_date` is a valid string representing a date in the past (YYYY-MM-DD, all numeric)
- `end_date` is a valid string representing a date in the past (YYYY-MM-DD, all numeric) and is greater than `start_date`. Default is NULL, in which case the `end_date` is taken to the same as the `start_date`
- `station_type` is either `airportcode` or `id`

**Value**

1 if the Station did have weather records, 0 if nothing was found

**Examples**

```r
## Not run:
data_okay <- checkSummarizedDataAvailability("GIG",
                                               "2000-01-01",
                                               "2005-12-31")
```

```r
## End(Not run)
```

---

**GetCurrentTemperature**  *Get the latest recorded temperature for a location*

**Description**

Function will return the latest available temperature at a specified location.

**Usage**

```
getCurrentTemperature(station_id)
```

**Arguments**

- `station_id` is a valid Weather Station ID (example: "BUF", "ORD", "VABB" for Mumbai). Valid Weather Station "id" values: "KFLMIAMI75" or "IMOSOW02" You can look these up at wunderground.com. You can get station_id's for a given location by calling `getStationCode()`

**Details**

A wrapper for `getDetailedWeather()`, it returns the last record in the web page. Uses `Sys.Date()` to get current time. This function returns temperature in Farenheit or Celcius depending on the caller's location.
getDailyMinMaxTemp

Value

A one row data frame containing:

• Date and Time stamp (for when the latest temperature reading was recorded)
• Temperature for the station in Farenheit (or Celcius)

References

For a list of valid Weather Stations, try this format http://www.wunderground.com/weatherstation/ListStations.asp?selectedCountry=United+States and replace with your country of interest

Examples

```r
## Not run:
getCurrentTemperature(station ="HNL")

## End(Not run)
```

getDailyMinMaxTemp

Get the daily minimum (maximum) temperatures for a given weather stations

Description

Given a StationID and a set of dates, this function returns the Daily Minimum and/or Maximum temperatures recorded, along with timestamps

Usage

```r
getDailyMinMaxTemp(station_id, start_date, end_date = NULL,  
daily_min = TRUE, daily_max = TRUE, station_type = "airportCode",  
opt_write_to_file = FALSE)
```

Arguments

- `station_id` is a valid 3- or 4-letter Airport code or a valid Weather Station ID (example: "BUF", "ORD", "VABB" for Mumbai). Valid Weather Station "id" values: "KFLMIAMI75" or "IMOSCOWO2" You can look these up at wunderground.com
- `start_date` is a valid string representing a date in the past (YYYY-MM-DD, all numeric)
- `end_date` (optional) If an interval is to be specified, end_date is a a valid string representing a date in the past (YYYY-MM-DD, all numeric) and greater than start_date
- `daily_min` A boolean indicating if the Minimum Temperatures are desired
- `daily_max` A boolean indicating if the Maximum Temperatures are desired Both `daily_min` and `daily_max` can be TRUE, but at least one of them should be TRUE.
- `station_type` = "airportCode" or "ID" (Wx call Sign)
- `opt_write_to_file` If TRUE, the resulting dataframe will be stored in a CSV file. Default is FALSE
**getDetailedWeather**

**Details**

This function fetches all the records for each date specified, but it only retains the min and/or max record, along with the timestamp.

**Value**

A data frame with each row containing:

- Date and Time stamp (for when that day’s minimum temperature was recorded)
- Minimum Temperature for the station in Farenheit (or Celcius)
- Date and Time stamp (for when that day’s maximum temperature was recorded)
- Maximum Temperature for the station in Farenheit (or Celcius)

---

**getDetailedWeather**  
*Gets weather data for a single date (All records)*

**Description**

Given a valid station and a single date this function will return a dataframe of time-stamped weather data. It does not summarize the data.

**Usage**

```r
getDetailedWeather(station_id, date, station_type = "airportCode", opt_temperature_columns = TRUE, opt_all_columns = FALSE, opt_custom_columns = FALSE, custom_columns = NULL, opt_compress_output = FALSE, opt_verbose = FALSE, opt_warnings = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Argument</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>station_id</td>
<td>is a valid 3-letter airport code or a valid Weather Station ID</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>date</td>
<td>is a valid string representing a date in the past (YYYY-MM-DD)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>station_type</td>
<td>can be airportCode which is the default, or it can be id which is a weather-station ID</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>opt_temperature_columns</td>
<td>Boolean flag to indicate only Temperature data is to be returned (default TRUE)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>opt_all_columns</td>
<td>Boolean flag to indicate whether all available data is to be returned (default FALSE)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>opt_custom_columns</td>
<td>Boolean flag to indicate if only a user-specified set of columns are to be returned. (default FALSE) If TRUE, then the desired columns must be specified via custom_columns</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
custom_columns  Vector of integers specified by the user to indicate which columns to fetch. The Date column is always returned as the first column. The column numbers specified in custom_columns are appended as columns of the data frame being returned (default NULL). The exact column numbers can be found by visiting the weatherUnderground URL, and counting from 1. Note that if `opt_custom_columns` is TRUE, then custom_columns must be specified.

`opt_compress_output`  Boolean flag to indicate if a compressed output is preferred. If this option is set to be TRUE, only every other record is returned

`opt_verbose`  Boolean flag to indicate if verbose output is desired

`opt_warnings`  Boolean flag to turn off warnings. Default value is TRUE, to keep the warnings on.

Value

A data frame with each row containing:

- Date and Time stamp for the date specified
- Temperature and/or other weather columns

See Also

getWeatherForDate, getSummarizedWeather

Examples

```r
## Not run:
getDetailedWeather("NRT", "2014-04-29") # just the Temperature Columns

# Returns all columns available
getDetailedWeather("NRT", "2014-04-29", opt_all_columns=T)

wCDG <- getDetailedWeather("CDG", "2013-12-12", opt_custom_columns=T,  
                          custom_columns=c(10,11,12))

## End(Not run)
```

getStationCode  Gets the Weather Station code for a location (in the US)

Description

This function goes through the USAirportWeatherStations dataset and looks for matches. Usually, the 4 letter airportCode is what you are after.

Usage

```r
getStationCode(stationName, region = NULL)
```
getSummarizedWeather

Arguments

stationName  String that you want to get the weatherStation code for
region  A qualifier about the station’s location. It could be a continent or a country. If in the US, region is a two-letter state abbreviation. Ex. ”AK” for Alaska

Value

A one row data frame containing:

- A string of Station Name that matched
- the region. (two-letter state abbreviation if in the US)
- The 4-letter weather station ID. (This is the string you use when calling getDetailedWeather())

References

For a world-wide list of possible stations, be sure to look at http://weather.rap.ucar.edu/surface/stations.txt The ICAO (4-letter code is what needs to be input to getDetailedWeather())

Examples

getStationCode("Fiji")
getStationCode("Athens", region="GA") # in the US State of Georgia

gSummarizedWeather  Gets daily summary weather data (One record per day)

Description

Given a valid station and a single date this function will return a dataframe of time-stamped weather data. All the records are summarized into one record per day. If and end_date is specified the function returns 1 record for each day in the date range.

Usage

gSummarizedWeather(station_id, start_date, end_date = NULL, station_type = "airportCode", opt_temperature_columns = TRUE, opt_all_columns = FALSE, opt_custom_columns = FALSE, custom_columns = NULL, opt_verbose = FALSE)
getSummarizedWeather

Arguments

station_id  is a valid 3-letter airport code
start_date  string representing a date in the past ("YYYY-MM-DD")
end_date   (optional) string representing a date in the past ("YYYY-MM-DD"), and later than or equal to start_date.
station_type  can be airportCode which is the default, or it can be id which is a weather-station ID
opt_temperature_columns
  Boolean flag to indicate only Temperature data is to be returned (default TRUE)
opt_all_columns
  Boolean flag to indicate whether all available data is to be returned (default FALSE)
opt_custom_columns
  Boolean flag to indicate if only a user-specified set of columns are to be returned. (default FALSE) If TRUE, then the desired columns must be specified via custom_columns
custom_columns  Vector of integers specified by the user to indicate which columns to fetch. The Date column is always returned as the first column. The column numbers specified in custom_columns are appended as columns of the data frame being returned (default NULL). The exact column numbers can be found by visiting the weatherUnderground URL, and counting from 1. Note that if opt_custom_columns is TRUE, then custom_columns must be specified.
opt_verbose  Boolean flag to indicate if verbose output is desired

Value

A data frame with each row containing:

- Date stamp for the date specified
- Additional columns of Weather data depending on the options specified

See Also

getWeatherForDate, getDetailedWeather

Examples

```r
## Not run:
paris_in_fall <- getSummarizedWeather("CDG", "2013-09-30") # will get Temp columns by default
#
windLHR <- getSummarizedWeather("LHR", "2012-12-12", "2012-12-31",
  opt_custom_columns=TRUE,
  custom_columns=c(17,18,19,23))

## End(Not run)
```
getTemperatureForDate

Description

This function will return a (fairly large) data frame. If you are going to be using this data for future analysis, you can store the results in a CSV file by setting `opt_write_to_file` to be TRUE.

Usage

```r
getTemperatureForDate(station_id, start_date, end_date = NULL,
station_type = "airportCode", daily_min = FALSE, daily_max = FALSE,
opt_write_to_file = FALSE)
```

Arguments

- `station_id` is a valid station code or a valid Weather Station ID (example: "BUF", "ORD", "VABB" for Mumbai). Valid Weather Station "id" values: "KFLMIAMI75" or "IMOSCOWO2" You can look up weather station IDs at wunderground.com.
- `start_date` is a valid string representing a date in the past (YYYY-MM-DD, all numeric).
- `end_date` (optional) If an interval is to be specified, `end_date` is a a valid string representing a date in the past (YYYY-MM-DD, all numeric) and greater than `start_date`.
- `station_type` = "airportCode" (4-letter airport code) or "ID" (Wx call Sign).
- `daily_min` A boolean indicating if only the Minimum Temperatures are desired.
- `daily_max` A boolean indicating if only the Maximum Temperatures are desired.
- `opt_write_to_file` If TRUE, the resulting dataframe will be stored in a CSV file. Default is FALSE.

Details

For each day in the date range, this function fetches Temperature Data. It will fetch all the available values, which is typically multiple rows for each day, with a time stamp. This function is a light wrapper for `getWeatherForDate`.

Value

A data frame with each row containing:

- Date and Time stamp (for each date specified)
- Temperature values

References

For a list of valid Weather Stations, try this format `http://www.wunderground.com/weatherstation/ListStations.asp?selectedCountry=United+States` and replace with your country of interest.
getWeatherForDate

Getting data for a range of dates

Description

This function will return a (fairly large) data frame. If you are going to be using this data for future analysis, you can store the results in a CSV file by setting opt_write_to_file to be TRUE.

Usage

getWeatherForDate(station_id, start_date, end_date = NULL, 
station_type = "airportCode", opt_detailed = FALSE, 
opt_write_to_file = FALSE, opt_temperature_columns = TRUE, 
opt_all_columns = FALSE, opt_custom_columns = FALSE, 
custom_columns = NULL, opt_verbose = FALSE, daily_min = FALSE, 
daily_max = FALSE)

Arguments

station_id is a valid 3- or 4-letter Airport code or a valid Weather Station ID (example: "BUF", "ORD", "VABB" for Mumbai). Valid Weather Station "id" values: "KFLMIAMI75" or "IMOSOCWO2" You can look these up at wunderground.com
start_date string representing a date in the past ("YYYY-MM-DD", all numeric)
end_date If an interval is to be specified, end_date is a string representing a date in the past ("YYYY-MM-DD", all numeric) and greater than the start_date (Optional)
station_type = "airportCode" (3- or 4-letter airport code) or "ID" (Wx call Sign)
opt_detailed Boolean flag to indicate if detailed records for the station are desired. (default FALSE). By default only one records per date is returned.
opt_write_to_file If TRUE, the resulting dataframe will be stored in a CSV file. Default is FALSE
opt_temperature_columns Boolean flag to indicate only Temperature data is to be returned (default TRUE)
opt_all_columns Boolean flag to indicate whether all available data is to be returned (default FALSE)
opt_custom_columns Boolean flag to indicate if only a user-specified set of columns are to be returned. (default FALSE) If TRUE, then the desired columns must be specified via custom_columns
getWeatherForMultipleYears

Parameters

- `custom_columns` Vector of integers specified by the user to indicate which columns to fetch. The Date column is always returned as the first column. The column numbers specified in `custom_columns` are appended as columns of the data frame being returned (default NULL). The exact column numbers can be found by visiting the weatherUnderground URL, and counting from 1. Note that if `opt_custom_columns` is TRUE, then `custom_columns` must be specified.

- `opt_verbose` Boolean flag to indicate if verbose output is desired

- `daily_min` A boolean indicating if only the Minimum Temperatures are desired

- `daily_max` A boolean indicating if only the Maximum Temperatures are desired

Details

For each day in the date range, this function fetches Weather Data. Internally, it makes multiple calls to `getDetailedWeather`.

Value

A data frame with each row containing:

- Date and Time stamp (for each date specified)
- Temperature and/or other weather columns sought

References

For a list of valid Weather Stations, try this format http://www.wunderground.com/weatherstation/ListStations.asp?selectedCountry=United+States and replace with your country of interest

Description

Function will return a data frame with all the records for a given station_id for all the years requested. If the current year is supplied, it will return records until the current Sys.Date() ("today"). This function will return a (fairly large) data frame. If you are going to be using this data for future analysis, you can store the results in a CSV file by setting `opt_write_to_file` to be TRUE

Usage

getWeatherForMultipleYears(station_id, start_year, end_year, station_type = "airportCode", opt_detailed = FALSE, opt_write_to_file = FALSE)
getWeatherForMultipleYears

Arguments

station_id  is a valid Weather Station ID (example: "BUF", "ORD", "VABB" for Mumbai). Valid Weather Station "id" values: "KFLMIAMI75" or "IMOSCOWO2" You can look these up at wunderground.com. You can get station_id’s for a given location by calling getStationCode()

start_year  is a valid year in the past (numeric, YYYY format)

end_year is a valid year in the past (numeric, YYYY format)

station_type  = "airportCode" (3 or 4 letter airport code) or "ID" (Wx call Sign)

opt_detailed  Boolean flag to indicate if detailed records for the station are desired. (default FALSE). By default only one records per date is returned.

opt_write_to_file If TRUE, the resulting dataframe will be stored in a CSV file. Default is FALSE

Details

Note that this function is a light wrapper for getWeatherForYear

Value

A data frame with each row containing:

- Date and Time stamp (for each date specified)
- Temperature and/or other weather columns sought

References

For a list of valid Weather Stations, try this format http://www.wunderground.com/weatherstation/ListStations.asp?selectedCountry=United+States and replace with your country of interest

Examples

## Not run:
dat <- getWeatherForMultipleYears("SFO", 2013, 2017)

# If opt_detailed is turned on, you will get a large data frame
wx_SF <- getWeatherForMultipleYears("SIN", 2014, 2017, opt_detailed=TRUE)

## End(Not run)
**Description**

Function will return a data frame with all the records for a given station_id and year. If the current year is supplied, it will return records until the current Sys.Date() ("today")

This function will return a (fairly large) data frame. If you are going to be using this data for future analysis, you can store the results in a CSV file by setting opt_write_to_file to be TRUE.

**Usage**

```r
getWeatherForYear(station_id, year, station_type = "airportCode", opt_detailed = FALSE, opt_write_to_file = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

- `station_id`: is a valid Weather Station ID (example: "BUF", "ORD", "VABB" for Mumbai). Valid Weather Station "id" values: "KFLMIAMI75" or "IMOSCOWO2" You can look these up at wunderground.com. You can get station_id's for a given location by calling `getStationCode()`
- `year`: is a valid year in the past (numeric, YYYY format)
- `station_type`: = "airportCode" (3 or 4 letter airport code) or "ID" (Wx call Sign)
- `opt_detailed`: Boolean flag to indicate if detailed records for the station are desired. (default FALSE). By default only one records per date is returned.
- `opt_write_to_file`: If TRUE, the resulting dataframe will be stored in a CSV file. Default is FALSE

**Details**

Note that this function is a light wrapper for `getWeatherForDate` with the two end dates being Jan-01 and Dec-31 of the given year.

For each day in the date range, this function fetches Weather Data. Internally, it makes multiple calls to `getDetailedWeather`.

**Value**

A data frame with each row containing:

- Date and Time stamp (for each date specified)
- Temperature and/or other weather columns sought

**References**

For a list of valid Weather Stations, try this format [http://www.wunderground.com/weatherstation/List Stations.asp?selectedCountry=United+States](http://www.wunderground.com/weatherstation/ListStations.asp?selectedCountry=United+States) and replace with your country of interest
Examples

```r
## Not run:
dat <- getWeatherForYear("KLGA", 2013)

# If opt_detailed is turned on, you will get a large data frame
wx_Singapore <- getWeatherForYear("SIN", 2014, opt_detailed=TRUE)

## End(Not run)
```

**IntlWxStations**  
*Data - International Weather Stations*

**Description**

This is a data frame of the 1602 stations in Weather Underground’s database. The 4-letter "ICAO" is used by the functions in this package to check and get the weather data. Note that not all the stations have weather data.

**Usage**

```r
data(IntlWxStations)
```

**Format**

An object of class `data.frame` with 9715 rows and 1 columns.

**Author(s)**

Ram Narasimhan <ramnarasimhan@gmail.com>

**References**

This data frame has been created by [http://weather.rap.ucar.edu/surface/stations.txt](http://weather.rap.ucar.edu/surface/stations.txt) maintained by Greg Thompson of NCAR.

---

**London2013**  
*Data - Ambient Temperature for the City of London for all of 2013*

**Description**

This is a data frame of Ambient temperature data, extracted from Weather Underground. Each row has two entries (columns). The Timestamp (YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS) and the Temperature (in degrees F)

**Usage**

```r
data(London2013)
```
Data - Ambient Temperature for the City of Mumbai, India for all of 2013

Description
This is a data frame of Ambient temperature data, extracted from Weather Underground. Each row has two entries (columns). The Timestamp (YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS) and the Temperature (in degrees F).

Usage
data(Mumbai2013)

Author(s)
Ram Narasimhan <ramnarasimhan@gmail.com>

References
http://www.wunderground.com/history/airport/EGLL/2013/1/1/DailyHistory.html?format=1

Data - Ambient Temperature for New York City for all of 2013

Description
This is a data frame of Ambient temperature data, extracted from Weather Underground. Each row has two entries (columns). The Timestamp (YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS) and the Temperature (in degrees F).

Usage
data(NewYork2013)

Author(s)
Ram Narasimhan <ramnarasimhan@gmail.com>

References
http://www.wunderground.com/history/airport/VABB/2014/1/1/DailyHistory.html?format=1
**Author(s)**

Ram Narasimhan <ramnarasimhan@gmail.com>

---

**References**

http://www.wunderground.com/history/airport/KLGA/2013/1/1/DailyHistory.html?format=1

---

**SFO2012**

*Data - Ambient Temperature for the City of San Francisco for all of 2012*

---

**Description**

This is a data frame of Ambient temperature data, extracted from Weather Underground. Each row has two entries (columns). The Timestamp (YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS) and the Temperature (in degrees F)

---

**Usage**

data(SFO2012)

---

**Author(s)**

Ram Narasimhan <ramnarasimhan@gmail.com>

---

**References**

http://www.wunderground.com/history/airport/KSFO/2012/1/1/DailyHistory.html?format=1

---

**SFO2013**

*Data - Ambient Temperature for the City of San Francisco for all of 2013*

---

**Description**

This is a data frame of Ambient temperature data, extracted from Weather Underground. Each row has two entries (columns). The Timestamp (YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS) and the Temperature (in degrees F)

---

**Usage**

data(SFO2013)
Author(s)

Ram Narasimhan <ramnarasimhan@gmail.com>

References

http://www.wunderground.com/history/airport/KSFO/2013/1/1/DailyHistory.html?format=1

SFO2013Summarized  Data - Summarized Daily Temperature for the City of San Francisco for all of 2013

Description

This is a data frame of Ambient temperature data, extracted from Weather Underground. Each row has four columns. The Timestamp (YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS) and three Temperature Columns: Daily Max, Mean and Min (in degrees F) In comparison with the SFO2013 dataset which has 9507 rows, this dataset has exactly 365 rows, one for each day in 2013.

Usage

data(SFO2013Summarized)

Author(s)

Ram Narasimhan <ramnarasimhan@gmail.com>

References

http://www.wunderground.com/history/airport/SFO/2013/1/1/CustomHistory.html?dayend=31&monthend=12&yearend=2013&req_city=NA&req_state=NA&req_statename=NA&format=1

showAvailableColumns  Shows all the available Weather Data Columns

Description

Displays all the columns that are available in the website, for the given station, and date range. Useful when only a subset of the columns are desired. Those can be specified using the custom_columns vector. Note: There are different columns available for summarized vs. detailed data. Be sure to turn the opt_detailed flag to be TRUE if multiple records per day is desired.

Usage

showAvailableColumns(station_id, start_date, end_date = NULL, station_type = "airportCode", opt_detailed = FALSE, opt_verbose = FALSE)
Arguments

station_id  is a valid 3-letter airport code or a valid Weather Station ID
start_date  string representing a date in the past ("YYYY-MM-DD")
end_date  string representing a date in the past ("YYYY-MM-DD"), and later than or equal to start_date.
station_type  can be airportCode which is the default, or it can be id which is a weather-station ID
opt_detailed  Boolean flag to indicate if detailed records for the station are desired. (default FALSE). By default only one record per date is returned.
opt_verbose  Boolean flag to indicate if verbose output is desired (default FALSE)

Examples

## Not run:
showAvailableColumns("NRT", "2014-04-04")

#if you want to see the columns for the *detailed* weather, turn on opt_detailed
showAvailableColumns("CDG", "2013-12-12", opt_detailed=T)

## End(Not run)

USAirportWeatherStations

*Data - US Weather Stations ID's*

Description

This is a data frame of the 1602 stations in Weather Underground's database. The 4-letter "airport-Code" is used by functions to check and get the weather data.

Usage

data(USAirportWeatherStations)

Format

An object of class data.frame with 1602 rows and 7 columns.

Author(s)

Ram Narasimhan <ramnarasimhan@gmail.com>

References

http://www.wunderground.com/about/faq/US_cities.asp
Index

*Topic data
  IntlWxStations, 16
  London2013, 16
  Mumbai2013, 17
  NewYork2013, 17
  SFO2012, 18
  SFO2013, 18
  SFO2013Summarized, 19
  USAirportWeatherStations, 20

*Topic package
  weatherData-package, 2
    checkDataAvailability, 3
    checkDataAvailabilityForDateRange, 3
    checkSummarizedDataAvailability, 4
    getCurrentTemperature, 5
    getDailyMinMaxTemp, 6
    getDetailedWeather, 7
    getStationCode, 8
    getSummarizedWeather, 9
    getTemperatureForDate, 11
    getWeatherForDate, 12
    getWeatherForMultipleYears, 13
    getWeatherForYear, 15

  IntlWxStations, 16
  London2013, 16
  Mumbai2013, 17
  NewYork2013, 17
  SFO2012, 18
  SFO2013, 18
  SFO2013Summarized, 19
  showAvailableColumns, 19
  USAirportWeatherStations, 20

  weatherData (weatherData-package), 2
  weatherData-package, 2